





AMARF241293251

Cert. No. MC-5333

C/o Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod,

PATIENT ID:

CLIENT CODE: C000049066 **CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:**

PATIENT NAME: AMARTI DEVI

SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN (CASH) AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG

JAIPUR 302017 RAJASTHAN INDIA 9314660100

Tonk Road JAIPUR, 302015

Rajasthan, INDIA

SRL Ltd

ACCESSION NO: **0251VL002080** AGE: 29 Years SEX: Female ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 24/12/2022 09:35:00 RECEIVED: 24/12/2022 11:55:15 REPORTED: 25/12/2022 15:49:35

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID: 012212240027

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Referenc	e Interval Units
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHEC	KIID RELOW ADEEMALE		
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	ROP BLEOW 401 LMALL		
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	14.2	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
METHOD : CYANIDE FREE DETERMINATION	12	12.10	9, 42
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.70	3,8 - 4,8	mi l /μL
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	7,80	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			,,
PLATELET COUNT	263	150 - 410	thou/µL
METHOD: ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE			
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	43.1	36 - 46	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	92.0	83 - 101	fL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	30.3	27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	33.0	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	11.7	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MENTZER INDEX	19.6		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	9.3	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS	56	40 - 80	%
METHOD: IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICRO	DSCOPY		
LYMPHOCYTES	35	20 - 40	%
METHOD: IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICRO	DSCOPY		
MONOCYTES	05	2 - 10	%
METHOD: IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICRO	OSCOPY		
EOSINOPHILS	04	1 - 6	%
METHOD: IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICRO	OSCOPY		
BASOPHILS	00	0 - 2	%
METHOD: IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICRO	DSCOPY		



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				CELETT TATLETT ID 1 012	
Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results		Biological Reference Inter	val Units
ARCOLLITE MELITROPU	III. COUNT	4 27		2.0 - 7.0	thou /ul
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPH		4.37		2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PA ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCY		2.73		1,0 - 3,0	thou /ul
		2./3		1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PA ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE		0.39		0.2 - 1.0	thou /ul
METHOD : CALCULATED PA		0.39		0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPH		0.31		0.02 - 0.50	thou /ul
METHOD : CALCULATED PA		0.31		0.02 - 0.30	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL		0	Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
			LOW	0.02 - 0.10	tilou/μL
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHO	` ,	1.6			
* ERYTHROCYTE SEI BLOOD	DIMENTATION RATE (E	SR),WHOLE			
E.S.R		09		0 - 20	mm at 1 hr
	HOTOMETRICAL CAPILLARY STOPF	PED FLOW KINETIC ANALYSIS)'			
GLUCOSE FASTING,	FLUORIDE PLASMA				
FBS (FASTING BLOOD	SUGAR)	90		74 - 99	mg/dL
METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDA	ASE				
GLYCOSYLATED HEN	MOGLOBIN(HBA1C), ED	TA WHOLE			
BLOOD					
НВА1С		5.2		Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)	%
METHOD: HIGH PERFORMA	ANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY	(HPLC)			
ESTIMATED AVERAGE	GLUCOSE(EAG)	102.5		< 116.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PA	RAMETER				
GLUCOSE, POST-PRA	ANDIAL, PLASMA				
PPBS(POST PRANDIAL	. BLOOD SUGAR)	110		70 - 140	mg/dL
METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDA	ASE				
LIPID PROFILE, SER	RUM				
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	-	238	High	< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >/= 240 High	mg/dL
METHOD : CHOLESTEROL O	OXIDASE				

METHOD: CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE













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			CLIENT PARTER TO TELE	12210027
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results		Biological Reference Interv	al Units
TRIGLYCERIDES METHOD: LIPASE/GPO-PAP NO CORRECTION	98		< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >/=500 Very High	mg/dL
HDL CHOLESTEROL	49		< 40 Low >/=60 High	mg/dL
METHOD: DIRECT CLEARANCE METHOD			,	
CHOLESTEROL LDL	169	High	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near optimal/ above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High	mg/dL
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	189	High	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
CHOL/HDL RATIO	4.9	High	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
LDL/HDL RATIO	3.4	High	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate >6.0 High Risk	Risk
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	19.6		= 30.0</td <td>mg/dL</td>	mg/dL
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD: DIAZO WITH SULPHANILIC ACID	0.61		0 - 1	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD: DIAZO WITH SULPHANILIC ACID	0.19		0.00 - 0.25	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.42		0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT	8.1		6.4 - 8.2	g/dL



