Patient Name	: Mr. ANUJ YADAV	Age/Sex	: 21 Year(s) / Male
UHID	: SHHM.107886	Order Date	: 15/10/2024 09:53
Episode	: OP		
Ref. Doctor	: self	Mobile No	: 8446077568
		DOB	: 23/05/2003
		Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
			MUMBAI

Blood Bank

Test Name			Result				
Sample No :	O0366121A	Collection Date :	15/10/24 10:10	Ack Date :	15/10/2024 11:40	Report Date :	15/10/24 12:38
BLOOD GROUPING/ CROSS-MATCHING BY SEMI AUTOMATION.							
BLOOD GRO	oup (ABO)		',	λ '			

POSITIVE

REMARK: THE REPORTED RESULTS PERTAIN TO THE SAMPLE RECEIVED AT THE BLOOD CENTRE.

Interpretation:

Rh Type

Method - Column Agglutination

Blood typing is used to determine an individual's blood group, to establish whether a person is blood group A, B, AB, or O and whether he or she is Rh positive or Rh negative. Blood typing has the following significance,

• Ensure compatibility between the blood type of a person who requires a transfusion of blood or blood components and the ABO and Rh type of the unit of blood that will be transfused.

• Determine compatibility between a pregnant woman and her developing baby (fetus). Rh typing is especially

important during pregnancy because a mother and her fetus could be incompatible.

• Determine the blood group of potential blood donors at a collection facility.

• Determine the blood group of potential donors and recipients of organs, tissues, or bone marrow, as part of a workup for a transplant procedure.

· Cross-matching test is done to assess compatibility of donor red cells to the patient.

End of Report

Dr.Pooja Vinod Mishra MD Pathology Jr Consultant Pathologist, MMC Reg No. 2017052191 RegNo: 2017/05/2191



Patient Name	: Mr. ANUJ YADAV	Age/Sex	: 21 Year(s) / Male
UHID	: SHHM.107886	Order Date	: 15/10/2024 09:53
Episode	: OP		
Ref. Doctor	: self	Mobile No	: 8446077568
		DOB	: 23/05/2003
		Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
			MUMBAI

HAEMATOLOGY

st Name		Result		Unit	Bio	logical Reference Interva
Sample No: 00366121A	Collection Date :	15/10/24 10:10	Ack Date : 15/	10/2024 10:37	Report Date :	15/10/24 11:00
COMPLETE BLOOD CO	UNT (CBC) - EDTA	WHOLE BLOOD				
Total WBC Count		5.74			x10^3/ul	4.00 - 10.00
Neutrophils		62.6			%	40.00 - 80.00
Lymphocytes		22.4			%	20.00 - 40.00
Eosinophils		6.9	(H)		%	1.00 - 6.00
Monocytes		8.0	. ,		%	2.00 - 10.00
Basophils		0.1 •	7 (L)		%	1.00 - 2.00
Absolute Neutrophil Cour	nt	3.59			x10^3/ul	2.00 - 7.00
Absolute Lymphocyte Co	unt	1.29			x10^3/ul	0.80 - 4.00
Absolute Eosinophil Cour	it	0.40			x10^3/ul	0.02 - 0.50
Absolute Monocyte Coun	t	0.46			x10^3/ul	0.12 - 1.20
Absolute Basophil Count		0.00			x10^3/ul	0.00 - 0.10
RBCs		4.85			x10^6/ul	4.50 - 5.50
Hemoglobin		15.2			gm/dl	13.00 - 17.00
Hematocrit		44.1			%	35.00 - 45.00
MCV		90.9			fl	83.00 - 101.00
МСН		31.4			pg	27.00 - 32.00
МСНС		34.5			gm/dl	31.50 - 34.50
		5.7			ginjui	51.50 51.50



