

Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR Yashpal SACHDEV	STUDY DATE	20/02/2024 10:35AM
AGE / SEX	68 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010882446
ACCESSION NO.	NM12338185	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	20/02/2024 12:05PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

2D Echocardiography Report

Post CABG status.

Patient in AF during study.

	End diastole	End systole
IVS thickness (cm)	1.2	1.4
Left Ventricular Dimension (cm)	4.4	3.0
Left Ventricular Posterior Wall thickness (cm)	1.1	1.3

Aortic Root Diameter (cm)		3.3
Left Atrial Dimension (cm)		4.5
Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (%)		50 %
LEFT VENTRICLE	:	Mild LVH present. Jerky septum. LVEF= 50 %
RIGHT VENTRICLE	:	Normal in size. Normal RV function.
LEFT ATRIUM	:	Dilated LA.
RIGHT ATRIUM	:	Normal in size
MITRAL VALVE	:	AML doming, PML fixed, Moderate MS, max/ mean gradient 20/7 mmHg, MVA by planimetry= 1.5cm ² . Mild MR.
AORTIC VALVE	:	Aortic valve thickened, Mild AR.
TRICUSPID VALVE	:	Mild 2+ TR, PASP~ 43mmHg.
PULMONARY VALVE	:	Normal
MAIN PULMONARY ARTERY & ITS BRANCHES	:	Appears normal.
INTERATRIAL SEPTUM	:	Intact.
INTERVENTRICULAR SEPTUM	:	Intact.
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PERICARDIUM

No pericardial effusion or thickening

DOPPLER STUDY	
DOLLFEY 210D1	

DOLLERSTOPT					
VALVE	Peak Velocity (cm/sec)	Maximum P.G. (mmHg)	Mean P. G. (mmHg)	Regurgitation	Stenosis
MITRAL	-	20	7	Mild	Moderate
AORTIC	132	-	-	Mild	Nil
TRICUSPID	-	N	N	Mild 2+	Nil
PULMONARY	61	N	N	Nil	Nil

:

SUMMARY & INTERPRETATION:

- AML doming, PML fixed, Moderate MS, max/ mean gradient 20/7 mmHg, MVA by • planimetry= 1.5cm². Mild MR.
- Jerky septum with LVEF = 50 % •
- Dilated LA. Mild LVH present. Normal sized RA/RV. Normal RV function.
- Aortic valve thickened, Mild AR.
- Mild 2+ TR, PASP~ 43mmHg. •
- IVC normal in size, >50% collapse with inspiration, suggestive of normal RA pressure. •
- No clot/vegetation/pericardial effusion.

Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Sarita Gulati MD, DM DMC No.22600 **Senior Interventional Cardiologist**

******End Of Report*****











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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR YASHPAL SACHDEV	Age : 68 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH010882446	Lab No : 31240200974
Patient Episode	: H03000060015	Collection Date : 20 Feb 2024 09:50
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD: 20 Feb 2024 11:09	Reporting Date : 20 Feb 2024 12:50

Department of Transfusion Medicine (Blood Bank)

BLOOD GROUPING, RH TYPING & ANTIBODY SCREEN (TYPE & SCREEN) Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutinaton by gel/tube technique)

Blood Group & Rh typing B Rh(D) Positive

Antibody Screening (Microtyping in gel cards using reagent red cells)

Final Antibody Screen Result Negative

Technical Note: ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique. Antibody screening is done using a 3 cell panel of reagent red cells coated with Rh, Kell,Duffy,Kidd, Lewis, P,MNS,Lutheran and Xg antigens using gel technique.

