

CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL FITNESS

NAME: Mrs Santti Supriya perava	<u>Li</u>
AGE/ GENDER: 3391 F	_
HEIGHT: 1.50 CM	WEIGHT: 55 8 Ky
IDENTIFICATION MARK:	
BLOOD PRESSURE: 110/70 mm / loty.	
PULSE: 88 lml	
CVS: 1 Normal.	
ANY OTHER DISEASE DIAGNOSED IN THE PAST:	12
ALLERGIES, IF ANY:	il
LIST OF PRESCRIBED MEDICINES:	Nil
ANT OTTEN NEWANIO.	Nil
of Ms. Saffyanarayana who has signed in disease and is fit for employment.	Dr. BINDURAJ. R
p. ath Sypan	Internal Medicine Reg. Na 62806
Signature of candidate	Signature of Medical Officer
Signature of candidate Place: Spee trun diagnostic 1	may by can.
Date: 11 11/23	
Distriction The contract to the second	"" The second of

Disclaimer: The patient has not been checked for COVID. This certificate does not relate to the covid status of the patient examined







Dr. Ashok S Bsc., MBBS., D.O.M.S Consultant Opthalmologist KMC No: 31827

DATE: 11-11. 23

EVE	EVA	RAIA	IA	TI	OAL
EYE	EXA	IVIII	VA		UIV

	A		_
NAME: MSS-	Soular	S. peravaliage: 337	GENDER: F/M

LEFT EYE RIGHT EYE alin 91 2 m Vision Vision With glass Normal **Color Vision** Normal Normal Normal Anterior segment examination **Fundus Examination** Normal Normal Any other abnormality Nill Nill Diagnosis/ impression Normal Normal

> Dr. ASHOK SARODHE B.Sc., M.B.B.S., D.O.M.S. Eye Consultant & Surgeon -KMC 31827

Consultant (Opthalmologist)





0.15~35Hz AC50		aVL	avr Avr				ID: 0047 SANTHI SUPRIY Female 33Years
25mm/s	<u>}</u>				2		ID: 0047 SANTHI SUPRIYA PERAVALLLI Female 33Years
10mm/mV 2*5.0s \\$91	<u>\</u>		<u>}</u>	\bigs_ \b	<u>\</u>	}	11-11-2023 11:39:48 HR : 91 bpm P : 98 ms PR : 134 ms QRS : 72 ms QT/QTc : 353/435 P/QRS/T : 65/68/44 RV5/SV1 : 0.871/0.311
V2.2	<u> </u>					\\ _\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	ms: o
SEMIP V1.81 SPECTRUM DIAGNOSTICS & HEALTH CARE		Vs Vs		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			Diagnosis Information: Sinus Arrhythmia T Wave Abnormality(V4,V6) Report Confirmed by:
ICS & HEALTH CARE							STELLE BERNALDING AND

SPECTRUM DIAGNOSTICS & HEALTH CARE

#9/1 TEJAS ARCADE, DR. RAJKUMAR ROAD, RAJAJINAGAR-560010 AUDIOGRAN

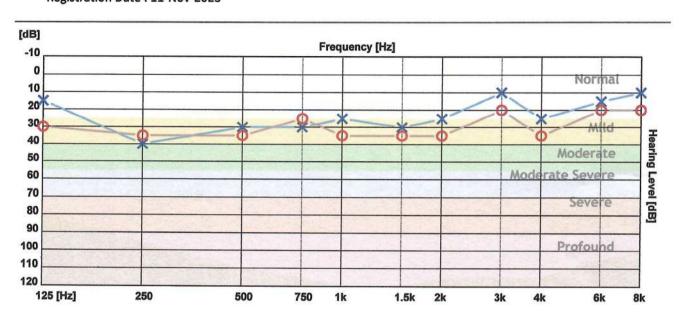
RMS

Patient ID: 0985

Name: MRS SANTHI SUPRIYA PERAVALI

CR Number : 20231111140534 Registration Date : 11-Nov-2023 Age: 33

Gender : Female Operator : spectrum diagnostics



	125 Hz	250 Hz	500 Hz	750 Hz	1000 Hz	1500 Hz	2000 Hz	3000 Hz	4000 Hz	6000 Hz	8000 Hz
X - Air Left	15	40	30	30	25	30	25	10	25	15	10
O - Air Right	30	35	35	25	35	35	35	20	35	20	20
> - Bone Left											
< - Bone Right											

Clinical Notes:

Not Found	
	WALTH CO
	TO MUNDS.





