Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR JAY KUMAR JHA	STUDY DATE	14/09/2023 10:30AM
AGE / SEX	58 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011306461
ACCESSION NO.	R6102345	MODALITY	CR
REPORTED ON	14/09/2023 10:18AM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

X-RAY CHEST - PA VIEW

Positional rotation is seen.

Unfolded aorta.

Cardia appears normal.

Lung fields are clear.

Both hila are prominent (vascular).

Both costophrenic angles appear normal.

Both domes of the diaphragm appear normal.

Bony cage appear normal.

IMPRESSION: No salient abnormality seen

Kindly correlate clinically.

Dr. Simran Singh DNB, FRCR(UK) DMC N0.36404

CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

*****End Of Report*****









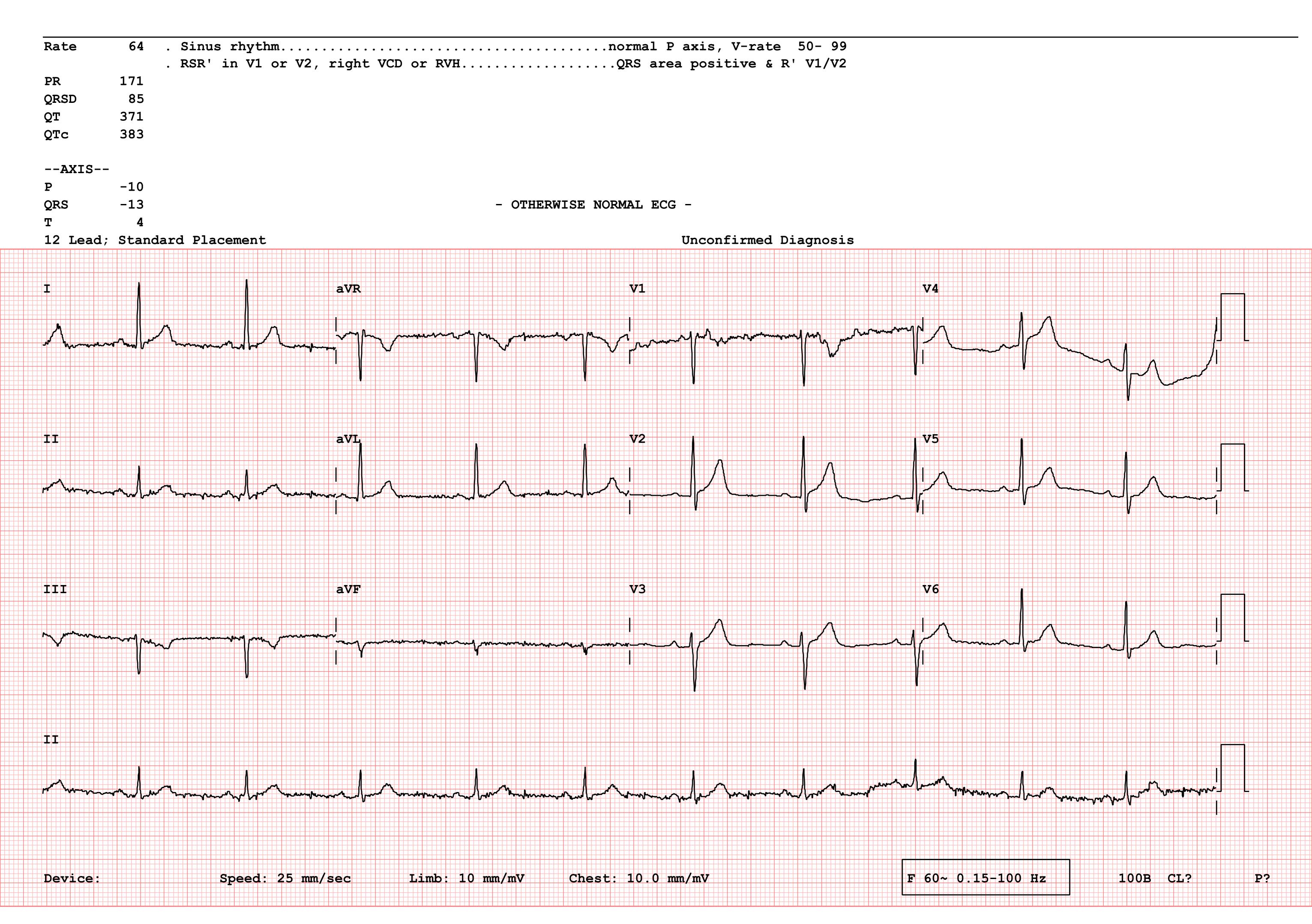


Awarded Emergency Excellence Services MC/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021 E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

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Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR JAY KUMAR JHA	STUDY DATE	14/09/2023 11:54AM
AGE / SEX	58 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011306461
ACCESSION NO.	NM9858072	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	15/09/2023 12:06PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY REPORT

Findings:

	End diastole	End systole
IVS thickness (cm)	1.1	1.3
Left Ventricular Dimension (cm)	4.5	2.8
Left Ventricular Posterior Wall thickness (cm)	1.0	1.2

Aortic Root Diameter (cm)	3.1
Left Atrial Dimension (cm)	3.5
Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (%)	55%

Normal in size. No RWMA. LVEF=55% LEFT VENTRICLE Normal in size. Normal RV function. RIGHT VENTRICLE

LEFT ATRIUM Normal in size **RIGHT ATRIUM** Normal in size Trace MR. MITRAL VALVE **AORTIC VALVE** Normal

TRICUSPID VALVE Trace TR (PASP ~ 23 mmHg)

PULMONARY VALVE Normal

MAIN PULMONARY ARTERY &

ITS BRANCHES

Appears normal.

INTERATRIAL SEPTUM Intact. INTERVENTRICULAR SEPTUM Intact.

PERICARDIUM No pericardial effusion or thickening

DOPPLER STUDY