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ALBUMIN 4.5 High 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL METHOD: BROMOCRESOL GREEN GLOBULIN 3.6 2.0 - 4.1 g/dL METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO 1.3 1.0 - 2.1 RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO 1.3 1.0 - 2.1 PATHON CONTROL CONTROL CANCELLY AND ASSESSED AND ASSESSED ASSE	REFERRING DOCTOR:	SELF	CLIENT PATIENT ID : 012212240027				
METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN GLOBULIN 3.6 2.0 - 4.1 9/dL METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO 1.3 1.0 - 2.1 RATIO METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) 27 0 - 31 U/L METHOD : TRIS BUFFER NO PISP IFCC/ SFBC 37° C ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) 14 0 - 31 U/L METHOD: TRIS BUFFER NO PISP IFCC/ SFBC 37° C ALANINE PHOSPHATASE 0 63 39 - 117 U/L METHOD: SAND SPITISSED FOR TO SPIT IFCC/ SFBC 37° C ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE 0 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: SAND SPITISSED TO IFCC 37° C GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) 16 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYL-3 CARBOXY-4 NITROANILIDE (IFCC) 37° C LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE 36 7 20 - 460 U/L METHOD: GEBMAN METHODS 37° C BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 8 50 - 18.0 Mg/dL METHOD: CREASE KINETIC CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM DUN/CREAT RATIO 9.88 METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER BUN/CREAT RATIO 9.88 METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM TOTAL, POTEIN, SERUM TOTAL, PROTEIN, SERUM LOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM AS 3.8 - 4.4 Mg/dL	Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results		Biological Reference Interva	l Units	
METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN GLOBULIN 3.6 2.0 - 4.1 9/dL METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO 1.3 1.0 - 2.1 RATIO METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) 27 0 - 31 U/L METHOD : TRIS BUFFER NO PISP IFCC/ SFBC 37° C ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) 14 0 - 31 U/L METHOD: TRIS BUFFER NO PISP IFCC/ SFBC 37° C ALANINE PHOSPHATASE 0 63 39 - 117 U/L METHOD: SAND SPITIMISED TO IFCC 37° C GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (AGT) 16 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYL-3 CARBOXY-4 NITROANILIDE (IFCC) 37° C LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE 36 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: GEMAN METHODS 37° C BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 8 5.0 - 18.0 Mg/dL METHOD: CREMAN METHODS 37° C BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 8 5.0 - 18.0 Mg/dL METHOD: CREMAN METHODS 37° C BUN/CREAT RATIO 8.8 0.6 - 1.2 Mg/dL METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER UNIC CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM DUN/CREAT RATIO 9.88 METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM TOTAL, POTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM LOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM	ALBUMIN		4.5	High	3.8 - 4.4	a/dL	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO 1.3 1.3 1.0 - 2.1 RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) 27 0- 31 U/L METHOD: TRIS BUFFER NO PSP IFCC / SFBC 37° C ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) 14 0- 31 U/L METHOD: TRIS BUFFER NO PSP IFCC / SFBC 37° C ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) 14 0- 31 U/L METHOD: TRIS BUFFER NO PSP IFCC / SFBC 37° C ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE 6 63 39 - 117 U/L METHOD: AMP OPTIMISED TO IFCC 37° C GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) 16 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: GARMAN GLUTAMYL-3 CARBOXY-4 NITROANILIDE (IFCC) 37° C LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE 367 200 460 U/L METHOD: GERMAN METHODS 37° C BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM METHOD: UREASE KINETC CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE 0.81 0.6 - 1.2 mg/dL METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION BUN/CREAT RATIO 9.88 METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM 4.1 2,4 - 5,7 mg/dL METHOD: CURCASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN BAS ALBUM BAS ALBUM BAS ALBUM BOTH SINCE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE ALBUMIN BAS ALBUM BAS ALBUM BAS ALBUM BAS ALBUM BOTH SINCE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE ALBUMIN BAS ALBUM BA		ireen		_		3,	
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO 1.3 1.0 - 2.1 RATIO METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) 2 7 0 - 31	GLOBULIN		3.6		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER ASSARTATE AMINOTRANISFERASE (ASIT/SGOT) 27 0 0 - 31 U/L METHOD: TRIS BUFFER NO PSP IFCC / SFBC 37° C ALKALINE AMINOTRANISFERASE (ALT/SGPT) 14 0 - 31 U/L METHOD: TRIS BUFFER NO PSP IFCC / SFBC 37° C ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE 63 39 - 117 U/L METHOD: AMP OPTIMISED TO IFCC 37° C GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANISFERASE (GGT) 16 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANISFERASE (GGT) 16 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANISFERASE (GGT) 16 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANISFERASE (GGT) 16 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: GERMAN METHODS 37° C BLOOD UREA NITROGEN S7° C BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN) SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN) SERUM CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE OLARIAMIS PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN,	METHOD : CALCULATED PAR	AMETER					
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) 27 0 - 31 0/L METHOD: TRIS BUFFER NO PSP IECC / SFBC 37° C ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) 14 0 - 31 0/L METHOD: TRIS BUFFER NO PSP IECC / SFBC 37° C ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RA	ATIO	1.3		1.0 - 2.1	RATIO	
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ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) 14 0 0 - 31 0/L METHOD: TRIS BUFFER NO PSP IFCC / SFBC 37° C ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE 63 39 - 117	ASPARTATE AMINOTRA	NSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	27		0 - 31	U/L	
