DIAGNOSTIC REPORT	Patient Ref. No. 6660000261	8509 BCC MEA CON DDRC SRL Diagnostic Services
CLIENT CODE: CA00010147 - MEDIWH		Cert. No. MC-2809
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITE		RC SRL DIAGNOSTICS
F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156	KE Tel	NDHI NAGAR, KTM RALA, INDIA : 93334 93334 ail : customercare.ddrc@srl.in
PATIENT NAME : SANDHYA T V		PATIENT ID : SANDF1012784036
ACCESSION NO : 4036VL001876	AGE : 44 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 10/12/2022 11:06	REPORTED : 18/12/2022 12:09
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEE	L	CLIENT PATIENT ID :
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHECKUP AB	OVE 40(F)TMT	

* TREADMILL TEST	
TREADMILL TEST	COMPLETED
DENTAL CHECK UP	
DENTAL CHECK UP	NOT DONE
OPTHAL	
OPTHAL	COMPLETED
* PHYSICAL EXAMINATION	
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION	COMPLETED





DIAGNOSTIC REPORT		WITTER CONTRACTOR		
Patient I	Ref. No. 66600000261	 18509		DDRC SRL Diagnostic Services
CLIENT CODE: CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL			Cert. No. MC-2809	Diagnostic Services
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED	DI	DRC SRL D	Left. No. MC-2809	
F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI,	G	andhi nag	AR. KTM	
SOUTH DELHI 110030	KE	RALA, IND	IA	
DELHI INDIA 8800465156			omercare.ddrc@srl.in	
PATIENT NAME : SANDHYA T V			PATIENT ID : SANI	DF1012784036
ACCESSION NO : 4036VL001876 AGE : 44 Ye	ears SEX : Female	9	ABHA NO :	
DRAWN : RECEIVED :	10/12/2022 11:06		REPORTED : 18/12/2022 12:0)9
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEEL			CLIENT PATIENT ID :	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results			Units
MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40(F)T	MI			
SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	7		Adult(<60 yrs) : 6 to 20	mg/dL
* BUN/CREAT RATIO				
BUN/CREAT RATIO	12.0			
CREATININE, SERUM				
CREATININE	0.58		18 - 60 yrs : 0.6 - 1.1	mg/dL
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA				
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA	96		Diabetes Mellitus : > or = 200. Impaired Glucose tolerance/	. mg/dL
			Prediabetes : 140 - 199.	
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM			Hypoglycemia : < 55.	
CHOLESTEROL	168		Desirable : < 200	mg/dL
	100		Borderline : 200-239	
TRIGLYCERIDES	156	High	High : >or= 240 Normal : < 150	mg/dL
MOLICEMPES		_	High : 150-199	-
			Hypertriglyceridemia : 200-499 Very High : > 499	J
HDL CHOLESTEROL	36	Low	General range : 40-60	mg/dL
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL	121		Optimum : < 100	mg/dL
			Above Optimum : 100-139 Borderline High : 130-159	
			High : 160-189	
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	132	High	Very High : >or= 190 Desirable: Less than 130	mg/dL
			Above Desirable: 130 - 159	
			Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219	
			Very high: $> $ or $= 220$	
CHOL/HDL RATIO	4.7	-	3.30 - 4.40	
LDL/HDL RATIO	3.4	-	0.5 - 3.0	mald
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	31.2 WHOLE	пign	< or = 30.0	mg/dL
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA BLOOD	WHOLE			





DIAGNOSTIC REPORT	ef. No. 66600000	2618509			DRC SRL
CLIENT CODE: CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL			Cert. No. MC-28	INDIA	LEADING DIAGNOSTICS NET WORK
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,		DDRC SRL D		09	
SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156		GANDHI NAG KERALA, IND Tel : 93334 9 Email : custo	IA		
PATIENT NAME : SANDHYA T V			PATIENT ID :	SANDE	1012784036
ACCESSION NO : 4036VL001876 AGE : 44 Yea	ors SEX : Fer	nale	ABHA NO :		
DRAWN : RECEIVED :	10/12/2022 11:	06	REPORTED : 18/12/20	022 12:09	
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEEL			CLIENT PATIENT I	D :	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results				Units
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)	5.5		Non-diabetic level : <	.0 - 5.6%. ≤ 5.7%. ∙6.5%	%
			Glycemic control goal More stringent goal : < General goal : < Less stringent goal : <	7%.	
			Glycemic targets in CK If eGFR > 60 : < 7%. If eGFR < 60 : 7 - 8.5%		
MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE LIVER FUNCTION TEST WITH GGT	111.2		< 116.0		mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.96		General Range : < 1.1		mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.26		General Range : < 0.3		mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.7		0.00 - 1.00		mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.7		Ambulatory : 6.4 - 8.3 Recumbant : 6 - 7.8		g/dL
ALBUMIN	4.5		20-60yrs : 3.5 - 5.2		g/dL
GLOBULIN	2.2		2.0 - 4.1		g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	2.1	High	1.0 - 2.0		RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	29		Adults : < 33		U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	52		Adults : < 34		U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	57		Adult(<60yrs): 35 - 10	05	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM	27		Adult (female) : < 40		U/L
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.7		Ambulatory : 6.4 - 8.3 Recumbant : 6 - 7.8		g/dL
URIC ACID, SERUM					
URIC ACID Abo group & RH type, edta whole blood	4.3		Adults : 2.4-5.7		mg/dL
ABO GROUP	TYPE O				
RH TYPE	POSITIVE				
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD					
HEMOGLOBIN	13.2		12.0 - 15.0		g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT	4.52		3.8 - 4.8		mil/µL
WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT	8.80		4.0 - 10.0		thou/µL







HEMATOCRIT	38.3		36 - 46	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL	85.0		83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB.	29.2		27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN	34.5		31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
CONCENTRATION				
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	11.9		11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	18.8			
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT				
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS	60		40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES	38		20 - 40	%
EOSINOPHILS	02		1 - 6	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	5.28		2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	3.34	High	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.18		0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	1.6			
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),W BLOOD	HOLE			
SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)	04		0 - 20	mm at 1 hr
STOOL: OVA & PARASITE	•			
COLOUR	BROWN			
CONSISTENCY	SEMI FORMED			
ODOUR	FAECAL			
POLYMORPHONUCLEAR LEUKOCYTES	NOT DETECTED		0 - 5	/HPF
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	/HPF
MACROPHAGES	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	
CHARCOT-LEYDEN CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	
TROPHOZOITES	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	
CYSTS	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	
OVA	NOT DETECTED			
LARVAE	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	
ADULT PARASITE	NOT DETECTED			
OCCULT BLOOD	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	
SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL				





