



Lab No. Patient Name Age	: SIL/13-03-2023/SR73 : AVISHEK DAS : 37 Y 1 M 13 D	99557	Lab Add. Ref Dr. Collection I	: Sevoke Road,Siligur : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICE Date: 13/Mar/2023 09:56	R
Gender	: M		Report Dat	e: 13/Mar/2023 01:51	PM D PA
Test Name		Result	Unit	Bio Ref. Interval	Method
BILIRUBIN (DIRI BILIRUBIN (DIRE	E CT) , <i>GEL SERUM</i> ECT)	0.19	mg/dL	< 0.2 mg/dl	DIAZOTIZATION
SGPT/ALT , <i>GEL</i> SGPT/ALT	SERUM	30.00	U/L	16 - 63 U/L	UV WITH P5P
* POTASSIUM, B POTASSIUM,BLC	LOOD , GEL SERUM DOD	3.90	mEq/L	3.5 - 5.1 mEq/L	ISE INDIRECT
UREA,BLOOD , G	EL SERUM	31.0	mg/dl	12.8-42.8 mg/dl	UREASE-COLORIMETRIC
CALCIUM, BLOO CALCIUM, BLOOE		9.00	mg/L	8.6-10.0 mg/dl	ОСРС
	NORGANIC, BLOOD , GEL NORGANIC,BLOOD	SERUM 3.0	mg/dl	2.5-4.5 mg/dl	UV PHOSPHOMOLYBDATE
GLUCOSE, PP , B GLUCOSE, PP	LOOD, NAF PLASMA	118	mg/dl	75-140	Hexokinase Method
THYROID PANEL	. (T3, T4, TSH) , GEL SER	UM			
T4-TOTAL (THY	IODOTHYRONINE) ROXINE) STIMULATING HORMONE)	0.94 8.6 1.62	ng/ml µg/dL µIU/mL	0.60-1.81 ng/ml 3.2-12.6 μg/dL 0.55-4.78 μIU/mL	CLIA CLIA CLIA

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL : [ONLY FOR PREGNANT MOTHERS]

Trimester specific TSH LEVELS during pregnancy:

FIRST TRIMESTER	: 0.10 2.50 µ IU/mL
SECOND TRIMESTER	:0.20 3.00 µ IU/mL
THIRD TRIMESTER	:0.30 3.00 µ IU/mL

References :

1.Indian Thyroid Society guidelines for management of thyroid dysfunction during pregnancy. Clinical Practice Guidelines, New Delhi: Elsevier; 2012.

2.Stagnaro-Green A, Abalovich M, Alexander E, Azizi F, Mestman J, Negro R, et al. Guidelines of the American Thyroid Association for the Diagnosis and Management of Thyroid Disease During Pregnancy and Postpartum. Thyroid 2011;21:1081-25.

3.Dave A, Maru L, Tripathi M. Importance of Universal screening for thyroid disorders in first trimester of pregnancy. Indian J Endocr Metab [serial online] 2014 [cited 2014 Sep 25];18:735-8. Available from: http://www.ijem.in/text.asp? 2014/18/5/735/139221.

LIPID PROFILE , GEL SERUM				
CHOLESTEROL-TOTAL	157.51	mg/dl	Desirable: < 200 mg/dL Borderline high: 200-239 High: or =240 mg/dL	CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, > ESTERASE,PEROXIDASE