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METHOD: AMP OPTIMISED TO IFCC 37° C GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) 16 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYL-3 CARBOXY-4 NITROANILIDE (IFCC) 37° C LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE 367 230 - 460 U/L METHOD: GERMAN METHODS 37° C BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM METHOD: UREASE KINETIC CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM AS 1	METHOD : TRIS BUFFER NO	P5P IFCC / SFBC 37° C					
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) 16 7 - 32 U/L METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYL-3 CARBOXY-4 NITROANILIDE (IFCC) 37° C 230 - 460 U/L LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE 367 230 - 460 U/L METHOD: GERMAN METHODS 37° C V V BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 8 5.0 - 18.0 mg/dL METHOD: SERUM W CREATININE, SERUM W Mg/dL CREATININE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION W Mg/dL BUN/CREAT RATIO 9.88 METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER W URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID, SERUM W 4.1 2.4 - 5.7 mg/dL METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM	ALKALINE PHOSPHATAS	SE	63		39 - 117	U/L	
METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYL-3 CARBOXY-4 NITROANILIDE (IFCC) 37° C LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE 367 230 - 460 U/L METHOD: GERMAN METHODS 37° C BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 8 5.0 - 18.0 mg/dL METHOD: UREASE KINETIC CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE 0.81 0.6 - 1.2 mg/dL METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION BUN/CREAT RATIO 9.88 METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID 4.1 2.4 - 5.7 mg/dL METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM 4.5 Migh 3.8 - 4.4 9/dL	METHOD: AMP OPTIMISED	TO IFCC 37° C					
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE 367 230 - 460 U/L METHOD: GERMAN METHODS 37° C BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 8 5.0 - 18.0 mg/dL CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE, SERUM Mg/dL CREATININE METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION BUN/CREAT RATIO Mg/dL BUN/CREAT RATIO 9.88 WETHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM	GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRA	NSFERASE (GGT)	16		7 - 32	U/L	
METHOD: GERMAN METHODS 37° C BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN BLOOD UREA NITRON BLOOD UREA NITROGEN BLOOD UREA NITRON BLOOD UREA NITRON BLOOD UREA NITROK BLOOD UREA NITRON BLOOD UREA NITROK BLOO	METHOD : GAMMA GLUTAMY	'L-3 CARBOXY-4 NITROANILIDE (IFC	C) 37° C				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 8 5.0 - 18.0 mg/dL METHOD: UREASE KINETIC CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALSO ALSO ALSO ALSO ALSO ALSO ALSO ALSO	LACTATE DEHYDROGEN	NASE	367		230 - 460	U/L	
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 8 9.0 - 18.0 mg/dL METHOD: UREASE KINETIC CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE 0.81 0.6 - 1.2 mg/dL METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION BUN/CREAT RATIO 9.88 METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID 4.1 2.4 - 5.7 mg/dL METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM 4.5 Migh 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL g/dL	METHOD: GERMAN METHOD	os 37° C					
METHOD: UREASE KINETIC CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE CREATININE O.81 O.6 - 1.2 mg/dL METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALS METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM ALS METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALS METHOD: MITHOD: MITHOD: MITHOD MITHOD: M	BLOOD UREA NITRO	GEN (BUN), SERUM					
CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE CREATININE METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM ALS METHOD: WISCASE METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM ALS METHOD: MISSA MISSA A.4.4 METHOD: MISSA MISSA MISSA A.4.4 METHOD: MISSA	BLOOD UREA NITROGE	N	8		5.0 - 18.0	mg/dL	
CREATININE METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN, SERUM METHOD: BIJURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN SERUM METHOD: METHOD: MICHAEL PROTEIN POINT ALBUMIN SERUM METHOD: BIJURET REACTION, END POINT ALS MIGHO SERUM METHOD: MICHAEL PROTEIN POINT ALS MIGHOR SERUM METHOD: MICHAEL PROTEIN POINT METHOD: MICHAEL PROTEIN PROTEIN POINT METHOD: MICHAEL PROTEIN PROT	METHOD : UREASE KINETIC						
METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM ALS Migh 3,8 - 4,4 g/dL g/dL	CREATININE, SERUM						
BUN/CREAT RATIO BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM 4.5	CREATININE		0.81		0.6 - 1.2	mg/dL	
BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN \$4.5 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	METHOD : ALKALINE PICRAT	E NO DEPROTEINIZATION					
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID 4.1 2.4 - 5.7 mg/dL METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN 8.1 6.4 - 8.3 g/dL METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN 9. 4.5 High 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL	BUN/CREAT RATIO						
URIC ACID, SERUM URIC ACID 4.1 ALBUMIN 4.1 2.4 - 5.7 mg/dL ALBUMIN 4.1 ALBUMI	BUN/CREAT RATIO		9.88				
URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM 4.5 High 3.8 - 4.4 mg/dL g/dL	METHOD : CALCULATED PAR	AMETER					
METHOD: URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN 8.1 6.4 - 8.3 g/dL METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN 4.5 High 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL	URIC ACID, SERUM						
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN 8.1 6.4 - 8.3 g/dL METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM 4.5 High 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL	URIC ACID		4.1		2.4 - 5.7	mg/dL	
TOTAL PROTEIN 8.1 6.4 - 8.3 g/dL METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM 4.5 High 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL	METHOD : URICASE PEROXI	DASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE					
METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN 4.5 High 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL	TOTAL PROTEIN, SER	RUM					
METHOD: BIURET REACTION, END POINT ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN 4.5 High 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL	TOTAL PROTEIN		8.1		6.4 - 8.3	g/dL	
4.5 High 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL	METHOD : BIURET REACTION	N, END POINT					
4.5 High 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL	ALBUMIN, SERUM						
			4.5	High	3.8 - 4.4	g/dL	
		REEN					

