

INV. No. Patient Name QLSR-INV-J-09339/(2024-2025)(9299)

Age/Gen

29 Years | Male

Mr. MAYANK VERMA

Referred By **Dr. Self**

Source

BERLIN DIAG INS CORP - (10)

Patient ID 9339

Invoice Generated Sample Received Report Generated 05/10/2024 03:51 PM 05/10/2024 03:51 PM

Generated 05/10/2024 06:25 PM

Report Of Haematology Examination

Investigation	Result	Unit(s)	Reference Range
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMEN	ITATION RATE		
ESR	12	mm	< 20
Method (Westergren & Manual)			

Note

- 1. C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.
- 2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood at 37°C.
- 3. ESR readings are auto- corrected with respect to Hematocrit (PCV) values

COMPLETE BLOOD CO	DUNT			
Haemoglobin (Hb)%	-	16.0	gm%	Adult Men (13 - 18)
Method (By Sahlis Method)				Adult Women (11.5 - 16.5)
				Children (11 - 13)
				Children (1-6) : (12 - 14)
				Children (6-12) : (12 - 14)
PCV		44.9	%	35 - 45
Total Platelets Count (PC		3.0	Lacs Per cmm	1.5 - 4
Total RBC (Red Cell Cour	nt)	5.5	mill./uL	Women (4.2 - 5.4)
				Male (4.7 - 6.1)
				Children (4.6 - 4.8)
Total Leucocyte Count (1	ΓLC)	7,900	Per cmm	Adult :- (4,000 - 11,000)
Method (Flow Cytometry)				New Born (10,000 - 26,000)
				(1-4) Years : (6,000 - 18,000)
				(5-7) Years : (5,000 - 15,000)
				(8-12) Years : (4,500 - 12,500)
MCV		95.0	fL	76 - 96
MCH		26.2	pg	22 - 32
MCHC		32.6	g/dL	30 - 35
<u>Differential count of L</u>	<u>eucocytes</u>			
Neutrophils		62	%	40 - 70
Lymphocytes		32	%	15 - 40
Monocytes		01	%	00 - 6
Eosinophils		05	%	0.5 - 7
Basophils		00	%	00 - 01

Comment:

CBC is a powerful diagnostic tool in various hematological and non-hematological conditions. It can be

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Dr. R. Verma



INV. No. QLSR-II

QLSR-INV-J-09339/(2024-2025)(9299) **Mr. MAYANK VERMA**

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29 Years | Male

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Report Of Haematology Examination

Investigation Result Unit(s) Reference Range

used to diagnose various conditions like anemia, hemoglobinopathies, infections. leukemia, nutritional deficiencies, parasitemias, etc. For microcytic indices, a Mentzer index of less than 13 suggests that the patient may have thalassemia trait, and an index of more than 13 suggests that the patient may have iron deficiency.

Blood Grouping (A B O) and Rh Type

Whole blood Blood Group Whole blood Rh Type

Positive

Note:

- 1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
- 2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

~~~~~ End of report ~~~~~

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Dr. R. Verma MBBS, MD(Pathology)



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07/10/2024 12:20 PM

Report Generated

# **Report Of Biochemistry Examination**

| Investigation                                                        | Result | Unit(s) | Reference Range |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------|-----------------|--|
| GLUCOSE FASTING (FBS<br>Plasma Glucose(F)<br>Method (GOD-POD Method) | 90.3   | mg/dL   | 65 - 110        |  |

#### Comments:

Fasting Blood Sugar/Glucose test a blood sample will be taken after an overnight fast. A fasting blood sugar level of less than 100mg/dL is normal. A fasting blood sugar level from 100 to 125 mg/dL is considered prediabetes. If it's 126 mg/dL or higher on two separate tests, you have diabetes.

## **GLUCOSE, POST PRANDIAL 2 HOURS**

75 - 140 Plasma Glucose(PP) 140 mg/dL Method (GOD-POD Method)

#### Note:

- The diagnosis of Diabetes requires a fasting plasma glucose of > or = 126 mg/dL and/or a random / 2 hr post glucose value of > or = 200 mg/dL on at least 2 occasions
- 2. Very low glucose levels cause severe CNS dysfunction
- 3. Very high glucose levels (>450 mg/dL in adults) may result in Diabetic Ketoacidosis & is considered critical

#### **Creatinine - Serum**

Serum Creatinine 0.84 mg/dL Male:(0.72-1.16) Method (Modified Jaffe, Kinetic) Female: (0.72-1.18)

Neonate: (0.26 - 1.01) Infant (2months - less than

3yrs): (0.15-0.37)

Children (3 yrs - less than 15

yrs): (0.24-0.73)

# **ADVICE: CKD RISK MAP**

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, GFR category, and

GFR & ACR categories combined together reflect risk of progression and help clinicians to identify individuals who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated.

#### Alanine Transaminase (ALT/SGPT)

Serum SGPT 59.7 U/L 21 - 72 Method (IFCC)

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### **Report Of Biochemistry Examination**

| Investigation                                                                  | Result | Unit(s) | Reference Range                                                        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| /                                                                              |        |         |                                                                        |
| Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)-Se                                                   | erum   |         |                                                                        |
| Serum Urea<br>Method (GLDH,Kinetic Assay)                                      | 24.8   | mg/dL   | Adult ( 17 - 43 )<br>New Born ( 8.4 - 25.8 )<br>Infant ( 10.8 - 38.4 ) |
| Serum BUN                                                                      | 12     |         | 5 - 20                                                                 |
| BILIRUBIN TOTAL Serum Bilirubin (Total) Method (By Diphylline, Diazonium Salt) | 0.74   | mg/dL   | 0.2 - 1.3                                                              |

Jaundice can occur as a result of problems at each step in the metabolic pathway. Disorders may be classified as those due to increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis because of G-6-PD and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). The most commonly occurring form of unconjugated hyperbilirubinemia is that seen in newborns and referred to as physiological jaundice. Elevated unconjugated bilirubin in the neonatal period may result in brain damage (kernicterus).

~~~~~ End of report ~~~~~

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Dr. R. Verma MBBS, MD(Pathology)



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Tel: +91-11-41195959, Fax: +91-11-29523020 CIN: U24240DL2011PTC216307

MEDICAL FITNESS CERTIFICATE

(To be signed by a registered medical practitioner holding a Medical degree)

This is to certify that <u>Mr.Mayank Verma</u> aged, <u>29yr</u>. Based on the examination, I certify that he is in good dental and physical health and it is free from any physical defects such as deafness, color blindness, and any chronic or contagious diseases.

Place: Ranchi

Date: 05/10/2024

Pr. Nites A Ruman BCMR 47093 Name & Signature of

Medical officer