Dr. Goyal's

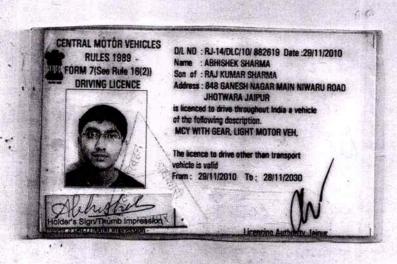
Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019 Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787 Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

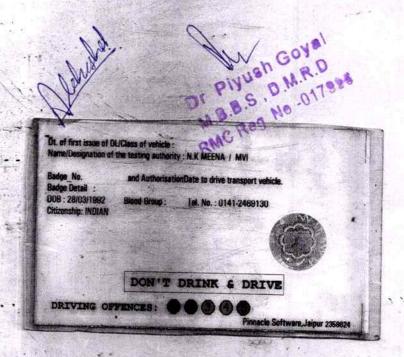


General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 14/64/2023
Name: Abhishe 14 Shurana, Age: 31 Sex: M
DOB: 28/03/1992
Referred By: BoB
Photo ID: ID #: ID #:
Ht: 172. (cm) Wt: 69 (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 92 . (cm) Abdomen Circumference: (cm)
Blood Pressure: 116/82 mm Hg PR: 78/min RR: 16/min Temp: Afebrace
BMI 23:3
Eye Examination: Dis vision 6/6
prent vision 11/6. Doored Color rision
Other:
On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes / No
Signature Of Examine :
Signature Medical Examiner



r'r

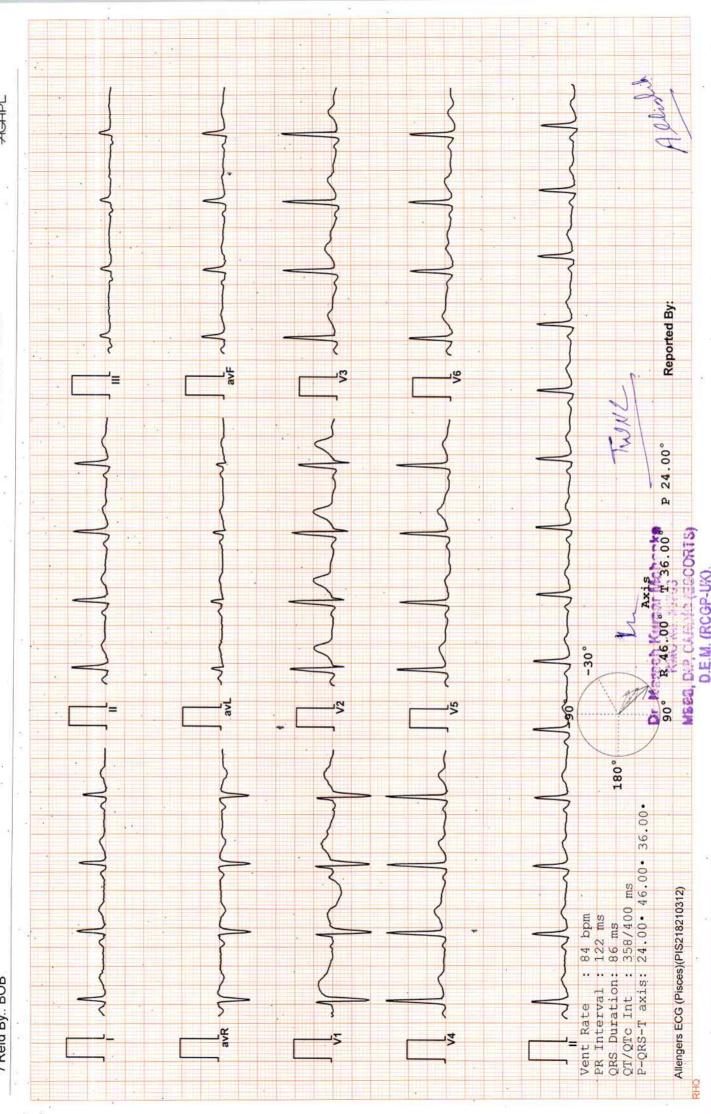


DR.GOYAL PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTER, JAIPUR 4411 / MR ABHISHEK SHARMA / 31 Yrs / M/ Non Smoker

Heart Rate: 84 bpm / Tested On: 14-Apr-23 09:10:58 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 35 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By.: BOB



ECG



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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 14/04/2023 08:43:30 Patient ID :-1223206

NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 31 Yrs 17 Days Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 14/04/2023 08:59:29