Patient Name	atient Name : Mr. ANUJ YADAV			21 Year(s) / Male		
UHID	: SHHM.107886		Order Date	: 15/10/2	024 09:53	
Episode	: OP					
Ref. Doctor	: self		Mobile No	: 8446072	7568	
			DOB	: 23/05/2	003	
			Facility	: SEVENH MUMBA	IILLS HOSPITAL, I	
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH-CV (RDW-CV)		12.4		%	11.00 - 16.00	
RED CELL DIS	TRIBUTION WIDTH-SD (RDW-SD)	40.8		fl	35.00 - 56.00	
Platelet		214		x10^3/ul	150.00 - 410.00	
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)		12.5		fl	6.78 - 13.46	
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)		16.2		%	9.00 - 17.00	
PLATELETCRIT	(PCT)	0.267		%	0.11 - 0.28	

Method:-

HB Colorimetric Method. RBC/PLT Electrical Impedance Method. WBC data Flow Cytometry by Laser Method. MCV,MCH,MCHC,RDW and rest parameters - Calculated. All Abnormal Haemograms are reviewed confirmed microscopically.

NOTE: Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Ed, Editors: Rao LV. 2021

NOTE :-

The International Council for Standardization in Haematology (ICSH) recommends reporting of absolute counts of various WBC subsets for clinical decision making. This test has been performed on a fully automated 5 part differential cell counter which counts over 10,000 WBCs to derive differential counts. A complete blood count is a blood panel that gives information about the cells in a patient's blood, such as the cell count for each cell type and the concentrations of Hemoglobin and platelets. The cells that circulate in the bloodstream are generally divided into three types: white blood cells (leukocytes), red blood cells (erythrocytes), and platelets (thrombocytes). Abnormally high or low counts may be physiological or may indicate disease conditions, and hence need to be interpreted clinically.

Dr.Ritesh Kharche MD, PGD-HM Consultant Pathologist and Director of Laboratory Services RegNo: 2006/03/1680 End of Report



1

Patient Name	: Mr. ANUJ YADAV	Age/Sex :21	Year(s) / Male
UHID	: SHHM.107886	Order Date : 15,	/10/2024 09:53
Episode	: OP		
Ref. Doctor	: self	Mobile No :84	46077568
		DOB : 23,	/05/2003
			VENHILLS HOSPITAL, IMBAI





Patient Name	: Mr. ANUJ YADAV	Age/Sex	: 21 Year(s) / Male
UHID	: SHHM.107886	Order Date	: 15/10/2024 09:53
Episode	: OP		
Ref. Doctor	: self	Mobile No	: 8446077568
		DOB	: 23/05/2003
		Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
			MUMBAI

HAEMATOLOGY

			Unit Biological Reference Inte		
Sample No : 00366121A Collection Date : 15	.5/10/24 10:10	0 Ack Date :	15/10/2024 10:37	Report Date :	15/10/24 12:51
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR	<u>R)</u>				
ESR	3	3		mm/hr	0 - 20

Method: Westergren Method

INTERPRETATION :-

ESR is a non-specific phenomenon, its measurement is clinically useful in disorders associated with an increased production of acute-phase proteins. It provides an index of progress of the disease in rheumatoid arthritis or tuberculosis, and it is of considerable value in diagnosis of temporal arteritis and polymyalgia rheumatica. It is often used if multiple myeloma is suspected, but when the myeloma is non-secretory or light chain, a normal ESR does not exclude this diagnosis.

An elevated ESR may occur as an early feature in myocardial infarction. Although a normal ESR cannot be taken to exclude the presence of organic disease, the vast majority of acute or chronic infections and most neoplastic and degenerative diseases are associated with changes in the plasma proteins that increased ESR values.

The ESR is influenced by age, stage of the menstrual cycle and medications taken (corticosteroids, contraceptive pills). It is especially low (0–1 mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenaemia and congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis, or sickle cells. In cases of performance enhancing drug intake by athletes the ESR values are generally lower than the usual value for the individual and as a result of the increase in haemoglobin (i.e. the effect of secondary polycythaemia).