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Los No. 3 SK 359333 Maile - KV SNE KAS Mg/d MG/d MG/d Call Part 11 13 SO PORTATE, END POINT TRIGUYCERIDES 80.83 mg/d MG/MAILER	Lab No. : SR7399557	Name : AVISHEK DAS		Age/G : 37 Y 1 M 13 D / M	Date : 13-03-2023
Hel CHOLESTEROL 45.35 mg/d MOREST 6300 MOREST 630 mg/d DEECT MEASURE PEG MOREST 630 mg/d MOREST 630 mg/d DEECT MEASURE PEG MOREST 640 mg/d MOREST 640 mg/d MOR			ma/dl		
Index and the second	TRIGLYCERIDES	80.83	ng/u	HIGH 150-199 HIGH 200-499	ENZIMATIC, END FOINT
LDL CHOLESTEROL DIRECT101.0mg/dlGPITIMAL : 2100 mg/dl oppinnid, twoer prindle, Moreo equitaria : 100:129DIRECT MEASURE oppinnid, 100:129 mg/dl very high: : 130:139 mg/dl very high: : 130:139 mg/dl very high: : 130:139 mg/dl 	HDL CHOLESTEROL	45.35	mg/dl	MODERATE RISK : 40-60 mg/dL	
Index (FIOL HDL RatioIndex InternationLow REX 3.3.4.4 AVERAGE REISK 4.4.7.1.10 High RESK 3.3.4.4 AVERAGE REISK 4.4.1.10 HIGH RESK 3.3.4.4 AVERAGE REISK 4.4.1.10 HIGH RESK 3.3.4.4.1.10 HIGH RESK 3.3.4.4.1.10 HIGH RESK 3.1.10 HIGH RESK 4.1.10 HIGH RESK 3.1.10 HI	LDL CHOLESTEROL DIREC	⊤ 101.0	mg/dl	OPTIMAL : <100 mg/dL, Near optimal/ above optimal : 100-129 mg/dL, Borderline high : 130-159 mg/dL, High : 160-189 mg/dL,	
BILRUBIN (TOTAL), GEL SERUM 0.63 mg/dL 0.2 · 1.2 mg/dL DIAZONIUM ION GLUCOSE, FASTING, BLOOD, NAF PLASMA g8 mg/dl 70 · 100 mg/dL Hexokinase Method GLUCOSE, FASTING 98 mg/dl 70 · 100 mg/dL Hexokinase Method ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, GEL SERUM JUL 46 · 116 U/L P-NPP,AMP BUFFER CREATININE, BLOOD 1.09 mg/dl 0.70 · 1.30 mg/dl ALKALINE PICORTEN TOTAL PROTEIN (BLOOD) ALB:GLO RATUUUT . NUMER METHOD BURET METHOD GLOUDIN 8.49 g/dL 6.6 · 8.7 g/dL BURET METHOD ALBUMIN 4.0 g/dl 3.45.0 g/dl BCP GLOUDIN 4.48 g/dl 1.0 · 2.5 Calculated AG Ratio 0.90 102 · 00 meg/L 98 · 107 meg/L ISE INDIRECT URIC ACID, BLOOD, GEL SERUM URICACID, BLOOD, GEL SERUM ISE INDIRECT ISE INDIRECT ISE INDIRECT SODIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM 142.00 meg/L 3.5 - 7.2 mg/dl URICASE, COLORICMETRIC *SODIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM ISE INDIRECT ISE INDIRECT ISE INDIRECT ISE INDIRECT	VLDL	11	mg/dl	< 40 mg/dl	Calculated
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL)0.63mg/dL0.2 - 1.2 mg/dLDIAZONIUM IONGLUCOSE, FASTING, BLOOD, NAF PLASMA GLUCOSE, FASTING98mg/dl70 - 100 mg/dLHexokinase MethodALKALINE PHOSPHATASE , GEL SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE)90.00U/L46 - 116 U/LP-NPP, AMP BUFFERCREATININE, BLOOD1.09mg/dl0.70 - 1.30 mg/dlALKALINE PICRATETOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD] ALB:GLO RATTOTOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD] ALB:GLO RATTOALBUMIN4.0g/dl3.45.0 g/dlBIURET METHODALBUMIN4.0g/dl1.8-3.2 g/dlCalculatedGLOBULIN4.48g/dl1.8-3.2 g/dlCalculatedA Ratio0.90CalculatedYCHLORIDE, BLOOD , .102.00mEq/L9e - 107 mEq/LISE INDIRECTURIC ACID, BLOOD , .5.70mg/dl3.5 - 7.2 mg/dlURICASE, COLORICMETRIC*SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM142.00mEq/L136 - 145 mEq/LISE INDIRECTSODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)5.9%***FOR BIOLOGICAL REMARKS/NOTERNET WITH ADDETAILS PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED KUTHANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANAN	CHOL HDL Ratio	3.5		RISK 4.47-7.1 MODERATE RISK	Calculated
GLUCOSE, FASTING, BLOOD, NAF PLASMA GLUCOSE, FASTING 98 mg/dl 70 - 100 mg/dL Hexokinase Method ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, GEL SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE 90.00 U/L 46 - 116 U/L P-NPP,AMP BUFFER CREATININE, BLOOD 1.09 mg/dl 0.70 - 1.30 mg/dl ALKALINE PICATE TOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD] ALB:GLO RATIO.	BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), GEL	SERUM			
GLUCOSE,FASTING98mg/dl70 - 100 mg/dLHexokinase MethodALKALINE PHOSPHATASE , GEL SEFUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE90.00U/L46 - 116 U/LP-NPP,AMP BUFFERCREATININE, BLOOD1.09mg/dl0.70 - 1.30 mg/dlALKALINE PICATETOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD] ALB:GLO RATU-TOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD] ALB:GLO RATU-ALBUMIN4.0g/dl6.6 - 8.7 g/dLBURET METHODALBUMIN4.0g/dl3.45.0 g/dlBCPALBUMIN4.48g/dl1.8-3.2 g/dlCalculatedAG Ratio0.90-1.0 - 2.5Calculated*CHLORIDE, BLOOD , . CHLORIDE, BLOOD , GEL SERUMmg/dl3.5 - 7.2 mg/dlURICASE, COLORICMETRIC*SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM 			mg/dL	0.2 - 1.2 mg/dL	DIAZONIUM ION
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE90.00U/L46 - 116 U/LP-NPP,AMP BUFFERALKALINE PHOSPHATASE90.00U/L46 - 116 U/LP-NPP,AMP BUFFERCREATININE, BLOOD1.09mg/dl0.70 - 1.30 mg/dlALKALINE PLORATETOTAL PROTEINBLOOD ALB:GLO RATIO.TTOTAL PROTEINTOTAL PROTEINBLOOD ALB:GLO RATIOTOTAL PROTEINBLOOD ALB:GLO RATIOTOTAL PROTEINBLOOD ALB:GLO RATIOTOTAL PROTEINBLOOD ALB:GLO RATIOALBUMIN4.0g/dl3.45.0 g/dlBCPGLOBULIN4.48g/dl1.8-3.2 g/dlCalculatedAG Ratio0.90VRIC ACID, BLOOD,CHLORIDE, BLOOD,URIC ACID, BLOOD,URIC ACID, BLOOD,URIC ACID, BLOOD,URIC ACID, BLOOD,SODIUM, BLOOD,SODIUM, BLOOD,GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) <td>GLUCOSE, FASTING , BLOG</td> <td>DD, NAF PLASMA</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	GLUCOSE, FASTING , BLOG	DD, NAF PLASMA			
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE90.00V/L46-116 V/LP-NPP,AMP BUFFRCREATININE, BLOOD1.09mg/dl0.70 - 1.30 mg/dlALKALINE PICRATETOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD] ALB:GLO RATTTOTAL PROTEIN8.499g/dL6.6 - 8.7 g/dLBURET METHODALBUMIN4.0g/dl3.4 5.0 g/dlBCPGLOBULIN4.48g/dl1.8 -3.2 g/dlGalculatedAG Ratio0.901.0 - 2.5Calculated*CHLORIDE, BLOOD, . CHLORIDE, BLOOD102.00mEq/L\$89 - 107 mEq/LSE INDIRECTVIRIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL SERUM URIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)5.9%***FOR BIOLOGICAL SERVICASE INDIRECT*GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)5.9%***FOR BIOLOGICAL REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONATIONServical servical serv	GLUCOSE, FASTING	98	mg/dl	70 - 100 mg/dL	Hexokinase Method
CREATININE, BLOOD1.09mg/dl0.70 - 1.30 mg/dlALKALINE PICRATETOTAL PROTEIN8.49g/dL6.6 - 8.7 g/dLBURET METHODALBUMIN4.0g/dl3.45.0 g/dlBCPGLOBULIN4.48g/dl1.8-3.2 g/dlCalculatedAG Ratio0.90-1.0 - 2.5CalculatedCHLORIDE, BLOOD , .102.00mEq/L98 - 107 mEq/LISE INDIRECTURIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL SERUM5.70mg/dl3.5 - 7.2 mg/dlURICASE, COLORICMETRICSODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM142.00mEq/L136 - 145 mEq/LISE INDIRECTSODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM5.9%****FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAINS, PLEASE REFER TO THE BLOW MENTONAL CLINICAL LINICASE REFER TO THE BLOW MENTONAL CLINICAL DETAINS, PLEASE REFER TO THE ADDITIONAL CLINICAL DETAINS, PLEASE REFER TO THE ADDITIONAL CLINICAL DETAINS, PLEASE REFER TO THE ADDITIONAL CLINICAL DETAINS, PLEASE REFER TO THE AD	ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	, GEL SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD] ALB:GLO RATIO, .TOTAL PROTEIN8.49g/dL6.6 - 8.7 g/dLBIURET METHODALBUMIN4.0g/dI3.4 - 5.0 g/dLBCPGLOBULIN4.48g/dI1.8 - 3.2 g/dICalculatedAG Ratio0.901.0 - 2.5Calculated*CHLORIDE, BLOOD,1.0 - 2.5CalculatedCHLORIDE, BLOOD,CHLORIDE, BLOOD,URIC ACID, BLOOD,VURIC ACID, BLOODSODIUM, BLOODSODIUM, BLOODSODIUM, BLOODGLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)SOLUM, BLOODGLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)SOLUM, CATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) <td>ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE</td> <td>90.00</td> <td>U/L</td> <td>46 - 116 U/L</td> <td>P-NPP,AMP BUFFER</td>	ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	90.00	U/L	46 - 116 U/L	P-NPP,AMP BUFFER
TOTAL PROTEIN8.49g/dL6.6 - 8.7 g/dLBURET METHODALBUMIN4.0g/dl3.45.0 g/dlBCPGLOBULIN4.48g/dl1.8-3.2 g/dlCalculatedAG Ratio0.901.0 - 2.5Calculated*CHLORIDE, BLOOD, CHLORIDE, BLOOD , CHLORIDE, BLOOD , CHLORIDE, BLOOD ,102.00mEq/L98 - 107 mEq/LISE INDIRECTURIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL SERUM URIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL SERUM SODIUM, SERUE SER	CREATININE, BLOOD	1.09	mg/dl	0.70 - 1.30 mg/dl	ALKALINE PICRATE
ALBUMIN4.0g/dl3.4-5.0 g/dlBCPGLOBULIN4.48g/dl1.8-3.2 g/dlCalculatedAG Ratio0.901.0 - 2.5Calculated*CHLORIDE, BLOOD, . CHLORIDE, BLOOD , GEL SERUM URIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL SERUM URIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM	TOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD]	ALB:GLO RATIO ,			
GLOBULIN4.48 A G Ratiog/d1.8-3.2 g/dlCalculatedAG Ratio0.9010 - 2.5Calculated*CHLORIDE, BLOOD, . CHLORIDE, BLOOD102.00mEq/L98 - 107 mEq/LISE INDIRECTURIC ACID, BLOOD, GEL SERUM URIC ACID, BLOOD5.70mg/dl3.5 - 7.2 mg/dlURICASE, COLORICMETRIC*SODIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD142.00mEq/L136 - 145 mEq/LISE INDIRECT*GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)5.9%****FOR BIOLOGICAL REFRENCE INTERVAL DETALLS, PLEASE REFRE TO REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION ***Sodium, SILON SODIUM, BLOOD SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD5.9%	TOTAL PROTEIN	8.49	g/dL	6.6 - 8.7 g/dL	BIURET METHOD