Patient Re	f. No. 66600000	2618509	RAC MRA		DDRC SRL
CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL			Ce	ert. No. MC-280	INDIA'S LEADING DIAGNOSTICS NET WORK
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED		DDRC SRL DI	AGNOSTICS		
F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,		GANDHI NAG			
SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030		KERALA, INDI	A		
DELHI INDIA 8800465156		Tel : 93334 9 Email : custo	3334 mercare.ddrc@	srl.in	
PATIENT NAME : SANDHYA T V			PA	TIENT ID :	SANDF1012784036
ACCESSION NO : 4036VL001876 AGE : 44 Yea	rs SEX : Fer	nale	ABHA NO :		
DRAWN : RECEIVED : 3	10/12/2022 11:	06	REPORTED :	18/12/202	22 12:09
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEEL			CLIEN	T PATIENT ID	:
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results				Units
SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL	NOT DETEC	TED	NOT DETECT	FD	
CYTOLOGY - CS (PAP SMEAR)	NOT DETEC			20	
CYTOLOGY - CS (PAP SMEAR) Cytology No :- CY/4075/22					
Nature of specimen : - Cytology - Cervical smear					
Gross specimen :- Three smears received in fixat	ive				
Microscopy :- All the three smears screened show	N				
. Intermediate squamous cells on a clean backgro	ound.				
Diagnosis :- Negative for intraepithelial lesion of	r malignant cells	5.			
THYROID PANEL, SERUM					
T3	120.07		Non-Pregnar	nt · 60-181	ng/dL
	120.07		-		
			Pregnant Tri 1st : 81-19		
			2nd : 100-20 3rd : 100-2		
Τ4	8.70		3.2 - 12.6	00	µg/dl
TSH 3RD GENERATION	1.600		(Non Pregna	nt):0.4-4	
			Pregnant(Tri 1st : 0.1 - 2 2nd : 0.2 - 3 3rd : 0.3 - 3	mester wise 2.5 3	
SUGAR URINE - FASTING			510 . 0.5	,	
SUGAR URINE - FASTING PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE	NOT DETEC	TED	NOT DETECT	ED	
COLOR	PALE YELLO	\ \ /			
APPEARANCE	CLEAR	vv			
* CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE					
PH	5.0		4.7 - 7.5		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.015		1.003 - 1.03	5	
PROTEIN	NOT DETEC	TED	NOT DETECT	ED	
GLUCOSE	NOT DETEC	TED	NOT DETECT	ED	





DIAGNOSTIC REPORT				DDDC CDI
	Patient Ref. No. 666000002	<u>618509</u>		DDRC SRL Diagnostic Services
CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDIV		Mahahahaha Ce	27-55 ert. No. MC-2809	INDIA'S LEADING DIAGNOSTICS NET WORK
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMI		DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTICS		
F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156		GANDHI NAGAR, KTM KERALA, INDIA Tel : 93334 93334 Email : customercare.ddrc@	osrl.in	
PATIENT NAME : SANDHYA T V		PA	ATIENT ID : SAN	DF1012784036
ACCESSION NO : 4036VL001876	AGE : 44 Years SEX : Fem	ale ABHA NO :		
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 10/12/2022 11:0	6 REPORTED :	18/12/2022 12:	09
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHE	EL	CLIEN	T PATIENT ID :	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results			Units
KETONES	NOT DETEC	TED NOT DETECT	ΓED	
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETEC	TED NOT DETECT	ΓED	
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL		
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, UR	RINE			
RED BLOOD CELLS	2 - 3	NOT DETEC	ΓED	/HPF
WBC	1-2	0-5		/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	8-10	0-5		/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED			
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED			
BACTERIA	NOT DETEC	TED NOT DETECT	ΓED	
GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA				
GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA	105	Impaired fas	llitus : > or = 126 sting Glucose/ : 101 - 125. ia : < 55.	5. mg/dL

Interpretation(s)

SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN-

Causes of Increased levels

Pre renal

• High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal Renal Failure

Post Renal

Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism

Causes of decreased levels

- Liver disease
- SIADH.
- CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to: Blockage in the urinary tract
- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
 Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

Mvasthenia Gravis

Muscular dystrophy

diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.





DIAGNOSTIC REPORT		WHIP WAR
	副川 松木	2 DDRC SRL Diagnostic Services
CLIENT CODE: CA00010147 - MEDI	WHEEL	INDIA'S LEADING DIAGNOSTICS NET WORK
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :		Cert. No. MC-2809
MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIM	ITED DDRC S	SRL DIAGNOSTICS
F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156	KERAL/ Tel : 9	II NAGAR, KTM A, INDIA 3334 93334 customercare.ddrc@srl.in
PATIENT NAME : SANDHYA T V		PATIENT ID : SANDF1012784036
ACCESSION NO : 4036VL001876	AGE : 44 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 10/12/2022 11:06	REPORTED : 18/12/2022 12:09
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWH	EEL	CLIENT PATIENT ID :
Test Report Status Final	Results	Units

diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk. It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the ""good" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely. HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease. Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL). NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary and secondary prevention studies.

Recommendations:

Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

2.Diagnosing diabetes.

3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels. 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.

3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

I. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will faisely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

VI.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c. b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom''s disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

URIC ACID, SERUM-

Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology. RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13)

from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for





DIAGNOSTIC REPORT		uniterity we want the second sec
	Bill 277-8 278-1-887-1087-1087-108 Patient Ref. No. 6660000026185	09 DDRC SRL Diagnostic Services
CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDI	WHEEL	Multiplinite And
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :		Cert. No. MC-2809
MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIM	ITED DDRC	SRL DIAGNOSTICS
F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,		
SOUTH DELHI, DELHI,		HI NAGAR, KTM
SOUTH DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA		A, INDIA 93334 93334
8800465156		: customercare.ddrc@srl.in
PATIENT NAME : SANDHYA T V		PATIENT ID : SANDF1012784036
ACCESSION NO : 4036VL001876	AGE : 44 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 10/12/2022 11:06	REPORTED : 18/12/2022 12:09
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWH	EL	CLIENT PATIENT ID :
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Units

diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR <

3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease. (Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-**TEST DESCRIPTION** :-Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall

(sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging. Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis). In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum. **Decreased** in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased : Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine,

salicylates) **REFERENCE** :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition. SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL-METHOD: DIPSTICK/BENEDICT''S TEST

CYTOLOGY - CS (PAP SMEAR)-METHOD: STAINING- MICROSCOPY

Specimens sent for biopsy will be preserved in the Lab only for 30 days after despatch of reports. They will be discarded after this period. Slides/blocks of tissues will be issued only on written request from the concerned medical officer. Slides / Blocks and Reports will be preserved only for a period of 10 years. Generally Slides will be made available only a day after giving the request. Only two copies of the report will be given . Additional copies will be given only on production of a letter from the concerned SUGAR URINE - FASTING-METHOD: DIPSTICK/BENEDICT'S TEST

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA- TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases (e.g., galactosemia), Drugs- insulin,

ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE:

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control. High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic

index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.





DIAGNOSTIC REPORT	
CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL	No. 666000002618509
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156	Cert. NO. MC-2809 DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTICS GANDHI NAGAR, KTM KERALA, INDIA Tel : 93334 93334 Email : customercare.ddrc@srl.in
PATIENT NAME : SANDHYA T V	PATIENT ID : SANDF1012784036
ACCESSION NO : 4036VL001876 AGE : 44 Years	s SEX : Female ABHA NO :
DRAWN : RECEIVED : 10,	0/12/2022 11:06 REPORTED : 18/12/2022 12:09
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. MEDIWHEEL	CLIENT PATIENT ID :
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results Units
MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40(F)TMT	
* ECG WITH REPORT	
REPORT COMPLETED	

End Of Report Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession TEST MARKED WITH '*' ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

Hinma

* MAMMOGRAPHY -BOTH

*** USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS**

* CHEST X-RAY WITH REPORT

REPORT COMPLETED

REPORT COMPLETED

REPORT COMPLETED

LITTIMMA ANTONY LAB TECHNOLOGIST

Jone they

PREETHY K D LAB TECHNOLOGIST

Basitha .

SABITHAMOL P S LAB TECHNOLOGIST

2pg

DR.KRIPA ELIZABETH JOHN CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST







MEDICAL EXAMINATION REPORT (MER)

If the examinee is suffering from an acute life threatening situation, you may be obliged to disclose the result of *t* ae medical examination to the examinee.