VALVE	Peak Velocity (cm/sec)	Maximum P.G. (mmHg)	Mean P. G. (mmHg)	Regurgitation	Stenosis
MITRAL	E= 57 A=65	-	-	Trace	Nil
AORTIC	119	-	-	Nil	Nil
TRICUSPID	-	N	N	Trace	Nil
PULMONARY	57	N	N	Nil	Nil

SUMMARY & INTERPRETATION:

No LV regional wall motion abnormality with LVEF = 55%











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GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR JAY KUMAR JHA	STUDY DATE	14/09/2023 11:54AM
AGE / SEX	58 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011306461
ACCESSION NO.	NM9858072	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	15/09/2023 12:06PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

- Normal sized RA/RV/LV/LA with no chamber hypertrophy. Normal RV function.
- o Trace MR.
- o Trace TR (PASP $\sim 23 \text{ mmHg}$)
- o Grade I diastolic dysfunction.
- Mitral inflow pattern- Diastolic dysfunction (grade I/II/III), E/e',s/o ** LVEDP.
- IVC normal in size, >50% collapse with inspiration, suggestive of normal RA pressure.
- No clot/ no vegetation/ no pericardial effusion.

Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Amit Gupta MBBS, MD (Medicine), DNB (Cardiology) DMC 22478

Senior Consultant Cardiology

*****End Of Report*****











NABL Accredited Hospital MC/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021 E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR JAY KUMAR JHA Age : 58 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Receiving Date : 14 Sep 2023 11:14

Department of Transfusion Medicine (Blood Bank)

BLOOD GROUPING, RH TYPING & ANTIBODY SCREEN (TYPE & SCREEN)

Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutinaton by gel/tube technique)

Blood Group & Rh typing B Rh(D) Negative

: HEALTH CHECK MHD

Weak D Negative

Antibody Screening (Microtyping in gel cards using reagent red cells)

Final Antibody Screen Result Negative

Technical Note:

Referred By

ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique. Antibody screening is done using a 3 cell panel of reagent red cells coated with Rh, Kell, Duffy, Kidd, Lewis, P, MNS, Lutheran and Xg antigens using gel technique.