NAME : MRS	SANTHI SUPRIYA PERA	VALI DATE :11/11/2023
AGE/SEX : 35YE	ARS/FEMALE	REG NO:1111230059
REF BY : APOL	O CLINIC	

CHEST PA VIEW

Lung fields are clear.

Cardiovascular shadows are within normal limits.

Both CP angles are free.

Domes of diaphragm and bony thoracic cage are normal.

IMPRESSION: NORMAL CHEST RADIOGRAPH.

DR.RAM PRAKASH G MDRD CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

RH1-14

Your suggestion / feedback is a valuable input for improving our services







SCAN FOR LOCATION



PATIENT NAME	MRS SANTHI SUPRIYA PERAVALI	ID NO	1111230059
AGE	33YEARS	SEX	FEMALE
REF BY	DR.APOLO CLINIC	DATE	11.11.2023

2D ECHO CARDIOGRAHIC STUDY

M-MODE

AORTA	24mm	
LEFT ATRIUM	25mm	
RIGHT VENTRICLE	20mm	
LEFT VENTRICLE (DIASTOLE)	40mm	
LEFT VENTRICLE(SYSTOLE)	27mm	
VENTRICULAR SEPTUM (DIASTOLE)	08mm	
VENTRICULAR SEPTUM (SYSTOLE)	09mm	
POSTERIOR WALL (DIASTOLE)	09mm	
POSTERIOR WALL (SYSTOLE)	10mm	
FRACTIONAL SHORTENING	30%	
EJECTION FRACTION	60%	

DOPPLER / COLOUR FLOW

Velocity/ Gradient across the Pulmonic valve : 0.95 m/s 4mmHg

Max. Velocity / Gradient across the Aortic valve: 1.07 m/s 5mmHg

Velocity / Gradient across the Tricuspid valve :2.61 m/s 30mmHg







PATIENT NAME	MRS SANTHI SUPRIYA PERAVALI	ID NO	1111230059
AGE	33YEARS	SEX	FEMALE
REF BY	DR.APOLO CLINIC	DATE	11.11.2023

2D ECHO CARDIOGRAHIC STUDY

LEFT VENTRICLE	SIZE& THICKNESS	NORMAL
CONTRACTILITY	REGIONAL GLOBAL	NO RWMA

RIGHT VENTRICLE		NORMAL	
LEFT ATRIUM	-	NORMAL	
RIGHT ATRIUM	-	NORMAL	-
MITRAL VALVE	:	NORMAL	
AORTIC VALVE	:	NORMAL	
PULMONARY VALVE	:	NORMAL	
TRICUSPID VALVE	:	NORMAL	
INTER ATRIAL SEPTUM	:	INTACT	
INTER VENTRICULAR SEPTUM	:	INTACT	
PERICARDIUM	:	NORMAL	
OTHERS	:	- NIL	

IMPRESSION

- TACGYCARDIA NOTED DURING STUDY HR -102bpm
- NO REGIONAL WALL MOTION ABNORMALITY PRESENT
- NORMAL VALVES AND DIMENSIONS
- NORMAL LV FUNCTION, LVEF- 60%
- MILD MR / MILD TR / MILD PAH [RVSP-30mmH]
- NO CLOT / VEGETATION / EFFUSION
- NO ASD / VSD / PDA / CoA SEEN

DURGAN ECHO TECHNICIAN

The science of radiology is based upon interpretation of shadows of normal and abnormal tissue. This is neither complete nor accurate; hence, findings should always be interpreted in to the light of clinico-pathological correction.



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NAME AND LAB NO	MRS SANTHI SUPRIYA PERIVALI	REG -30059
AGE & SEX	33 YRS	FEMALE
DATE AND AREA OF INTEREST	11.11.2023	ABDOMEN & PELVIS
REF BY	C/O APOLO CLINIC	

USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER:

Measures 14.0 cm. Normal in size and echotexture.

