Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL **Patient Name** Lab No 416982

UHID 295777 **Collection Date** 

25/02/2023 5:05PM 25/02/2023 5:06PM Age/Gender 37 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date** Report Date

Referred By Dr. EHCC Consultant **Report Status** Final



25/02/2023 7:00PM

#### **HEMATOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	12.9	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	40.1	%	36.0 - 46.0
MCV	89.9	fl	82 - 92
MCH	28.9	pg	27 - 32
MCHC	32.2	g/dl	32 - 36
RBC COUNT	4.46	millions/cu.mm	3.80 - 4.80
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	5.79	10^3/ uL	4 - 10
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS	60.5	%	40 - 80
LYMPHOCYTE	34.0	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS	1.7	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES	3.3	%	2 - 10
BASOPHIL	0.5 L	%	1 - 2
PLATELET COUNT	3.32	lakh/cumm	1.50 - 4.50

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method: - Calculation bysysmex. MCH: - Method: - Calculation bysysmex.
MCHC: - Method: - Calculation bysysmex.

**IP/OP Location** 

Mobile No.

O-OPD

9414341009

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: -Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: -High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

 $\textbf{LYMPHOCYTS} : - \ \texttt{Method:} \ \texttt{Optical} \ \texttt{detectorblock} \ \texttt{based} \ \texttt{on} \ \texttt{Flowcytometry}$ 

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

**RESULT ENTERED BY: Mr. MAHENDRA KUMAR** 

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH **CONSULTANT & HOD** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY Dr. ASHISH SHARMA **CONSULTANT** MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Page: 1 Of 1

# **DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY**

UHID / IP NO	40000938 (862)	RISNo./Status:	4001100/
Patient Name:	Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL	Age/Gender:	37 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	25/02/2023 9:32AM/ OPSCR22-23/7	Scan Date:	
Report Date:	25/02/2023 2:03PM	Company Name:	Provisional

**REFERRAL REASON: - PACKAGE** 

#### 2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

#### **M MODE DIMENSIONS: -**

Normal Normal						Normal		
IVSD	12.0	6-12mm			LVIDS	27.5	20-40mm	
LVIDD	41.9		32-5	7mm		LVPWS	18.3	mm
LVPWD	11.6		6-12	2mm		AO	27.5	19-37mm
IVSS	18.8		m	ım		LA	23.2	19-40mm
LVEF	62-64		>5	5%		RA	-	mm
	<u>DOPPLEI</u>	R MEA	SUREN	IENTS & C	CAL	CULATIONS	<u>5:</u>	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	,	VELOC:	ITY (m/s)		GRADIENT		REGURGITATION
						(mmHg <u>)</u>		
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	0.96	e'				NIL
VALVE		A	0.70	E/e'		-		
TRICUSPID	NORMAL	E 0.65		_		NIL		
VALVE		A 0.45						
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.28					NIL	
VALVE					-			
PULMONARY VALVE	NORMAL		0.67			-		NIL

#### **COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -**

- NO RWMA, LVEF 62-64%
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTIONS
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS

DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE
CONSULTANT \$ INCHARGE
EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY AND WELLNESS CENTER.

Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL **Patient Name** Lab No 4001100 UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 9:41AM 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender 37 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 25/02/2023 4:13PM

Referred By Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA Report Status Final

**Mobile No.** 9414341009

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

 Test Name
 Result
 Unit
 Biological Ref. Range

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 Sample: Fl. Plasma

 BLOOD GLUCOSE FASTING
 88.5

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP ) Sample: PLASMA

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) 90.0 mg/dl Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl

Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH Sample: Serum

Т3	1.23	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690
T4	8.08	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00
TSH	1.412	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. NEETU SHARMA

Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

Patient Name	Mrs. Karishma Khandelwal	Lab No	4001100
UHID	40000938	Collection Date	25/02/2023 9:41AM
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	37 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	25/02/2023 10:03AM
	O-OPD	Report Date	25/02/2023 4:13PM
Referred By	Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9414341009		

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in thediagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages ofhyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

1.4 L

18.5

Interpretation: - The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)				Sample: Serum
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.83	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.52	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00	
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.31	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40	
SGOT	23.9	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
SGPT	14.8	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.21	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7	
ALBUMIN	4.24	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2	
GLOBULIN	3.0		1.8 - 3.6	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	78.2	U/L	42 - 98	

Ratio

U/L

1.5 - 2.5

6.0 - 38.0

**RESULT ENTERED BY: Dr. NEETU SHARMA** Os garrie

Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

A/G RATIO

**GGTP** 

**Patient Name** Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL Lab No 4001100 UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 9:41AM 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 37 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 25/02/2023 4:13PM

Referred By Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA Report Status Final

Mobile No. 9414341009

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

**BILIRUBIN TOTAL** :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS: - Method: Bivret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder.