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-----END OF REPORT------

Damba

Reporting Date:

14 Sep 2023 12:02

Dr Himanshu Lamba

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR JAY KUMAR JHA Age : 58 Yr(s) Sex : Male

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 14 Sep 2023 11:15

Receiving Date : 14 Sep 2023 10:08

BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen: EDTA Whole blood

As per American Diabetes Association (ADA) 2010

HbA1c (Glycosylated Hemoglobin) 6.0 % [4.0-6.5]

HbA1c in %

Non diabetic adults : < 5.6 %

Prediabetes (At Risk) : 5.7 % - 6.4 %

Diabetic Range : > 6.5 %

Methodology Turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay (TINIA)

Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) 126 mg/dl

Use

- 1.Monitoring compliance and long-term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- 2.Index of diabetic control (direct relationship between poor control and development of complications).
- 3. Predicting development and progression of diabetic microvascular complications.

Limitations

- 1. AlC values may be falsely elevated or decreased in those with chronic kidney disease.
- 2.False elevations may be due in part to analytical interference from carbamylated hemoglobin formed in the presence of elevated concentrations of urea, with some assays.
- 3. False decreases in measured A1C may occur with hemodialysis and altered red cell turnover, especially in the setting of erythropoietin treatment

References: Rao.L.V., Michael snyder.L.(2021). Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Edition. Wolterkluwer. NaderRifai, Andrea Rita Horvath, Carl T.wittwer. (2018) Teitz Text book

of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics. First edition, Elsevier, South Asia.

Page 2 of 11

P 011 4967 4967 E info@manipalhospitals.com Emergency 011 4040 7070

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR JAY KUMAR JHA Age : 58 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 14 Sep 2023 11:01

Receiving Date : 14 Sep 2023 10:06

BIOCHEMISTRY

THYROID PROFILE, Serum Specimen Type : Serum

Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (ECLIA)	5.140 #	μIU/mL	[0.340-4.250]
T4 - Thyroxine (ECLIA)	8.75	μg/dl	[4.60-10.50]
T3 - Triiodothyronine (ECLIA)	0.99	ng/ml	[0.40-1.81]

Note: TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4.a.m.and at a minimum between 6-10 pm.Factors such as change of seasons hormonal fluctuations, Ca or Fe supplements, high fibre diet, stress and illness affect TSH results.

- * References ranges recommended by the American Thyroid Association
- 1) Thyroid. 2011 Oct; 21(10):1081-125.PMID .21787128
- 2) http://www.thyroid-info.com/articles/tsh-fluctuating.html

Lipid Profile (Serum)

144	mg/dl	[<200]
		Moderate risk:200-239
		High risk:>240
371 #	mg/dl	[<150]
		Borderline high:151-199
		High: 200 - 499
		Very high:>500
52	mg/dl	[30-60]
74 #	mg/dl	[10-40]
EROL	18 mg/dl	[<100] Near/Above optimal-100-129
	371 # 52	371 # mg/dl 52 mg/dl 74 # mg/dl

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Borderline High: 130-159

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Department Of Laboratory Medicine

 Name
 :
 MR JAY KUMAR JHA
 Age
 :
 58 Yr(s) Sex :Male

 Registration No
 :
 MH011306461
 Lab No
 :
 32230906037

 Patient Episode
 :
 H03000056512
 Collection Date :
 14 Sep 2023 09:52

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date : 14 Sep 2023 11:01

Receiving Date : 14 Sep 2023 10:06

BIOCHEMISTRY

T.Chol/HDL.Chol ratio

2.8

High Risk:160-189

<4.0 Optimal

4.0-5.0 Borderline
>6 High Risk

LDL.CHOL/HDL.CHOL Ratio

0.3

<3 Optimal

3-4 Borderline >6 High Risk

Note:

Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications. Recommended to do fasting Lipid Profile after a minimum of 8 hours of overnight fasting.