AG Ratio0.901.0 - 2.5Calculated*CHLORIDE, BLOOD, . CHLORIDE, BLOOD102.00mEq/L98 - 107 mEq/LISE INDIRECTURIC ACID, BLOOD, GEL SERUM URIC ACID, BLOOD5.70mg/dl3.5 - 7.2 mg/dlURICASE , COLORICMETRIC*SODIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD142.00mEq/L136 - 145 mEq/LISE INDIRECT*GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)5.9%***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS, PLASE REFERE TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION *********	ALBUMIN	4.0	g/dl	3.4-5.0 g/dl	ВСР
*CHLORIDE, BLOOD, . 102.00 mEq/L 98 - 107 mEq/L ISE INDIRECT URIC ACID, BLOOD, GEL SERUM uRICACID, BLOOD, GEL SERUM uRICACID, BLOOD, GEL SERUM uRICACID, BLOOD, GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM 5.70 mg/dl 3.5 7.2 mg/dl URICASE, COLORICMETRIC *SODIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM 142.00 mEq/L 136 - 145 mEq/L ISE INDIRECT *GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD 5.9 % ***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL BETARKS, NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION *** SUBLY AND SUBL	GLOBULIN	4.48	g/dl	1.8-3.2 g/dl	Calculated
CHLORIDE,BLOOD102.00mEq/L98 - 107 mEq/LISE INDIRECTURIC ACID, BLOOD, GEL SERUM URIC ACID,BLOOD5.70mg/dl3.5 - 7.2 mg/dlURICASE, COLORICMETRIC*SODIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM SODIUM,BLOOD142.00mEq/L136 - 145 mEq/LISE INDIRECT*GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)5.9%**FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS, PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH BODITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION ***ISE INDIRECT	AG Ratio	0.90		1.0 - 2.5	Calculated
URIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL SERUM URIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM GUYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) , EDTA WHOLE BLOOD GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) , EDTA WHOLE BLOOD GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) Sondium (HBA1C) / EDTA WHOLE BLOOD SUBJUCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) / EDTA WHOLE BLOOD GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) / EDTA WHOLE BLOOD GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) / EDTA WHOLE BLOOD Mathematication (HBA1C) / EDTA WHOLE BLOOD GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) / EDTA WHOLE BLOOD Mathematication (HBA1C) / EDTA WHOLE BLOOD Mathematic	*CHLORIDE, BLOOD , .				
URIC ACID,BLOOD5.70mg/dl3.5 - 7.2 mg/dlURICASE,COLORICMETRIC*SODIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM SODIUM,BLOOD142.00mEq/L136 - 145 mEq/LISE INDIRECT*GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)5.9%***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS, PLEASE REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS, PLEASE REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS, PLEASE REFERENCE INTERVAL INFORMATION *******FOR BIOLOGICAL REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION ***	CHLORIDE, BLOOD	102.00	mEq/L	98 - 107 mEq/L	ISE INDIRECT
*SODIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SERUM SODIUM, BLOOD 142.00 mEq/L 136 - 145 mEq/L ISE INDIRECT *GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) , EDTA WHOLE BLOOD GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 5.9 % ***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS , PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION ***	URIC ACID, BLOOD , GEL	SERUM			
SODIUM,BLOOD 142.00 mEq/L 136 - 145 mEq/L ISE INDIRECT *GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) EDTA WHOLE BLOOD ***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL ***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 5.9 % ***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS, PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION ***	URIC ACID, BLOOD	5.70	mg/dl	3.5 7.2 mg/dl	URICASE ,COLORICMETRIC
*GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 5.9 % ***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS, PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION ***	*SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL S	ERUM			
GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 5.9 % ***FOR BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS , PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION ***	SODIUM,BLOOD	142.00	mEq/L	136 - 145 mEq/L	ISE INDIRECT
REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS , PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION ***	*GLYCATED HAEMOGLOB	IN (HBA1C) , EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
	GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN	(HBA1C) 5.9	%	REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS , PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL	
	HbA1c (IFCC)	41.0	mmol/mol		HPLC

Clinical Informationand Laboratory clinical interpretation on Biological Reference Interval:Low risk / Normal / non-diabetic: <5.7% (NGSP)</td>/ < 39 mmol/mol (IFCC)</td>Pre-diabetes/High risk of Diabetes : 5.7% - 6.4% (NGSP)/ 39 - < 48 mmol/mol (IFCC)</td>Diabetics-HbA1c level: >/= 6.5% (NGSP)/ > 48 mmol/mol (IFCC)

Analyzer used : Bio-Rad-VARIANT TURBO 2.0, Bio-Rad D 10 Method : HPLC Cation Exchange

HbA1C : DUAL REPORTING OF UNITS Ref 2,3,4

Suraksha Diagnostic Pvt. Ltd. has commenced reporting HbA1c in dual units. This is in keeping with current International recommendations to allow a transition phase from current reporting units (%) to the eventual (IFCC) units (mmol/mol). It is anticipated that only IFCC units will be used after 2 years of dual reporting. Please note that the

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Lab No. : SR7399557 Name : AVISHEK DAS

Age/G: 37 Y 1 M 13 D / M Date : 13-03-2023

method of analysis has not changed. Although the two results look numerically different, they are clinically equivalent. In defining HbA1C, the unit mmol /mol was determined to be the most accurate description of what is being measured. This will make the measurement more precise and allow for better comparisons of HbA1c results from different laboratories and hospitals throughout the world.

Standardization & traceability Ref 2,3,4

HbA1c is standardized & traceable to IFCC methods HPLC-CE & HPLC-MS. This new unit (mmol/mol) is used as part of this standardization. This change in HbA1c calibration is to conform to national & international best practice. The initiative will mean that HbA1c is measured specifically & reproducibly. It also enables the use of international reference ranges & harmonization of medical decision or target values.

Recommendations for glycemic targets Ref 1 Ø Patients should use self-monitoring of blood glucose (SMBG) and HbA1c levels to assess glycemic control.

Ø The timing and frequency of SMBG should be tailored based on patients individual treatment, needs, and goals.

Ø Patients should undergo HbA1c testing at least twice a year if they are meeting treatment goals and have stable glycemic control.

Ø If a patient changes treatment plans or does not meet his or her glycemic goals, HbA1c testing should be done quarterly.

Ø For most adults who are not pregnant, HbA1c levels should be <7% to help reduce microvascular complications and macrovascular disease . Action suggested >8% as it indicates poor control.

Ø Some patients may benefit from HbA1c goals that are more or less stringent.

Result alterations in the estimation has been established in many circumstances, such as after acute/ chronic blood loss, for example, after surgery, blood transfusions, hemolytic anemia, or high erythrocyte turnover; vitamin B₁₂/ folate deficiency, presence of chronic renal or liver disease; after administration of high-dose vitamin E / C; or erythropoietin treatment.

Reference: Glycated hemoglobin monitoring BMJ 2006; 333;586-8

References:

Chamberlain JJ, Rhinehart AS, Shaefer CF, et al. Diagnosis and management of diabetes: synopsis of the 2016 American Diabetes Association Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes. Ann Intern Med. Published online 1 March 2016. doi:10.7326/M15-3016.

Mosca A, Goodall I, Hoshino T, Jeppsson JO, John WG, Little RR, Miedema K, Myers GL, Reinauer H, Sacks DB, Weykamp CW. International Federation of Clinical 2 Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, IFCC Scientific Division. Global standardization of glycated hemoglobin measurement: the position of the IFCC Working Group. Clin Chem Lab Med. 2007;45(8):1077-1080.

Geistanger A, Arends S, Berding C, Hoshino T, Jeppsson J-O, Little R, Siebelder C and Weykamp C, on behalf of the IFCC Working Group on Standardization of HbA1c: 3 Statistical Methods for Monitoring the Relationship between the IFCC Reference Measurement Procedure for Hemoglobin A1c ...Clin Chem 2008; 54(8): 1379-8.

International Expert Committee Report, drawn from the International Diabetes Federation (IDF), the European Association for the Study of Diabetes (EASD), American Diabetes Association (ADA), International Federation of Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, International Society for Pediatric & Adolescent Diabetes. International Congress - IFCC, WorldLab, EuroMedLab- Berlin,2011.

Clinical Information and Laboratory clinical interpretation on Biological Reference Interval:

Low risk / Normal / non-diabetic : <5.7% (NGSP) / < 39 mmol/mol (IFCC)</pre> Pre-diabetes/High risk of Diabetes : 5.7%- 6.4% (NGSP) / 39 - < 48 mmol/mol (IFCC) Diabetics-HbA1c level : >/= 6.5% (NGSP) / > 48 mmol/mol (IFCC)

Analyzer used : Bio-Rad-VARIANT TURBO 2.0 Method : HPLC Cation Exchange

Recommendations for glycemic targets

Ø Patients should use self-monitoring of blood glucose (SMBG) and HbA1c levels to assess glycemic control. Ø The timing and frequency of SMBG should be tailored based on patients' individual treatment, needs, and goals.

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Mosca A, Goodall I, Hoshino T, Jeppsson JO, John WG, Little RR, Miedema K, Myers GL, Reinauer H, Sacks DB, Weykamp CW. International Federation of Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, IFCC Scientific Division. Global standardization of glycated hemoglobin measurement: the position of the IFCC Working Group. Clin Chem Lab Med. 2007;45(8):1077-1080.

SGOT/AST, GEL SERUM

Chamberlain JJ, Rhinehart AS, Shaefer CF, et al. Diagnosis and management of diabetes: synopsis of the 2016 American Diabetes Association Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes. Ann Intern Med. Published online 1 March 2016. doi:10.7326/M15-3016.





Lab No. : SR7399557	Name : AVISHEK DAS		Age/G : 37 Y 1 M 13 D / M	Date : 13-03-2023
SGOT/AST	25.00	U/L	15 - 37 U/L	UV WITH P5P
				hide
				DR. SANJAY KR. AGARWALA MD CONSULTANT BIOCHEMIST

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Lab No. : SR7399557	Name : AVISHEK DAS		Age/G : 37 Y 1 M 13 D / M	Date : 15-03-2023
URIC ACID, URINE, SPOT	URINE			
URIC ACID, SPOT URINE	12.80	mg/dL	37-92 mg/dL	URICASE
ESTIMATED TWICE				
				Dr NEEPA CHOWDHURY MBBS MD (Biochemistry) Consultant Biochemist

Lab No. : SIL/13-03-2023/SR7399557

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Lab No. : SR7399557 Name : AVISHEK DAS

Age/G : 37 Y 1 M 13 D / M Date : 13-03-2023

URINE ROUTINE ALL, ALL, URINE				
PHYSI CAL EXAMI NATI ON				
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW			
APPEARANCE	CLEAR			
CHEMI CAL EXAMI NATI ON				
рН	7.0		4.6 - 8.0	Dipstick (triple indicator method)
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010		1.005 - 1.030	Dipstick (ion concentration method)
PROTEIN	ABSENT		NOT DETECTED	Dipstick (protein error of pH indicators)/Manual
GLUCOSE	ABSENT		NOT DETECTED	Dipstick(glucose-oxidase-peroxidase method)/Manual
KETONES (ACETOACETIC ACID, ACETONE)	ABSENT		NOT DETECTED	Dipstick (Legals test)/Manual
BLOOD	ABSENT		NOT DETECTED	Dipstick (pseudoperoxidase reaction)
BILIRUBIN	ABSENT		NEGATIVE	Dipstick (azo-diazo reaction)/Manual
UROBILINOGEN	ABSENT		NEGATIVE	Dipstick (diazonium ion reaction)/Manual
NITRITE	ABSENT		NEGATIVE	Dipstick (Griess test)
LEUCOCYTE ESTERASE	ABSENT		NEGATIVE	Dipstick (ester hydrolysis reaction)
MI CROSCOPI C EXAMINATI ON				
LEUKOCYTES (PUS CELLS)	2-3	/hpf	0-5	Microscopy
EPITHELIAL CELLS	0-1	/hpf	0-5	Microscopy
RED BLOOD CELLS	ABSENT	/hpf	0-2	Microscopy
CAST	ABSENT		NOT DETECTED	Microscopy
CRYSTALS	ABSENT		NOT DETECTED	Microscopy
BACTERIA	FEW		NOT DETECTED	Microscopy
YEAST	ABSENT		NOT DETECTED	Microscopy
OTHERS	ABSENT			

Note:

1. All urine samples are checked for adequacy and suitability before examination.

2. Analysis by urine analyzer of dipstick is based on reflectance photometry principle. Abnormal results of chemical examinations are confirmed by manual methods.

3. The first voided morning clean-catch midstream urine sample is the specimen of choice for chemical and microscopic analysis.

4. Negative nitrite test does not exclude urinary tract infections.

5. Trace proteinuria can be seen in many physiological conditions like exercise, pregnancy, prolonged recumbency etc.

6. False positive results for glucose, protein, nitrite, urobilinogen, bilirubin can occur due to use of certain drugs, therapeutic dyes, ascorbic acid, cleaning agents used in urine collection container.

7. Discrepancy between results of leukocyte esterase and blood obtained by chemical methods with corresponding pus cell and red blood cell count by microscopy can occur due to cell lysis.

8. Contamination from perineum and vaginal discharge should be avoided during collection, which may falsely elevate epithelial cell count and show presence of bacteria and/or yeast in the urine.

Prabha

Dr. PRABHA ANAND, MD CONSULTANT MICROBIOLOGISTS





Lab No. : SR7399557 Name : AVI	SHEK DAS		Age/G : 37 Y 1 M 13 D / I	M Date : 13-03-2023
CBC WITH PLATELET (THROMBOCYTE)	COUNT, EDTA WHOLE	BLOOD		
HEMOGLOBIN	9.7	g/dL	13 - 17	PHOTOMETRIC
WBC	6.1	*10^3/µL	4 - 10	DC detection method
RBC	3.86	*10^6/µL	4.5 - 5.5	DC detection method
PLATELET (THROMBOCYTE) COUNT	200	*10^3/µL	150 - 450*10^3/µL	DC detection method/Microscopy
DI FFERENTI AL COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	53	%	40 - 80 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy
LYMPHOCYTES	38	%	20 - 40 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy
MONOCYTES	05	%	2 - 10 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy
EOSINOPHILS	03	%	1 - 6 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy
BASOPHILS	01	%	0-0.9%	Flowcytometry/Microscopy
CBC SUBGROUP				
HEMATOCRIT / PCV	32.0	%	40 - 50 %	Calculated
MCV	83.0	fl	83 - 101 fl	Calculated
МСН	25.2	pg	27 - 32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	30.3	gm/dl	31.5-34.5 gm/dl	Calculated
RDW - RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	16.7	%	11.6-14%	Calculated
PDW-PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	8.8	fL	8.3 - 25 fL	Calculated
MPV-MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	9.6		7.5 - 11.5 fl	Calculated
RBC	PREDOMINANTLY MICROCYTIC HYPOCHROMIC WITH ADMIXED NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC CELLS, ANISOCYTOSI (+)	S		
WBC.	NORMAL.			
PLATELET	ADEQUATE ON SMEAR.			
ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION	RATE), EDTA WHOLE BL	OOD		
1stHour	54	mm/hr	0.00 - 20.00 mm/hr	Westergren
				Nownect
				DR. NAVNEET M.D (Pathology) CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST





Lab No. : SR7399557 Name : AVISHEK DAS

Age/G : 37 Y 1 M 13 D / M Date : 13-03-2023

BLOOD GROUP ABO+RH [GEL METHOD], EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO RH Gel Card Gel Card

Gel technology Dia Med ID Micro typing system is the latest technology in transfusion Medicine.

It gives more reproducible and standardized test results.

It more repaid, reliable, very sensitive and objective, and hence more consistent and comparable results are obtained. Single used cards are individualised for every patient and results can be photographed / scanned and stored for future use.