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 12:35:42

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TTA	TARA	ATO	IA	$\alpha \mathbf{v}$
	11. IV	AILI		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
HAEMOGARAM			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	13.2	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	5.86	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	71.6	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	23.0	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	2.0	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	3.2	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.2	%	0.0 - 2.0
NEUT#	4.20	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00
LYMPH#	1.35	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70
EO#	0.11	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40
MONO#	0.19	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70
BASO#	0.01	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.76	x10^6/uL	4.50 - 5.50
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	40.30	%	40.00 - 50.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	84.7	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	27.7	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	32.7	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	251	x10^3/uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV	14.0	%	11.6 - 14.0
MENTZER INDEX	17.79		

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 2 of 12



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:- 14/04/2023 08:43:30 Date

:- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA NAME

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Type :- EDTA

31 Yrs 17 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -1223206

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 14/04/2023 08:59:29

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 12:35:42

HAEMATOLOGY

Biological Ref Interval Unit Value **Test Name**

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C) Method:- HPLC

5.9

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher ADA Target: 7.0

Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb. High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C.Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1cmeasurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method:- Calculated Parameter

123

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 1 of 12



Dr. Goyal

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Date

:- 14/04/2023 08:43:30

NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Type :- EDTA

31 Yrs 17 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-1223206

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 12:35:42

Sample Collected Time 14/04/2023 08:59:29 HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name

Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

07

mm/hr.

00 - 13

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

: ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states. Interpretation

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (CBC): Methodology: dTLC DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance, and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

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Date :- 14/04/2023 08:43:30

NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

Sex / Age :- Male

31 Yrs 17 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-1223206

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 10:50:04

RIOCHEMISTRY

Sample Collected Time 14/04/2023 08:59:29

	RIOCHEMI	SIKY	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	158.50	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	75.74	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:-Direct clearance Method	31.48	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	114.40	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	15.15	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:-Calculated	5.03 H		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	3.63 H		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	452.98	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROLI II strument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

SURENDRAKHANGA

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Date

:- 14/04/2023 08:43:30

NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

Sex / Age :- Male

31 Yrs 17 Days

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM Patient ID: -1223206 Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 10:50:04

Sample Collected Time 14/04/2023 08:59:29 DIOCHEMISTRY

	BIOCHEMI	STRY	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL)	0.50	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16
Method:- Colorimetric method	×		Full-term < 6 days = 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.21	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.29	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	19.6	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	23.2	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:-AMP Buffer	70.20	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	64.00 H	U/L	11.00 - 50.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	7.01	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.33	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.68	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.62		1.30 - 2.50

Total BilirubinMethodology:Colorimetric method InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving. AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and

organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biruret Reagent InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic bilitary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

SURENDRAKHANGA

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Date :- 14/04/2023 08:43:30

NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

Sex / Age :- Male 31 Yrs 17 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Lab/Hosp:-

Patient ID: -1223206

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 11:40:07

IMMUNOASSAY

Sample Collected Time 14/04/2023 08:59:29

Test Name	1.420 ng. 8.970 ug.	Unit	Biological Ref Interval		
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE	*1				
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.420	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690		
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	8.970	ug/dl	5.530 - 11.000		
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	1.060	μIU/mL	0.550 - 4.780		

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT41) and estimate the concentration of free T4.Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

AJAYKUMAR Technologist

Page No: 6 of 12



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:- 14/04/2023 08:43:30 NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

31 Yrs 17 Days

Sex / Age :- Male

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- URINE

Patient ID: -1223206 Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Sample Collected Time 14/04/2023 08:59:29

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 11:15:28

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Union Position			
Urine Routine PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR COLOUR	PALE YE	LOW	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION	C.C.		
REACTION(PH) Method:- Reagent Strip(Double indication blue reaction)	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY Method:- Reagent Strip(bromthymol blue)	1.015		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Sulphosalicylic acid test)	NIL		NIL
GLUCOSE Method:- Reagent Strip (Glu.Oxidase Peroxidase Benedict)	NIL ·		NIL
BILIRUBIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Azo-coupling reaction)	NEGATIV	/Έ	NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN Method:- Reagent Strip (Modified ehrlich reaction)	NORMAI	Ro	NORMAL
KETONES Method:- Reagent Strip (Sodium Nitropruside) Rothera's	NEGATIV	/E	NEGATIVE
NITRITE Method:- Reagent Strip (Diazotization reaction)	NEGATIV	/E	NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	1-2	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		

VIJENDRAMEENA Technologist

Page No: 7 of 12



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Date NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