Technical Notes:

Lipid profile is a panel of blood tests that serves as initial broad medical screening tool for abnormalities in lipids, the results of these tests can identify certain genetic diseases and determine approximate risks for cardiovascular disease, certain forms of pancreatitis and other diseases.

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (Serum)			
BILIRUBIN-TOTAL (Diazonium Ion)	0.73	mg/dl	[0.10-1.20]
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT (Diazotization)	0.32 #	mg/dl	[0.00-0.30]
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT (Calculated)	0.41	mg/dl	[0.20-1.00]
SGOT/ AST (UV without P5P)	73.70 #	IU/L	[10.00-50.00]
SGPT/ ALT (UV without P5P)	73.60 #	IU/L	[0.00-41.00]
ALP (p-NPP, kinetic) *	85	IU/L	[45-135]
TOTAL PROTEIN (Biuret)	8.0	g/dl	[6.0-8.2]
SERUM ALBUMIN (BCG-dye)	4.8	g/dl	[3.5-5.2]
SERUM GLOBULIN (Calculated)	3.2	g/dl	[1.8-3.4]
ALB/GLOB (A/G) Ratio(Calculated)	1.50		[1.10-1.80]

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

 Name
 : MR JAY KUMAR JHA
 Age
 : 58 Yr(s) Sex :Male

 Registration No
 : MH011306461
 Lab No
 : 32230906037

 Patient Episode
 : H03000056512
 Collection Date : 14 Sep 2023 09:52

 Referred By
 : HEALTH CHECK MHD
 Reporting Date : 14 Sep 2023 11:01

Receiving Date : 14 Sep 2023 10:06

BIOCHEMISTRY

Technical Notes:

Liver function test aids in diagnosis of various pre hepatic, hepatic and post hepatic causes of dysfunction like hemolytic anemia's, viral and alcoholic hepatitis and cholestasis of obstructive causes.

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
KIDNEY PROFILE (Serum)			
BUN (Urease/GLDH)	10.00	mg/dl	[6.00-20.00]
SERUM CREATININE (Jaffe's method)	0.72 #	mg/dl	[0.80-1.60]
SERUM URIC ACID (Uricase)	4.4	mg/dl	[3.5-7.2]
SERUM CALCIUM (NM-BAPTA)	8.9	mg/dl	[8.0-10.5]
SERUM PHOSPHORUS (Molybdate, UV)	2.5	mg/dl	[2.5-4.5]
SERUM SODIUM (ISE)	131.0 #	mmol/l	[134.0-145.0]
SERUM POTASSIUM (ISE)	4.23	mmol/l	[3.50-5.20]
SERUM CHLORIDE (ISE Indirect)	94.6 #	mmol/L	[95.0-105.0]
eGFR	102.8	ml/min/1.73	3sq.m [>60.0]
m 1 ' 1 37 '			

Technical Note

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis / Icterus / Lipemia.

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P 011 4967 4967 **E** info@manipalhospitals.com **Emergency** 011 4040 7070

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR JAY KUMAR JHA Age : 58 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 14 Sep 2023 11:01

Receiving Date : 14 Sep 2023 10:06

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Interval

TOTAL PSA, Serum (ECLIA) 0.223 ng/mL [<3.500]

Note: PSA is a glycoprotein that is produced by the prostate gland. Normally, very little PSA is secreted in the blood. Increases in glandular size and tissue damage caused by BPH, prostatitis, or prostate cancer may increase circulating PSA levels.

Caution: Serum markers are not specific for malignancy, and values may vary by method.

Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostate massage urethral instrumentation, prostate biopsy may increase PSA levels.

Some patients who have been exposed to animal antigens, may have circulating anti-animal antibodies present. These antibodies may interfere with the assay reagents to produce unreliable results.

