

Patient Name	: MRS ABHA SINHA	CPL23/28952
Age/Gender	: 31 Yrs/Female	Registration Date : 09/12/2023 07:45 PM
Ref. Dr.	: SELF	Collection Date : 09/12/2023 07:48 PM
Center	: AP98	Report Date : 09/12/2023 09:40 PM



HAEMATOLOGY REPORT

Laboratory Report

Test Descrip	otion	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Ranges
HbA1c Glycos	silated Haemoglobin	5.7	%	Non-diabetic: <= 6.0 Pre-diabetic: 6.0-7.0 Diabetic: >= 7.0
	erage Glucose : nge (Average Blood Suga	117 ar):	mg/dL	
Excellent control	: 90 - 120 mg/dl			
Good control	: 121 - 150 mg/dl			

Action suggested	: 181 - 210 mg/dl

: 151 - 180 mg/dl

Panic value :> 211 mg/dl

Average control

Interpretation & Remark:

1. HbA1c is used for monitoring diabetic control. It reflects the estimated average glucose (eAG).

2. HbA1c has been endorsed by clinical groups & ADA (American Diabetes Association) guidelines 2017, for diagnosis of diabetes using a cut-off point of 6.5%.

3. Trends in HbA1c are a better indicator of diabetic control than a solitary test.

4. Low glycated haemoglobin(below 4%) in a non-diabetic individual are often associated with systemic inflammatory diseases, chronic anaemia(especially severe iron deficiency & haemolytic), chronic renal failure and liver diseases. Clinical correlation suggested.

5. To estimate the eAG from the HbA1C value, the following equation is used: eAG(mg/dl) = 28.7*A1c-46.7

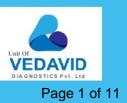
6. Interference of Haemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation.

- A. For HbF > 25%, an alternate platform (Fructosamine) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
- B. Homozygous hemoglobinopathy is detected, fructosamine is recommended for monitoring diabetic status
- C. Heterozygous state detected (D10/ turbo is corrected for HbS and HbC trait).

7. In known diabetic patients, following values can be considered as a tool for monitoring the glycemic control. Excellent Control - 6 to 7 %, Fair to Good Control - 7 to 8 %, Unsatisfactory Control - 8 to 10 % and Poor Control - More than 10 %.



Dr. Sushil Kumar Sharma M.D (Pathology) **Consultant Pathologist**





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HAEMATOLOGY REPORT

Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Ranges

BLOOD GROUP AND RH FACTOR

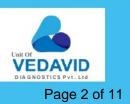
ABO Type Rh Factor

POSITIVE(+VE)

В

Citi Colored C





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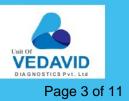


BIOCHEMISTRY REPORT					
Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Ranges		
RENAL FUNCTION TEST (RFT)					
Blood Urea	27.6	mg/dl	15 - 50		
Serum Creatinine	0.88	mg/dl	0.6 - 1.5		
eGFR	88	ml/min			
Blood Urea Nitrogen-BUN	12.90	mg/dl	7 - 20		
Serum Sodium	137.2	mmol/L	135 - 150		
Serum Potassium	4.29	mmol/L	3.5 - 5.0		
Chloride	97.3	mmol/L	94.0 - <mark>110</mark> .0		
Uric Acid	5.1	mg/dl	2.6 - 6.0		
NOTE : Please correlate with clinical conditions.					





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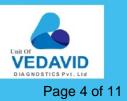
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BIOCHEMISTRY REPORT				
Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Ranges	
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (LFT)				
TOTAL BILIRUBIN	0.66	mg/dl	0 - 1.2	
DIRECT BILIRUBIN	0.21	mg/dL	0 - 0.3	
INDIRECT BILIRUBIN	0.45	mg/dl	0.1 - 0.8	
SGOT (AST)	19.3	U/L	0 - 35	
SGPT (ALT)	17.2	U/L	0 - 45	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	79.6	U/L	64 - 147	
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE	17.2	IU/L	12 - 43	
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.32	g/dl	6.4 - 8.3	
SERUM ALBUMIN	4.21	g/dl	3.2 - 5.2	
SERUM GLOBULIN	3.11	g/dl	1.8 - 3.6	
A/G RATIO	1.35		1.2 - 2.2	
NOTE : Please correlate with clinic	al conditions.			





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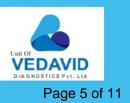
BIOCHEMISTRY REPORT			
Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Ranges
Cholesterol-Total	179.0	mg/dL	< 200 Desirable 200-239 Borderline High > 240 High
Triglycerides level	132.0	mg/dL	< 150 Normal 150-199 Borderline High 200-499 High > 500 Very High
HDL Cholesterol	44.3	mg/dL	< 40 Major Risk for Heart > 40 Normal
_DL Cholesterol	108.30	mg/dL	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Near/Above Optimal 130-159 Borderline high 160-189 High
	26.40	ma/dl	> 190 Very High
VLDL Cholesterol CHOL/HDL RATIO	26.40 4.04	mg/dL	6 - 38 3.5 - 5.0
LDL/HDL RATIO NOTE	2.44		2.5 - 3.5

8-10 hours fasting sample is required





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YOUR HEALTH IS OUR PRIORITY

Diabetes mellitus: >= 126

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BIOCHEMISTRY REPORT

Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Ranges
Fasting Blood Sugar	93.2	mg/dl	Normal: 70-110
			Impaired Fasting Glucose(IFG)
			100-125
			100-125

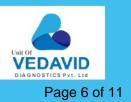
Method: Hexokinase

Note:- An individual may show higher fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level due to following reasons. The glycaemic index and response to food consumed, Changes in body composition, Increased insulin response and sensitivity, Alimentary hypoglycemia, Renal glycosuria, Effect of oral hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment.





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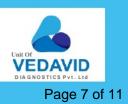
Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Ranges
TRI-IODOTHYRONIN, (T3)	1.88	ng/mL	0.69 - 2.15
THYROXIN, (T4)	89.2	ng/mL	52 - 127
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone(TSH)-	2.17	μIU/mL	0.3-4.5
Serum			Pregnancy (As per American
			Thyroid Association)

First Trimester : 0.1-2.5 Second Trimester : 0.2-3.0 Third trimester : 0.3-3.0

Method : CLIA

INTERPR	<u>ETATION</u>		
тѕн	T3 / FT3	T4 / FT4	Suggested Interpretation for the Thyroid Function Tests Pattern
Within Range	Decreased	Within Range	• Isolated Low T3-often seen in elderly & associated Non-Thyroidal illness. In elderly the drop in T3 level can be upto 25%.
Raised	Within Range	Within Range	 Isolated High TSHespecially in the range of 4.7 to 15 mIU/ml is commonly associated with Physiological & Biological TSH Variability. Subclinical Autoimmune Hypothyroidism Intermittent T4 therapy for hypothyroidism Recovery phase after Non-Thyroidal illness"
Raised	Decreased	Decreased	•Chronic Autoimmune Thyroiditis •Post thyroidectomy,Post radioiodine •Hypothyroid phase of transient thyroiditis"
Raised or within Range	Raised	Raised or within Range	 Interfering antibodies to thyroid hormones (anti-TPO antibodies) Intermittent T4 therapy or T4 overdose Drug interference- Amiodarone, Heparin,Beta blockers,steroids,anti-epileptics"
Decreased	Raised or within Range	Raised or within Range	 Isolated Low TSH -especially in the range of 0.1 to 0.4 often seen in elderly & associated with Non-Thyroidal illness Subclinical Hyperthyroidism Thyroxine ingestion"
Decreased	Decreased	Decreased	•Central Hypothyroidism •Non-Thyroidal illness •Recent treatment for Hyperthyroidism (TSH remains suppressed)"
Decreased	Raised	Raised	 Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves' disease),Multinodular goitre, Toxic nodule Transient thyroiditis:Postpartum, Silent (lymphocytic), Postviral (granulomatous,subacute, DeQuervain's),Gestational thyrotoxicosis with hyperemesis gravidarum"
Decreased or within Range	Raised	Within Range	•T3 toxicosis •Non-Thyroidal illness







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URINE EXAMINATION REPORT						
Test Description	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Ranges			
General Examination						
Colour	Pale Yellow		Pale Yellow			
Transparency (Apperance)	Clear		Clear			
Deposit	Absent		Absent			
Reaction (pH)	Acidic		5.0-8.5			
Specific Gravity	1.025		-1.005-1.030			
Chemical Examination						
Urine Protein	Absent		Absent			
Urine Ketones (Acetone)	Absent		Absent			
Urine Glucose	Absent		Absent			
Bile pigments	Absent		Absent			
Bile salts	NIL		NIL			
Urobilinogen	Normal		Normal			
Nitrite	Negative		Negative			
Microscopic Examination						
RBC's	NIL	/hpf	NIL			
Leukocyte (Pus cells)	1-2	/hpf	0-5/hpf			
Epithelial Cells	2-4	/hpf	0-4/hpf			
Crystals	Absent		Absent			
Casts	Not Seen		Not Seen			
Amorphous deposits	Absent		Absent			
Bacteria	Not seen		Not seen			
Yeast Cells	Not seen		Not seen			

Note: 1. Chemical examination through Dipstick includes test methods as Protein (Protein Error Principle), Glucose (Glucose oxidase-Peroxidase), Ketone (Legals Test), Bilirubin (Azo- Diazo reaction), Urobilinogen (Diazonium ion Reaction) Nitrite (Griess Method). All abnormal results of chemical examination are confirmed by manual methods. 2. Pre-test conditions to be observed while submitting the sample- First void, mid-stream urine, collected in a clean, dry, sterile container is recommended for routine urine analysis, avoid contamination with any discharge from vaginal, urethra, perineum, as applicable, avoid prolonged transit time & undue exposure to sunlight. 3. During interpretation, points to be considered are Negative nitrite test does not exclude the urinary tract infections, Trace proteinuria can be seen with many physiological conditions like prolonged recumbency, exercise, high protein diet. False positive reactions for bile pigments, proteins, glucose and nitrites can be caused by peroxidase like activity by disinfectants, therapeutic dyes,



