Patient Name UHID	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR M 40009746	UDGAL		Lab No Collection Date	4021579 27/01/2024 11:2	20AM	
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male			<b>Receiving Date</b>	27/01/2024 11:2	24 11:22AM	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD		Report Date		27/01/2024 4:5	1PM	
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT			Report Status	Final		
Mobile No.	7665040226						
			BIOCHEMIST	RY			
Test Name		Result	Unit	Biologi	cal Ref. Range		
BLOOD GLUCOSE (F	ASTING)					Sample: Fl. Plasma	
BLOOD GLUCOSE (F	ASTING)	100.9	mg/dl	74 - 106			
Method: Hexokinas	e assay.						

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP )				Sample: PLASMA
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP )	95.6	mg/dl	Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl	

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH				Sample: Serum
ТЗ	1.680	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
Τ4	9.70	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
TSH	1.38	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05	

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

AldrinayVerna

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL	Lab No	4021579
UHID	40009746	Collection Date	27/01/2024 11:20AM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	27/01/2024 11:22AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	27/01/2024 4:51PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7665040226		

### BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in theconcentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater oppositechanges in the TSH levels.

#### LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)

BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.94	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.68	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.26	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40
SGOT	24.5	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT	23.2	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.5	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	5.2	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	2.3		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	104.6	U/L	53 - 128
A/G RATIO	2.3	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	24.6	U/L	10.0 - 55.0

RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA



#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

Patient Name	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL	Lab No	4021579
UHID	40009746	Collection Date	27/01/2024 11:20AM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	27/01/2024 11:22AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	27/01/2024 4:51PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7665040226		

#### BIOCHEMISTRY

**BILIRUBIN TOTAL** :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

**SGPT - ALT** :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status. ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

#### LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	177		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	33.9		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	113.4		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	30	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	148.9		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	5.2	%	

#### **RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA**

AlbrinayVan

#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL 40009746	Lab No Collection Date	4021579 27/01/2024 11:20AM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	27/01/2024 11:22AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	27/01/2024 4:51PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7665040226		

#### BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease.

LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation:-High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

UREA	12.3 L	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	5.7 L	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.84	mg/dl	0.60 - 1.10
SODIUM	138.2	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.69	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	103.4	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	6.2	mg/dl	3.5 - 7.2
CALCIUM	10.28	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

AlbrinayVan

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

Patient Name	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL	Lab No	4021579
UHID	40009746	Collection Date	27/01/2024 11:20AM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	27/01/2024 11:22AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	27/01/2024 4:51PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7665040226		

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM: - Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation: -Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the

kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption. POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure. CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

Patient Name UHID	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL 40009746	Lab No Collection Date	4021579 27/01/2024 11:20AM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	27/01/2024 11:22AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	27/01/2024 4:51PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7665040226		

### **BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
BLOOD GROUPING	"A" Rh Positive		

Note :

Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

AldrinayVerna

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL 40009746	Lab No Collection Date	4021579 27/01/2024 11:20AM	
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	27/01/2024 11:22AM	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	27/01/2024 4:51PM	
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final	
Mobile No.	7665040226			

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	20	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
РН	6.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.030		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	0-1	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	0-1	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

### **RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA**



#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL	Lab No	4021579
UHID	40009746	Collection Date	27/01/2024 11:20AM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date Report Date	27/01/2024 11:22AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Status	27/01/2024 4:51PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT		Final
Mobile No.	7665040226		

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

BACTERIA	NIL	NIL
OHTERS	NIL	NIL

Methodology:-

Methodology:-Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

AlunayVerna

**Dr. ABHINAY VERMA** 

Patient Name	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL	Lab No	4021579
UHID	40009746	Collection Date	27/01/2024 11:20AM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	27/01/2024 11:22AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	27/01/2024 4:51PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7665040226		

### HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ran	ige
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	14.7	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	45.4	%	40.0 - 50.0	
MCV	98.3 H	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	31.8	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	32.4	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.62	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	5.75	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	59.0	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	28.3	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	6.1 H	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	5.6	%	2 - 10	
BASOPHIL	1.0	%	1 - 2	
PLATELET COUNT	2.52	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia,High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WEC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry.Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

**NEUTROPHILS** :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

05

mm/1st hr 0 - 15

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

AlerinaryVan

#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL 40009746	Lab No Collection Date	4021579 27/01/2024 11:20AM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	27/01/2024 11:22AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	27/01/2024 4:51PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7665040226		

Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

Patient Name	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL	Lab No	4021579	
UHID	40009746	Collection Date	27/01/2024 11:20AM	
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	27/01/2024 11:22AM	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	27/01/2024 4:51PM	
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final	
Mobile No.	7665040226			
X Ray				

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

### X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both CP angles are clear.

Both hemi-diaphragms arenormal in shape and outlines.

