PID No.
 : MED110999479
 Register On
 : 26/02/2022 9:27 AM

 SID No.
 : 922013538
 Collection On
 : 26/02/2022 11:52 AM

 Age / Sex
 : 63 Year(s) / Male
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Investigation  HAEMATOLOGY	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
Complete Blood Count With - ESR			
Haemoglobin (EDTA Blood/Spectrophotometry)	14.2	g/dL	13.5 - 18.0
Packed Cell Volume(PCV)/Haematocrit (EDTA Blood/Derived from Impedance)	43.9	%	42 - 52
RBC Count (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation)	4.86	mill/cu.mm	4.7 - 6.0
Mean Corpuscular Volume(MCV) (EDTA Blood/Derived from Impedance)	90.0	fL	78 - 100
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin(MCH) (EDTA Blood/Derived from Impedance)	29.1	pg	27 - 32
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin concentration(MCHC) (EDTA Blood/Derived from Impedance)	32.2	g/dL	32 - 36
RDW-CV (EDTA Blood/Derived from Impedance)	13.8	%	11.5 - 16.0
RDW-SD (EDTA Blood/Derived from Impedance)	43.47	fL	39 - 46
Total Leukocyte Count (TC) (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation)	7250	cells/cu.mm	4000 - 11000
Neutrophils (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	68.71	%	40 - 75
Lymphocytes (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	20.37	%	20 - 45
Eosinophils (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	1.30	%	01 - 06

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Investigation	Observed <u>Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
Monocytes (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	8.27	%	01 - 10
Basophils (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	0.35	%	00 - 02
Absolute Neutrophil count (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	4.98	10^3 / µl	1.5 - 6.6
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	1.48	10^3 / µl	1.5 - 3.5
Absolute Eosinophil Count (AEC) (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	0.09	10^3 / µl	0.04 - 0.44
Absolute Monocyte Count (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	0.60	10^3 / µl	< 1.0
Absolute Basophil count (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	0.03	10^3 / µl	< 0.2
Platelet Count (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation)	210.3	10^3 / μl	150 - 450
MPV (EDTA Blood/Derived from Impedance)	8.41	fL	7.9 - 13.7
PCT (EDTA Blood/Automated Blood cell Counter)	0.18	%	0.18 - 0.28
ESR (Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate) (EDTA Blood/Modified Westergren)	8	mm/hr	< 20



**VERIFIED BY** 



: Mr. RAJASEKARAN Name

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Ref. Dr	: MediWheel		

Investigation	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
<b>BIOCHEMISTRY</b>			
Liver Function Test			
Bilirubin(Total) (Serum/Diazotized Sulfanilic Acid)	0.3	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.2
Bilirubin(Direct) (Serum/Diazotized Sulfanilic Acid)	0.2	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3
Bilirubin(Indirect) (Serum/Derived)	0.1	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0
Total Protein (Serum/Biuret)	8.5	gm/dL	6.0 - 8.0
Albumin (Serum/Bromocresol green)	5.5	gm/dL	3.5 - 5.2
Globulin (Serum/Derived)	3.0	gm/dL	2.3 - 3.6
A : G Ratio (Serum/Derived)	1.8		1.1 - 2.2
SGOT/AST (Aspartate Aminotransferase) (Serum/IFCC Kinetic)	33	U/L	5 - 40
SGPT/ALT (Alanine Aminotransferase) (Serum/IFCC / Kinetic)	33	U/L	5 - 41
Alkaline Phosphatase (SAP) (Serum/IFCC Kinetic)	79	U/L	56 - 119
GGT(Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase) (Serum/SZASZ standarised IFCC)	23	U/L	< 55



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<u>Investigation</u>	Observed <u>Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
<u>Lipid Profile</u>			
Cholesterol Total (Serum/Cholesterol oxidase/Peroxidase)	162	mg/dL	Optimal: < 200 Borderline: 200 - 239 High Risk: >= 240
Triglycerides (Serum/Glycerol phosphate oxidase / peroxidase)	175	mg/dL	Optimal: < 150 Borderline: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: >= 500

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INTERPRETATION: The reference ranges are based on fasting condition. Triglyceride levels change drastically in response to food, increasing as much as 5 to 10 times the fasting levels, just a few hours after eating. Fasting triglyceride levels show considerable diurnal variation too. There is evidence recommending triglycerides estimation in non-fasting condition for evaluating the risk of heart disease and screening for metabolic syndrome, as non-fasting sample is more representative of the "usual" circulating level of triglycerides during most part of the day.

HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Immunoinhibition)	41	mg/dL	Optimal(Negative Risk Factor): >= 60 Borderline: 40 - 59 High Risk: < 40
LDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	86	mg/dL	Optimal: < 100 Above Optimal: 100 - 129 Borderline: 130 - 159 High: 160 - 189 Very High: >= 190
VLDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	35	mg/dL	< 30
Non HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	121.0	mg/dL	Optimal: < 130 Above Optimal: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very High: >= 220

INTERPRETATION: 1. Non-HDL Cholesterol is now proven to be a better cardiovascular risk marker than LDL Cholesterol. 2.It is the sum of all potentially atherogenic proteins including LDL, IDL, VLDL and chylomicrons and it is the "new bad cholesterol" and is a co-primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy.



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**APPROVED BY** 

The results pertain to sample tested.

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Investigation	<u>Observed</u> <u>Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
Total Cholesterol/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (Serum/Calculated)	4		Optimal: < 3.3 Low Risk: 3.4 - 4.4 Average Risk: 4.5 - 7.1 Moderate Risk: 7.2 - 11.0 High Risk: > 11.0
Triglyceride/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (TG/HDL) (Serum/Calculated)	4.3		Optimal: < 2.5 Mild to moderate risk: 2.5 - 5.0 High Risk: > 5.0
LDL/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (Serum/Calculated)	2.1		Optimal: 0.5 - 3.0 Borderline: 3.1 - 6.0 High Risk: > 6.0



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Investigation  Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
HbA1C (Whole Blood/ <i>HPLC</i> )	9.5	%	Normal: 4.5 - 5.6 Prediabetes: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetic: >= 6.5

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INTERPRETATION: If Diabetes - Good control: 6.1 - 7.0 %, Fair control: 7.1 - 8.0 %, Poor control >= 8.1 %

225.95 Estimated Average Glucose mg/dL

(Whole Blood)

#### **INTERPRETATION: Comments**

HbA1c provides an index of Average Blood Glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.

Conditions that prolong RBC life span like Iron deficiency anemia, Vitamin B12 & Folate deficiency,

hypertriglyceridemia, hyperbilirubinemia, Drugs, Alcohol, Lead Poisoning, Asplenia can give falsely elevated HbA1C values. Conditions that shorten RBC survival like acute or chronic blood loss, hemolytic anemia, Hemoglobinopathies, Splenomegaly, Vitamin E ingestion, Pregnancy, End stage Renal disease can cause falsely low HbA1c.



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<u>Investigation</u>	<u>Observed</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u>
•	<u>Value</u>		Reference Interval

#### <u>IMMUNOASSAY</u>

#### THYROID PROFILE / TFT

T3 (Triiodothyronine) - Total 1.12 ng/mL 0.4 - 1.81

(Serum/CMIA)

#### INTERPRETATION:

#### **Comment:**

Total T3 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T3 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

T4 (Thyroxine) - Total 7.14  $\mu$ g/dL 4.2 - 12.0

(Serum/CMIA)

#### INTERPRETATION:

#### **Comment:**

Total T4 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T4 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) 2.06 µIU/mL 0.35 - 5.50

(Serum/Chemiluminescent Microparticle

Immunoassay(CMIA))

#### INTERPRETATION:

Reference range for cord blood - upto 20

1 st trimester: 0.1-2.5 2 nd trimester 0.2-3.0 3 rd trimester: 0.3-3.0

(Indian Thyroid Society Guidelines)

#### **Comment:**

- 1.TSH reference range during pregnancy depends on Iodine intake, TPO status, Serum HCG concentration, race, Ethnicity and BMI.
- 2.TSH Levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4am and at a minimum between 6-10PM. The variation can be of the order of 50%, hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.
- 3. Values & amplt 0.03 µIU/mL need to be clinically correlated due to presence of rare TSH variant in some individuals.



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	Value		Reference Interval

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## **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

#### **PHYSICAL EXAMINATION**

Colour (Urine)	Pale Yellow		
Appearance (Urine)	Clear		Clear
Volume (Urine)	10	mL	
<u>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION(Automated-Urineanalyser)</u>			
pH (Urine/AUTOMATED URINANALYSER)	5.0		4.5 - 8.0

(Urine/AUTOMATED URINANALYSER)		
Specific Gravity (Urine)	1.015	1.002 - 1.035
Ketones (Urine)	Negative	Negative
Urobilinogen (Urine/AUTOMATED URINANALYSER)	0.2	0.2 - 1.0
Blood	Negative	Negative

(Urine/AUTOMATED URINANALYSER)

Nitrite Negative Negative

(Urine/AUTOMATED URINANALYSER)

Bilirubin Negative Negative

(Urine/AUTOMATED URINANALYSER)

Protein Negative Negative

(Urine)

Glucose Negative Negative

(Urine)



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Investigation	<u>Observed</u> <u>Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
Leukocytes (Urine)	Negative	leuco/uL	Negative
MICROSCOPY(URINE DEPOSITS)			
Pus Cells (Urine/Flow cytometry)	1-2	/hpf	3-5
Epithelial Cells (Urine)	0-1	/hpf	1-2
RBCs (Urine/Flow cytometry)	Nil	/hpf	2-3
Others (Urine)	Nil		Nil



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Investigation BIOCHEMISTRY	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	14		6 - 22
Glucose Fasting (FBS) (Plasma - F/GOD - POD)	149	mg/dL	Normal: < 100 Pre Diabetic: 100 - 125 Diabetic: >= 126

INTERPRETATION: Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level.

Glucose Fasting - Urine	Negative		Negative
(Urine - F)			
Glucose Postprandial (PPBS)	163	mg/dL	70 - 140
(Plasma - PP/GOD - POD)			

#### **INTERPRETATION:**

Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level. Fasting blood glucose level may be higher than Postprandial glucose, because of physiological surge in Postprandial Insulin secretion, Insulin resistance, Exercise or Stress, Dawn Phenomenon, Somogyi Phenomenon, Anti- diabetic medication during treatment for Diabetes.

Glucose Postprandial - Urine (Urine - PP)	Negative		Negative
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (Serum/Urease-GLDH)	14	mg/dL	7.0 - 21
Creatinine (Serum/Jaffe Kinetic)	1.0	mg/dL	0.8 - 1.3

INTERPRETATION: Elevated Creatinine values are encountered in increased muscle mass, severe dehydration, Pre-eclampsia, increased ingestion of cooked meat, consuming Protein/ Creatine supplements, Diabetic Ketoacidosis, prolonged fasting, renal dysfunction and drugs such as cefoxitin, cefazolin, ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor antagonists, N-acetylcyteine, chemotherapeutic agent such as flucytosine etc.

5.6 3.5 - 7.2Uric Acid mg/dL (Serum/*Uricase/Peroxidase*)



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Investigation	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
<u>IMMUNOASSAY</u>			
Prostate specific antigen - Total(PSA) (Serum/Chemiluminescent Microparticle Immunoassay(CMIA))	1.76	ng/mL	Normal: 0.0 - 4.0 Inflammatory & Non Malignant conditions of Prostate & genitourinary system: 4.01 - 10.0 Suspicious of Malignant disease of Prostate: > 10.0

#### INTERPRETATION: Analytical sensitivity: 0.008 - 100 ng/mL

PSA is a tumor marker for screening of prostate cancer. Increased levels of PSA are associated with prostate cancer and benign conditions like bacterial infection, inflammation of prostate gland and benign hypertrophy of prostate/ benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH).

Transient elevation of PSA levels are seen following digital rectal examination, rigorous physical activity like bicycle riding, ejaculation within 24 hours.

PSA levels tend to increase in all men as they age.

Clinical Utility of PSA:

- •In the early detection of Prostate cancer.
- •As an aid in discriminating between Prostate cancer and Benign Prostatic disease.
- •To detect cancer recurrence or disease progression.



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## **IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY**

BLOOD GROUPING AND Rh TYPING

 $(\hbox{EDTA Blood} Agglutination)$ 

'A' 'Positive'

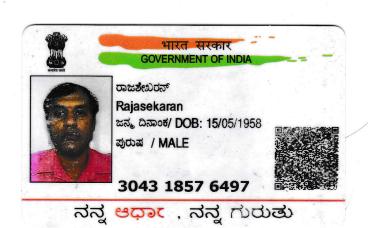


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-- End of Report --

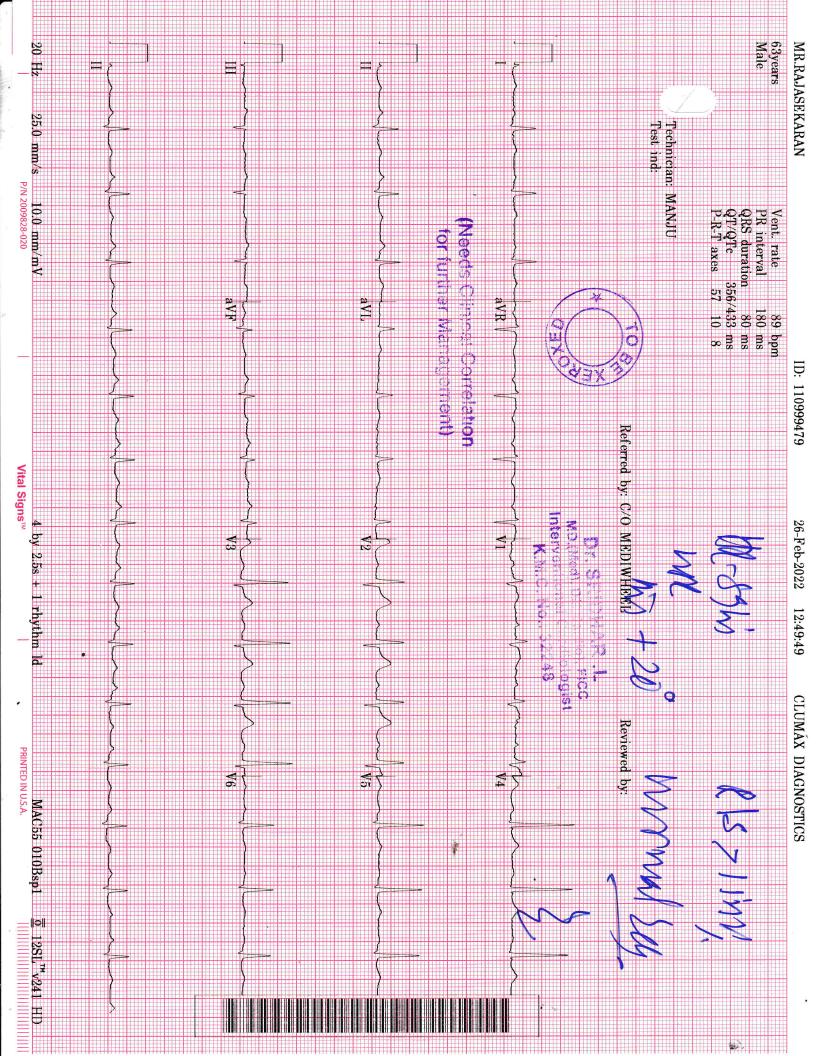




Signature:

# Sign-up & Health Assessment Form

To be filled by Customer					
ame: Mr/Ms/Mrs RAJASH	EKARN				
ender: OMale OFemale Age:	63 years DOB: /	1	actionated		
lobile:	Pincode:				
mail:					
	To be filled by	Customer			
	Medical Hi	story			
· .	Have you been previously diagnosed with?				
Bar code	Diabetes (Sugar) Hypertension (BP)	O Yes	O No		
	Cardiovascular Disease (Heart)	O Yes O Yes	O No O No		
•	Asthma/Allergies (Dust, Pollen, Food, Animals, etc.)	O yes	O No		
Vitals	Neurological Problems (Nerve)	O Yes	O No		
To be filled by Technician	Are you currently taking medications for?	O Tes	O No		
Height: 1 78. cms	Diabetes (Sugar)	O Yes	O No		
	Hypertension (BP)	O Yes	O No		
Waist: 34 . in.	Cardiovascular Disease (Heart)	O Yes	O No		
Hip: 35 . in.	Liver Disease	O Yes	O No		
Weight: 71.7 kg	Cancer	O Yes	O No		
The second s	Tuberculosis (TB)	O Yes	O No		
Fat: 3 0 . 19 %	Family His  Is there a history of below diseases in your family?	tory			
Visc. Fat: 9.5%	Diabetes (Sugar)	O Yes	O No		
RM: 11584 cal	Hypertension (BP)	O Yes	O No		
kanada ayaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa a	Cardiovascular Disease (Heart)	O Yes	O No		
BMI: 22.6 kg/m²	Cancer	O Yes	O No		
Body Age: 5 7 years	Lifestyl	e			
Sys. BP: 1 2 6 mmHg	Do you exercise regularly?	O Yes	O No		
tomorphic control and to the control and the control a	Do you consume alcohol more than 2 times a week?	O Yes	O No		
Dia. BP:	Do you smoke/chew tobacco?  Are you vegetarian?	O Yes	O No		
89 plust.	Genera	O Yes	О мо		
	Do you see a doctor at least once in 6 months?	O Yes	O No		
,	Do you undergo a health checkup every year?	O Yes	O No		
	How would you rate your overall Health?	0 0	0 0		
	Women's H	ent Good Normal lealth	Poor Very Poor		
	Is there a family history of Breast Cancer?	O Yes	O No		
	Is there a family history of Endometrial (Uterus) Cancer?	O Yes	O No		
	Is there a family history of Ovarian Cancer?	O Yes	O No		
	Do you have irregular periods?	O Yes	O No		
	Do you have heavy bleeding during periods?	O Yes	O No		
•	Do you have scanty periods?	O Yes	O No		
	Have you attained Menopause?	O Yes	O No		
	Do you have children?	O Yes	O No		
	Was it a normal delivery?	O Yes	O No		





Name	RAJASEKARAN	Customer ID	MED110999479
Age & Gender	63Y/M	Visit Date	Feb 26 2022 9:25AM
Ref Doctor		MediWheel	

### X - RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Bilateral lung fields appear normal.

Cardiac size is within normal limits.

Bilateral hilar regions appear normal.

Bilateral domes of diaphragm and costophrenic angles are normal.

Visualised bones and soft tissues appear normal.

Impression: Essentially normal study.

DR. H.K. ANAND

DR. POOJA B.P

DR. SHWETHAS

CONSULTANT RADIOLOGISTS

Dr. PRAJNA SHENOY



Name	MR.RAJASEKARAN	ID	MED110999479
Age & Gender	63Y/MALE	Visit Date	26/02/2022
Ref Doctor	MediWheel	a	

## **ABDOMINO-PELVIC ULTRASONOGRAPHY**

**LIVER** is normal in shape, size and has increased echopattern. No evidence of focal lesion or intrahepatic biliary ductal dilatation. Hepatic and portal vein radicals are normal.

**GALL BLADDER** show normal shape and has clear contents. Gall bladder wall is of normal thickness. CBD is of normal calibre.

**PANCREAS** has normal shape, size and uniform echopattern. No evidence of ductal dilatation or calcification.

SPLEEN show normal shape, size and echopattern.

No demonstrable Para -aortic lymphadenopathy.

**KIDNEYS** move well with respiration and have normal shape, size and echopattern. Cortico- medullary differentiations are well madeout. No evidence of calculus or hydronephrosis.

### The kidney measures as follows

	Bipolar length (cms)	Parenchymal thickness (cms)
Right Kidney	9.6	1.8
Left Kidney	9.5	1.8

URINARY BLADDER show normal shape and wall thickness.

It has clear contents. No evidence of diverticula.

Prevoid: 180ml

Postvoid: 35ml

**PROSTATE** is enlarged in size and measures 4.1 x 3.9 x 3.8cms, vol-33.4cc.

No evidence of ascites.





me	MR.RAJASEKARAN	ID	MED110999479
Age & Gender	63Y/MALE	Visit Date	26/02/2022
Ref Doctor	MediWheel	1	

## Impression:

- Prostatomegaly.
- Increased hepatic echopattern suggestive of fatty infiltration.

CONSULTANT RADIOLOGISTS:

DR. H. K. ANAND DR. PRAJNA SHENOY

DR. MAHESH. M. S

DR. RADHA KRISHNA. A.

DR. HIMA BINDU.P Ms/pu



Name	MR.RAJASEKARAN	ID	MED110999479
Age & Gender	63Y/MALE	Visit Date	26/02/2022
Ref Doctor	MediWheel		

# **2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC STUDY**

### M mode measurement:

mode measurement.				
AORTA		:	3.14	cms
LEFT ATRIUM		:	3.35	cms
AVS		:	1.06	cms
LEFT VENTRICLE	(DIASTOLE)	•	4.33	cms
•	(SYSTOLE)	:	3.06	cms
VENTRICULAR SEPTUM	(DIASTOLE)	•	1.55	cms
	(SYSTOLE)	:	2.04	cms
POSTERIOR WALL	(DIASTOLE)	•	1.43	cms
	(SYSTOLE)	;	2.37	cms
EDV		:	84	ml
ESV		:	36	ml
FRACTIONAL SHORTENII	NG	:	29	%
EJECTION FRACTION		:	56	%
EPSS		į		cms
RVID	•	•	2.08	cms

# **DOPPLER MEASUREMENTS**

MITRAL VALVE	: $E' - 0.99 \text{ m/s}$	'A' - 0.75 m/s	MR GRADE I
--------------	---------------------------	----------------	------------

AORTIC VALVE	:	1.49 m/s	. AR GRADE I

TRICUSPID VALVE	:	PASP 22mmHg	TRIVIAL TR
-----------------	---	-------------	------------

PULMONARY VALVE	•	0.84  m/s	NO PR
I OPHIOLITICE ALTERATE		U.UT 111/3	NOPK



ame	MR.RAJASEKARAN	ID	MED110999479
Age & Gender	63Y/MALE	Visit Date	26/02/2022
Ref Doctor	MediWheel		

:2:

**2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY FINDINGS:** 

Left Ventricle : Concentric Left Ventricular Hypertrophy

Left Atrium : Normal

Right Ventricle : Normal

Right Atrium : Normal.

Mitral valve : Normal, No mitral valve prolapse.

Aortic valve : Trileaflet & Thickened

Tricuspid valve : Normal.

Pulmonary valve : Normal.

IAS : Intact.

IVS : Intact.

Pericardium : No Pericardial effusion.

### **IMPRESSION:**

- SCLEROTIC AORTIC VALVE
- MILD AORTIC REGURGITATION
- MILD MITRAL REGURGITATION
- > TRIVIAL TRICUSPID REGURGITATION. PASP 22 mmHg
- CONCENTRIC LEFT VENTRICULAR HYPERTROPHY
- > ADEQUATE LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION. EF: 56 %
- NO CLOTS / PERICARDIAL EFFUSION / VEGETATION.

(KINDLY CORRELATE CLINICALLY AND WITH ECG)

DR.SRIDHAR.L MD.DM,FICC. CONSULTANT CARDIOLOGIST Ls/ml

> Dr. SRIDHAR .L MD.(Med), DBI(Cardio), FICC Interventional Cardiologist