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-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr Himanshu Lamba

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR YASHPAL SACHDEV	Age :	68 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH010882446	Lab No :	32240210918
Patient Episode	: H03000060015	Collection Date :	20 Feb 2024 09:51
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD: 20 Feb 2024 10:49	Reporting Date :	20 Feb 2024 12:35

BIOCHEMISTRY

	Specimen: EI	DTA Whole blood
	As per Americ	can Diabetes Association(ADA) 2010
HbAlc (Glycosylated Hemoglobin)	6.4 %	[4.0-6.5]
	HbAlc in %	
	Non diabet	ic adults : < 5.7 %
	Prediabetes	s (At Risk) : 5.7 % - 6.4 %
	Diabetic Ra	ange : > 6.5 %
Methodology	High-Performance Liquid Ch	nromatography(HPLC)
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	137 mg/dl	

Use :

 Monitoring compliance and long-term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
Index of diabetic control (direct relationship between poor control and development of complications).
Predicting development and progression of diabetic microvascular complications.

Limitations :

A1C values may be falsely elevated or decreased in those with chronic kidney disease.
False elevations may be due in part to analytical interference from carbamylated hemoglobin formed in the presence of elevated concentrations of urea, with some assays.
False decreases in measured A1C may occur with hemodialysis and altered red cell turnover, especially in the setting of erythropoietin treatment

References : Rao.L.V., Michael snyder.L.(2021).Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Edition. Wolterkluwer. NaderRifai, Andrea Rita Horvath, Carl T.wittwer. (2018)Teitz Text book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics.First edition, Elsevier, South Asia.

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR YASHPAL SACH	IDEV	Age	:	68 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH010882446		Lab	No :	32240210918
Patient Episode	: H03000060015		Colle	ection Date :	20 Feb 2024 09:51
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MF : 20 Feb 2024 10:34	łD	Repo	orting Date :	20 Feb 2024 11:40
		BIOCHEM	ISTRY		
Lipid Profile (Serum)				
TOTAL CHOLESTER	OL (CHOD/POD)	118	mg/dl	Moderat	<200] e risk:200-239 .sk:>240
TRIGLYCERIDES (GPO/POD)	67	mg/dl	[Borderline High: 2	<150] high:151-199 00 - 499 high:>500
HDL - CHOLESTER	· · ·	49	mg/dl	-	30-60]
	mogenous Enzymatic rol (Calculated)	13	mg/dl	[10-40]
	(CALCULATED)LDL- C	HOLESTEROL	56 mg/dl N	Near/Above Borderlin	<100] optimal-100-129 He High:130-159 Risk:160-189
T.Chol/HDL.Chol	ratio	2.4		<4.0 C 4.0-5.	optimal O Borderline M Risk
LDL.CHOL/HDL.CH	OL Ratio	1.1			imal orderline h Risk

Note: Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications. Recommended to do fasting Lipid Profile after a minimum of 8 hours of overnight fasting.

Technical Notes: Lipid profile is a panel of blood tests that serves as initial broad medical screening tool for abnormalities in lipids, the results of these tests can identify certain genetic

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR YASHPAL SACHDEV	Age :	68 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH010882446	Lab No :	32240210918
Patient Episode	: H03000060015	Collection Date :	20 Feb 2024 09:51
Referred By Receiving Date	HEALTH CHECK MHD20 Feb 2024 10:34	Reporting Date :	20 Feb 2024 11:40

BIOCHEMISTRY

diseases and determine approximate risks for cardiovascular disease, certain forms of pancreatitis and other diseases.

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
TOTAL PSA, Serum (ECLIA)	0.345	ng/mL	[<4.500]

Note : PSA is a glycoprotein that is produced by the prostate gland. Normally, very little PSA is secreted in the blood. Increases in glandular size and tissue damage caused by BPH, prostatitis, or prostate cancer may increase circulating PSA levels.

Caution : Serum markers are not specific for malignancy, and values may vary by method.

Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostate massage urethral instrumentation, prostate biopsy may increase PSA levels.

Some patients who have been exposed to animal antigens, may have circulating anti-animal antibodies present. These antibodies may interfere with the assay reagents to produce unreliable results.

-----END OF REPORT-----

Neefan Sugal

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Dr. Neelam Singal CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR YASHPAL SACHDEV	Age	:	68 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH010882446	Lab No	:	32240210918
Patient Episode	: H03000060015	Collection Date	:	20 Feb 2024 09:51
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 20 Feb 2024 10:34	Reporting Date	:	20 Feb 2024 11:46

BIOCHEMISTRY

THYROID PROFILE, Serum		Sp	ecimen Type : Serum
T3 – Triiodothyronine (ECLIA) T4 – Thyroxine (ECLIA)	0.849 6.230	ng/ml µg/dl	[0.400-1.810] [5.000-10.700]
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (ECLIA)	5.230 #	µIU/mL	[0.340-4.250]

Note : TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4.a.m.and at a minimum between 6-10 pm.Factors such as change of seasons hormonal fluctuations, Ca or Fe supplements, high fibre diet, stress and illness affect TSH results.

* References ranges recommended by the American Thyroid Association

1) Thyroid. 2011 Oct;21(10):1081-125.PMID .21787128

2) http://www.thyroid-info.com/articles/tsh-fluctuating.html

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (Serum)			
BILIRUBIN-TOTAL (Diazonium Ion) BILIRUBIN - DIRECT (Diazotization)	0.95 0.35 #	mg/dl mg/dl	[0.10-1.20] [0.00-0.30]
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT (Calculated)	0.60	mg/dl	[0.20-1.00]
SGOT/ AST (UV without P5P) SGPT/ ALT (UV without P5P)	17.9 17.4	U/L U/L	[10.0-50.0] [0.0-41.0]
ALP (p-NPP,kinetic)*	72	U/L	[45-135]
TOTAL PROTEIN (Biuret)	6.8	g/dl	[6.0-8.2]
SERUM ALBUMIN (BCG-dye)	4.6	g/dl	[3.5-5.2]
SERUM GLOBULIN (Calculated)	2.2	g/dl	[1.8-3.4]
ALB/GLOB (A/G) Ratio(Calculated)	2.09 #		[1.10-1.80]



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Patient Episode	: H03000060015	Collection Date	:	20 Feb 2024 09:51
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 20 Feb 2024 10:34	Reporting Date	:	20 Feb 2024 11:40

BIOCHEMISTRY

Technical Notes:

Liver function test aids in diagnosis of various pre hepatic, hepatic and post hepatic causes of dysfunction like hemolytic anemia's, viral and alcoholic hepatitis and cholestasis of obstructive causes.

Test Name	Result	Unit E	Biological Ref. Interval
KIDNEY PROFILE (Serum)			
BUN (Urease/GLDH)	17.00	mg/dl	[8.00-23.00]
SERUM CREATININE (Jaffe's method)	1.20	mg/dl	[0.80-1.60]
SERUM URIC ACID (Uricase)	7.3 #	mg/dl	[3.5-7.2]
SERUM CALCIUM (NM-BAPTA)	9.23	mg/dl	[8.00-10.50]
SERUM PHOSPHORUS (Molybdate, UV)	2.8	mg/dl	[2.5-4.5]
SERUM SODIUM (ISE)	139.0	mmol/l	[134.0-145.0]
SERUM POTASSIUM (ISE)	4.85	mmol/l	[3.50-5.20]
SERUM CHLORIDE (ISE Indirect)	104.3	mmol/L	[95.0-105.0]
eGFR	61.8	ml/min/1.73sc	1.m [>60.0]
Technical Note			

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis / Icterus / Lipemia.

-----END OF REPORT-----

Neefane Suga

Dr. Neelam Singal CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

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Name	: MR YASHPAL SACHDEV	Age	:	68 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH010882446	Lab No	:	32240210919
Patient Episode	: H03000060015	Collection Date	:	20 Feb 2024 13:38
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 20 Feb 2024 14:15	Reporting Date	:	20 Feb 2024 15:20

BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen Type : Plasma PLASMA GLUCOSE - PP

Plasma	GLUCOSE -	ΡP	(Hexokinase)	104	mg/dl	[70-140]
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Note : Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying, brisk glucose absorption , post exercise

Specimen Type : Serum/Plasma

Plasma GLUCOSE-Fasting (Hexokinase) 89 mg/dl [82-115]

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-----END OF REPORT-----

Neefane Sugar

Dr. Neelam Singal CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR YASHPAL SACHDEV	Age	:	68 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH010882446	Lab No	:	33240206735
Patient Episode	: H03000060015	Collection Date	e :	20 Feb 2024 09:50
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 20 Feb 2024 10:47	Reporting Date	e :	20 Feb 2024 12:19

HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (Automated) Specimen-Whole Blood

ESR	13.0 #	mm/1sthour	[0.0-12.0]
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Interpretation :

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week postpartum.

ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives).

It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Test Name	Result	Unit Bi	ological Ref. Interval
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (EDTA Blood)			
WBC Count (Flow cytometry)	6410	/cu.mm	[4000-10000]
RBC Count (Impedence)	4.59	million/cu.mm	[4.50-5.50]
Haemoglobin (SLS Method)	12.7 #	g/dL	[13.0-17.0]
Haematocrit (PCV)	41.1	90	[40.0-50.0]
(RBC Pulse Height Detector Method)			
MCV (Calculated)	89.5	fL	[83.0-101.0]
MCH (Calculated)	27.7	pg	[25.0-32.0]
MCHC (Calculated)	30.9 #	g/dL	[31.5-34.5]
Platelet Count (Impedence)	133000 #	/cu.mm	[150000-410000]
RDW-CV (Calculated)	13.3	90	[11.6-14.0]
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils (Flowcytometry)	45.7	90	[40.0-80.0]
Lymphocytes (Flowcytometry)	38.2	90	[20.0-40.0]



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Patient Episode	: H03000060015	Collection Date	:	20 Feb 2024 09:50
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD: 20 Feb 2024 10:47	Reporting Date	:	20 Feb 2024 12:00

	HAEMATOLOG	Y		
Monocytes (Flowcytometry)	13.6 #		90	[2.0-10.0]
Eosinophils (Flowcytometry)	2.2		00	[1.0-6.0]
Basophils (Flowcytometry)	0.3 #		90	[1.0-2.0]
IG	0.20		00	
Neutrophil Absolute (Flouroscence f	low cytometry)	2.9	/cu mm	[2.0-7.0]x10 ³
Lymphocyte Absolute (Flouroscence f.	low cytometry)	2.5	/cu mm	[1.0-3.0]x10 ³
Monocyte Absolute (Flouroscence flo	w cytometry)	0.9	/cu mm	[0.2-1.2]x10 ³
Eosinophil Absolute (Flouroscence f.	low cytometry)	0.1	/cu mm	[0.0-0.5]x10 ³
Basophil Absolute(Flouroscence flo	w cytometry)	0.0	/cu mm	[0.0-0.1]x10 ³

Complete Blood Count is used to evaluate wide range of health disorders, including anemia, infection, and leukemia. Abnormal increase or decrease in cell counts as revealed may indicate that an underlying medical condition that calls for further evaluation.

-----END OF REPORT------

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Lakshits Sirgh

Dr.Lakshita singh



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name	: MR YASHPAL SACHDEV	Age	:	68 Yr(s) Sex :Male
Registration No	: MH010882446	Lab No	:	38240202405
Patient Episode	: H03000060015	Collection Date	e :	20 Feb 2024 09:50
Referred By Receiving Date	: HEALTH CHECK MHD : 20 Feb 2024 13:23	Reporting Date	e :	20 Feb 2024 15:59

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Biological Ref. Interval			
ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS					
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION					
Colour (Visual)	PALE YELLOW	(Pale Yellow - Yellow)			
Appearance (Visual)	CLEAR				
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION					
Reaction[pH]	7.0	(5.0-9.0)			
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Method	od))				
Specific Gravity	1.010	(1.003-1.035)			
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Method	od))				
Bilirubin	Negative	NEGATIVE			
Protein/Albumin	Negative	(NEGATIVE-TRACE)			
(Reflectance photometry(Indicator Met)	hod)/Manual SSA)				
Glucose	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)			
(Reflectance photometry (GOD-POD/Benedict Method))					
Ketone Bodies	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)			
(Reflectance photometry(Legal's Test),	/Manual Rotheras)				
Urobilinogen	NORMAL	(NORMAL)			
Reflactance photometry/Diazonium salt	reaction				
Nitrite	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE			
Reflactance photometry/Griess test					
Leukocytes	NIL	NEGATIVE			
Reflactance photometry/Action of Ester	rase				
BLOOD	PRESENT TRACE	NEGATIVE			
(Reflectance photometry(peroxidase))					
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION (Manual) Mo	ethod: Light microscopy on	centrifuged urine			
WBC/Pus Cells	1-2 /hpf	(4-6)			
Red Blood Cells	OCCASIONAL /hpf	(1-2)			
Epithelial Cells	1-2 /hpf	(2-4)			
Casts	NIL	(NIL)			
Crystals	NIL	(NIL)			
Bacteria	NIL				
Yeast cells	NIL				
Interpretation:					

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINALYSIS-Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic , urological, kidney and liver disorders

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urina tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine.

Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine.

Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise. Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys Most Common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration duri infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased Specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decrease Specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus. Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis,

bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in case of hemolytic anemia.

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Dr. Priyanka Bhatia CONSULTANT PATHOLOGY





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Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

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NAME	MR Yashpal SACHDEV	STUDY DATE	20/02/2024 11:35AM
AGE / SEX	68 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010882446
ACCESSION NO.	R6913127	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	20/02/2024 2:14PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Results:

Liver is normal in size and echopattern. No focal intra-hepatic lesion is detected. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre.

Gall bladder appears echofree with normal wall thickness.

Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size ($RK \sim 8.6 \times 4.1 \text{ cm}$ and $LK \sim 8.9 \times 4.6 \text{ cm}$) and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. Central sinus echoes are compact. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated.

Urinary bladder is moderately distended, shows wall thickening measures 3.5 mm. Lumen is clear.

The pre void urine volume is 111 cc. The post void urine volume is 11.0 cc.

Prostate is enlarged in size. It measures approx.47 cc in volume. Median lobe indenting (17.7 x 10.2 mm) base of bladder.

No significant free fluid is detected.

IMPRESSION:

• Prostatomegaly with insignificant post void residual urine.

Please correlate clinically.











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Awarded Emergency Excellence Services Awarded Nur E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 N-2019-0113

Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

Awarded Clean & Green Hospital IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

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ACCESSION NO.	R6913127	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	20/02/2024 2:14PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

Dr. Roly Srivastava MBBS, DNB DMC No.45626 **CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST**

******End Of Report*****











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Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

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Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR Yashpal SACHDEV	STUDY DATE	20/02/2024 10:14AM
AGE / SEX	68 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010882446
ACCESSION NO.	R6913128	MODALITY	CR
REPORTED ON	20/02/2024 11:33AM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

X-RAY CHEST – PA VIEW

FINDINGS:

Sternotomy sutures are seen in situ. Lung fields appear normal on both sides. Cardia appears normal. Both costophrenic angles appear normal. Both domes of the diaphragm appear normal. Bony cage appear normal.

IMPRESSION:

No significant abnormality noted. Needs correlation with clinical findings and other investigations.

Dr. Nipun Gumber MBBS, MD DMC No.90272 ASSOCIATE CONSULTANT

******End Of Report*****











NABH Accredited Hospital H-2019-0640/09/06/2019-08/06/2022

NABL Accredited Hospital MC/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021 Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

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