Page 6 of 11

-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR JAY KUMAR JHA Age : 58 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 14 Sep 2023 16:12

Receiving Date : 14 Sep 2023 15:12

BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen Type : Plasma
PLASMA GLUCOSE - PP

Plasma GLUCOSE - PP (Hexokinase) 179 # mg/dl [70-140]

Note: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying,

brisk glucose absorption , post exercise

Specimen Type : Serum/Plasma

Plasma GLUCOSE-Fasting (Hexokinase) 100 mg/dl [74-106]

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----END OF REPORT----

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR JAY KUMAR JHA Age : 58 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 14 Sep 2023 13:11

Receiving Date : 14 Sep 2023 10:07

HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (Automated) Specimen-Whole Blood

ESR 23.0 # mm/1sthour [0.0-12.0]

Interpretation :

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week postpartum.

ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives).

It is especially low (0 - 1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Test Name COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (EDTA Blood)	Result	Unit Bio	ological Ref. Interval
WBC Count (Flow cytometry)	5010	/cu.mm	[4000-10000]
RBC Count (Impedence)	4.56	million/cu.mm	[4.50-5.50]
Haemoglobin (SLS Method)	13.1	g/dL	[13.0-17.0]
Haematocrit (PCV)	40.0	%	[40.0-50.0]
(RBC Pulse Height Detector Method)			
MCV (Calculated)	87.7	fL	[83.0-101.0]
MCH (Calculated)	28.7	pg	[25.0-32.0]
MCHC (Calculated)	32.8	g/dL	[31.5-34.5]
Platelet Count (Impedence)	110000 #	/cu.mm	[150000-410000]
RDW-CV (Calculated)	14.1 #	&	[11.6-14.0]
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils (Flowcytometry)	51.7	ે	[40.0-80.0]
Lymphocytes (Flowcytometry)	36.5	90	[20.0-40.0]

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P 011 4967 4967 **E** info@manipalhospitals.com **Emergency** 011 4040 7070

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR JAY KUMAR JHA Age 58 Yr(s) Sex :Male **Registration No** : MH011306461 Lab No 33230904153 **Patient Episode** : H03000056512 **Collection Date:** 14 Sep 2023 09:52 : HEALTH CHECK MHD Referred By **Reporting Date:** 14 Sep 2023 15:18

Receiving Date : 14 Sep 2023 10:07

HAEMATOLOGY

Monocytes (Flowcytometry)	10.0	:	%	[2.0-10.0]
Eosinophils (Flowcytometry)	1.4	:	%	[1.0-6.0]
Basophils (Flowcytometry)	0.4 #	!	%	[1.0-2.0]
IG	0.80	:	%	
Neutrophil Absolute(Flouroscence	flow cytometry)	2.6	/cu mm	$[2.0-7.0] \times 10^{3}$
Lymphocyte Absolute(Flouroscence	flow cytometry)	1.8	/cu mm	$[1.0-3.0] \times 10^{3}$
Monocyte Absolute (Flouroscence fl	low cytometry)	0.5	/cu mm	$[0.2-1.2] \times 10^{3}$
Eosinophil Absolute(Flouroscence	flow cytometry)	0.1	/cu mm	$[0.0-0.5] \times 10^{3}$
Basophil Absolute (Flouroscence fl	low cytometry)	0.0	/cu mm	$[0.0-0.1] \times 10^{3}$

Complete Blood Count is used to evaluate wide range of health disorders, including anemia, infection, and leukemia. Abnormal increase or decrease in cell counts as revealed may indicate that an underlying medical condition that calls for further evaluation.

NOTE: Platelet count verified manually.

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Dr.Himansha Pandey

P 011 4967 4967 **E** info@manipalhospitals.com **Emergency** 011 4040 7070

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR JAY KUMAR JHA 58 Yr(s) Sex: Male Age **Registration No** MH011306461 Lab No 38230901444 **Patient Episode Collection Date:** H03000056512 14 Sep 2023 09:51 Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD 14 Sep 2023 13:17 **Reporting Date:**

Receiving Date : 14 Sep 2023 11:43

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Biological Ref. Interval			
ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS					
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION					
Colour (Visual)	YELLOW	(Pale Yellow - Yellow)			
Appearance (Visual)	CLEAR				
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION					
Reaction[pH]	8.0	(5.0-9.0)			
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Metho	od))				
Specific Gravity	1.010	(1.003-1.035)			
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Metho	od))				
Bilirubin	Negative	NEGATIVE			
Protein/Albumin	Negative	(NEGATIVE-TRACE)			
(Reflectance photometry(Indicator Method)/Manual SSA)					
Glucose	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)			
(Reflectance photometry (GOD-POD/Benedict Method))					
Ketone Bodies	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)			
(Reflectance photometry(Legal's Test)/	'Manual Rotheras)				
Urobilinogen	NORMAL	(NORMAL)			
Reflactance photometry/Diazonium salt reaction					
Nitrite	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE			
Reflactance photometry/Griess test					
Leukocytes	NIL	NEGATIVE			
Reflactance photometry/Action of Esterase					
BLOOD	NIL	NEGATIVE			
(Reflectance photometry(peroxidase))					
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION (Manual) Me	thod: Light microscopy on	centrifuged urine			
WBC/Pus Cells	1-2 /hpf	(4-6)			
Red Blood Cells	NIL	(1-2)			
Epithelial Cells	1-2 /hpf	(2-4)			
Casts	NIL	(NIL)			
Crystals	NIL	(NIL)			
Bacteria	NIL				
Yeast cells	NIL				
Interpretation:					

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P 011 4967 4967 **E** info@manipalhospitals.com **Emergency** 011 4040 7070

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

: MR JAY KUMAR JHA Name **:** 58 Yr(s) Sex :Male Age

38230901444 **Registration No** : MH011306461 Lab No

: H03000056512 **Collection Date:** 14 Sep 2023 09:51 **Patient Episode**

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 14 Sep 2023 13:17

: 14 Sep 2023 11:43 **Receiving Date**

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINALYSIS-Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic , urological, kidney and liver disorders

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urina tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine.

Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine.

Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys Most Common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration duri infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased Specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decrease Specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis

and in case of hemolytic anemia.

-----END OF REPORT------

Page 11 of 11

Dr.Himansha Pandey

Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR JAY KUMAR JHA	STUDY DATE	14/09/2023 10:59AM
AGE / SEX	58 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011306461
ACCESSION NO.	R6102344	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	14/09/2023 12:01PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Results:

Liver is borderline in size (15.7cm) and shows grade II fatty changes. No focal intra-hepatic lesion is detected. Intra-hepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre.

Gall bladder appears echofree with normal wall thickness. Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size (9.6cm) and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size (RK = 106 x 48 mm and LK = 97 x 58 mm) and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated.

Urinary bladder is normal in wall thickness with clear contents. No significant intra or extraluminal mass is seen.

Prostate is normal in size, shape and echopattern. It measures 16cc in volume.

Multiple loaded and gas filled bowel loops are seen diffusely in the abdomen.

No significant free fluid is detected.

Kindly correlate clinically

Dr. Pankaj Saini MD, DHA DMC No.15796

CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

*****End Of Report*****











MC/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021

Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

Awarded Clean & Green Hospital

Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR Sohan LAL	STUDY DATE	14/09/2023 10:22AM
AGE / SEX	33 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011306286
ACCESSION NO.	R6102086	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	14/09/2023 11:46AM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Results:

Liver is normal in size (13.1cm) and echopattern. No focal intra-hepatic lesion is detected. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre.

Gall bladder appears echofree with normal wall thickness. Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size (8.6 cm) and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size (RK = 98 x 44 mm and LK = 96 x 47 mm) and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated.

Urinary bladder is normal in wall thickness with clear contents. No significant intra or extraluminal mass is seen.

Prostate is normal in size, shape and echopattern. It measures 11cc in volume.

No significant free fluid is detected.

IMPRESSION: Normal study.

Kindly correlate clinically

Dr. Pankaj Saini MD, DHA DMC No.15796

CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

*****End Of Report*****











NABH Accredited Hospital NABL Accredited Hospital MC/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021

Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

Awarded Clean & Green Hospital