GLOBULIN



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Scan to View Report







C/o Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod,

CLIENT CODE: C000049066 **CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:**

SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN (CASH) AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG

JAIPUR 302017 RAJASTHAN INDIA 9314660100 JAIPUR, 302015 Rajasthan, INDIA

PATIENT NAME: AMARTI DEVI

ACCESSION NO: **0251VL002080** AGE: 29 Years SEX: Female ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 24/12/2022 09:35:00 RECEIVED: 24/12/2022 11:55:15 REPORTED: 25/12/2022 15:49:35

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID: 012212240027

SRL Ltd

Tonk Road

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Int	erval Units
GLOBULIN	3.6	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM	139.9	137 - 145	mmo l /L
METHOD: ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE			
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.71	3.6 - 5.0	mmo l /L
METHOD: ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE			
CHLORIDE, SERUM	102.9	98 - 107	mmo l /L
METHOD: ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE			
Interpretation(s)			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
COLOR	PALE YELLOW		
METHOD: GROSS EXAMINATION			
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		
METHOD: GROSS EXAMINATION			
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
PH	5.5	4.7 - 7.5	
METHOD: DOUBLE INDICATOR PRINCIPLE			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.005	1.003 - 1.035	
METHOD: IONIC CONCENTRATION METHOD			
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: PROTEIN ERROR OF INDICATORS WITH REFLECTANCE			
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: GLUCOSE OXIDASE PEROXIDASE / BENEDICTS			
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE REACTION			
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: PEROCIDASE ANTI PEROXIDASE			
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: DIPSTICK			
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
METHOD: EHRLICH REACTION REFLECTANCE			
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: NITRATE TO NITRITE CONVERSION METHOD			
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	











C/o Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod,

CLIENT CODE: C000049066

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN (CASH) AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG

JAIPUR 302017 RAJASTHAN INDIA 9314660100 JAIPUR, 302015 Rajasthan, INDIA

PATIENT NAME: AMARTI DEVI PATIENT ID: AMARF241293251

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REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID: 012212240027				
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference In	terval Units			
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE						
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF			
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION						
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	1-2	0-5	/HPF			
METHOD: DIPSTICK, MICROSCOPY						
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	0-5	/HPF			
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION						
CASTS	NOT DETECTED					
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION						
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED					
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION						
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED				
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION						
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED				
Interpretation(s)						
THYROID PANEL, SERUM						
T3	118.9	60.0 - 181.0	ng/dL			
METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENCE						
T4	5.90	4.5 - 10.9	μg/dL			
METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENCE						
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	1.696	0.550 - 4.780	μIU/mL			
METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENCE						
Interpretation(s)						
PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR						
TEST METHOD	SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED					
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL						
COLOUR	SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED					
METHOD : GROSS EXAMINATION	SALITEE NOT RECEIVED					
* ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLO	OOD					
ABO GROUP	TYPE O					
ADO GROUF	IIFL O					

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE POSITIVE

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION













CLIENT CODE: C000049066

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN (CASH) AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG

JAIPUR 302017 RAJASTHAN INDIA 9314660100

Cert. No. MC-5333

SRL Ltd C/o Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod,

Tonk Road JAIPUR, 302015 Rajasthan, INDIA

PATIENT NAME: AMARTI DEVI PATIENT ID: AMARF241293251

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Units **Test Report Status** Results Final Biological Reference Interval

Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology. RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13)

from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for

diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition, CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy,

Estrogen medication, Aging. Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum. Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition. GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA-**TEST DESCRIPTION**

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

- 2.Diagnosing diabetes.
- 3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

- 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
- 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c 46.7



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CLIENT CODE: C000049066 Cert. No. MC-5333

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN (CASH) AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG

JAIPUR 302017 RAJASTHAN INDIA 9314660100

SRL Ltd C/o Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod, Tonk Road JAIPUR, 302015 Rajasthan, INDIA

PATIENT NAME: AMARTI DEVI PATIENT ID: AMARF241293251

0251VL002080 AGE: 29 Years SEX: Female ABHA NO: ACCESSION NO:

DRAWN: 24/12/2022 09:35:00 RECEIVED: 24/12/2022 11:55:15 REPORTED: 25/12/2022 15:49:35

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID: 012212240027

Units **Test Report Status** Results Final Biological Reference Interval

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days. II Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

IV Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE. SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, billiary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH. CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
 Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystrophy

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom"""'s disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-













AMARF241293251

Cert. No. MC-5333

C/o Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod,

CLIENT CODE: C000049066

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

PATIENT NAME: AMARTI DEVI

SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN (CASH) AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG

JAIPUR 302017 RAJASTHAN INDIA 9314660100

Rajasthan, INDIA

PATIENT ID:

AGE: 29 Years ACCESSION NO: 0251VL002080 SEX: Female ABHA NO:

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Test Report Status Results **Final** Biological Reference Interval

SRL Ltd

Tonk Road JAIPUR, 302015

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc. ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.'

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

End Of Report

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession TEST MARKED WITH '*' ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

Dr. Abhishek Sharma **Consultant Microbiologist**

Dr. Akansha Jain **Consultant Pathologist**







Aakriti Labs

3 Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod Tonk Road, Jaipur (Raj.) Ph.: 0141-2710661

www.aakritilabs.com

CIN NO.: U85195RJ2004PTC019563

NAME	MRS	MRS AMARTI MEENA					GE 29Y		SEX	FEMALE
REF BY	_	IWHEEL				DATE	24/12/	2022	REG NO)
			F	CHC	CARDIOGR	AM RE	PORT			
WINDO	N- POOF	R/ADEC			DVALVE					
MITRAL		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	NOR			TRICU	SPID		NORM	1AL
AORTIC			NOR	MAL		PULM	ONARY	10.00	NORM	1AL
2D/M-N	IOD	-							•	g
IVSD mn		22.0			IVSS mm	7.8		AOR	TA mm	22.0
LVID mn	1	23.0			LVIS mm	22.9)	LA n	nm	22.9
LVPWD	mm	10.1			LVPWS mm	7.8		EF%)!	60%
CHAMBI	ERS									
LA				NORMAL		RA	RA		NORMAL	
LV				NORMAL		RV	RV			ORMAL
PERICARDIUM			NORMAL							
DOPPLE	R STUDY	MITR	AL							
PEAK VE	LOCITY	m/s E/A	١	0.77	7/0.61	PEA	PEAK GRADIANT MmHg			
MEAN V	ELOCITY	m/s				ME	AN GRADIA	ANT Mn	nHg	
MVA cm	2 (PLAN	ITMET	ERY)		ACTO (12)	MV	MVA cm2 (PHT)			
MR							A TOWNER	i i	47	
AORTIC						7	-	annoil III		
PEAK VE	LOCITY	m/s		0.98	3	127-7-1A	PEAK GRADIANT MmHg			
MEAN VELOCITY m/s					ME	MEAN GRADIANT MmHg		nHg		
AR					A STATE OF THE STA			altra .		
TRICUSE	PID				A CHARLES	dilli		Way in		
PEAK VE	LOCITY	m/s		0.92	2		PEAK GRADIANT MmHg			
MEAN V	ELOCITY	m/s		1111			AN GRADIA	ANT Mr	nHg	
TR					1747	PAS	P mmHg			
PULMO	NARY						1			

PEAK GRADIANT MmHg

RVEDP mmHg

MEAN GRADIANT MmHg

IMPRESSION

PR

PEAK VELOCITY m/s

MEAN VELOCITY m/s

NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC & DIASTOLIC FUNCTION

1.42

- NO RWMA LVEF 60%
- NORMAL RV FUNCTION
- NORMAL CHAMBER DIMENSIONS
- NORMAL VALVULAR ECHO
- INTACT IAS / IVS
- NO THROMBUS, NO VEGETATION, NORMAL PERICARDIUM.
- IVC NORMAL

CONCLUSION: FAIR LV FUNCTION.

Cardiplogist



Tonk Road, Jaipur (Raj.) Ph.: 0141-2710661

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CIN NO.: U85195RJ2004PTC019563



Name

: Ms. AMARTI DEVI

Age/Gender: 29 Y 9 M 10 D/Female

Patient ID : 012212240027

BarcodeNo:10071477

Referred By: Self

Registration No: 48908

Registered

: 24/Dec/2022 09:35AM

Analysed

: 25/Dec/2022 11:44AM

Reported

: 25/Dec/2022 11:44AM

Panel

: Medi Wheel (ArcoFemi

Healthcare Ltd)

DIGITAL X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Soft tissue shadow and bony cages are normal.

Trachea is central.

Bilateral lung field and both CP angle are clear.

Domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Transverse diameter of heart appears with normal limits.

IMPRESSION:- NO OBVIOUS ABNORMALITY DETECTED.

partner

*** End Of Report ***

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RMCNO.005807/14853



3 Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod Tonk Road, Jaipur (Raj.) Ph.: 0141-2710661 www.aakritilabs.com

CIN NO.: U85195RJ2004PTC019563

: Ms. AMARTI DEVI Name

Age/Gender: 29 Y 9 M 10 D/Female

Patient ID : 012212240027

BarcodeNo:10071477

Referred By: Self

Registration No: 48908

Registered

: 24/Dec/2022 09:35AM

Analysed

: 24/Dec/2022 12:59PM

Reported

: 24/Dec/2022 12:59PM

Panel

· Medi Wheel (ArcoFemi

Healthcare Ltd)

USG: WHOLE ABDOMEN (Female)

LIVER

: Is normal in size, shape and echogenecity.

The IHBR and hepatic radicals are not dilated.

No evidence of focal echopoor/echorich lesion seen. Portal vein diameter and Common bile duct normal in size

GALL

: Is normal in size, shape and echotexture. Walls are smooth and

BLADDER regular with normal thickness. There is no evidence of cholelithiasis.

PANCREAS: Is normal in size, shape and echotexture. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

: Is normal in size, shape and echogenecity. Spleenic hilum is not dilated. SPLEEN

KIDNEYS: Bilateral Kidneys are normal in size, shape and echotexture,

corticomedullary differentiation is fair and ratio appears normal.

Pelvi calyceal system is normal. No evidence of hydronephrosis/ nephrolithiasis.

URINARY: Bladder is partially filled as patient not willing to hold urine.

BLADDER: Pre void vol: 60 ml

: Uterus and ovaries could not be seen due to partially filled bladder. UTERUS

SPECIFIC: No evidence of retroperitoneal mass or free fluid seen in peritoneal cavity.

NO evidence of lymphadenopathy or mass lesion in retroperitoneum. Visualized bowel loop appear normal. Great vessels appear normal.

IMPRESSION: Ultra Sonography findings are suggestive of: NORMAL STUDY.

*** End Of Report ***

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