1	 Name of the examinee Mark of Identification Age/Date of Birth 	: Mr./Mrs./Ms. EEMPHYDIV : (Mole/Scar/any other (specify location)): Left y car blac mole. : 44 20/01/1972 Gender: 'F/M Female	
	C		
	Photo ID Checked	: (Passport/Election Card/PAN Card/Driving Licence/Company ID)	

PHYSICAL DETAILS:

	b. Weight4.6 (Kgs) e. Blood Pressure: 110/70	c. Girth of Abdomen	
	1 st Reading	110	70
tore and the second	· 2 nd Reading	110	70

FAMILY HISTORY:

Relation	Age if Living	Health Status	If deceased, age at the time and cause
Father			
Mother	61	good.	
Brother(s)	412	C	
Sister(s)	27	D,	No. 21 7 A. A. HERRY & Worked data and o

HABITS & ADDICTIONS: Does the examinee consume any of the following?

Tobacco in any form	Sedative	Alcohol
a of his last deaders and the findings states.		entry confirm that I have examined the d

PERSONAL HISTORY

- a. Are you presently in good health and entirely free from any mental or Physical impairment or deformity. If No, please attach details.
- b. Have you undergone/been advised any surgical procedure? KOLIVAW

Have you ever suffered from any of the following? A DHOT

- Psychological Disorders or any kind of disorders of the Nervous System?
 Y/N ~
- Any disorders of Respiratory system?
- Any Cardiac or Circulatory Disorders?
- Enlarged glands or any form of Cancer/Tumour?
- · Any Musculoskeletal disorder?

- c. During the last 5 years have you been medically examined, received any advice or treatment or admitted to any hospital? Y/N
- d. Have you lost or gained weight in past 12 months?

Any disorder of Gastrointestinal System?

· Unexplained recurrent or persistent fever,

• Have you been tested for HIV/HBsAg / HCV

Are you presently taking medication of any kind?

and/or weight loss

before? If yes attach reports

Y/N

YNL

Y/N -

Y/N

Y/I

DDRC SRL Diagnostics Private Limited

Corp. Office: DDRC SRL Tower, G- 131, Panampilly Nagar, Ernakulam - 682 036 Ph No. 0484-2318223, 2318222, e-mail: info@ddrcsrl.com, web: www.ddrcsrl.com

Y/N ~

Y/N ~

Y/N

Corp. Office: DDRC SRL Tower, G- 131, Panampilly Nagar, Ernakulam - 682 036, Ph No: 2310688, 231822, web: www.ddrcsrl.com

Any disorders of Urinary System?

FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES ONLY

- a. Is there any history of diseases of breast/genital organs?
- b. Is there any history of abnormal PAP Smear/Mammogram/USG of Pelvis or any other tests? (If yes attach reports) Y/N -
- c. Do you suspect any disease of Uterus, Cervix or Ovaries?

CONFIDENTAIL COMMENTS FROM MEDICAL EXAMINER

- > Was the examinee co-operative?
- > Is there anything about the examine's health, lifestyle that might affect him/her in the near future with regard to his/her job? Y/N

Y/N

Y/N

- > Are there any points on which you suggest further information be obtained?
- > Based on your clinical impression, please provide your suggestions and recommendations below;

medihratin advised Routine follow up BIRADI - TI lesion

> Do you think he/she is MEDICALLY FIT or UNFIT for employment.

MEDICAL EXAMINER'S DECLARATI

I hereby confirm that I have examined the above individual after verification of his/her identity and the findings stated above are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Name & Signature of the Medical Examiner

Seal of Medical Examiner

Name & Seal of DDRC SRL Branch

Date & Time

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Regd. Office: 4th Floor, Prime Square, Plot No.1, Gaiwadi Industrial Estate, S.V. Road, Goregaon (West), Mumbai - 400062.

2002 AYATTO)

- Any disorder of the Eyes, Ears Nose, Throat or Mouth & Skin Eyes
 - d. Do you have any history of miscarriage/ abortion or MTP
 - e. For Parous Women, were there any complication during pregnancy such as gestational diabetes, hypertension etc. Y/N
 - f. Are you now pregnant? If yes, how many months?
- Y/N

Y/N

Y/N

Y/N

AUSTIN VARAHEES ustin Varghees MBBS TCMC Reg. No:77



OPHTHALMOLOGY REPORT

ACCESSION NO:4036VL001876

This is to certify that I have examined

MR/MS. Sandhya T.V Aged 44 ys and

His / her visual standard is as follows.

Acuity of Vision

For Far

R 6/10 L 6/10

wills spex 26/6

For Near

R.....N.8 L. N.10

collis sper LN-6



Colour Vision

Norma

DATE: 10/12/22



ECG REPORT

	ACCESSION NO	: 4036VL001876	
	NAME	: SANDHYA T V	
	AGE	: 44	
	SEX	: FEMALE	
	DATE	: 10.12.20222	
	COMPANY	: MEDIWHEEL	
:	74 bpm		
:	Nomel simu	rlythm	
:	Namel		
:	130 ms		
	Nomel		

RHYTHM

RATE

P. WAVE

P-R INTERVAL

Q,R,S,T. WAVES

AXIS

ARRHYTHMIAS

QT INTERVAL

OTHERS

nil

•

:

:

:

: 369 mg

Normal

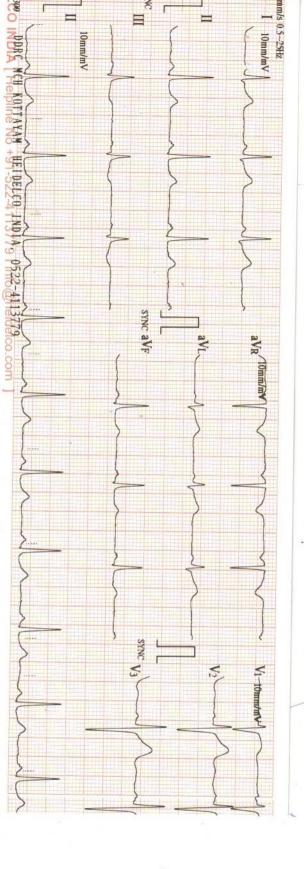
Nil

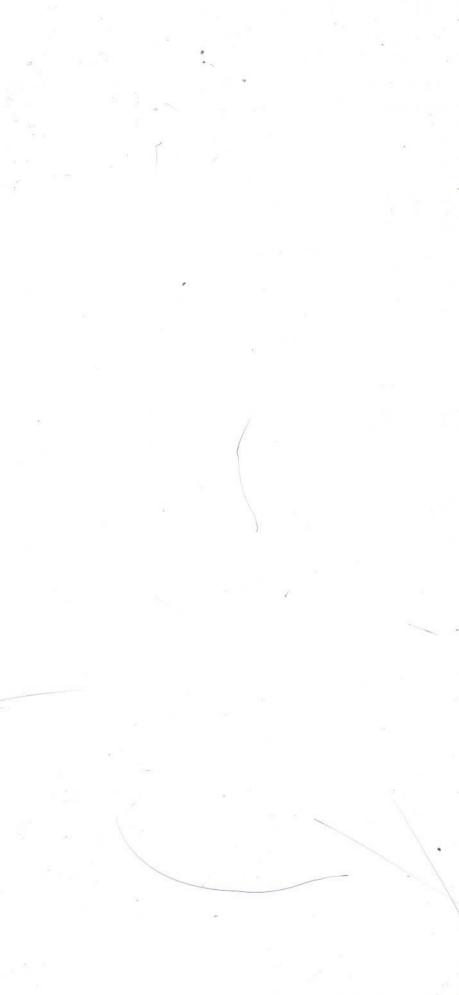
OPINION

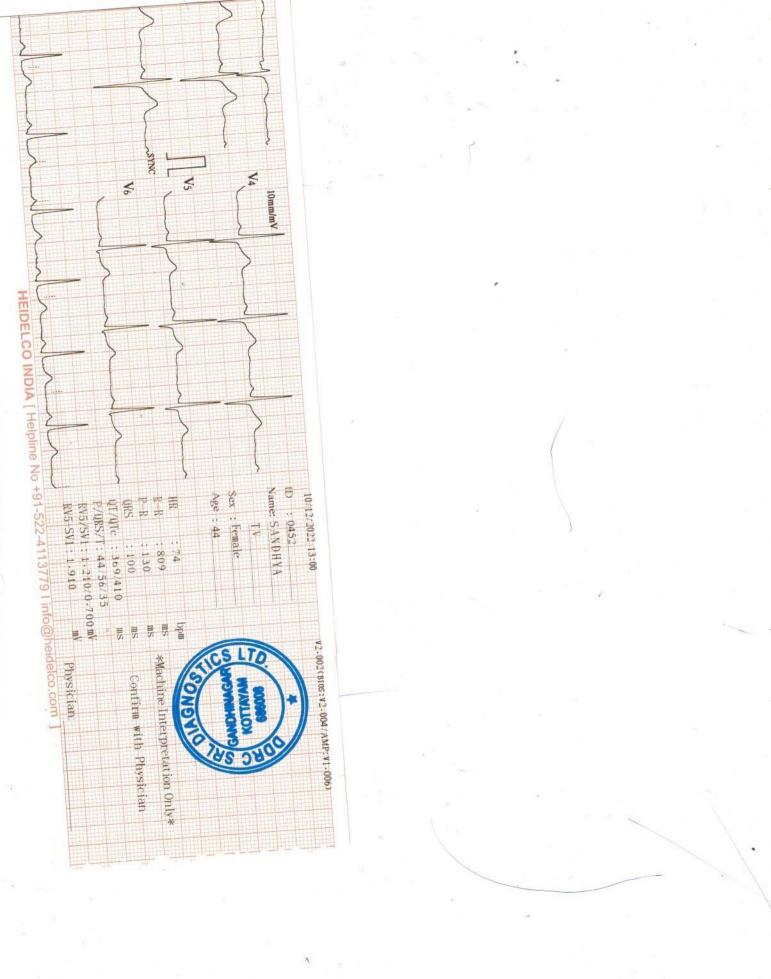
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MBBS TCMC Reg. No:T7017









X - RAY CHEST - REPORT

ACCESSION NO	: 4036VL001876
NAME	: SANDHYA T V
AGE	: 44
SEX	: FEMALE
DATE	: 10.12.2022
COMPANY	: MEDIWHEEL

EXPOSURE

POSITIONING

SOFT TISSUES

LUNG FIELDS

HEART SHADOW

CARDIOPHRENIC ANGLE

COSTOPHRENIC ANGLE

HILUM

OPINION

Nomel

•

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Adequate

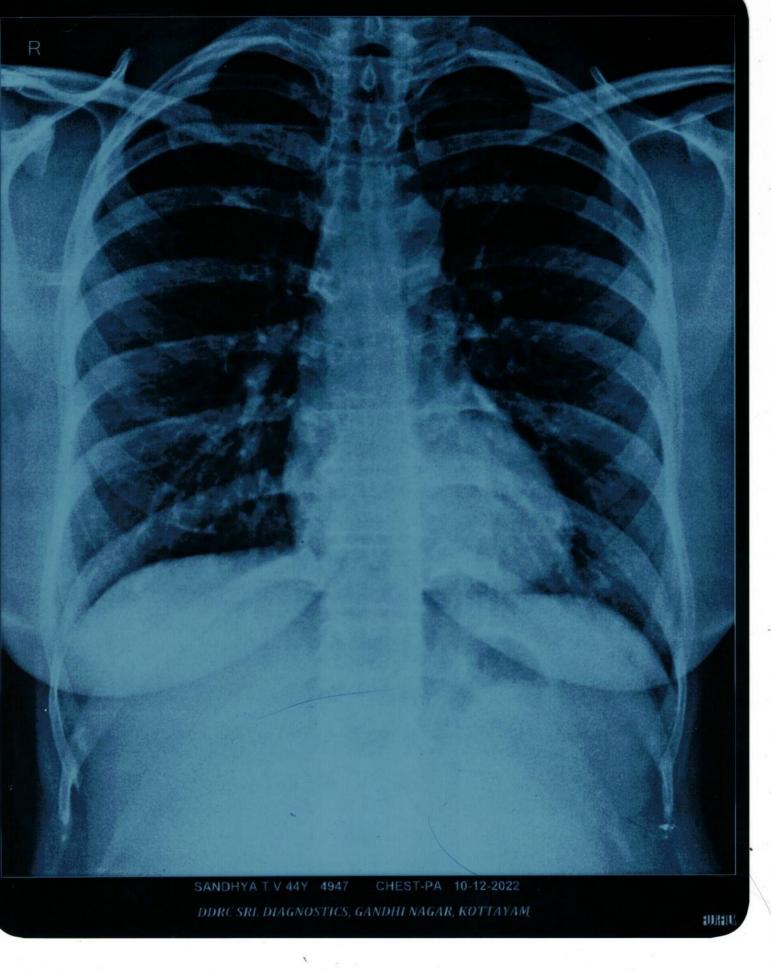
Nomel

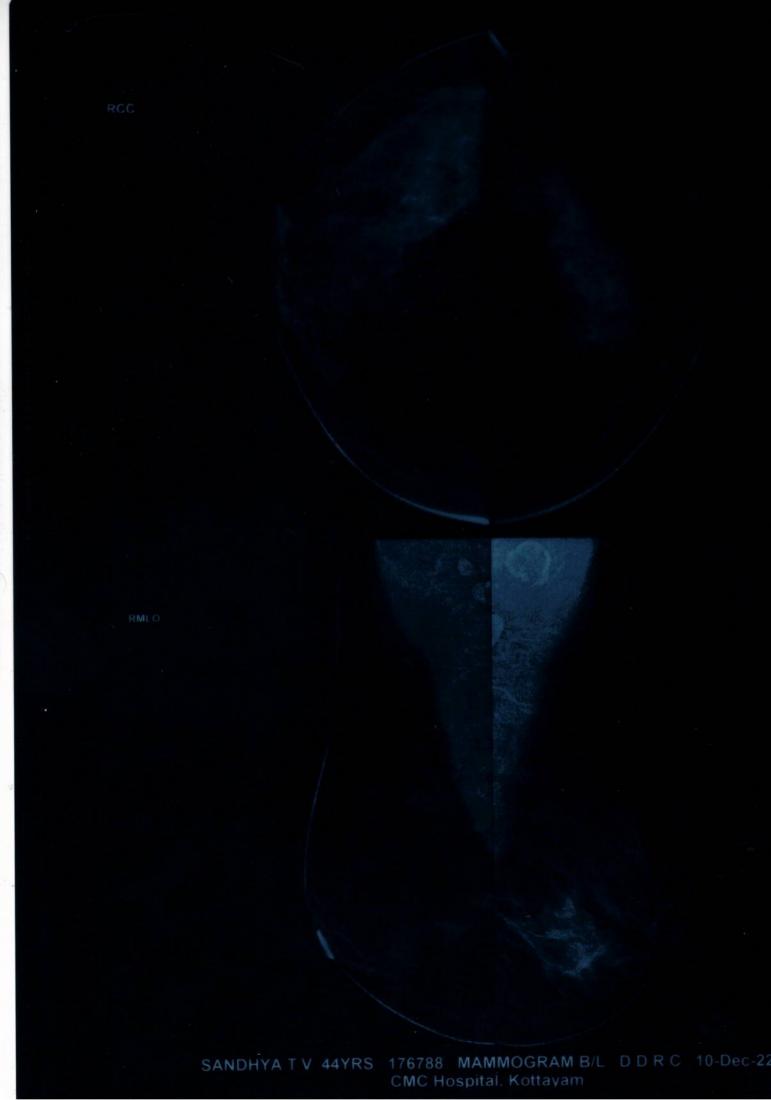
cardiar abrenditer No

No obliteration











Name: SANDHYA.T.V Age/Sex: 44 yrs/F Accession No: 4036VL001876

Report Date: 10.12.2022 Ref.by: Mediwheel

USG ABDOMEN & PELVIS

OBSERVATIONS:

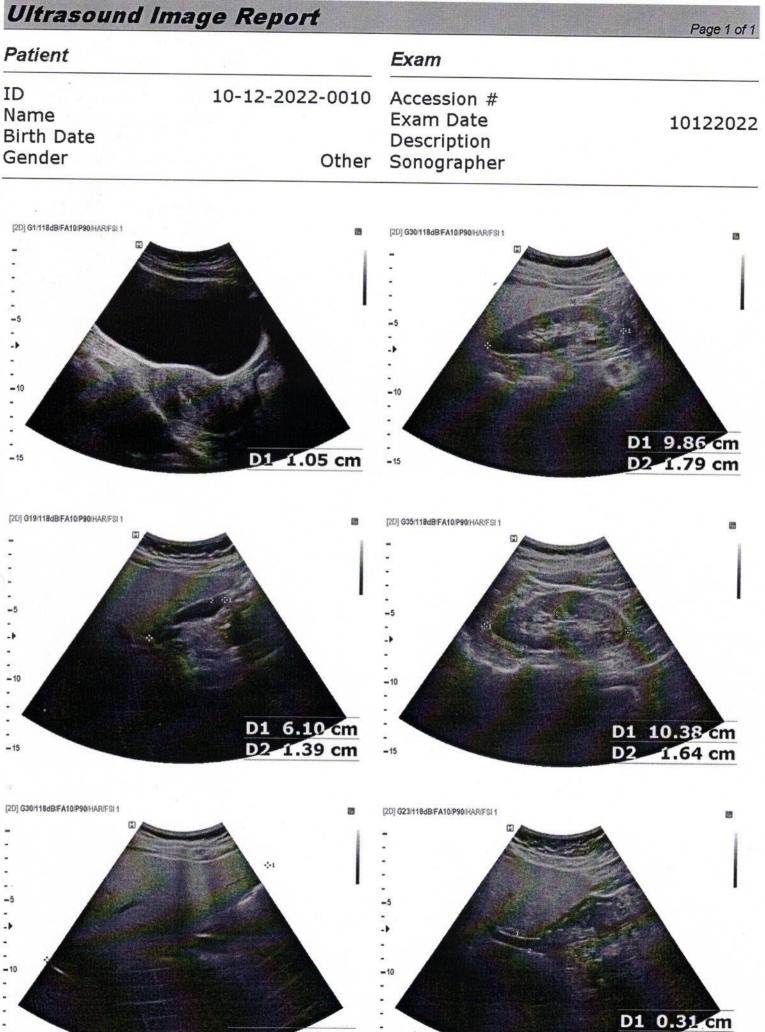
Liver:	Enlarged in size (17.5 cm). Shows increased parenchymal echotexture. No focal parenchymal lesion noted. The biliary radicals appear normal. Portal vein is normal (8 mm).
Gall bladder:	Distended (measures 6.1 x 1.3 cm) No calculus seen. No e/o of any wall thickening / edema. No e/o any pericholecystic collection.
CBD:	Not dilated (3 mm).
Spleen:	Normal in size (7.4 cm) and echotexture. No focal lesion.
Pancreas:	Head (2 cm), body (1.2 cm) and tail (1.1 cm) appear normal. No focal lesion. No calcification or duct dilatation noted.
Kidneys:	Right kidney length measures 9.8 cm. Parenchymal thickness 1.7 cm
	Normal in position & size. Cortical echogenicity is normal. There is good cortico-medullary differentiation. No calculus or mass lesion seen. No hydronephrosis.
	Left kidney length measures 10.3 cm. Parenchymal thickness 1.6 cm
	Normal in position & size. Cortical echogenicity is normal. There is good cortico-medullary differentiation. No calculus or mass lesion seen. No hydronephrosis.
Ureters:	Not dilated.
Urinary Bladder	: Distended, No luminal or wall abnormality noted.
Uterus:	Is anteverted and normal in size measures $7.2 \times 5 \times 4.5$ cm. Myometrial echo is uniform. Endometrial echo is normal. ET- 10 mm. Cavity is empty.
Ovaries:	Right ovary: 3.3 x 1.5 cmLeft ovary: 2.3 x 1 cm
	Normal in size and morphology on both sides.
Adnexa:	No adnexal lesions.
Others:	No evident lymphadenopathy. No evidence of bowel wall thickening/echogenic mesentery/dilated bowel loops. Normal peristalsis seen. No free fluid in the peritoneal cavity. No pleural effusion noted.
IMPRESSION	

IMPRESSION:

> Mild hepatomegaly with grade II fatty changes.

Dr. Deepak.V, MBBS, DMRD Radiologist

Note: Please correlate clinically and investigate further as needed.



D1 17.35 cm

-15

-15

D2-0.85 cm



Name: SANDHYA.T.V Age/Sex: 44 yrs/F Accession No: 4036VL001876

Report Date: 10.12.2022 Ref.by: Mediwheel

MAMMOGRAM REPORT (BOTH BREASTS)

Cranio-caudal and Medio-lateral oblique views of both breasts were taken.

Right breast

No evidence of any mass lesion / asymmetric density noted.

No clustered pleomorphic microcalcifications visualized.

No evidence of any architectural distortion seen.

There is no skin thickening or nipple retraction.

Few benign lymph nodes are seen in the axillary region.

High frequency Sonography: A small anechoic cyst measuring 7 x 6 mm is noted in the mammary layer of right breast at 10 O' clock position. (BIRADS 2)

Left breast

No evidence of any mass lesion / asymmetric density noted.

No clustered pleomorphic microcalcifications visualized.

No evidence of any architectural distortion seen.

There is no skin thickening or nipple retraction.

Few benign lymph nodes are seen in the axillary region.

High frequency Sonography: Reveals no focal / diffuse mass lesion or obviously dilated ducts. **IMPRESSION:**

Small cyst in the right breast (BIRADS 2)

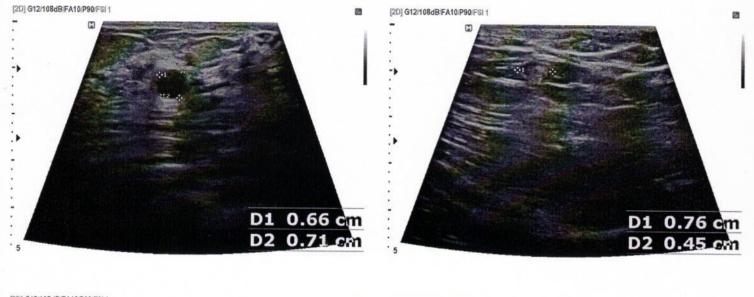
Dr. Deepak.V, MBBS Radiologist

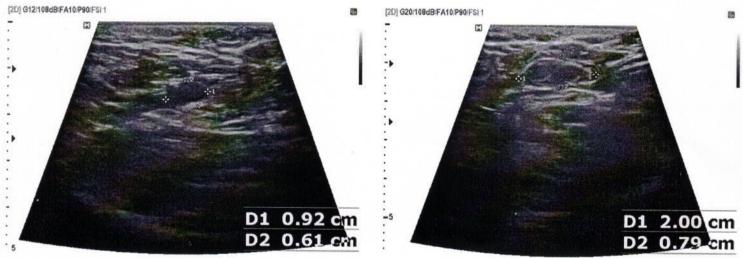


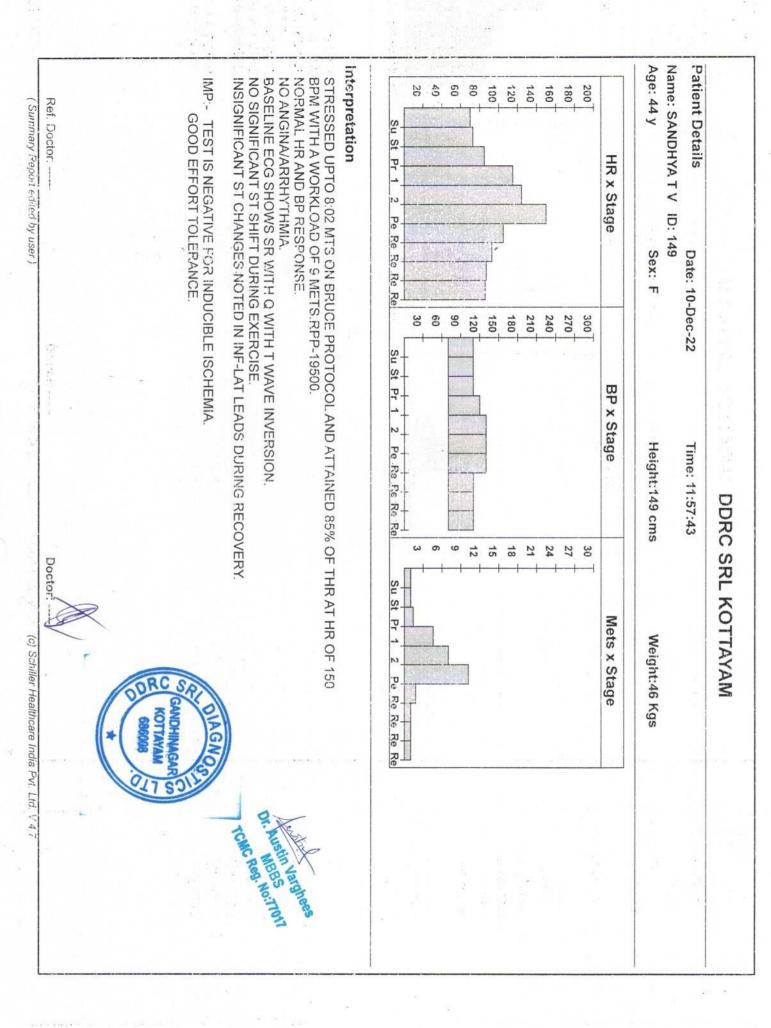
Encl: Film

This is a professional opinion based on imaging findings and not a diagnosis by it self. Please correlate clinically and with other imaging / laboratory investigations.

Patient		Exam	
ID Name	10-12-2022-0010	Accession # Exam Date	10122022
Birth Date		Description	10122022
Gender	Other	Sonographer	

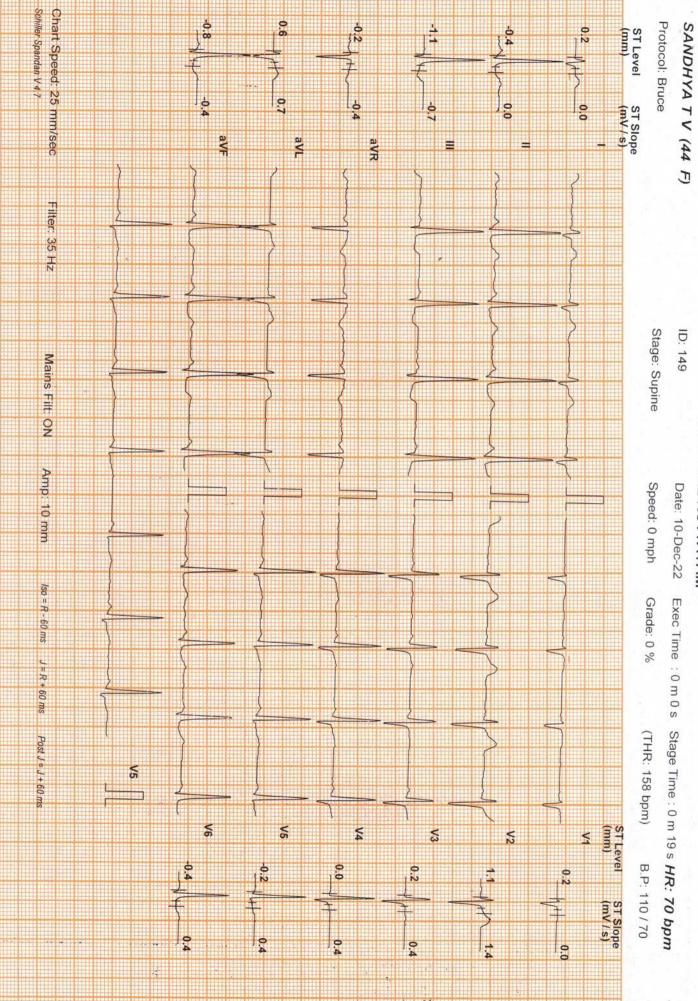


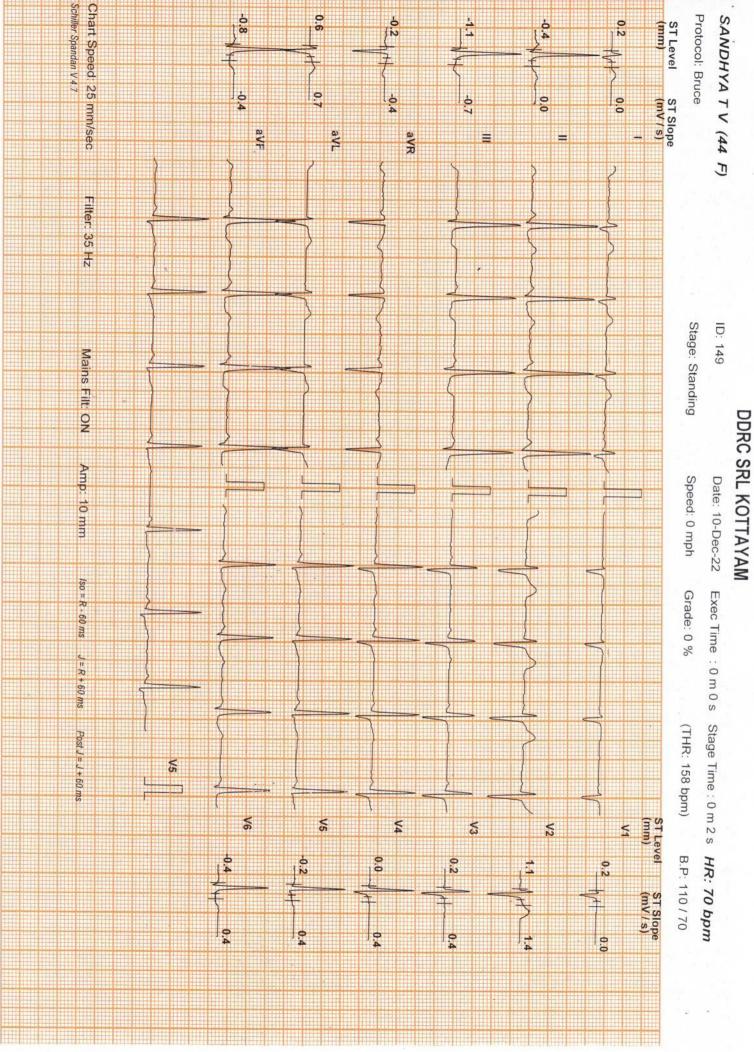


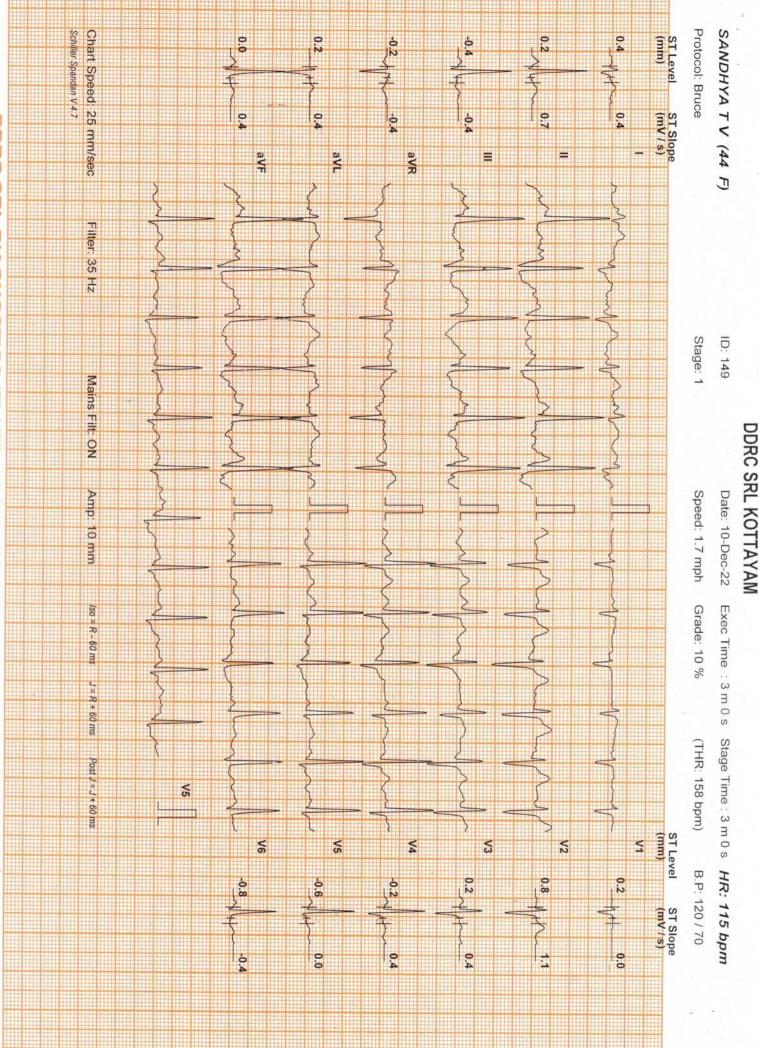


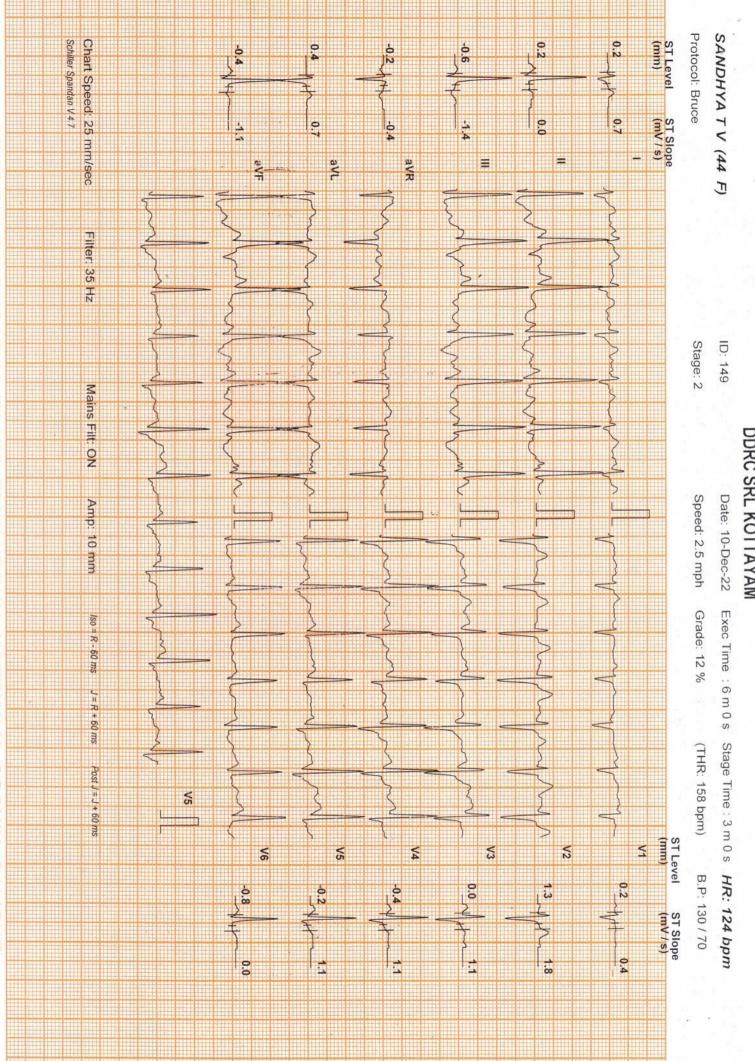
Name: SANDHYA T V Age: 44 y Clinical History: FO Medications: NIL	FO	FOR CARDIAC EVALUATION	:VALUA	FION	т -	Height:149 cms	7:43) cms	We	Weight:46 Kgs
Test Details									
Protocol: Bruce Total Exec. Time: 8 m 2 s Max. BP: 130 / 70 mmHg	8	m2s			Pr.MHR: Max. HR:	176 bpm 150 (85°	176 bpm 150 (85% of Pr.MHR) bpm	D brm	THR: 158 (90 % of Pr.MHR) bpm Max. Mets: 10.20
lermination C	mmH Sriter	ria: FATIGUE	Ē		Max. BP x HR:		19500 mmHg/min	j/min	Min. BP x HR:
ermination col Details	riter		Ē		Мах. ВР х		9500 mmHg	y/min	Min. BP
Stage Name	riter	nin	Mets	N Speed (mph)	Grade	ar ar	Max. BP	Max. ST	Min. BP Max. ST Slope (mV/s)
Stage Name	riter	nin nin	Mets	Speed (mph)	Grade	om te	9500 mmHg Max. BP (mm/Hg)	Max. ST Level (mm)	Min. BP Max. ST Slope (mV/s)
Stage Name		nin nin	Mets 1.0	npeed	Grade	in te ar	Max. BP (mm/Hg) 110 / 70	Miax. ST Level -1.06 III -0.85 III	Min. BP Max. ST Slope (mV/s) 1.42 V2
Supine Standing	riter	age :: 20 nin	Mets	nph)	Grade	in te ar	Max. BP (mm/Hg) 110 / 70 120 / 70	Max. ST Level (mm) -2.12 III	Min. BP Max. ST Slope (mV/s) 1.42 V2 -3.18 III
Stage Name Supine Standing	riter friter	age :: 20	Mets 1.0 4.6 7.0	ph)	Grade -(%) 0 12	om te	Max. BP (mm/Hg) 110 / 70 120 / 70	Max. ST Level (mm) -2.12 III -3.18 III	Min. BP Max. ST Slope (mV/s) 1.42 V2 -3.18 III 2.83 II
Iermination C ocol Details Stage Name Supine Standing 1 2 Peak Ex	mmF riter	nin nin :: 20	IE Mets 1.0 1.0 4.6 7.0 7.0	ph)	Grade -(%) 0 12	om te ar	Max. BP (mm/Hg) 110 / 70 120 / 70 130 / 70	Miax. ST Level (mm) -2.12 III -3.18 III -3.161 III	Min. BP Max. ST Slope (mV/s) 1.42 V2 -3.18 III 2.83 II 2.83 II
Stage Name Supine Standing 1 Peak Ex Recovery(1)	mmF riter	nin nin	IE Mets 1.0 1.0 1.0 7.0 7.0 10.2	ph)	Grade (%) 10 14	m te ar	9500 mmHg Max. BP (mm/Hg) 110 / 70 110 / 70 120 / 70 130 / 70 130 / 70	Max. ST Level (mm) -1.06 III -0.85 III -3.18 III -3.18 III -2.97 III	Min. BP Max. ST Slope (mV/s) 1.42 V2 -3.18 III 2.83 II 2.83 II 3.89 II
Protocol Details Stage Name Stage Supine 0: Standing 0: 2 3: Peak Ex 2: Recovery(1) 1:	mmt riter	age nin : 20 : 20 : 20 : 20 : 20 : 20 : 20 : 20	Mets 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	phed	Grade -(%) 	in te ar	Max. BP (mm/Hg) 110 / 70 120 / 70 130 / 70 130 / 70 130 / 70	Max. ST Level (mm) -1.06 III -0.85 III -2.12 III -3.61 III -2.97 III -1.70 III	Min. BP Max. ST Slope (mV/s) 1.42 V2 -3.18 III 2.83 II 3.54 V2 3.89 II
Stage Name Supine Standing 1 2 Peak Ex Recovery(1) Recovery(2)	mmF riter	age nin nin :: 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Mets 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	Speed .7 .5 .5	Grade -(%) 0 0 12 12 14	om te ar	9500 mmHg Max. BP (mm/Hg) 110 / 70 120 / 70 120 / 70 130 / 70 130 / 70 130 / 70 110 / 70	Max. ST Level (mm) -1.06 III -2.12 III -3.18 III -2.97 III -1.70 III	Min. BP Max. ST Slope (mV/s) 1.42 V2 -3.18 III 2.83 II 2.83 II 2.83 II 3.54 V2 3.89 II 1.77 V2

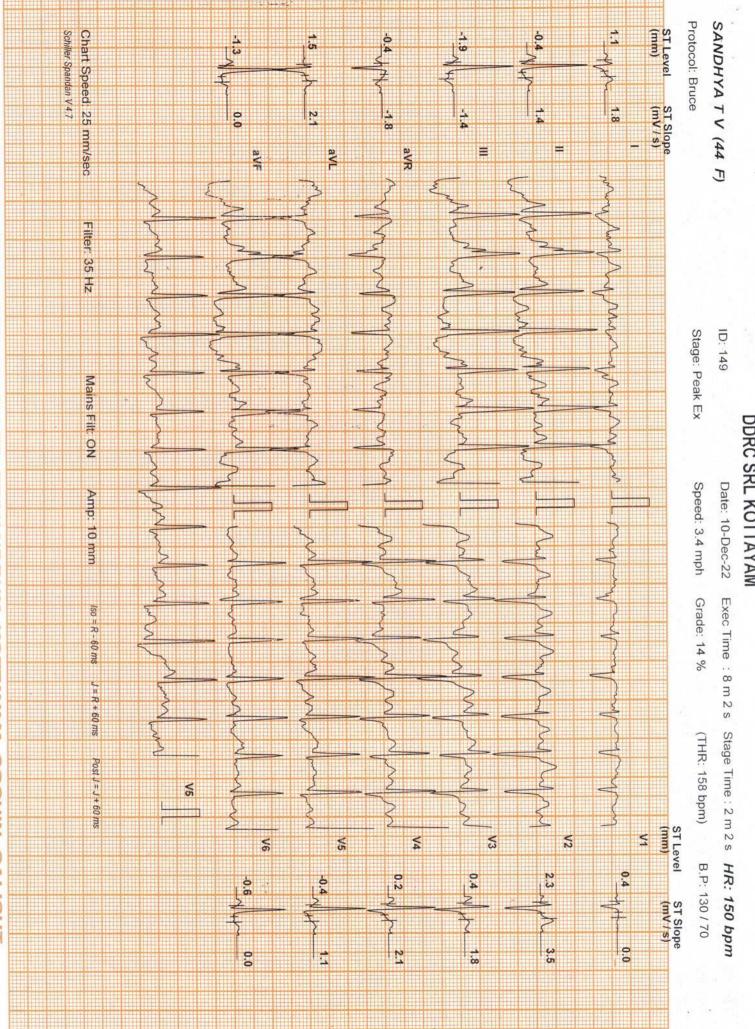
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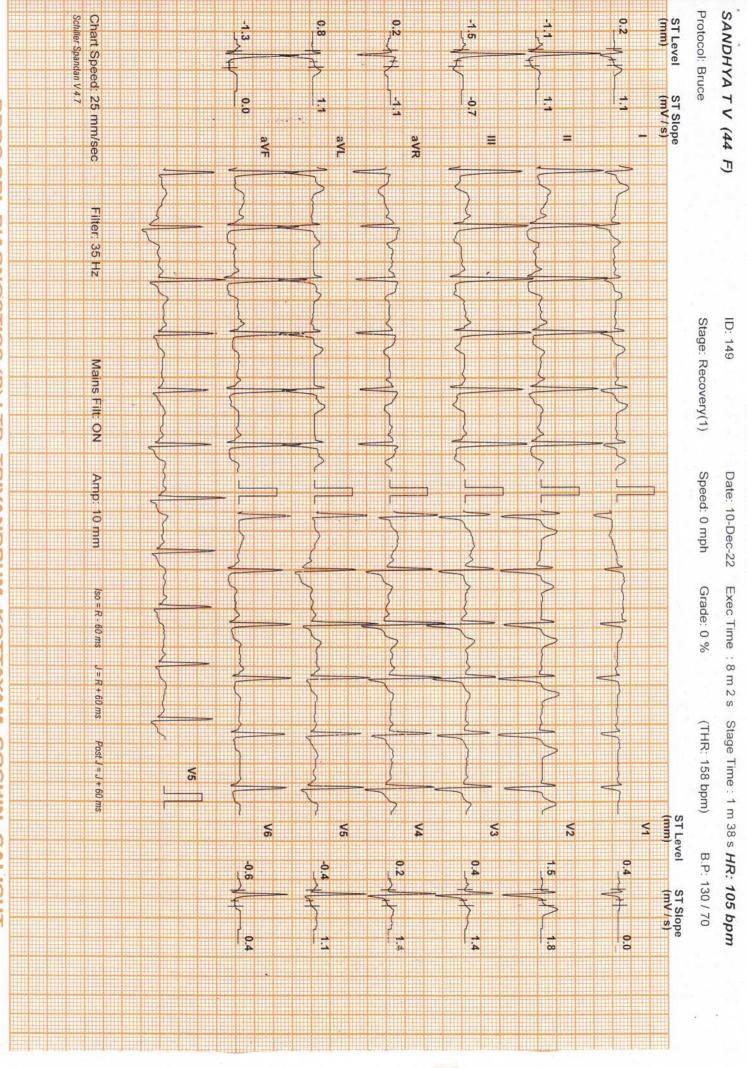












DDRC SRL KOTTAYAM