ALBUMIN: - Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: - Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE: - Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

#### LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	150		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	40.6		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	111.1		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	16	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	81.9		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	3.7	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. NEETU SHARMA

Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL **Patient Name** Lab No 4001100 UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 9:41AM 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 37 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 25/02/2023 4:13PM

**Referred By** Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9414341009

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation: -HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver.
CHOLESTEROL VLDL: - Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation: -High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

**RENAL PROFILE TEST** Sample: Serum

UREA	7.3 L	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	3.4 L	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.85	mg/dl	0.50 - 0.90
SODIUM	143.4	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.65	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	105.2	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	2.86	mg/dl	2.6 - 6.0
CALCIUM	9.47	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

**RESULT ENTERED BY: Dr. NEETU SHARMA** Os garrie

Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

**Patient Name** Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL Lab No 4001100 UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 9:41AM 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 37 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 25/02/2023 4:13PM

Referred By Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA Report Status Final

**Mobile No.** 9414341009

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease.

URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake and kidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL: - Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usually associated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also be observed in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

HBA1C 5.5 % < 5.7% Nondiabetic

5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes

Known Diabetic Patients
< 7 % Excellent Control
7 - 8 % Good Control
> 8 % Poor Control

Method: - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. NEETU SHARMA

Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL Lab No **Patient Name** 4001100 25/02/2023 9:41AM UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 37 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 25/02/2023 4:13PM **Referred By** Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA Final

**Report Status** 

Mobile No. 9414341009

#### **BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION**

Unit **Biological Ref. Range Test Name** Result

**BLOOD GROUPING** "O" Rh Positive

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

**RESULT ENTERED BY: Dr. NEETU SHARMA** Os garrie

Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

**Patient Name** Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL Lab No 4001100 UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 9:41AM 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 37 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 25/02/2023 4:13PM **Referred By** Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA **Report Status** Final

**Mobile No.** 9414341009

#### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

**Test Name** Result Unit **Biological Ref. Range URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)** Sample: Urine URINE SUGAR (RANDOM) **NEGATIVE ROUTINE EXAMINATION - URINE** Sample: Urine **PHYSICAL EXAMINATION** VOLUME 20 ml P YELLOW COLOUR PALE YELLOW **APPEARANCE** CLEAR CLEAR **CHEMICAL EXAMINATION** РΗ 7.5 H 5.5 - 7.0 SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.000 1.016-1.022 NEGATIVE **PROTEIN NEGATIVE** NEGATIVE **SUGAR NEGATIVE NEGATIVE BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE** BLOOD **NEGATIVE NEGATIVE KETONES NEGATIVE** NITRITE **NEGATIVE NEGATIVE** NEGATIVE **UROBILINOGEN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE LEUCOCYTE NEGATIVE** MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION WBCS/HPF 1-2 /hpf 0 - 3 RBCS/HPF 0-0 0 - 2 /hpf **EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF** 8-10 0 - 1 /hpf CASTS NIL NIL CRYSTALS NIL NIL NIL **BACTERIA** NIL **OHTERS** NIL NIL

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. NEETU SHARMA

Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL **Patient Name** Lab No 4001100 UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 9:41AM 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender 37 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 25/02/2023 4:13PM

Referred By Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA Report Status Final

**Mobile No.** 9414341009

#### Methodology:-

Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. NEETU SHARMA

Patient Name Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL Lab No 4001100 25/02/2023 9:41AM UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 37 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 25/02/2023 4:13PM

**Referred By** Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9414341009

#### **HEMATOLOGY**

Unit **Biological Ref. Range Test Name** Result

**ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)** 15 mm/1st hr 0 - 15

Method:-Modified Westergrens.
Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

**RESULT ENTERED BY: Dr. NEETU SHARMA** Os garrie

Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL **Patient Name** Lab No 4001100 UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 9:41AM 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender 37 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date** Report Date O-OPD 25/02/2023 4:13PM IP/OP Location **Referred By** Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9414341009

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

### **USG REPORT - ABDOMEN AND PELVIS**

#### LIVER:

Is normal in size (142 mm) and shows diffuse increased echogenicity. No obvious focal lesion seen. No intra - Hepaticbiliary radical dilatation seen.