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		- Labor	atory Report			
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Center	: AP98		Report Date		023 07.48 PM	
Center	. AF90		Report Date	. 09/12/2	023 09.40 PM	
Test Descripti	on	Result	Unit		Biological Refe	erence Ranges
COMPLETE B						
Haemoglobin		12.1	gm/dL		11.0 - 15.0	
RBC Count		3.99	mil/cu.	.mm	3.50 - 5.50	
Hematocrit HC	r /	34.8	%		37.0 - 47.0	
Mean Corp Volu	ume MCV	87.2	fL		80.0 - 100.0	
Mean Corp Hb	МСН	30.3	pg		27.0 - 34.0	
Mean Corp Hb	Conc MCHC	34.8	gm/dL		32.0 - 36.0	
Platelet Count		2.31	lac/cm	nm	1.50 - 4.50	
Total WBC Cou	int /TLC	5.1	10^3/c	cu.mm	4.0 - <mark>11.0</mark>	
DIFFERENTIAI	L LEUCOCYTE COUNT					
Neutrophils		70	%		40 - 70	
Lymphocytes		25	%		20 - 40	
Monocytes		03	%		02 - 10	
Eosinophils		02	%		01 - 06	
Basophils		00	%		00 - 01	
Absolute Diffe	rential Count					
Absolute Neutro	ophils Count	3.6	thou/m	nm3	2.00 - 7.00	
Absolute Lymph	nocyte Count	1.3	thou/m	nm3	1.00 - 3.00	
Absolute Mono	cytes Count	0.2	thou/m	nm3	0.20 - 1.00	
Absolute Eosing	ophils Count	0.1	thou/m	nm3	0.02 - 0.50	
FDTA Whole Blo	od - Tests done on Autom	ated Three	Part Cell Counter (WB	C RBC PI	atelet count by impe	dance method WR(

EDTA Whole Blood - Tests done on Automated Three Part Cell Counter. (WBC, RBC Platelet count by impedance method, WBC differential by VCS technology other parameters calculated) All Abnormal Haemograms are reviewed confirmed microscopically.





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		Labui	аюгу кероп		

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Method: Wintrobes **INTERPRETATION:**

ESR - ERYTHROCYTE

SEDIMENTATION RATE

1. It indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process, never diagnostic of a specific disease. Changes are more significant than a single abnormal test.

mm/hr

0 - 20

2. It is a prognostic test and used to monitor the course or response to treatment of diseases like tuberculosis, bacterial endocarditis, acute rheumatic fever, rheumatoid arthritis, SLE, Hodgkins disease, temporal arteritis, polymyalgia rheumatica.

3. It is also increased in pregnancy, multiple myeloma, menstruation, and hypothyroidism.

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**** End of the report****

This report is not valid for medico legal aspects. This is just a professional opinion not the final. Kindly correlate clinically because of technical, lack of clinical information and physical findings, if any disparity noted please inform.

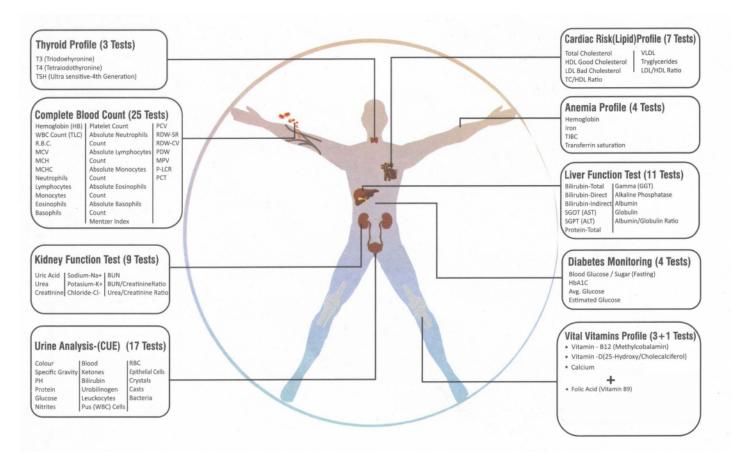




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BODY CARE



CONDITIONS OF REPORTING

- 1. Individual laboratory investigations should not be considered as conclusive and should be used along with other relevant clinical examinations to achieve the final diagnosis. Therefore these reported results are for the information of referring clinician only
- 2. The values of a laboratory investigation are dependent on the quality of the sample as well as the assay procedures used. Further all samples collected outside Citi Pathlabs labs / patient centers are required to be prepared, stored, labelled and brought as per the guidelines of Citi Pathlabs. Citi Pathlabs cannot be held liable for incorrect results of any samples which are not as per the guidelines issued
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- 5. Partial representation of report is not allowed.
- 6. All dispute / claims concerning to this report are subject to Bhopal jurisdiction only.

For Any Enquiry Citi Pathlabs Flat No. 004, Shivaay South City Complex, Phase-2, G-3 Gulmohar Colony, Bhopal (M.P.) citipathlabs@gmailcom 9454786340, 9407658222