Cardiac shadow is withinnormal limits.

Visualized bony thorax isunremarkable.

Correlateclinically & with other related investigations.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

Rendered

Dr. RENU JADIYA MBBS, DNB RADIOLOGIST

Patient Name	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL	Lab No	614472	अग्रामोधन एकार्य
UHID	336789	Collection Date	27/01/2024 1:01PM	
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	27/01/2024 1:08PM	HIRT -
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	27/01/2024 1:27PM	MC-2561
Referred By	Dr. EHCC Consultant	Report Status	Final	W02501
Mobile No.	9773349797			
BIOCHEMISTRY				

#### BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HBA1C	6.1	%	< 5.7% Nondiabetic 5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes
			Known Diabetic Patients < 7 % Excellent Control 7 - 8 % Good Control
			>8 % Poor Control

Method : - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbAlC and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. PANKAJ SHUKLA** 

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH **CONSULTANT & HOD** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY



Dr. ASHISH SHARMA **CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY

Page: 1 Of 1

# **DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS**

UHID / IP NO	40009746 (2134)	<b>RISNo./Status :</b>	4021579/
Patient Name :	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL	Age/Gender :	37 Y/M
<b>Referred By :</b>	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	27/01/2024 10:14AM/ OPSCR23- 24/11776	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	27/01/2024 12:25PM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

### ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver:	Normal in size & shows increased in parenchymal echotexture. No obvious
	significant focal parenchymal mass lesion noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not
	dilated. Portal vein is normal.
Gall Bladder:	Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.
Pancreas:	Normal in size & echotexture.
Spleen:	Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.
<b>Right Kidney:</b>	Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary
	differentiation is maintained. No obstructive calculus seen. Dilated pelvicalyceal
	system seen.
Left Kidney:	Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary
	differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or
	obstructive calculus noted.
Urinary Bladder:	Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall
	thickness is normal.
Prostate:	Is normal in size and echotexture.
Others:	No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity.
IMPRESSION: USG	findings are suggestive of
	lt

- Mild fatty liver.
- Dilated right pelvicalyceal system likely PUJ obstruction.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

Jon

DR. APOORVA JETWANI Incharge & Senior Consultant Radiology MBBS, DMRD, DNB Reg. No. 26466, 16307

# **DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY**

UHID / IP NO	40009746 (2134)	<b>RISNo./Status :</b>	4021579/
Patient Name :	Mr. PRAMOD KUMAR MUDGAL	Age/Gender :	37 Y/M
<b>Referred By :</b>	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	27/01/2024 10:14AM/ OPSCR23- 24/11776	Scan Date :	
<b>Report Date :</b>	27/01/2024 1:08PM	Company Name:	Provisional

### **REFERRAL REASON: ROUTINE CHECK-UP**

#### **2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER**

### **M MODE DIMENSIONS: -**

			No	rmal				Normal		
IVSD	08	6-12mm			LVIDS	31	20-40mm			
LVIDD	39	32-57mm			LVPWS	12	mm			
LVPWD	08	6-12mm			AO	22	19-37mm			
IVSS	13	mm			LA	31	19-40mm			
LVEF	60-62	>55%		RA	-	mm				
DOPPLER MEASUREMENTS & CALCULATIONS:										
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)			GRADIENT		REGURGITATION			
					(mmHg <u>)</u>					
MITRAL	NORMAL	Ε	1.20	e'	-	-		NIL		
VALVE		Α	0.80	E/e'	-					
TRICUSPID	NORMAL	E		1.10		-		NIL		
VALVE				1	()					
		Α		1.60						
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.23			-		NIL			
VALVE										
PULMONARY	NORMAL	1.00					NIL			
VALVE					-					

#### **COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -**

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

#### **IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS**

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY DR ROOPAM SHARMA MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE CONSULTANT & INCHARGE EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY AND WELLNESS CENTRE