No e/o IHBR dilatation. No evidence of SOL.

Portal vein appears normal.

CBD appears normal. . No e/o calculus / SOL

GALL BLADDER:

Well distended. Wall appears normal. No e/o calculus/ neoplasm.

SPLEEN:

Measures 7.8 cm. Normal in size and echotexture. No e/o SOL/ calcification.

PANCREAS:

Normal in size and echotexture.

Pancreatic duct appears normal. No e/o calculus / calcifications.

RETROPERITONEUM:

Poor window.

RIGHT KIDNEY:

Measures 10.0 x4.0 cm. Right kidney is normal in size & echotexture

No evidence of calculus/ hydronephrosis.

LEFT KIDNEY:

Measures 10.0 X4.4 cm .Left kidney is normal in size & echotexture

No evidence of calculus/ hydronephrosis.

URETERS:

Bilateral ureters are not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER:

Well distended. No wall thickening/calculi.

UTERUS:

Anteverted, Normal in size and echotexture

Endometrium is normal.ET -9 mm.

OVARIES:

B/L ovaries normal in size and echotexture.

No evidence of ascites/pleural effusion.

IMPRESSION:

No significant sonological abnormality detected in the abdomen and pelvis.

DR.AKSHATHA R BHAT
MDRD DNB FRCR







Name: MRS. SANTHI SUPRIYA PERAVALI	Age/Sex: 33 Y/Female	Date of receipt:11.11.2023 Date of report:11.11.2023
Ref DR: Dr. APOLO CLINIC	LABREFNO:1111230059	PAP No: 374 /23

CERVICAL PAP SMEAR REPORT

Clinical history

: Health check

Specimen

: 2 Conventional PAP smears.

Specimen Adequacy

: Adequate for evaluation.

Description

: Seen are mixture of intermediate squamous cells, superficial

squamous cells and a few endocervical cells.

Inflammation

: Neutrophilic exudate is noted.

Organism

: Dodderlein bacilli are seen.

Reactive changes

: Nil

Dysplastic changes

: Nil

Impression

: Negative for Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion/Malignancy.

Note: Enclosed: 2slides: preserve them carefully.

---End of report---

Dr. Nithun Reddy C, MD **Consultant Pathologist**









: 33 years / Female

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1111230059

C/o : Apollo Clinic

Age / Gender

Ref. By Dr.

Bill Date : 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM

Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM

Result Date : 11-Nov-2023 05:02 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Thyroid function tests (TFT)- Serum				
Tri-Iodo Thyronine (T3)-Seru	m 1.11	ng/mL	Female: 0.60 - 1.81	Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA)
Thyroxine (T4)-Serum	11.8	μg/dL	Female: 5.50 - 12.10	Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA)
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (TSH)-Serum	2.65	μIU/mL	Female: 0.35 - 5.50	Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA)

: 1111230059

Comments: Triiodothyronine (T3) assay is a useful test for hyperthyroidism in patients with low TSH and normal T4 levels. It is also used for the diagnosis of T3 toxicosis. It is not a reliable marker for Hypothyroidism. This test is not recommended for general screening of the population without a clinical suspicion of hyperthyroidism.

Reference range: Cord: (37 Weeks): 0.5-1.41, Children:1-3 Days: 1.0-7.40,1-11 Months: 1.05-2.45,1-5 Years: 1.05-2.69,6-10 Years: 0.94-2.41,11-15

Years: 0.82-2.13, Adolescents (16-20 Years): 0.80-2.10

Reference range: Adults: 20-50 Years: 0.70-2.04, 50-90 Years: 0.40-1.81,

Reference range in Pregnancy: First Trimester: 0.81-1.90, Second Trimester: 1.0-2.60

Increased Levels: Pregnancy, Graves disease, T3 thyrotoxicosis, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism, increased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG). Decreased Levels: Nonthyroidal illness, hypothyroidism, nutritional deficiency, systemic illness, decreased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG).

Comments: Total T4 levels offer a good index of thyroid function when TBG is normal and non-thyroidal illness is not present. This assay is useful for monitoring treatment with synthetic hormones (synthetic T3 will cause low total T4). It also helps to monitor treatment of Hyperthyroidism with Thiouracil or other anti-thyroid drugs.

Reference Range: Males: 4.6-10.5, Females: 5.5-11.0, 60 Years: 5.0-10.70, Cord: 7.40-13.10, Children: 1-3 Days: 11.80-22.60, 1-2 Weeks: 9.90-16.60,1-4 Months: 7.20-14.40,1-5 Years: 7.30-15.0,5-10 Years: 6.4-13.3

1-15 Years: 5.60-11.70, Newborn Screen: 1-5 Days: >7.5,6 Days :>6.5

Increased Levels: Hyperthyroidism, increased TBG, familial dysalbuminemic hyperthyroxinemia, Increased transthyretin, estrogen therapy, pregnancy. Decreased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, pituitary TSH deficiency, hypothalamic TRH deficiency, non thyroidal illness, decreased TBG.

Comments:TSH is a glycoprotein hormone secreted by the anterior pituitary. TSH is a labile hormone & is secreted in a pulsatile manner throughout the day and is subject to several non-thyroidal pituitary influences. Significant variations in TSH can occur with circadian rhythm, hormonal status, stress, sleep deprivation, caloric intake, medication & circulating antibodies. It is important to confirm any TSH abnormality in a fresh specimen drawn after ~ 3 weeks before assigning a diagnosis, as the cause of an isolated TSH abnormality.

Reference range in Pregnancy: I- trimester:0.1-2.5; II -trimester:0.2-3.0; III- trimester:0.3-3.0

Reference range in Newborns: 0-4 days: 1.0-39.0; 2-20 Weeks:1.7-9.1

Increased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, Subclinical hypothyroidism, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism and Thyroid hormone resistance. Decreased Levels: Graves disease, Autonomous thyroid hormone secretion, TSH deficiency.

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Printed On : 11 Nov, 2023 07:09 pm

Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist

Tejas Arcade, #9/1, 1st Main Road, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Rajajinagar, Opp. St. Theresa Hospital, Bengalliker 1 560010 +91 77604 97644 | 080 2337 1555 info@spectrumdiagnostics.org www.spectrumdiagnostics.org







: MRS. SANTHI SUPRIYA PERAVALI Name

: 33 years / Female

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1111230059

Age / Gender

Ref. By Dr.

C/o : Apollo Clinic Bill Date : 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM

Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM

: 11-Nov-2023 05:02 PM

Result Date

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Blood Group & Rh Typ	oing-Whole Blood EDT	<u>A</u>		
Blood Group	О			Slide/Tube
				agglutination
Rh Type	Positive			Slide/Tube
				agglutination

1111230059

: 1111230059

Note: Confirm by tube or gel method.

Comments: ABO blood group system, the classification of human blood based on the inherited properties of red blood cells (erythrocytes) as determined by the presence or absence of the antigens A and B, which are carried on the surface of the red cells. Persons may thus have type A, type B, type O, or type AB blood.

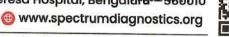


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: 33 years / Female

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

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: Apollo Clinic C/o

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Test Name

Age / Gender

Ref. By Dr.

Reg. No.

Result

Unit

UHID

Reference Value

: 1111230059

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Method

CERVICAL PAP SMEAR REPORTS

PAP NO

: 374/23

Clinical history

: Health check

Specimen

: 2 Conventional PAP smears.

Specimen Adequacy

: Adequate for evaluation.

Description

: Seen are mixture of intermediate squamous cells, superficial squamous cells and

a few endocervical cells.

Inflammation

: Neutrophilic exudate is noted.

Organism

: Dodderlein bacilli are seen.

Reactive changes

: Nil

Dysplastic changes

: Nil

Impression

: Negative for Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion/Malignancy.

Note: Enclosed: 2slides: preserve them carefully.

---End of report---



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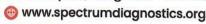
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: 11 Nov, 2023 07:09 pm

Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist











: 33 years / Female

UHID

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Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : Apollo Clinic C/o

Age / Gender

: 1111230059

Bill Date : 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM : 1111230059

Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM **Result Date** : 11-Nov-2023 05:02 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Complete Haemogram-Whole B	lood EDTA			
Haemoglobin (HB)	14.30	g/dL	Male: 14.0-17.0 Female:12.0-15.0 Newborn:16.50 - 19.50	Spectrophotmeter
Red Blood Cell (RBC)	4.87	million/cum	m3.50 - 5.50	Volumetric Impedance
Packed Cell Volume (PCV)	41.20	%	Male: 42.0-51.0 Female: 36.0-45.0	Electronic Pulse
Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)	84.5	fL	78.0- 94.0	Calculated
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin (MCH)	29.20	pg	27.50-32.20	Calculated
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (MCHC)	34.60	%	33.00-35.50	Calculated
Red Blood Cell Distribution Width SD (RDW-SD)	33.50	fL	40.0-55.0	Volumetric Impedance
Red Blood Cell Distribution CV (RDW-CV)	13.30	%	Male: 11.80-14.50 Female:12.20-16.10	Volumetric Impedance
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	7.90	fL	8.0-15.0	Volumetric Impedance
Platelet	2.4	lakh/cumm	1.50-4.50	Volumetric Impedance
Platelet Distribution Width (PDW)	22.0	%	8.30 - 56.60	Volumetric Impedance
White Blood cell Count (WBC)	8470.0	cells/cumm	Male: 4000.0-11000.0 Female 4000.0-11000.0 Children: 6000.0-17500.0 Infants: 9000.0-30000.0	Volumetric Impedance
Neutrophils	63.90	%	40.0-75.0	Light scattering/Manual
Lymphocytes	28.60	%	20.0-40.0	Light scattering/Manual
Eosinophils	1.40	%	0.0-8.0	Light scattering/Manual



SCAN FOR LOCATION

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Age / Gender : 33 years / Female

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

: 1111230059

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Monocytes	5.30	%	0.0-10.0	Light scattering/Manual
Basophils	0.80	%	0.0-1.0	Light scattering/Manual
Absolute Neutrophil Count	5.41	10^3/uL	2.0- 7.0	Calculated
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.42	10^3/uL	1.0-3.0	Calculated
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.45	10^3/uL	0.20-1.00	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophil Count	120	cells/cumm	40-440	Calculated
Absolute Basophil Count	0.07	10^3/uL	0.0-0.10	Calculated
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	18	mm/hr	Female: 0.0-20.0 Male: 0.0-10.0	Westergren

: 1111230059

1111230059

UHID

Peripheral Smear Examination-Whole Blood EDTA

Method: (Microscopy-Manual)

RBC'S

: Normocytic Normochromic.

WBC'S : Are normal in total number, morphology and distribution.

: Adequate in number and normal in morphology. **Platelets**

No abnormal cells or hemoparasites are present.

Impression: Normocytic Normochromic Blood picture.



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Age / Gender



: 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM

Name : MRS. SANTHI SUPRIYA PERAVALI Bill Date

: 33 years / Female UHID : 1111230059 Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC Result Date : 11-Nov-2023 05:02 PM

 Reg. No.
 : 1111230059
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 : Apollo Clinic

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)-Whole Blood EDTA				
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	4.80	%	Non diabetic adults:<5.7 At risk (Prediabetes): 5.7 - 6.4 Diagnosing Diabetes:>= 6.5 Diabetes Excellent Control: 6-7 Fair to good Control: 7-8 Unsatisfactory Control:8-10 Poor Control:>10	HPLC
Estimated Average Glucose(eAG)	91.06	mg/dL		Calculated

Note: 1. Since HbA1c reflects long term fluctuations in the blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who is recently under good control may still have a high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

2. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0 % may not be appropriate.

Comments: HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.



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Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist







: 33 years / Female UHID : 1111230059

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Age / Gender Ref. By Dr.

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

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Reg. No.

: 1111230059

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Result Date Report Status

: Final

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Test Name	J	Result	Unit

Reference Value

Method

Fasting Urine Glucose-Urine

Negative

Negative

Dipstick/Benedicts

(Manual)

Fasting Blood Sugar (FBS)-

mg/dL

60.0-110.0

Hexo Kinase

Plasma

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula C₆H₁₂O₆. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high.Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

Note: Additional tests available for Diabetic control are Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), Fructosamine & Microalbumin urine

Comments: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying & brisk glucose absorption.

Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol , Dietary - Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index? Exercise in between samples? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total Gastrectomy.

Post prandial Blood Glucose (PPBS)-Plasma

mg/dL

70-140

Hexo Kinase

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula C6H12O6. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high.Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

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Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol , Dietary - Intake of shydrates and foods with high glycemic index ? Exercise in between : betes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total

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Reg. No. : 1111230059

C/o : Apollo Clinic

UHID

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Lipid Profile-Serum				
Cholesterol Total-Serum	130.00	mg/dL	Female: 0.0 - 200	Cholesterol Oxidase/Peroxidase
Triglycerides-Serum	61.00	mg/dL	Female: 0.0 - 150	Lipase/Glycerol Dehydrogenase
High-density lipoprotein (HDL) Cholesterol-Serum	42.00	mg/dL	Female: 40.0 - 60.0	Accelerator/Selective Detergent
Non-HDL cholesterol-Serum	88	mg/dL	Female: 0.0 - 130	Calculated
Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol-Serum	76	mg/dL	Female: 0.0 - 100.0	Cholesterol esterase and cholesterol oxidase
Very-low-density lipoprotein (VLDL) cholesterol-Serum	12	mg/dL	Female: 0.0 - 40	Calculated
Cholesterol/HDL Ratio-Serum	3.10	Ratio	Female: 0.0 - 5.0	Calculated

: 1111230059

1111230059

Interpretation:

Parameter	Desirable	Borderline High	High	Very High
Total Cholesterol	<200	200-239	>240	
Triglycerides	<150	150-199	200-499	>500
Non-HDL cholesterol	<130	160-189	190-219	>220
Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol	<100	100-129	160-189	>190

Comments: As per Lipid Association of India (LAI), for routine screening, overnight fasting preferred but not mandatory. Indians are at very high risk of developing Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular (ASCVD). Among the various risk factors for ASCVD such as dyslipidemia, Diabetes Mellitus, sedentary lifestyle, Hypertension, smoking etc., dyslipidemia has the highest population attributable risk for MI both because of direct association with disease pathogenesis and very high prevalence in Indian population. Hence monitoring lipid profile regularly for effective management of dyslipidemia remains one of the most important healthcare targets for prevention of ASCVD. In addition, estimation of ASCVD risk is an essential, initial step in the management of individuals requiring primary prevention of ASCVD. In the context of lipid management, such a risk estimate forms the basis for several key therapeutic decisions, such as the need for and aggressiveness of statin therapy.



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: 33 years / Female

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1111230059

Age / Gender

C/o : Apollo Clinic Bill Date : 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM

Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM Result Date : 11-Nov-2023 05:02 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
KFT (Kidney Function Test) : Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)- Serum	7.70	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	GLDH,Kinetic Assay
Creatinine-Serum	0.59	mg/dL	Male: 0.70-1.30 Female: 0.55-1.02	Modified kinetic Jaffe
Uric Acid-Serum	3.14	mg/dL	Male: 3.50-7.20 Female: 2.60-6.00	Uricase PAP
Sodium (Na+)-Serum	139.7	mmol/L	135.0-145.0	Ion-Selective Electrodes (ISE)
Potassium (K+)-Serum	4.34	mmol/L	3.5 to 5.5	Ion-Selective Electrodes (ISE)
Chloride(CI-)-Serum	102.30	mmol/L	94.0-110.0	Ion-Selective Electrodes (ISE)

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Calcium, Total-Serum	9.20	mg/dL	8.50-10.10	Spectrophotometry (O- Cresolphthalein complexone)

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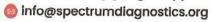
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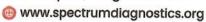
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: Final Report Status

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
LFT-Liver Function Test -Seru	m			
Bilirubin Total-Serum	0.64	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Caffeine Benzoate
Bilirubin Direct-Serum	0.17	mg/dL	0.0-0.2	Diazotised Sulphanilic Acid
Bilirubin Indirect-Serum	0.47	mg/dL	0.0-1.10	Direct Measure
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)-Serum	19.00	U/L	15.0-37.0	UV with Pyridoxal - 5 - Phosphate
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)-Serum	14.00	U/L	Male:16.0-63.0 Female:14.0-59.0	UV with Pyridoxal - 5 - Phosphate
Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP)- Serum	64.00	U/L	Adult: 45.0-117.0 Children: 48.0-445.0 Infants: 81.90-350.30	PNPP,AMP- Buffer
Protein, Total-Serum	7.07	g/dL	6.40-8.20	Biuret/Endpoint- With Blank
Albumin-Serum	4.44	g/dL	3.40-5.00	Bromocresol Purple
Globulin-Serum	2.63	g/dL	2.0-3.50	Calculated
Albumin/Globulin Ratio-Serun	1.69	Ratio	0.80-1.20	Calculated