Special instruments that are used only for this technology also reduce risk of any contamination.

Ref:- WHO technical manual on transfusion medicine-Second Edition 2003

В

POSITIVE

(RESULTS ALSO VERIFIED BY : FORWARD AND REVERSE GROUPING (TUBE AND SLIDE METHOD)

TECHNOLOGY USED: GEL METHOD

ADVANTAGES :

- · Gel card allows simultaneous forward and reverse grouping.
- Card is scanned and record is preserved for future reference.
- · Allows identification of Bombay blood group.
- Daily quality controls are run allowing accurate monitoring.

Historical records check not performed.

DR.BARNALI PAUL MBBS, MD(PATH)



Lab Add.:Ref Dr.: Dr.MEDICAL OFFICERCollection Date:



Report Date : 13/Mar/2023 11:44AM

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY REPORT OF E.C.G.

HEART RATE	: 75 /min.
RHYTHM	: Regular sinus.
P-WAVE	: Normal
P - R INTERVAL	: 160 ms,
QRS DURATION	: 80 ms
QRS CONFIGURATION	: NORMAL
QRS VOLTAGE	: R/S in V1 5/3 mm.
	R/S in V6 17/1 mm.
QRS AXIS	: +90°
Q- Waves	: No significant Q-wave.
QT TIME	: 368ms.
ST SEGMENT	: Normal.
T WAVE	: NORMAL
ROTATION	: Normal.
OTHER FINDINGS	: Nil.
IMPRESSION	: ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT.

Dr. ARABINDA SAHA (MD,DM) CONSULTANT CARDIOLOGIST

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Lab Add. : Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER Collection Date:



Report Date : 13/Mar/2023 11:56AM

DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASONOGRAPHY REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER

Liver is normal in size having normal shape, regular smooth outline and of homogeneous echotexture.No focal parenchymal lesion is evident.Intrahepatic biliary radicles are not dilated.Branches of portal vein are normal.

PORTA

The appearance of porta is normal. Common Bile duct is normal with no intraluminal pathology (Calculi /mass) could be detected at its visualised part. Portal vein is normal at porta.

GALL BLADDER

Gallbladder is physiologically distended. Wall thickness appears normal. No intraluminal pathology (Calculi/mass) could be detected. Sonographic Murphys sign is negative.

PANCREAS

Echogenecity appears within limits, without any focal lesion. Shape, size & position appears normal. No Calcular disease noted. Pancreatic duct is not dilated. No peri-pancreatic collection of fluid noted.

SPLEEN

Spleen is normal in size. Homogenous and smooth echotexture without any focal lesion. Splenic vein at hilum appears normal. No definite collaterals could be detected.

KIDNEYS

Both kidneys are normal in shape, size (Rt. kidney 102 mm. & Lt. kidney 108 mm) axes & position. Cortical echogenecity appears normal maintaining corticomedullary differentiation. Margin is regular and cortical thickness is uniform. No calcular disease noted. No hydronephrotic changes detected.

URETERS

Visualised part of upper ureters are not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER

Urinary bladder is distended, wall thickness appeared normal. No intraluminal pathology (calculi / mass) could be detected.

PROSTATE

Prostate is normal in size. Echotexture appears within normal limits. No focal alteration of its echogenecity could bedetectable.



Lab Add. : Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER Collection Date : Report Date : 13/Mar/2023 11:56AM



IMPRESSION Sonographic study of Whole abdomen does not reveal any significant abnormality

Kindly note

▶ Ultrasound is not the modality of choice to rule out subtle bowel lesion.

> Please Intimate us for any typing mistakes and send the report for correction within 7 days.

The science of Radiological diagnosis is based on the interpretation of various shadows produced by both the normal and abnormal tissues and are not always conclusive. Further biochemical and radiological investigation & clinical correlation is required to enable the clinician to reach the final diagnosis.

<u>The report and films are not valid for medico-legal purpose.</u>

Patient Identity not verified.

DR. MUKTI SARKAR MD. CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST



Lab Add. : Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER Collection Date:



Report Date : 13/Mar/2023 11:24AM

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY X-RAY REPORT OF CHEST (PA)

FINDINGS:

- Cardiac size appears within normal limits. Margin is well visualised and cardiac silhoutte is smoothly outlined. Shape is within normal limit.
- Lung parenchyma shows no focal lesion. No general alteration of radiographic density. Apices are clear. Bronchovascular lung markings are within normal.
- Lateral costo-phrenic angles are clear.
- Domes of diaphragm are smoothly outlined. Position is within normal limits.

IMPRESSION : Normal study.

DR. MUKTI SARKAR MD. CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST