





CLIENT CODE: C000138369
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156 LEGEND CRYSTAL,SHOP NO-6,GROUND & 1ST FLOOR,PLOT NO-1-7-79/A B:,PRENDERGHAST ROAD

79/A B:,PRENDERGHAST ROAD SECUNDERABAD, 500003 TELANGANA, INDIA Tel: 9111591115, Fax:

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email : customercare.hyderabad@srl.in

PATIENT NAME: LAXMIPUTRA PATIENT ID: LAXMM02108242

ACCESSION NO: 0042VE001934 AGE: 39 Years SEX: Male

DRAWN: 14-05-2022 00:00 RECEIVED: 14-05-2022 09:44 REPORTED: 16-05-2022 10:32

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID:

Test Report Status Final Results Biological Reference Interval Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

PHYSTCAL	EXAMINATION	URTNE
IIIIJICAL	EVALITION	OIZTIAL

COLOR	PALE YELLOW		
METHOD: MANUAL			
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		
METHOD: MANUAL			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025	1.003 - 1.035	
METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN	15.9	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
METHOD: CYANMETHEMOGLOBIN METHOD			
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT	5.44	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT	5.10	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
PLATELET COUNT	203	150 - 410	thou/µL
METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT	46.8	40 - 50	%
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL	86.0	83 - 101	fL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB.	29.3	27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN	34.1	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
CONCENTRATION METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MENTZER INDEX	15.8		
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	13.8	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	10.1	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
PH	6.0	4.7 - 7.5	
• • •			



METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

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DOCTON!	NOT BETEGTED	NOT DETECTED	
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT BETTOTES	
GLUCOSE METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT BETEETED	
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NORMAL	NONIAL	
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT BETECTED	
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR	NOT DETECTED	NOT BETEGTED	
	FF	40 00	0/
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS	55	40 - 80	%
METHOD: ACV TECHNOLOGY	2.81	2.0 - 7.0	thou /ul
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	2.01	2.0 - 7.0	thou/μL
LYMPHOCYTES	38	20 - 40	%
METHOD: ACV TECHNOLOGY	30	20 - 40	70
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.94	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.94	1.0 - 3.0	ι Ιου/ με
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	1.4		
METHOD : CALCULATED	1.4		
EOSINOPHILS	2	1 - 6	%
METHOD : ACV TECHNOLOGY	_	- 0	,,
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.10	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.20	0.02	σα, μ=
MONOCYTES	5	2 - 10	%
METHOD : ACV TECHNOLOGY			,,
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.26	0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 2	%
METHOD : ACV TECHNOLOGY	-	- -	

METHOD: ACV TECHNOLOGY













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ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	O L	ow 0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT PERFORMED ON:	EDTA SMEAR		
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE			
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	1-2	0-5	/HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
EPITHELIAL CELLS	1-2	0-5	/HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
ERYTHROCYTES (RBC'S)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	

NOTE: URINE MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION IS CARRIED OUT ON CENTRIFUGED URINE SEDIMENT.

MORPHOLOGY

RBC NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC.

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

WBC WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS.

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PLATELETS ADEQUATE ON SMEAR.

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD

SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) 0 - 14 04 mm at 1 hr METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA 80 74 - 99 mg/dL

METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY HEXOKINASE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD











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GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)	5.4		Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0	%
METHOD: ION- EXCHANGE HPLC			33	
MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE	108.3		< 116.0	mg/dL
METHOD : ION- EXCHANGE HPLC				
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA				
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA	94		70 - 139	mg/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY HEXOKINASE				
CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIPID PROFIL	E), SERUM.			
CHOLESTEROL	183		< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >/= 240 High	mg/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE	ESTERASE PEROXIDASE		,	
TRIGLYCERIDES	140		< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >/=500 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, LIPASE				
HDL CHOLESTEROL	32	Low	< 40 Low >/=60 High	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, POLYANIONIC DETERGEN				
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL	108		< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above optin 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High	mg/dL nal
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ELIMINATION METHOD W	ITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMENT	Γ		
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	151	High	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	5.7	High	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
LDL/HDL RATIO	3.4	High	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate >6.0 High Risk	Risk
METHOD CRECTPORHOTOMETRY CALCULATED			-	

METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CALCULATED



Page 4 Of 15

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DELHI INDIA

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VERY LOW DENSITY LI	POPROTEIN	28.0		= 30.0</th <th>mg/dL</th>	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTON		2010		1, 3010	mg, az
LIVER FUNCTION PR	•				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	,	0.42		0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTON	METRY, JENDRASSIK & GROFF				5.
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT		0.08		0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTON	METRY, JENDRASSIK & GROFF				-
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT		0.34		0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	METRY,CALCULATED				
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.0		6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	METRY, MODIFIED BIURET				
ALBUMIN		3.7		3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	METRY, BCP - DYE BINDING				
GLOBULIN		3.3		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	METRY,CALCULATED				
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RA	ATIO	1.1		1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	METRY,CALCULATED				
ASPARTATE AMINOTRA	NSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	27		15 - 37	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTON	METRY, UV WITH PYRIDOXAL -5-PHO	SPHATE			
ALANINE AMINOTRANS	` , ,	65	High	< 45.0	U/L
	METRY, UV WITH PYRIDOXAL -5-PHO				
ALKALINE PHOSPHATA		77		30 - 120	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	,				
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRA	` ,	38		15 - 85	U/L
	METRY, G-GLUTAMYL-CARBOXY-NITRO				
LACTATE DEHYDROGEN		155		100 - 190	U/L
	METRY, MODIFIED ENZYMATIC LACTA	TE - PYRUVATE			
SERUM BLOOD UREA					
BLOOD UREA NITROGE		12		6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTON					
CREATININE, SERUM	I				
CREATININE		0.95		0.90 - 1.30	mg/dL
	METRY, ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC J	AFFE'S			
* BUN/CREAT RATIO)				
BUN/CREAT RATIO		12.63		5.00 - 15.00	
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOM	1ETRY,CALCULATED				

METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CALCULATED



Page 5 Of 15







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URIC ACID, SERUM				
URIC ACID		4.4	3.5 - 7.2	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, LIRICASE	7.7	3.3 7.2	mg/ac
TOTAL PROTEIN, SE				
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.0	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, MODIFIED BIURET			3/
ALBUMIN, SERUM				
ALBUMIN		3.7	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY, BCP - DYE BINDING			3,
* GLOBULIN				
GLOBULIN		3.3	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOI	METRY,CALCULATED			
ELECTROLYTES (NA	/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM		142	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : INTEGRATED MU	LTISENSOR TECHNOLOGY-INDIRECT			
POTASSIUM		4.05	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
METHOD : INTEGRATED MU	LTISENSOR TECHNOLOGY-INDIRECT			
CHLORIDE		106	98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : INTEGRATED MU	LTISENSOR TECHNOLOGY-INDIRECT			
THYROID PANEL, SE	RUM			
T3		131.3	60.0 - 181.0	ng/dL
METHOD : CHEMILUMINESO	CENCE			
T4		6.80	4.5 - 10.9	μg/dL
METHOD : CHEMILUMINESC				
TSH 3RD GENERATION		1.360	0.550 - 4.780	μIU/mL
METHOD : CHEMILUMINESC				
STOOL: OVA & PARA	SIIE	DD COMM.		
COLOUR		BROWN		
CONSISTENCY		WELL FORMED		
ODOUR		FOUL		
MUCUS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
VISIBLE BLOOD		ABSENT	ABSENT	
POLYMORPHONUCLEAF	R LEUKOCYTES	0 - 1	0 - 5	/HPF
RED BLOOD CELLS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
MACROPHAGES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	



Page 6 Of 15







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GUAD COT 1 5/25 51 60	V(CT.) C	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETERMINE		
CHARCOT-LEYDEN CRY	YSTALS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
TROPHOZOITES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
CYSTS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
OVA		NOT DETECTED			
LARVAE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
ADULT PARASITE		NOT DETECTED			
OCCULT BLOOD		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC E					
ABO GROUP & RH TY	YPE, EDTA WHOLE E				
ABO GROUP		TYPE B			
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTIN	ATION	DO 07771/F			
RH TYPE	ATTON	POSITIVE			
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTIN * XRAY-CHEST	ATION				
»»		BOTH THE LUNG ETEL	DC ADE CLEAD		
			BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS ARE CLEAR BOTH THE COSTOPHRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR		
»»			BOTH THE HILA ARE NORMAL		
» »					
»»			CARDIAC AND AORTIC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL		
»»			BOTH THE DOMES OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL		
» »			VISUALIZED BONY THORAX IS NORMAL		
IMPRESSION		NO ABNORMALITY DE	NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED		
TMT OR ECHO					
TMT OR ECHO		NORMAL			
* ECG					
ECG		WITHIN NORMAL LIM	ITS		
* MEDICAL HISTORY	Y				
RELEVANT PRESENT H	ISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT			
RELEVANT PAST HISTO	ORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT			
RELEVANT PERSONAL	HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT			
RELEVANT FAMILY HIS	STORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT			
OCCUPATIONAL HISTO	ORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT			
HISTORY OF MEDICAT	TONS	NOT SIGNIFICANT			

* ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI



Page 7 Of 15

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HEIGHT IN METERS	1.66	mts
WEIGHT IN KGS.	72	Kgs
ВМІ	26	BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese
* GENERAL EXAMINATION		
MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE	NORMAL	
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL	
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS	HEALTHY	
BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK	AVERAGE	
FACIAL APPEARANCE	NORMAL	
SKIN	NORMAL	
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL	
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL	
NECK	NORMAL	
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR T	ENDER
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED	
CAROTID PULSATION	NORMAL	
BREAST (FOR FEMALES)	NORMAL	
TEMPERATURE	NORMAL	
PULSE	95/REGULAR, ALL PEF	RIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID BRUIT
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL	
* CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM		
BP	130/90 MM HG (SITTING)	mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL	
APEX BEAT	NORMAL	
HEART SOUNDS	NORMAL	
MURMURS	ABSENT	
* RESPIRATORY SYSTEM		

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY

NORMAL SYMMETRICAL NORMAL





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BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL)

ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT

* PER ABDOMEN

APPEARANCE NORMAL VENOUS PROMINENCE ABSENT

LIVER NOT PALPABLE
SPLEEN NOT PALPABLE
HERNIA ABSENT

* CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

HIGHER FUNCTIONS NORMAL
CRANIAL NERVES NORMAL
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS NORMAL
SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL
MOTOR SYSTEM NORMAL
REFLEXES NORMAL

* MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

SPINE NORMAL JOINTS NORMAL

* BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

CONJUNCTIVA NORMAL EYELIDS NORMAL EYE MOVEMENTS NORMAL CORNEA NORMAL

DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT

COLOUR VISION NORMAL

* BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

EXTERNAL EAR CANAL NORMAL TYMPANIC MEMBRANE NORMAL

NOSE NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

SINUSES CLEAR



Page 9 Of 15

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ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHT **NEW DELHI 110030**

DELHI INDIA 8800465156

LEGEND CRYSTAL, SHOP NO-6, GROUND & 1ST FLOOR, PLOT NO-1-7-79/A B:,PRENDERGHAST ROAD

SECUNDERABAD, 500003 TELANGANA, INDIA Tel: 9111591115, Fax:

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email: customercare.hyderabad@srl.in

PATIENT NAME: LAXMIPUTRA PATIENT ID: LAXMM02108242

ACCESSION NO: 0042VE001934 AGE: 39 Years SEX: Male

DRAWN: 14-05-2022 00:00 RECEIVED: 14-05-2022 09:44 REPORTED: 16-05-2022 10:32

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID:

Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units **Final**

THROAT NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TONSILS NOT ENLARGED

* BASIC DENTAL EXAMINATION

TEETH NORMAL GUMS HFAI THY

* SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED

REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS NONE

* FITNESS STATUS

FIT (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS) FITNESS STATUS

Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOODThe cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology. RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-

Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLRThe optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to

show mild disease.
(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOODErythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non - specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants. The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

- Reference:

 1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition

 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin

 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th Edition" GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-ADA 2021 guidelines for adults, after 8 hrs fasting is as follows:

 Pre-diabetics: 100 125 mg/dL

 Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood, the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks.

Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased





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glycated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia

or post-splenectomy may exhibit increased glycated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia, increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of

testing such as glycated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered.
"Targets should be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals should be individualized based on duration of diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations.

References

- 1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R.Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006,
- 2. Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus: A rational plan for management. Postgrad Med 1982, 71,139-154.
 3. Mayer TK, Freedman ZR: Protein glycosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184. GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-ADA Guidelines for 2hr post prandial glucose levels is only after ingestion of 75grams of glucose in 300 ml water, over a period of 5

CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIPID PROFILE), SERUM.-

Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease This test can help determine your risk of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don't cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn't need into triglycerides, which are stored in fat cells. High triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or having diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, other diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk. It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the ""good"" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely. HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease.

Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL).

NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary and secondary prevention studies.

Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult.

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discolóration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction,



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Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal known as total protein, is a blochemical test for measuring the total amount or protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up or albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc

SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN-Causes of Increased levels

Pre renal

• High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal

 Renal Failure Post Renal

• Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism

Causes of decreased levels
• Liver disease

SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-

Higher than normal level may be due to: Blockage in the urinary tract

Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
 Loss of body fluid (dehydration)

Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers

• Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

Myasthenia Gravis

Muscular dystrophy

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels

Dietary

High Protein Intake.

• Prolonged Fasting,

 Rapid weight loss Gout

Lesch nyhan syndrome.

Type 2 DM.

Metabolic syndrome.

Causes of decreased levels

• Low Zinc Intake

OCP's

Multiple Sclerosis

Nutritional tips to manage increased Uric acid levels

· Drink plenty of fluids

· Limit animal proteins High Fibre foods

• Vit C Intake

· Antioxidant rich foods

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. ALBUMIN, SERUM-

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low



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blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUMSodium levels are Increased in dehydration, cushing's syndrome, aldosteronism & decreased in Addison's disease, hypopituitarism,liver disease. Hypokalemia (low K) is common in vomiting, diarrhea, alconolism, folic acid deficiency and primary aldosteronism. Hyperkalemia may be seen in end-stage renal failure, hemolysis, trauma, Addison's disease, metabolic acidosis, acute starvation, dehydration, and with rapid K infusion.Chloride is increased in dehydration, renal tubular acidosis (hyperchloremia metabolic acidosis), acute renal failure, metabolic acidosis associated with prolonged diarrhea and loss of sodium bicarbonate, diabetes insipidus, adrenocortical hyperfuction, salicylate intoxication and with excessive infusion of isotonic saline or extremely high dietary intake of salt. Chloride is decreased in overhydration, chronic respiratory acidosis, salt-losing nephritis, metabolic alkalosis, congestive heart failure, Addisonian crisis, certain types of metabolic acidosis, persistent gastric secretion and prolonged vomiting, THYROID PANEL, SERUM-

Triiodothyronine T3 , is a thyroid hormone. It affects almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Thyroxine T4, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low. Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3

TSH3G

TOTAL T4 (µg/dL) 6.6 - 12.4 6.6 - 15.5 Levels in TOTAL T3 (µIU/mL) (na/dL) Pregnancy 0.1 - 2.5 0.2 - 3.0 81 - 190 100 - 260 First Trimester 2nd Trimester 3rd Trimester 6.6 - 15.5 0.3 - 3.0 100 - 260

Below mentioned are the guidelines for age related reference ranges for T3 and T4.

T3 T4 (µg/dL) 1-3 day: 8.2 - 19.9 1 Week: 6.0 - 15.9 (ng/dL) New Born: 75 - 260

NOTE: TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group.

Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

- 1. Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R. Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition.
- 2. Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition
- 3. Behrman R.E. Kilegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition

STOOL: OVA & PARASITE-

Acute infective diarrhoea and gastroenteritis (diarrhoea with vomiting) are major causes of ill health and premature death in developing countries. Loss of water and electrolytes from the body can lead to severe dehydration which if untreated, can be rapidly fatal in young children, especially that are malnourished, hypoglycaemic, and generally in poor health

Laboratory diagnosis of parasitic infection is mainly based on microscopic examination and the gross examination of the stool specimen. Depending on the nature of the parasite, the microscopic observations include the identification of cysts, ova, trophozoites, larvae or portions of adult structure. The two classes of parasites that cause human infection are the Protozoa and Helminths. The protozoan infections include amoebiasis mainly caused by Entamoeba histolytica and giardiasis caused by Giardia lamblia. The common helminthic parasites are Trichuris trichiura, Ascaris lumbricoides, Strongyloides stercoralis, Taenia sp. etc ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

FITNESS STATUS-

Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's



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past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for . These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.
Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

- Fit (As per requested panel of tests) SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the
- specific test panel requested for.
 Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's • Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) - Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal
- the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.
- Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.











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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

* ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED

End Of Report

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession TEST MARKED WITH '*' ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

Dr M. Prasanthi Consultant Microbiologist Dr. Ravi Teja J Consultant Pathologist

CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING

- 1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
- 2. All Tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of services (DOS).
- 3. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
- 4. A requested test might not be performed if:
- a. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate specimen quality is unsatisfactory
 - b. Incorrect specimen type
- c. Request for testing is withdrawn by the ordering doctor
- d. There is a discrepancy between the label on the specimen container and the name on the test requisition form

- 5. The results of a laboratory test are dependent on the quality of the sample as well as the assay technology.
- 6. Result delays could be because of uncontrolled circumstances. e.g. assay run failure.
- 7. Tests parameters marked by asterisks are excluded from the "scope" of NABL accredited tests. (If laboratory is accredited).
- 8. Laboratory results should be correlated with clinical information to determine Final diagnosis.
- 9. Test results are not valid for Medico- legal purposes.
- 10. In case of queries or unexpected test results please call at SRL customer care (Toll free: 1800-222-000). Post proper investigation repeat analysis may be carried out.

SRL Limited

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