

Male

PATIENT NAME: KARTAR SINGH REF. DOCTOR: SELF

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138381

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO : 0071WC000260

PATIENT ID : KARTM20088871

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX : DRAWN :

RECEIVED :11/03/2023 09:13:50

:34 Years

REPORTED :14/03/2023 10:44:39

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

XRAY-CHEST

»» BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS ARE CLEAR

»» BOTH THE COSTOPHRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR

»» BOTH THE HILA ARE NORMAL

»» CARDIAC AND AORTIC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL»» BOTH THE DOMES OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL

»» VISUALIZED BONY THORAX IS NORMAL

IMPRESSION NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO REPORT ENCLOSED

ECG

ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY HTN

RELEVANT PAST HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY MARRIED, 2 CHILDERNS. NON VEGETERIAN

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY PG

HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS ON MEDICATION

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.64 mts WEIGHT IN KGS. 60 Kgs

BMI 22 BMI & Weight Status as follows/sqmts

Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE NORMAL
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE NORMAL
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL HEALTHY

STATUS

BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK AVERAGE

Deels.

Dr.Geeta Pathologist





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View Details

View Repor

SRL Ltd
SRL Wellness Centre, SCO. 13,Sector 16 Market, Faridabad
FARIDABAD, 121001
Haryana, INDIA
Tel: 9111591115, Fax:
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956





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NORMAL FACIAL APPEARANCE **NORMAL** SKIN **NORMAL** UPPER LIMB LOWER LIMB **NORMAL NECK** NORMAL

NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER

THYROID GLAND **NOT ENLARGED**

CAROTID PULSATION **NORMAL NORMAL TEMPERATURE**

79 MIN/REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT **PULSE**

RESPIRATORY RATE **NORMAL**

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

ΒP 129/91 MM HG mm/Hg

> (SITTING) **NORMAL**

PERICARDIUM NORMAL APEX BEAT

HEART SOUNDS S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY

MURMURS ABSENT

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST **NORMAL** MOVEMENTS OF CHEST **SYMMETRICAL NORMAL** BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY

VESICULAR (NORMAL) BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY

ADDED SOUNDS **ABSENT**

PER ABDOMEN

APPEARANCE **NORMAL ABSENT** VENOUS PROMINENCE **NOT PALPABLE LIVER NOT PALPABLE SPLEEN**

ABSENT HERNIA

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

NORMAL HIGHER FUNCTIONS CRANIAL NERVES NORMAL

Dr.Geeta

Pathologist





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NORMAI CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL MOTOR SYSTEM NORMAL REFLEXES **NORMAL**

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

SPINE NORMAL JOINTS **NORMAL**

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

NORMAL CONJUNCTIVA **NORMAL EYELIDS** EYE MOVEMENTS **NORMAL CORNEA NORMAL** DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT 6/9 **GLASSES** 6/9

DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT

GLASSES

DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES 6/6 DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES 6/6

BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

EXTERNAL EAR CANAL **NORMAL** TYMPANIC MEMBRANE NORMAI

NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED NOSE

SINUSES NORMAL

NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED THROAT

TONSILS NOT ENLARGED

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED

ADVICE: REGULAR FOLLOW-UP FOR HIGH BLOOD SUGAR. REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS

PLEASE CORRELATE CLINICALLY.

FITNESS STATUS

FIT (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS) FITNESS STATUS

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Pathologist





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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE **ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN**

Interpretation(s)

MEDICAL

HISTORY-************* THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

FITNESS STATUS-Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for .These are then further correlated with details

of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.

- Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:
 Fit (As per requested panel of tests) SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.
- Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician'
- consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job.

 Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.
- Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.

End Of Report

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

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CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING

- 1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
- All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of Services.
- 3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
- 4. A requested test might not be performed if:
 - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
 - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
 - iii. Incorrect specimen type
 - iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form

- 5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
- 6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
- 7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
- 8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
- 9. In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

SRL Limited

Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII, Mohali 160062

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Pathologist

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н	IAEMATOLOGY - CBC		
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP B	ELOW 40 MALE		
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	15.1	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD: IMPEDANCE	5.28	4.5 - 5.5	mil/μL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD: IMPEDANCE	9.34	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT METHOD: IMPEDANCE	162	150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD: CALCULATED	44.8	40 - 50	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD: DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE	84.8	83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	28.6	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	33.7	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD: DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE	14.7 High	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	16.1		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD: DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE	12.9 High	6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY	62	40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY	27	20 - 40	%
MONOCYTES METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY	9	2 - 10	%
EOSINOPHILS METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY	2	1 - 6	%

Dr. Anurag Bansal LAB DIRECTOR

Dr. Arpita Roy, MD **Pathologist**





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HARYANA, INDIA







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BASOPHILS	0	0 - 2	%
METHOD: IMPEDANCE			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	5.75	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.49	1 - 3	thou/µL
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.80	0.20 - 1.00	thou/µL
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.22	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.04	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED			
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	2.3		
METHOD: CALCULATED			

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait <13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for

diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.4, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

Dr. Anurag Bansal LAB DIRECTOR

Dr. Arpita Roy, MD **Pathologist**





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HAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD

0 - 14mm at 1 hr E.S.R

METHOD: AUTOMATED (PHOTOMETRICAL CAPILLARY STOPPED FLOW KINETIC ANALYSIS)

Interpretation(s)
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change. **TEST INTERPRETATION**

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.

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IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP В

METHOD: HEMAGGLUTINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE

RH TYPE RH+

METHOD: HEMAGGLUTINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE

Interpretation(s)
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOODBlood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Dr. Arpita Roy, MD **Pathologist**

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BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) 120 High Normal 75 - 99 mg/dL

Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 Diabetic: > or = 126

METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY HEXOKINASE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C **7.5 High** Non-diabetic: < 5.7 %

Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 ADA Target: 7.0

Action suggested: > 8.0

METHOD: CAPILLARY ELECTROPHORESIS

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) 168.6 High < 116 mg/dL

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR) **166 High** 70 - 139 mg/dL

 ${\tt METHOD}: {\tt SPECTROPHOTOMETRY}, {\tt HEXOKINASE}$

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL **212 High** Desirable cholesterol level mg/dL

< 200

Borderline high cholesterol

200 - 239 High cholesterol > / = 240

METHOD: ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASSAY

TRIGLYCERIDES 163 High Normal: < 150 mg/dL

Borderline high: 150 - 199

High: 200 - 499 Very High: >/= 500

 ${\tt METHOD}: {\tt ENZYMATIC} \; {\tt COLORIMETRIC} \; {\tt ASSAY}$

HDL CHOLESTEROL 60 Low HDL Cholesterol <40 mg/dL

High HDL Cholesterol >/= 60

 ${\tt METHOD: HOMOGENEOUS\ ENZYMATIC\ COLORIMETRIC\ ASSAY}$

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CHOLESTEROL LDL	133 High	Adult levels: Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above op 100-129 Borderline high: 130-1 High: 160-189 Very high: = 190	
METHOD: HOMOGENEOUS ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC AS	SAY	, 3	
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	152 High	Desirable: < 130 Above Desirable: 130 Borderline High: 160 - High: 190 - 219 Very high: > / = 220	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER		00.00	
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	32.6 High	< OR = 30.0	mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.5	Low Risk : 3.3 - 4.4 Average Risk : 4.5 - 7. Moderate Risk : 7.1 - 1 High Risk : > 11.0	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
LDL/HDL RATIO	2.2	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Lov 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Mo Risk >6.0 High Risk	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER		-	
Interpretation(s)			
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM			
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD: COLORIMETRIC DIAZO METHOD	0.4	Upto 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD: COLORIMETRIC DIAZO METHOD	0.2	< 0.30	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.20	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BIURET	8.0	6.0 - 8.0	g/dL
ALBUMIN	4.8	3.97 - 4.94	g/dL

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SRL REFERENCE LAB,2nd FLOOR, PLOT NO. 31,URBAN ESTATE ELECTRONIC CITY,SECTOR-18, GURGAON, 122015

HARYANA, INDIA







CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138381

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHÍ

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO : **0071WC000260**

PATIENT ID : KARTM20088871

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX : DRAWN :

RECEIVED :11/03/2023 09:13:50 REPORTED :14/03/2023 10:44:39

:34 Years

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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference	Interval Units
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BROMOCRESOL GREEN(BCG	s) - DYE BINDING		
GLOBULIN	3.2	2.0 - 3.5	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	3.2	2.0 3.3	3/
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.5	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	18	< OR = 50	U/L
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, WITH PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHA			
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, WITH PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHA		< OR = 50	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	94	40 - 129	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PNPP, AMP BUFFER - IFCC			
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	20	0 - 60	U/L
METHOD: ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASSAY STANDARDIZED	AGAINST IFCC / SZASZ		
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	145	125 - 220	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, LACTATE TO PYRUVATE - UV	-IFCC		
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	12.0	6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, KINETIC TEST WITH UREASE	AND GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGENAS	SE	
CREATININE, SERUM			
CREATININE	0.70	0.7 - 1.2	mg/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRIC, JAFFE'S KINETICS			
BUN/CREAT RATIO			
BUN/CREAT RATIO	17.14 High	8.0 - 15.0	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID	4.7	3.4 - 7.0	mg/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, URICASE			
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BIURET	8.0	6.0 - 8.0	g/dL
ALBUMIN, SERUM			
ALBUMIN	4.8	3.97 - 4.94	g/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BROMOCRESOL GREEN(BCG			<i>5.</i>
GLOBULIN			

Demand

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HARYANA, INDIA





98 - 107



PATIENT NAME: KARTAR SINGH REF. DOCTOR: SELF

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138381 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0071WC000260

: KARTM20088871

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

PATIENT ID

ABHA NO

101

AGE/SEX DRAWN

RECEIVED: 11/03/2023 09:13:50 REPORTED :14/03/2023 10:44:39

mmol/L

:34 Years

Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Referenc	e Interval Units
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR	AMETER			
ELECTROLYTES (NA/	K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM		140	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD: ISE INDIRECT				
POTASSIUM, SERUM		4.3	3.5 - 5.1	mmol/L

METHOD: ISE INDIRECT Interpretation(s)

METHOD: ISE INDIRECT

CHLORIDE, SERUM

Interpretation(s)

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

- 1.Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
- Diagnosing diabetes.

3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for ne ADA recommends in least relation in the first cypically 3-4 times per year in type 1 and bonly controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.

3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to:I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results.(possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.
III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates

addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results. IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c. b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is

recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c



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HARYANA, INDIA Tel: 9111591115, Fax: CIN-U74899PB1995PLC045956







REF. DOCTOR: SELF PATIENT NAME: KARTAR SINGH

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138381 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0071WC000260

PATIENT ID : KARTM20088871

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Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval Final** Units

ABHA NO

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget'''s disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson'''s disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom'''s disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.
CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

• Blockage in the urinary tract

- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
 Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- · Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- · Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystroph

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum..Protein in the plasma is

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom''''''''''''' disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

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DELHÍ

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0071WC000260

PATIENT ID : KARTM20088871

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

088871 DRAWN

DRAWN :

AGE/SEX

RECEIVED : 11/03/2023 09:13:50 REPORTED :14/03/2023 10:44:39

:34 Years

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

ABHA NO

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR PALE YELLOW

APPEARANCE CLEAR

Comments

NOTE : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION OF URINE IS PERFORMED ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT.

IN NORMAL URINE SAMPLES CAST AND CRYSTALS ARE NOT DETECTED.

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH	5.5	4.7 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025	1.003 - 1.035
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
MICROSCOPIC EVANINATION LIBINE		

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	0-1	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	0-1	0-5	/HPF

NOT DETECTED

CASTS NOT DETECTED

BACTERIA NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: DIP STICK/MICRO SCOPY/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

Interpretation(s)

CRYSTALS

Daniel

Dr. Anurag Bansal LAB DIRECTOR





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HARYANA, INDIA







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F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: 0071WC000260

PATIENT ID : KARTM20088871

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

AGE/SEX : 34 Years

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 11/03/2023 09:13:50 REPORTED :14/03/2023 10:44:39

Test Report Status Final Results Biological Reference Interval Units

Demand

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AGE/SEX :34 Years DRAWN

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Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units <u>Final</u>

CLINICAL PATH - STOOL ANALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, STOOL

REMARK METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

Interpretation(s)

TEST CANCELLED AS SPECIMEN NOT RECEIVED

Dr. Mamta Kumari

Consultant Microbiologist

Sr.Microbiologist Microbiologist

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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138381

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F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

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:34 Years

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Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3 112.0 80 - 200 ng/dL

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY

T4 6.00 5.1 - 14.1 µg/dL

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) 2.710 0.27 - 4.2 μ IU/mL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY

Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.

Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low. owidctlparowidctlparBelow mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3)
					Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid
	×∞				hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto
					thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical
					inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and
					dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre
	1 14 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17				(3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid
					hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4
				3	replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent
					treatment for Hyperthyroidism

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AGE/SEX

:34 Years Male

DRAWN

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8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2.Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011. NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3,FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

Course

Dr. Anurag Bansal LAB DIRECTOR



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SRL Ltd SRL REFERENCE LAB,2nd FLOOR, PLOT NO. 31,URBAN ESTATE ELECTRONIC CITY,SECTOR-18, GURGAON, 122015 HARYANA, INDIA





SRL DIAGNOSTICS WELLNESS CENTER SCO 13, SECTOR 16 FARIDABAD PHONE NO- 0129-4179185

Patient : MR. KARTAR SINGH	Age/sex/34/Years/M
Accession No:- 0071WC0000260	D. 1. 11 100 10000
211 2000200	Date :11/03/2023

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

- Both lung fields are normal.
- Both costrophrenic angles are normal.
- Both domes of diaphram normal.
- Both hilar shadow are normal.
- * Cardiac size is normal.
- Visualized soft tissues and thoracic cage are normal.

Impression:

Please correlate clinically.

Dr. D.R. CHUGH
(MBBS, DMRD)
SRL LIMITED
SCO-13, Sec.-16,01/JDA Market,
Faridabad-121002
Tel.: 0129-4179184/85

Dr. D.R. Chugh (Consultant Radiologist)

Disclaimer:

The science of radiology is based upon interpretation of shadows of normal and abnormal tissue. This is neither complete nor accurate. Hence findings should always be interpreted in to the light of clinico-pathological correlation. This is a professional opinion, not a diagnosis. Not meant for medico-legal purpose,

CARDIOLOGY

Diagnostics

DR. SANDEED

BRUCE: Total Exercise Time 05:02

Male 164 cm 60 kg

Patient ID 0071WC000260

SINGH, KARTAR

34yrs Indian

12:38:45pm 11.03.2023

Meds:

Max HR: 160 bpm 86% of max predicted 186 bpm HR at rest: 88 Max BP: 120/80 mmHg Max RPP: 15960 mmHg*bpm

Maximum Workload: 10.00 METS

Max. ST: -0.65 mm, 0.00 mV/s in II; EXERCISE STAGE 2 01:00

Arrhythmia: A:83, PVC:5, CPLT:1, PERR:1, PCAP:1

ST/HR index: 0.27 µV/bpm

Ref. MD: Ordering MD: Technician; Test Type:

Medical History:

Fest Reason:

Summary: Resting ECG: normal Eunctional Capacity: normal, HR Response to *Exercise: appropriate. BP Response to Exercise: normal resting BP - appropriate response, Chest Pain: none. Arrhythmias: none, ST Changes: none. Overall Reasons for Termination: Target heart rate achieved impression: Normal stress test

Conclusion: TMT IS NEGATIVE FOR RMI

Phase Name Stage Name Time Speed Grade Workload HR BP RPP VE STLevel (min) Comment PRETEST SUPINE 00:01 (%) (METS) (bpm) (mmHg*bpm (/min) (II mm) (II mm) PRETEST SUPINE 00:01 0 88 0 0.45 HYPERV. 00:02 0.00 1.0 88 0 0.45 HYPERV. 00:02 0.00 1.0 88 0 0.45 WARM-UP 01:58 1.60 0.00 1.7 100 0.06 EXERCISE STAGE 1 00:05 2.70 0.00 1.7 99 0.040 STAGE 2 03:00 4.00 12:00 7.0 134 120/80 16080 0.50 STAGE 3 01:59 5.40 14:00 10.0 10.0 120/80 0 0.00 RECOVERY 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.								Location	Cocation Number.					
SUPINE 00:01 1.0 88 0 STANDING 00:07 0.00 0.00 1.0 88 0 HYPERV. 00:02 0.00 0.00 1.0 88 0 WARM-UP 01:58 1.60 0.00 1.7 100 0 STAGE 1 00:05 2.70 0.00 1.7 99 0 0 STAGE 2 03:00 4.00 12.00 7.0 134 120/80 1 STAGE 3 01:59 5.40 14.00 10.0 160 1 SYAGE 3 04:32 0.00 0.00 1.0 120/80 0	Phase Name	\$550 - CP\$/50 AND	Time in Stage	Speed (km/h)	Grade (%)	Workload (METS)	2 CONTRACTOR	BP (mmHg)	RPP (mmHg*bpm		ST Level (II mm)	Comment		
STANDING 00:07 0.00 0.00 1.0 88 0 HYPERV. 00:02 0.00 0.00 1.0 88 0 WARM-UP 01:58 1.60 0.00 1.7 100 0 STAGE 1 00:05 2.70 0.00 1.7 99 0 STAGE 2 03:00 4.00 12:00 7.0 134 120/80 0 STAGE 3 01:59 5.40 14:00 10:0 160 1 SY 04:32 0.00 0.00 1.0 120/80 0	PRETEST	SUPINE	00:01			1.0	88			0	0.40	TO THE PARTY OF TH		
HYPERV. 00:02 0.00 0.00 1.0 88 0 WARM-UP 01:58 1.60 0.00 1.7 100 0 STAGE 1 00:05 2.70 0.00 1.7 99 0 STAGE 2 03:00 4.00 12:00 7.0 134 120/80 16080 0 STAGE 3 01:59 5.40 14:00 10:0 160 120/80 0		STANDING	00:07	0.00	00.0	1.0	88	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		0	0.45			
WARM-UP 01:58 1.60 0.00 1.7* 100 0 STAGE 1 00:05 2.70 0.00 1.7 99 0 STAGE 2 03:00 4.00 12:00 7.0 134 120/80 0 STAGE 3 01:59 5.40 14:00 10:0 160 1 O 4:32* 0.00 0.00 1.0 120/80 0		HYPERV.	00:02	0.00	00.0	1.0	88			0	0.45			
STAGE 1 00:05 2.70 0.00 1.7 99 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		WARM-UP	01:58	1.60	0.00	1.7	100			0	09.0			
STAGE 2 03:00 4.00 12.00 7.0 134 120/80 16080 0 STAGE 3 01:59 5.40 14.00 10.0 160 120/80 1 0 0 04:32 0.00 0.00 1.0 120/80 0	EXERCISE	STAGE 1	00:05	2.70	00.0	1.7	66			0	0.40			
STAGE 3 01:59 5.40 14.00 10.0 160 160 1 120/80 0		STAGE 2	03:00	4.00	12.00	7.0	134	120/80	16080	0	0.50			
0.00 0.00 1.0 120/80 0		STAGE 3	01:59	5.40	14.00	10.0	160			1	-0.05			
	RECOVERY		04:32	0.00	0.00	1.0		120/80		0	.1			



SRL DIAGNOSTICS WELLNESS CENTER SCO 13, SECTOR 16 FARIDABAD PHONE NO- 0129-4179185

Patient : MR. KARTAR SINGH	Age/sex/34/Years/M
Accession No:- 0071WC0000260	ALE STATE OF
	Date :11/03/2023

ELECTROCADIOGRAM

Result	Values	Normal Range
Rate Rhythm	73 Imm	60-100 b/m
P Wave	0.10	Sinus Width<0.11Sec.Height<3mm
QRS Complex T Wave	0.09	<0.10Sec. In duration
U wave	alint	Upright
P R Interval	0,15	0.12-0.20Sec
S T Segment	900	Isoelectric

IMPRESSION -: Lt axin der.

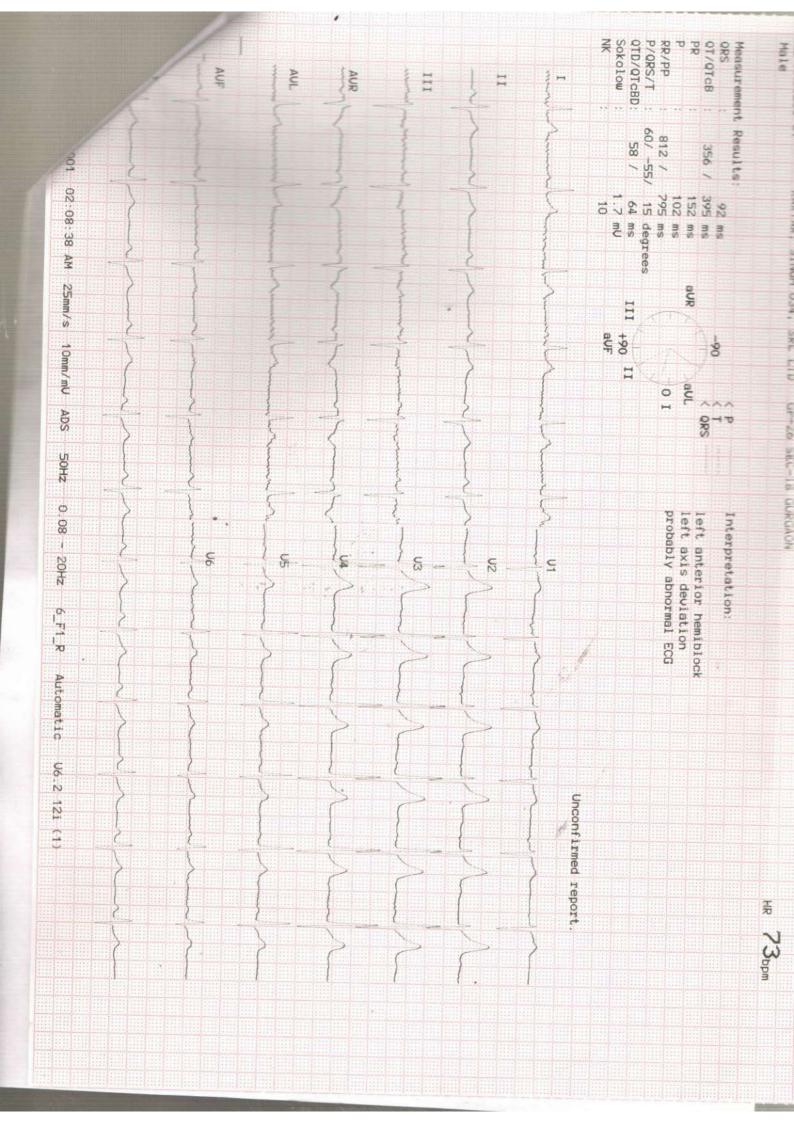
Please correlate clinically

Dr. MUKUL GOSWAMI (MB8S) Regn.- 9208 SRL LIMITED SCO-13, Sec-16 HUDA Market Fauldabad-121002 Tal. (N 29-4179184/85

DR. MUKUL GOSWAMI CONSULTANT PHYSICIAN

Disclaimer:

The science of cardiology is based upon interpretation of normal and abnormal ECG graph. This is neither complete of accurate, hence findings should always be interpreted in tot he light of clinico-pathological correlation. This a professional opinion, not a diagnosis. Not meant for medico legal purpose.







SRL DIAGNOSTICS WELLNESS CENTER SCO 13, SECTOR 16 FARIDABAD PHONE NO- 0129-4179185

Name: MR. KARTAR SINGH	Age/sex- 34Years/M
Accession No.: 0071WC000260	Date: 11/03/2023

ULTRA SOUND SCAN OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver: Normal in size and shows homogeneous echotexture. No obvious focal or diffuse pathology is noted in either of the lobes. Fatty liver Grade I present Hepatic veins appear normal.

Gall bladder: Well distended with echo free lumen and normal wall thickness.

CBD AND PORTALVEIN: Normal in caliber

Pancreas: Normal in size shape and echotexture no e/o focal lesion /calcification. Pancreatic duct appears normal.

Spleen: Normal in size, shape and Echotexture. No e/o focal lesion

Both Kidneys: Both kidneys are normal in size and echotexture. No e/o hydronephrosis/focal lesion.

Urinary bladder: Well distended. No e/o calculi/internal echoes. Wall thickness appears normal.

Prostate: Normal in size ,Shape and echotexture. No e/o focal lesion No free fluid noted.

No obvious lymphadenopathy noted.

IMPRESSION:- WHOLE ABDOMEN REVEALS FATTY LIVER CHANGES GRADE-I

Correlate with clinically findings.

sco-13 Sec -19 HODA Market, 12/1002 Dr. D.R. Chugh

(Consultant Radiologist)

Disclaimer:The science of radiology is based upon interpretation of shadows of normal and abnormal tissue. This is neither complete nor accurate. Hence findings The science of radiology is based upon interpretation of shadows of normal and abnormal tissue. This is neither complete nor accurate. Hence findings should always be interpreted in to the light of clinico-pathological correlation. This is a professional opinion, not a diagnosis. Not meant for medico-legal should always be interpreted in to the light of clinico-pathological correlation.