



**CLIENT CODE:** C000138361 **CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS:** 

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL ) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI

**NEW DELHI 110030** DELHI INDIA 8800465156

E-368, LGF, Nirman Vihar, Near Nirman Vihar Metro

NEW DELHI, 110092 NEW DELHI, INDIA Tel: 9111591115,

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email: wellness.eastdelhi@srl.in

**PATIENT NAME: YASHPAL SINGH** PATIENT ID: YASHM20128328

ACCESSION NO: 0028WA000718 AGE: 39 Years SEX: Male ABHA NO:

RECEIVED: 28/01/2023 09:10 30/01/2023 11:24 DRAWN: REPORTED:

**REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF** CLIENT PATIENT ID:

**Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval** Results Units <u>Final</u>

#### MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	13.7	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.57	4.5 - 5.5	mil/μL
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	8.50	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
PLATELET COUNT	154	150 - 410	thou/µL
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	41.2	40.0 - 50.0	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	90.1	83.0 - 101.0	fL
METHOD : DERIVED/COULTER PRINCIPLE			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	29.9	27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	33.3	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	13.7	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD: DERIVED/COULTER PRINCIPLE			
MENTZER INDEX	19.7		
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	11.8	<b>High</b> 6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD: DERIVED/COULTER PRINCIPLE			
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS	67	40 - 80	%
METHOD: VCS TECHNOLOGY/ MICROSCOPY			
LYMPHOCYTES	23	20 - 40	%
METHOD: VCS TECHNOLOGY/ MICROSCOPY			
MONOCYTES	6	2.0 - 10.0	%
METHOD: VCS TECHNOLOGY/ MICROSCOPY			
EOSINOPHILS	4	1.0 - 6.0	%
METHOD: VCS TECHNOLOGY/ MICROSCOPY			
BASOPHILS	00	0 - 1	%
METHOD: VCS TECHNOLOGY/ MICROSCOPY			



Page 1 Of 13 Scan to View Report





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ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL	_ COUNT	5.70		2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARA	METER				
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE	COUNT	1.90		1.0 - 3.0	thou/μL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARA					
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE		0.50		0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARA					
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL	. COUNT	0.30		0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARA					
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL C		0	Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARA					
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCY	TE RATIO (NLR)	3.0			
METHOD : CALCULATED PARA					
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIM BLOOD	IENTATION RATE (ES	R),WHOLE			
E.S.R		16	High	< 15	mm at 1 hr
METHOD: MODIFIED WESTER	RGREN METHOD BY AUTOMATED	O ANALYSER			
<b>GLUCOSE FASTING,FL</b>	UORIDE PLASMA				
FBS (FASTING BLOOD S	SUGAR)	128	High	74 - 106	mg/dL
METHOD: HEXOKINASE					
GLYCOSYLATED HEMO	OGLOBIN(HBA1C), ED	TA WHOLE			
HBA1C  METHOD: HPLC		5.6		Non-diabetic Adult < 5.7 Pre-diabetes 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetes diagnosis: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)	%
ESTIMATED AVERAGE G	THCOSE(EAC)	114.0		< 116.0	mg/dL
	` ,	114.0		< 110.0	ilig/uL
GLUCOSE, POST-PRAI	•				
PPBS(POST PRANDIAL E	BLOOD SUGAR)	155	High	Non-Diabetes 70 - 140	mg/dL
METHOD: HEXOKINASE					
LIPID PROFILE, SERU	IM				
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL		175		< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >/= 240 High	mg/dL
METHOD CHOLECTEROL OV					

METHOD: CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE









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TRIGLYCERIDES	163	High	< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >/= 500 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD: ENZYMATIC, END POINT		_		
HDL CHOLESTEROL	36	Low	< 40 Low >/=60 High	mg/dL
METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE POLYMER-POLYANION			2 / = 00 mgm	
CHOLESTEROL LDL	106	High	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High	mg/dL
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL  METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	139	High	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	32.6		Desirable value :	mg/dL
VERT LOW BENGITT EN OF ROTEIN	32.0		10 - 35	mg/ aL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	4.9	High	3.3-4.4 Low Risk 4.5-7.0 Average Risk 7.1-11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
LDL/HDL RATIO	2.9		0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	
Interpretation(s)				
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	1.35	High	UPTO 1.2	mg/dL
METHOD: DIAZONIUM ION, BLANKED (ROCHE)				
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT  METHOD: DIAZOTIZATION	0.35	High	0.00 - 0.30	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT  METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.00	High	0.00 - 0.60	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	8.0		6.6 - 8.7	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET, SERUM BLANK, ENDPOINT				
ALBUMIN  METHOD: BROMOCRESOL GREEN	5.1	High	3.97 - 4.94	g/dL



Page 3 Of 13 Scan to View Report





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GLOBULIN	2.9	2.0 - 4.0 Neonates - Pre Mature: 0.29 - 1.04	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO  METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.8	1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) METHOD: UV WITHOUT P5P	30	0 - 40	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)  METHOD: UV WITHOUT P5P	37	0 - 41	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE  METHOD: PNPP, AMP BUFFER-IFCC	83	40 - 129	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)  METHOD: G-GLUTAMYL-CARBOXY-NITROANILIDE-IFCC	23	8 - 61	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE  METHOD: L TO P, IFCC	190	135 - 225	U/L
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN  METHOD: UREASE - UV	8	6 - 20	mg/dL
CREATININE, SERUM			
CREATININE  METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE-KINETIC	1.02	0.70 - 1.20	mg/dL
BUN/CREAT RATIO			
BUN/CREAT RATIO  METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	7.84	5.00 - 15.00	
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID  METHOD: URICASE, COLORIMETRIC	5.7	3.4 - 7.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN	8.0	6.6 - 8.7	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET, SERUM BLANK, ENDPOINT			5/
ALBUMIN, SERUM			
ALBUMIN	5.1	<b>High</b> 3.97 - 4.94	g/dL
METHOD: BROMOCRESOL GREEN			

**GLOBULIN** 



Page 4 Of 13





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GLOBULIN	2.9	2.0 - 4.0 Neonates - Pre Mature: 0.29 - 1.04	g/dL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM	138	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD: ISE INDIRECT			
POTASSIUM, SERUM	3.97	3.5 - 5.1	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
CHLORIDE, SERUM	98	98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
Interpretation(s)			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
COLOR	PALE YELLOW		
METHOD: VISUAL			
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		
METHOD: VISUAL			
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
PH	6.0	4.7 - 7.5	
METHOD: DOUBLE INDICATOR PRINCIPLE			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010	1.003 - 1.035	
METHOD: PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES			
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: PROTEIN- ERROR INDICATOR			
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: OXIDASE-PEROXIDASE REACTION			
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: ACETOACETIC REACTION WITH NITROPRUSSIDE			
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: PEROXIDASE-LIKE ACTIVITY OF HEMOGLOBIN			
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIAZOTIZATION			
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
METHOD: MODIFIED EHRLICH REACTION			
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD: CONVERTION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE			
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	









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METHOD - ECTERACE HYDROLYCIC ACTIVITY				
METHOD: ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY  MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE				
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT BETECTED	NOT BETEGIES	, i i i	
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	0-1	0-5	/HPF	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			,	
EPITHELIAL CELLS	0-1	0-5	/HPF	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
CASTS	NOT DETECTED			
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED			
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
REMARKS				
	PLEASE NOTE THAT ( WITH THE CULTURE OCCASIONAL BACTE	INATION DONE ON CENTRIFUG GRADING OF BACTERIA NEEDS IN CASE FOUND SIGNIFICANT ( RIA/YEAST CELLS SEEN IN MICF DING SKIN FLORA ALSO.	TO BE CORELATED CLINICALLY.	
METHOD : MANUAL				
Interpretation(s)				
THYROID PANEL, SERUM				
Т3	112.7	80.00 - 200.00	ng/dL	
METHOD : ECLIA			-	
T4	6.58	5.10 - 14.10	μg/dL	
METHOD : ECLIA				
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	4.500	<b>High</b> 0.270 - 4.200	μIU/mL	
METHOD : ECLIA				
Interpretation(s)				
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL				
COLOUR	BROWN			
METHOD : GUAIAC METHOD				
CONSISTENCY	SEMI FORMED			
METHOD : MANUAL				
MUCUS	ABSENT	NOT DETECTED		



Page 6 Of 13 Scan to View Report





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METHOD: MANUAL				
VISIBLE BLOOD		ABSENT	ABSENT	
METHOD: MANUAL				
ADULT PARASITE		NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : CONCENTRATION				
CHEMICAL EXAMINA	ATION,STOOL			
STOOL PH		6.0		
MICROSCOPIC EXAM	INATION,STOOL			
PUS CELLS		0-1		/hpf
RED BLOOD CELLS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
METHOD : CONCENTRATION	N AND MICROSCOPY			
CYSTS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : CONCENTRATION	N AND MICROSCOPY			
OVA		NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : CONCENTRATION	N AND MICROSCOPY			
LARVAE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : CONCENTRATION	N AND MICROSCOPY			
TROPHOZOITES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : CONCENTRATION	N AND MICROSCOPY			
FAT		ABSENT		
VEGETABLE CELLS		ABSENT		
CHARCOT LEYDEN CRY	YSTALS	ABSENT		
CONCENTRATION MET	HOD	OVA OR CYSTS NOT SEEN		
REMARK		YEAST CELLS SEEN		
METHOD : CONCENTRATION	N AND MICROSCOPY			

Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE AB

METHOD: COLUMN AGGLUTINATION TECHOLOGY

RH TYPE POSITIVE

METHOD: COLUMN AGGLUTINATION TECHOLOGY

XRAY-CHEST

»» BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS ARE CLEAR

»» BOTH THE COSTOPHRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR

»» BOTH THE HILA ARE NORMAL

»» CARDIAC AND AORTIC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL









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» BOTH THE DOMES OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL

»» VISUALIZED BONY THORAX IS NORMAL

IMPRESSION NORMAL

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO 2D ECHO DONE

**ECG** 

ECG SHORT PR INTERVAL

**MEDICAL HISTORY** 

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY

NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT PAST HISTORY

NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY MARRIED 2 CHILD NON VEG AND VEG

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY MOTHER DIABETES

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY JOB

HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS NOT SIGNIFICANT

**ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI** 

HEIGHT IN METERS1.69mtsWEIGHT IN KGS.75Kgs

BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts

Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese

**GENERAL EXAMINATION** 

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE **NORMAL** PHYSICAL ATTITUDE NORMAL GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS **HEALTHY BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK AVERAGE** FACIAL APPEARANCE **NORMAL** SKIN **NORMAL** UPPER LIMB **NORMAL** LOWER LIMB **NORMAL NORMAL** 

NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER

THYROID GLAND NOT ENLARGED

CAROTID PULSATION NORMAL



Page 8 Of 13





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TEMPERATURE NORMAL

PULSE 82/MINUTE, REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO

**CAROTID BRUIT** 

RESPIRATORY RATE NORMAL

**CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM** 

BP 135/91 mm/Hg

PERICARDIUM NORMAL APEX BEAT NORMAL

HEART SOUNDS S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY

MURMURS ABSENT

**RESPIRATORY SYSTEM** 

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST

MOVEMENTS OF CHEST

BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY

NORMAL

NORMAL

BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL)

ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT

PER ABDOMEN

APPEARANCE NORMAL VENOUS PROMINENCE ABSENT

LIVER NOT PALPABLE SPLEEN NOT PALPABLE

**CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM** 

HIGHER FUNCTIONS NORMAL
CRANIAL NERVES NORMAL
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS NORMAL
SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL
MOTOR SYSTEM NORMAL
REFLEXES NORMAL

**MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM** 

SPINE NORMAL JOINTS NORMAL

**BASIC EYE EXAMINATION** 

CONJUNCTIVA NORMAL EYELIDS NORMAL



Page 9 Of 13





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EYE MOVEMENTS	NORMAL		
CORNEA	NORMAL		
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES	NORMAL		
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES	NORMAL		
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES	NORMAL		
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES	NORMAL		
COLOUR VISION	NORMAL		
BASIC ENT EXAMINATION			
EXTERNAL EAR CANAL	NORMAL		
TYMPANIC MEMBRANE	NORMAL		
NOSE	NO ABNORMALITY DE	ETECTED	
SINUSES	CLEAR		
THROAT	NO ABNORMALITY DE	ETECTED	
TONSILS	NOT ENLARGED		
SUMMARY			
RELEVANT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS	WITHIN NORMAL LIM	1ITS	
RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS	NO ABNORMALITIES	DETECTED	
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS			
		OUND OUT OF THE DIAGNOSTIC PACKAG AL PHYSICAL EXAMINATION IS NORMAL.	

#### Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13)

from Beta thalassaemia trait

(413) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for

diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.4 (2011) and NLR = 3.5 (2011) and NLR = 3.5 (2011) and NLR = 3.5 (2011) and NLR = 3.6 (2011) and NLR = 3.7 (2011) and N 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease. (Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-**TEST DESCRIPTION**:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall

(sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an





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**PATIENT NAME: YASHPAL SINGH** PATIENT ID: YASHM20128328

ACCESSION NO: 0028WA000718 AGE: 39 Years SEX: Male ABHA NO:

RECEIVED: 28/01/2023 09:10 REPORTED: 30/01/2023 11:24 DRAWN:

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Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units **Final** 

inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

#### TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc.), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

### REFERENCE

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition. GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-**TEST DESCRIPTION** 

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

#### Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

#### Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia), Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

- 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
- 2.Diagnosing diabetes.3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbAIc (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

- 1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
- 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months. 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 \* HbA1c 46.7

#### HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

I. Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days. II. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism,chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results. IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c. b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT



Page 11 Of 13 Scan to View Report





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is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis,

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget'''s disease,Rickets,Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia,Malnutrition,Protein deficiency,Wilson'''s disease.GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver,kidney and pancreas.It is also found in other tissues including intestine,spleen,heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom'''s disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing

enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism) Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH. CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
   Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
   Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
   Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers

- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystrophy

URIC ACID, ŚERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake,Prolonged Fasting,Rapid weight loss),Gout,Lesch nyhan syndrome,Type 2 DM,Metabolic syndrome

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum..Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns,

hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc.

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOODBlood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

HISTORY-\*\* THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.



Page 12 Of 13 Scan to View Report







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#### MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

**ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN SPLENOMEGALY** 

> \*\*End Of Report\*\* Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

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