End of Report

Dr.Nipa Dhorda MD Pathologist RegNo: 91821

1

Patient Name	: Mr. ANUJ YADAV	Age/Sex :21 Year(s) / Male	
UHID	: SHHM.107886	Order Date : 15/10/2024 09:53	
Episode	: OP		
Ref. Doctor	: self	Mobile No : 8446077568	
		DOB : 23/05/2003	
		Facility: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,MUMBAI	



Patient Name	: Mr. ANUJ YADAV	Age/Sex	: 21 Year(s) / Male
UHID	: SHHM.107886	Order Date	: 15/10/2024 09:53
Episode	: OP		
Ref. Doctor	: self	Mobile No	: 8446077568
		DOB	: 23/05/2003
		Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
			MUMBAI

Biochemistry

Test Name			Resu	lt	Unit	Bio	logical Reference Interval
Sample No :	O0366121B	Collection Date :	15/10/24 10	:10 Ack Date :	15/10/2024 10:37	Report Date :	15/10/24 23:53
Blood Suga	ar FBS						
FBS Method - Hexo	kinase			93.69		mg/dl	70 - 100
GLUCOSE-	PLASMA POST	PRANDIAL					

American Diabetes Association Reference Range :

FASTING:-Normal : < 100 mg/dl Impaired fasting glucose(Prediabetes) : 100 - 126 mg/dl Diabetes : >= 126 mg/dl

Post-Prandial Blood Glucose: Non- Diabetic: Up to 140mg/dL Pre-Diabetic: 140-199 mg/dL Diabetic :>200 mg/dL

References:

Pack Insert of Bio system
 Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018

Interpretation :-

Conditions that can result in an elevated blood glucose level include: Acromegaly, Acute stress (response to trauma, heart attack, and stroke for instance), Chronic kidney disease, Cushing syndrome, Excessive consumption of food, Hyperthyroidism, Pancreatitis.

A low level of glucose may indicate hypoglycemia, a condition characterized by a drop in blood glucose to a level where first it causes nervous system symptoms (sweating, palpitations, hunger, trembling, and anxiety), then begins to affect the brain (causing confusion, hallucinations, blurred vision, and sometimes even coma and death). A low blood glucose level (hypoglycemia) may be

seen with:Adrenal insufficiency, Drinking excessive alcohol, Severe liver disease, Hypopituitarism, Hypothyroidism, Severe infections, Severe heart failure, Chronic kidney (renal) failure, Insulin overdose, Tumors that produce insulin (insulinomas), Starvation.

Sample No :	O0366121C	Collection Date :	15/10/24 10:10	Ack Date :	15/10/2024 10:37	Report Date :	15/10/24 11:19



itient Name : Mr. ANUJ YADAV iID : SHHM.107886 isode : OP if. Doctor : self		Age/Sex Order Date	: 21 Year(s) / Male : 15/10/2024 09:53		
		Mobile No DOB Facility	: 8446077568 : 23/05/2003 : SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL, MUMBAI		
ALT(SGPT) - SERUM					
SGPT (Alanine Transaminase) - SERUM Method - IFCC	23.31		IU/L	0 - 45	
References : 1)Pack Insert of Bio system 2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecula	ar Diagnostics, 6th E	Ed, Editors: Rifai e	et al. 2018		
Total Bilirubin - SERUM Method - Diazo	0.43		mg/dl	0 - 2	
Direct Bilirubin SERUM Method - Diazotization	0.22		mg/dl	0 - 0.4	
Indirect Bilirubin - Calculated Method - Calculated	0.21		mg/dl	0.1 - 0.8	
BUN-SERUM					
Urea - SERUM Method - Urease	17.51		mg/dl	15 - 39	
BUN - SERUM Method - Urease-GLDH	8.18		mg/dl	4 - 18	
References: 1)Pack Insert of Bio system 2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular	Diagnostics, 6th Ed	d, Editors: Rifai et	al. 2018		
CREATININE-SERUM					
Creatinine - SERUM Method - Jaffes Kinetic	0.76		mg/dl	0.5 - 1.3	
References: 1)Pack Insert of Bio system 2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular	Diagnostics, 6th Ed	d, Editors: Rifai et	al. 2018		

Notes :-

Creatinine is a chemical waste molecule that is generated from muscle metabolism.Creatinine is produced from creatine, a molecule of major importance for energy production in muscles.Approximataly 1-2% of the body's creatine is converted to creatinine every day. Creatinine is transported through the bloodstream to the kidneys. The kidneys filter out host of the creatinine and dispose of it in the urine.The kidneys maintain the blood creatinine in a normal ranges. Creatinine has been found to be a fairly reliable indicator of kidney function.



- End of Report -



Patient Name	: Mr. ANUJ YADAV	Age/Sex: 21 Year(s) / Male
UHID	: SHHM.107886	Order Date : 15/10/2024 09:53
Episode	: OP	
Ref. Doctor	: self	Mobile No : 8446077568
		DOB : 23/05/2003
		Facility : SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
		MUMBAI

Dr.Ritesh Kharche MD, PGD-HM

Consultant Pathologist and Director of Laboratory Services RegNo: 2006/03/1680





Patient Name	: Mr. ANUJ YADAV	Age/Sex	21 Year(s) / Male
UHID	: SHHM.107886	Order Date	: 15/10/2024 09:53
Episode	: OP		
Ref. Doctor	: self	Mobile No	: 8446077568
		DOB	: 23/05/2003
		Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
			MUMBAI

Urinalysis

est Name		Resul	t	Unit	Bio	logical Reference Interva
Sample No: 00366121D	Collection Date :	15/10/24 10:	10 Ack Date :	15/10/2024 10:37	Report Date :	15/10/24 14:48
Physical Examination						
QUANTITY			20		ml	
Colour			Pale Yellow			
Appearance			Clear			
DEPOSIT			Absent			Absent
рН			Acidic			
Specific Gravity			1.015			
Chemical Examination						
Protein			Absent			Absent
Glucose			Absent			
ketones			Absent			
Blood			NEGATIVE			Negative
Bilirubin			Negative			
Urobilinogen			Normal			Normal
NITRITE			Absent			Absent
LEUKOCYTES			Absent			
Microscopic Examination	1					
Pus cells			OCCASIONAL		/HPF	
Epithelial Cells			OCCASIONAL		/HPF	

Patient Name : Mr. ANUJ YADAV		Age/Sex	Age/Sex : 21 Year(s) / Male	
UHID : SHHM.107886		Order Date	te : 15/10/2024 09:53	
Episode	: OP			
Ref. Doctor	: self	Mobile No	: 844602	77568
		DOB	: 23/05/	2003
		Facility	: SEVEN MUMB	HILLS HOSPITAL, AI
RBC		Absent	/HPF	Absent
Cast		Absent	/LPF	
Crystal		calcium oxalate present	/HPF	
Amorphous Ma	iterials	Absent		
Yeast		Absent		
Bacteria		Absent		

Aller

Dr.Ritesh Kharche MD, PGD-HM Consultant Pathologist and Director of Laboratory Services RegNo: 2006/03/1680



Patient Name Aqe/Sex UHID	: Mr. ANUJ YADAV : 21 Year(s)/Male : SHHM.107886	Order Date Report Date	 15/10/2024 09:53 16/10/2024 15:15
Ref. Doctor	: self	Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
Address	 104 NAGESHWAR APT, NALASOPARA,Mumbai, Maharashtra, 401209 	Mobile	MUMBAI : 8446077568

DIAGNOSTICS REPORT

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lungs are clear.

The frontal cardiac dimensions are normal.

The pleural spaces are clear.

Both hilar shadows are normal in position and density.

No diaphragmatic abnormality is seen.

The soft tissues and bony thorax are normal.

IMPRESSION: No pleuroparenchymal lesion is seen.

Dr.Bhujang Pai MBBS,MD

Consultant RegNo: 49380



Arcofemi Healthcare Pvt Ltd

(Formerly known as Arcofemi Healthcare Ltd) F-701A, Lado Sarai, Mehrauli, New Delhi - 110030 Email: wellness@mediwheel.in, Website: www.mediwheel.in Tel: +91-11-41195959, Fax: +91-11-29523020 CIN: U24240DL2011PTC216307

MEDICAL FITNESS CERTIFICATE

(To be signed by a registered medical practitioner holding a Medical degree)

This is to certify that <u>Mr.Anuj Yadav</u> aged,<u>21yr</u>.Based on the examination, I certify that he is in good dental and physical health and it is free from any physical defects such as deafness, color blindness, and any chronic or contagious diseases.

Place: Mumbai

Date: 15/10/2024

Kumar AN NIE Name & Signature of

Medical officer