

# ILKIT DIAGNOSTIC CENT

Dr. Nimisha Gupta M.D. (Pathology) AllMS, New Delhi FNAC & Histopathology Expert, M.N.A.M.S. DNB Ex-Registrar: PGIMER Chandigarh, GMCH Chandigarh

Date Name 14/09/2024

Mr. MANISH KUMAR

Srl No. 16

34 Yrs. Age

Sex

M

Ref. By

Test Name	Value	Unit	Normal Value	
COMPLETE HAEMOGRAM By Mindray LT-360s		The state of the s		Ť
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	14.1	gm/dl	13.0 - 18.0	90
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC)	6,700	/cumm	4000 - 11000	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)		No. 1		
NEUTROPHIL	61	%	40 - 75	
LYMPHOCYTE	33	%	20 - 45	
EOSINOPHIL	04	%	01 - 06	6
MONOCYTE	. 02	%	02 - 10	
R B C COUNT	4.60	Millions/cmm	4.5 - 5.5	
P.C.V / HAEMATOCRIT	42.0	%	40 - 54	(2
MCV	91.2	fl.	83 - 101	Ŭ
мсн	30.6	Picogram	27.0 - 32.0	
мснс	33.50	gm/dl	31.5 - 34.5	
PLATELET COUNT  By automated cell counter	1.04	Lakh/cmm	1.50 - 4.50	
RDW - CV	13.7	%	11.0 - 16.0	(0)
RDW - SD	43.5	fl.	37.0 - 49.0	
MPV	16.2	fi.	8.60 - 15.50	( <u>3</u>
PDW	16.9	fl.	11.0 - 22.0	Œ
РСТ	0.087	%	0.15 - 0.62	
P-LCC	36.0	/uL	• 44 - 140	0
P- LCR	66.9	%	15.0 - 35.0	
	HAEMATO	LOGY		
ERYTHROCYTE SED.RATE (WIN)	12	and the same of th	0 - 10	
BLOOD GROUP ABO	"AB"			
RH TYPING	POSITIVE			













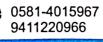














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Senior Consultant Pathology

Dr. Nimisha Gupta



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## **BIOCHEMISTRY**

	Colon of the Colon		
BLOOD SUGAR FASTING	78.7	mg/dl	60 - 110
URINE SUGAR FASTING	NIL		NIL
BLOOD UREA	28.1	mg /dl	15.0 - 45.0
SERUM CREATININE	1.00	mg%	0.7 - 1.4
SERUM URIC ACID	4.6	mg%	3.4 - 7.0
GAMMA GT			
Y GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT):-	37.9	U/L at 37°C	















### Regular monitoring of lab analyzers by expert









Senior Consultant Pathology

## **EXPECTED VALUES**

Serum (Males)

10 - 50 U/L at 37°C

(Femalels) 07 - 35 U/L at 37°C

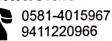
### COMMENT

γ Glutamyl Transferase (GGT) is an enzyme found mainly in serum from hepatic origin, though the highest levels are in kidneys.

Elevated levels are found in hepatobilary and pancreatic diseases, chronic alcoholism, myocardial infraction with secondary liver damage and diabetics.

BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.76	mg/dl	0 - 1.2
CONJUGATED (D. Bilirubin)	0.38	mg/dl	0 - 0.25
UNCONJUGATED (I.D.Bilirubin)	0.38	mg/dl	0 - 1.2
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.1	gm/dl	6.6 - 8.3
ALBUMIN	4.2	gm/dl	3.4 - 4.8
GLOBULIN	2.9	gm/dl	2.3 - 3.5
A/G RATIO	1.448	And the state of t	
SGOT	33.2	IU/L	0 - 40
SGPT	30.6	IU/L	0.0 - 41.0
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE  IFCC Method	78.6	U/L	37.0 - 147.0







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Value

Unit

**Normal Value** 

## **HAEMATOLOGY**



HB A1C- HemoCue 501 Fully Automated

### HbA1C (GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN)

PATIENT'S VALUE % HbA1C = % **EXPECTED VALUES:-**

%HbA1c	Approx. mean blood 65	glucose( mg/dl)
5	100	Nor
6	135	
7	170	Through the factor of the second
8	205	man the Water
9	240	
10	275	1
11	310	

Interpretation

Non-diabetic range

ADA target

Action suggested



Temperaturecontrolled containers to store samples

quality control to ensure 100%

REMARKS:-In vitro quantitative determination of HbA1C in whole blood is utilized in long term monitoring of glycemia. The HbA1C level correlates with the mean glucose concentration prevailing in the course of the patient's recent history (approx - 6-8 weeks) and therefore provides much more reliable information for glycemia monitoring than do determinations of blood glucose or urinary glucose.

Strict quality checks on sample before processing

It is recommended that the determination of HbA1C be performed at intervals of 4-6 weeks during diabetes mellitus therapy.



Regular monitoring of lab analyzers by expert

Results of HbA1C should be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.



Assured machine inspection on a daily basis









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Date Name Ref. By

**INTERPRETATION** 

14/09/2024

Mr. MANISH KUMAR

Srl No. 16

34 Yrs. Age

Sex

Test Name	Value	Unit	Normal Value
	× 11	The same of the sa	
LIPID PROFILE			
TRIGLYCERIDES	144.5	mg/dL	40.0 - 165.0
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	153.6	mg/dL	140.0 - 250.0
H D L CHOLESTEROL DIRECT	47.8	mg/dL	35.3 - 79.5
VLDL	28.9	mg/dL	10.0 - 40.0
L D L CHOLESTEROL	76.7	mg/dL	50.0 - 190.0
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	3.213		0.0 - 4.97
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO	1.605		0.00 - 3.55

TRIGLYCERIDE level > 250mg/dL is associated with an approximately 2-fold greater risk of coronary vascular disease. Elevation of triglycerides can be seen with obesity, medication, fast less than 12hrs., alcohol intake, diabetes melitus, and pancreatitis. CHOLESTEROL, its fractions and triglycerides are the important plasma lipids indefining cardiovascular risk factors and in the managment of cardiovascular disease. Highest acceptable and optimum values of cholesterol values of cholesterol vary with age. Values above 220 mgm/dl are associated with increased risk of CHD regardless of HDL & LDL values. HDL-CHOLESTEROL level <35 mg/dL is associated with an increased risk of coronary vascular disease even in the face of desirable levels of cholesterol and LDL - cholesterol. LDL - CHOLESTEROL & TOTAL CHOLESTEROL levels can be strikingly altered by thyroid, renal and liver disease as well as hereditary factors. Based on total cholesterol, LDL- cholesterol, and total cholesterol/HDL - cholesterol ratio, patients may be divided into the three risk categories :-

CHOLESTEROL	LDL-CHOLESTEROL	CHO/HDI BATIO
CHOLLSTLINGL	EDE-CHOLESTERUL	CHO/HDL RATIO

Acceptable/Low Risk Borderline High Risk

< 200 mg/dL

<130 mg/dL

< 4.5

High Risk

200-239 mg/dL > 240 mg/dL

130-159 mg/dl > 160 mg/dL

4.5 - 6.0> 6.0

APO A1 & APO B: Recent studies have shown that Apolipoproteins A1 & B might be the best indicators of Coronary Artery Disease risk in an individual. Patients who have normal lipid profile may have abnormal Apo A1 & Apo B values. Ratio of Apo B: Apo A1 is >1 in cases of increased CHD risk.



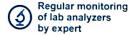










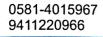














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Date Name

Ref. By

14/09/2024

Mr. MANISH KUMAR

Srl No.

34 Yrs. Age

16

Sex

M

**Test Name** 

Value

15

Unit

ml.

**Normal Value** 

## **URINE EXAMINATION TEST**



PHYS	CAL	EXAIV	INAT	101
	—			

QUANTITY **COLOUR** TRANSPARENCY/ CLARITY SPECIFIC GRAVITY PH

**CHEMICAL EXAMINATION** 

**PROTEIN** 

PALE YELLOW **CLEAR** Q.N.S. 6.0

NIL mg/dl NIL mg/dl

REDUCING SUGAR/ GLUCOSE MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

**PUS CELLS** RBC'S **CASTS CRYSTALS SQUAMOUS EPITHELIAL CELLS BACTERIA OTHERS** 

0-1 NIL

> NIL NIL

0-2

NIL

Yellow

Clear

1.005 to 1.025

4.5 to 8.0



< 150 mg/dl

<130 mg/dl

Qualified and trained technicians

Temperature-

to store samples

controlled containers

Strict quality checks

on sample before processing

<2-5 /hpf

<2 RBCs/hpf

0-5 hyaline casts/lp

Occasionally

<15-20 /hpf

None NIL

Regular monitoring of lab analyzers by expert



Assured machine inspection on a daily basis



Verified reports by qualified pathologist



20 Years of Trust & Experience



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ICOMPUTERISED CLINICAL LAB WITH EXPERTISE IN HISTOPATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY

## Dr. Nimisha Gupta

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Date

14/09/2024

Srl No. 16

Name M

Mr. MANISH KUMAR

Age 34 Yrs.

Sex M

Ref. By

Test Name

Value

Unit

Normal Value

## **IMMUNOLOGY**

THYROID PROFILE

## THYROID PROFILE

Method: - Immunoassay CLIA

PATIENT VALUE

1.03 ng/ml

Adult: 0.50-2.0 ng/ml

· Cord Blood : 0.4 - 1.3 · 1-2 days : 0.8 - 2.6

· 3-30 days : 0.7 - 2.0

· 1-12 months: 1.1-2.3 · 1-7 years : 1.2 - 2.0

· 7-13 years : 1.1 - 2.0

· 13-18 years : 1.0 - 1.8

**T4** 

**T3** 

5.21 µg/dl

Male - 4.4 to 10.8 μg/dl Female - 4.8 to 11.6 μg/dl

· Cord Blood: 6.0 - 13.1

· 1-2 days : 10.7 - 25.8

· 3-30 days : 7.8 - 19.7

· 1-12 months: 5.4 - 13.8

· 1-7 years : 5.3 - 12.3

· 7-13 years : 6.0 -11.1

· 13-18 years : 4.9 - 10.7

"ISO 9001 : 2015 Certified" 1

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Date Name 14/09/2024

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Age 34 Yrs.

Sex M

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**Test Name** 

Value

Unit

Normal Value

**TSH** 

1.77 µIU/mI

(3<sup>rd</sup> Generation)

Adult: 0.28 to 6.82 µIU/mI

· Premature Infant : 0.8 - 5.2

· Cord Blood: 1.0 - 17.4

· 1-3 days : 1.0 - 17.4

· 1-2 Weeks : 1.7 - 9.1 · 4-12 months: 0.8-8.2

· 1-5 years : 0.8-8.2

· 5-10 years : 0.7 -7.0

· 10-15 years : 0.7 - 5.7

### INTERPRETATION:

TSH measurement has been used for screening for euthyroidism, screening and diagnosis for hyperthyroidism & hypothyroidism. suppressed tsh·(<0.01µiu/ml) suggest a diagnosis of hyperthyroidism and elevated concentration (< 7µiu/ml) suggest hypothyroidism. tsh levels may be affected by acute illness & several medication including dopamine and glucocorticoides. decreased (low or undetectable) in graves disease. increased in tsh secreting pituitary adenoma (secondary hyperthyroidism) prth and in hypothalamic disease thyrotropin (tertiary hyperthyroidism). elevated in hypothyroidism (along with decreased) except for pituitary and hypothalamic disease.

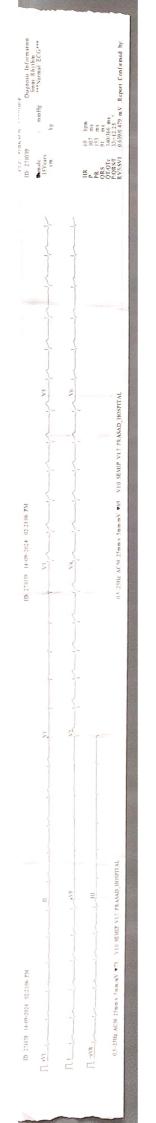
- mild to modest elevations in patients with normal t3 & t4 level indicate impaired thyroid hormone reserves and incipient hypothyroidism (subclinical hypothyroidism).
- · Mild to modest decreased with normal t3 and t4 indicates subclinical hyperthyroidism.
- degree of tsh suppression does not reflect the severity of hyperthyroidism; therefore, measurement of free thyroid hormone levels is required patient with a suppressed TSH level.

"ISO 9001: 2015 Certified" 2 of 2

Dr. Nimisha Gupta Senior Consultant Pathologist

Note :1. If the test result(s) is alarming or unexpected patient is advised to contact the lab immediately.

2. Test report is not valid for medico-legal purpose.





Patient Name

MANISH KUMAR

14-09-2024

Ref. By.:

**SELF** 

Age /Sex 34Y/ M

Investigation

X-Ray Chest PA View

## **OBSERVATION**

Bilateral lung fields are clear.

Trachea is central.

Both hila are normal.

Cardiac shape, size and silhouette are normal.

No mediastinal widening or mediastinal shift noted.

Both domes of diaphragm are normal in height and silhouette.

Bilateral C.P. angles are clear.

Bony rib cage is normal.

### **IMPRESSION**

NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY DETECTED IN THE SCAN.

To correlate clinico-pathologically