:- 14/04/2023 08:43:30

Patient ID: -1223206

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Sex / Age :- Male

31 Yrs 17 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KOx/Na Sample IO6HetRell United SE/B4/2023 08:59:29

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 14:14:16

BIOCHEMISTRY

	DIOCHEN	LIDAKA		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval	
FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP	90.5	mg/dl	75.0 - 115.0	

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)	111 - 125 mg/dL	
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 126 mg/dL	

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

70.0 - 140.0

Method:- GOD PAP Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.87	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	4.86	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

MUKESHSINGH, SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 9 of 12



Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Date

:- 14/04/2023 08:43:30

Patient ID: -1223206

NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

31 Yrs 17 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Collected Time 14/04/2023 08:59:29

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 12:35:42

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name

Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD GROUP ABO

Sample Type :- EDTA, URINE

"A" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

AJAYSINGH, VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist**

Page No: 11 of 12



Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Date NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

:- 14/04/2023 08:43:30

Patient ID :-1223206 Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

31 Yrs 17 Days

- Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 14/04/2023 08:59:29

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 10:50:04

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name

Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

10.8

mg/dl

0.0 - 23.0

*** End of Report ***

SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 12 of 12





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:- 14/04/2023 08:43:30

NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

Sex / Age :- Male

31 Yrs 17 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -1223206

Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 14:11:16

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P. angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)



DR ABHISHEK JAIN MBBS. DNB. (RADIO DIAGNOSIS)

Page No: 1 of 2

AHSAN



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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 14/04/2023 08:43:30

NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

31 Yrs 17 Days

Sex / Age :- Male Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -1223206 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 11:44:30

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size. Echo-texture is normal. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation.

A calculus of size ~ 5.6 mm is seen in mid calyx of left kidney.

Urinary bladder is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is normal in size with normal echo-texture and outline.

No significant free fluid is seen in peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION:

*Left renal calculus.

Needs clinical correlation for further evaluation

*** End of Report ***

AHSAN



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NORMAL

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:- 14/04/2023 08:43:30

NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

Sex / Age :- Male

31 Yrs 17 Days

NORMAL

Company :- MediWheel

MAITRAL VALVE

Patient ID: -1223206 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 14/04/2023 11:47:12

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE 2D ECHO OPTION TMT (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY: TRICUSPID VALVE

	17.50.110		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000			NICORALI	
E	NOR	MAL	PULMONARY VALVE			NORMAL	
	M.MODE	EXAMITATION:					
24	mm	LA	31	Mm	IVS-D	8	mm
14	mm	LVID	44	Mm	LVSD	30	mm
9	mm	LVPW-S	14	Mm	RV		mm
	mm	EDV		MI	LVVS		ml
60%			RWMA		ABSENT		
	E	E NORI M.MODE 24 mm 14 mm 9 mm	NORMAL M.MODE EXAMITATION:	NORMAL	NORMAL PULMONARY VALVE	NORMAL	NORMAL

CHAMBERS:

LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL	
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL	
PERICARDI	UM	NORMAL		

COLOUR DOPPLER:

					COLO	UR DUPPLER.			
		MITE	RAL VAL						
VELOCITY	0.7	7.5	m/sec	PEAK	GRADIENT		Mm,	Mm/hg	
A VELOCITY	0.8	33	m/sec MEAN		N GRADIENT		Mm,	Mm/hg	
MVA BY PHT			Cm2	MVA E	BY PLANIMI	Y PLANIMETRY			
MITRAL REGURGITA	rion					ABSENT			
		AOR	TIC VAL	VE					
PEAK VELOCITY		1.51 m		n/sec	PEAK GR	ADIENT	mn	mm/hg	
AR VMAX			n	n/sec	MEAN G	MEAN GRADIENT		mm/hg	
AORTIC REGURGITA	TION				ABSENT				
		TRICL	ISPID V	ALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY		0.63		m/sec	PEAK G	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg	
MEAN VELOCITY				m/sec	MEAN	GRADIENT		mm/hg	
VMax VELOCITY									
TRICUSPID REGURGITATION					ABSENT				
TRICOST IS INCOME.			MONAR	Y VALVE				- 17	
PEAK VELOCITY		0.90		M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg		
MEAN VALOCITY						MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
PULMONARY REGURGITATION						ABSENT			
FULIVIONANT REGU			_						

AHSAN

Page No: 1 of 2



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NAME :- Mr. ABHISHEK SHARMA

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Impression--

- 1. LV Diastolic Dysfunction Grade I.
- 2. Normal LV size & contractility
- 3. No RWMA, LVEF 60%.
- 4. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 5. Normal valve
- 6. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion.

(Cardiologist)

*** End of Report ***