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Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM

Result Date : 11-Nov-2023 05:02 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Gamma-Glutamyl Transferase (GGT)-Serum	16.00	U/L	Male: 15.0-85.0 Female: 5.0-55.0	Other g-Glut- 3-carboxy-4
				nitro

1111230059

Comments: Gamma-glutamyltransferase (GGT) is primarily present in kidney, liver, and pancreatic cells. Small amounts are present in other tissues. Even though renal tissue has the highest level of GGT, the enzyme present in the serum appears to originate primarily from the hepatobiliary system, and GGT activity is elevated in any and all forms of liver disease. It is highest in cases of intra- or posthepatic biliary obstruction, reaching levels some 5 to 30 times normal. GGT is more sensitive than alkaline phosphatase (ALP), leucine aminopeptidase, aspartate transaminase, and alanine aminotransferase in detecting obstructive jaundice, cholangitis, and cholecystitis; its rise occurs earlier than with these other enzymes and persists longer. Only modest elevations (2-5 times normal) occur in infectious hepatitis, and in this condition, GGT determinations are less useful diagnostically than are measurements of the transaminases. High elevations of GGT are also observed in patients with either primary or secondary (metastatic) neoplasms. Elevated levels of GGT are noted not only in the sera of patients with alcoholic cirrhosis but also in the majority of sera from persons who are heavy drinkers. Studies have emphasized the value of serum GGT levels in detecting alcohol-induced liver disease. Elevated serum values are also seen in patients receiving drugs such as phenytoin and phenobarbital, and this is thought to reflect induction of new enzyme activity.



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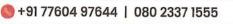
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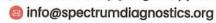
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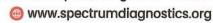
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: 33 years / Female : 1111230059 Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM : Dr. APOLO CLINIC Result Date : 11-Nov-2023 05:02 PM

: 1111230059 Report Status : Final 1111230059

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Urine Routine Examination	on-Urine			
Physical Examination				
Colour	Pale Yellow		Pale Yellow	Visual
Appearance	Clear		Clear	Visual
Reaction (pH)	7.5		5.0-7.5	Dipstick
Specific Gravity	1.025		1.000-1.030	Dipstick
Biochemical Examination	n			; *
Albumin	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Precipitation
Glucose	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Benedicts
Bilirubin	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Fouchets
Ketone Bodies	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Rotheras
Urobilinogen	Normal		Normal	Dipstick/Ehrlichs
Nitrite	Negative		Negative	Dipstick
Microscopic Examination	1			2
Pus Cells	2-3	hpf	0.0-5.0	Microscopy
Epithelial Cells	2-3	hpf	0.0-10.0	Microscopy
RBCs	Absent	hpf	Absent	Microscopy
Casts	Absent		Absent	Microscopy
Crystals	Absent		Absent	Microscopy
Others	Absent		Absent	Microscopy

Comments: The kidneys help infiltration of the blood by eliminating waste out of the body through urine. They also regulate water in the body by conserving electrolytes, proteins, and other compounds. But due to some conditions and abnormalities in kidney function, the urine may encompass some abnormal constituents, which are not normally present. A complete urine examination helps in detecting such abnormal constituents in urine. Several disorders can be detected by identifying and measuring the levels of such substances. Blood cells, bilirubin, bacteria, pus cells, epithelial cells may be present in urine due to kidney disease or infection. Routine urine examination helps to diagnose kidney diseases, urinary tract infections, diabetes and other metabolic disorders.



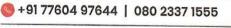
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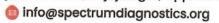
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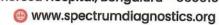
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Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:59 AM

Result Date : 11-Nov-2023 06:20 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name Result Unit Reference Value Method Post Prandial Urine Sugar Negative Negative Dipstick/Benedicts(Man

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