#### GALL BLADDER:

Adequately distended with no obvious wall thickening/pericholecystic fat stranding/fluid. No obvious calculus/polyp/mass seen within.

### **PANCREAS:**

Appears normal in size and it shows uniform echotexture.

#### SPLEEN:

Is normal in size and shows uniform echogenicity. It measures 96 mm in long axis.

### **RIGHT KIDNEY:**

Right kidney measures 95 x 52 mm.

The shape, size and contour of the right kidney appear normal.

Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

#### LEFTKIDNEY:

Left kidney measures 101 x 61 mm.

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. NEETU SHARMA

**Patient Name** Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL Lab No 4001100 UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 9:41AM 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender 37 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date** Report Date O-OPD 25/02/2023 4:13PM IP/OP Location **Referred By** Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9414341009

The shape, size and contour of the left kidney appear normal.

Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

## **BLADDER:**

Is normal contour. No intra luminal echoes are seen.

#### **UTERUS:**

Uterus measures 27 x 56 x 79 mm; anteverted.

Endometrial thickness measures 3.1 mm.

No focal lesion noted.

### **OVARIES:**

Both ovaries are bulky in size and shows multiple (8-10) peripherally arranged small follicles in both ovaries with increased echogenicity.

Right ovary measures 36 x 46 x17 mm; 15 cc volume.

Left ovary measures 36 x 35 x 21 mm; 14 cc volume.

#### **RIGHT ILIAC FOSSA:**

No focal fluid collections seen.

#### IMPRESSION:

Diffuse grade 1 fatty infiltration of liver

Bilateral polycystic ovarian morphology - Clinical and lab correlation is recommended.

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. NEETU SHARMA

**Patient Name** Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL Lab No 4001100 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 9:41AM UHID 40000938 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 37 Yrs/Female **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 25/02/2023 4:13PM **Referred By** Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9414341009

USG

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. NEETU SHARMA

Dr. RENU JADIYA MBBS, DNB RADIOLOGIST

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**Patient Name** Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL Lab No 4001100 UHID 40000938 **Collection Date** 25/02/2023 9:41AM 25/02/2023 10:03AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 37 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 25/02/2023 4:13PM **Referred By** Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA **Report Status** Final

X Ray

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

### X-RAY - CHEST PA VIEW

#### **OBSERVATION:**

Mobile No.

The trachea is central.

The mediastinal and cardiac silhouette are normal.

9414341009

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Cardiophrenic and costophrenic angles are normal.

Both hila are normal.

The lung fields are clear.

Bones of the thoracic cage are normal.

Soft tissues of the chest wall are normal.

### **IMPRESSION:**

No significant abnormality seen.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. NEETU SHARMA

Dr. RENU JADIYA MBBS, DNB RADIOLOGIST

Page: 13 Of 13

			U
Patient Name	Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL	Lab No	4001100
UHID	40000938	Sample Date	25/02/2023 12:49PM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Female	Report Date	25/02/2023 2:36PM
Prescribed By	Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA	Bed No / Ward	OPD
Referred By	Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA	Report Status	Final
Company	Mediwheel		

## CYTOLOGY

Type of Specimen	Pap smear (Conventional)
No. of smears examined	Two
	Satisfactory for evaluation
Adequacy	Adequate
Endocervical Cells	Endocervical cell clusters seen
Inflammation	Mild
Organisms	Lactobacilli seen
Epithelial cell abnormality	Not seen
Others	
Impression	Negative for Intraepithelial lesion / Malignancy

Note: Test marked as \* are not accredited by NABL

Bethesda 2014

DR. MUDITA SHARMA MBBS|MD|PATHOLOGY

-----\*\* End Of Report \*\*------

Patient Name	Mrs. KARISHMA KHANDELWAL	Lab No	4001100
UHID	40000938	Sample Date	25/02/2023 12:49PM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Female	Report Date	25/02/2023 2:36PM
Prescribed By	Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA	Bed No / Ward	OPD
Referred By	Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA	Report Status	Final
Company	Mediwheel		

**CYTOLOGY** 

Dr. MUDITA SHARMA MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY