Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.
Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703
Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220
Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255
For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300
www.fortishealthcare.com |
CIN : U85100MH2005PTC154823

Hiranandani HOSPITAL
(A Fortis Network Hospital)

HEALTH CHECKUP CONSULTATION SUMMARY

Patient's Name :

UHID NO :

Age : Sex:

Date of Consultation

BP: HEIGHT: WEIGHT:

Allergies : (if Any)

INVESTIGATION

PATHOLOGY

_____

_____

_____

_____

RADIOLOGY

_____

_____

_____

NIC

_____

_____

OTHERS

_____

Chief Complaints : _____

_____

_____

Hiranandani
HOSPITAL
(A Fortis Network Hospital)

Hiranandani Fortis Hospital
Mini Seashore Road,
Sector 10 - A, Vashi,
Navi Mumbai - 400 703.
Tel. : +91-22-3919 9222
Fax : +91-22-3919 9220/21
Email : vashi@vashihospital.cc

BMI CHART

Date: 22/11/12

Name: Mr. Gaurav S. Gamare Age: 34 yrs Sex: M / F

BP: _____ Height (cms): _____ Weight(kgs): _____ BMI: _____

WEIGHT lbs	100	105	100	115	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215
kgs	45.5	47.7	50.50	52.3	54.5	56.8	59.1	61.4	63.6	65.9	68.2	70.5	72.7	75.0	77.3	79.5	81.8	84.1	86.4	88.6	90.9	93.2	95.5	97.7
HEIGHT in/cm	Underweight					Healthy					Overweight					Obese					Extremely Obese			
5'0" - 152.4	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
5'1" - 154.9	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	36	37	38	39	40
5'2" - 157.4	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
5'3" - 160.0	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
5'4" - 162.5	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
5'5" - 165.1	16	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	32	33	34	35	35
5'6" - 167.6	16	17	17	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	34	34
5'7" - 170.1	15	16	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	33
5'8" - 172.7	15	16	16	17	18	19	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	32	32
5'9" - 176.2	14	15	16	17	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	31
5'10" - 177.8	14	15	15	16	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	30
5'11" - 180.3	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30
6'0" - 182.8	13	14	14	15	16	17	17	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28	29
6'1" - 185.4	13	13	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27	28
6'2" - 187.9	12	13	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	27	27
6'3" - 190.5	12	13	13	14	15	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	26	26
6'4" - 193.0	12	12	13	14	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	23	24	25	25	26

Doctors Notes:

Signature

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GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D

Hiranandani HOSPITAL
(A Fortis Network Hospital)

UHID	**5611033**	**Date**	**22/11/2022**		
Name	**Mr.Gaurav Shrikrishna Ganage**	**Sex**	**Male**	**Age**	**34**
OPD	**Opthal 14**	**Health Check Up**			

Drug allergy:
Sys illness:

Aided B.E
RAF (plano)

Antseg (WNL

VA

PM (WNL

(Vmedis)

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Hiranandani HOSPITAL
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UHID	5611033	Date	22/11/2022		
Name	Mr.Gaurav Shrikrishna Ganage	Sex	Male	Age	34
OPD	Dental 12	Health Check Up			

Drug allergy:
Sys illness:

I. O. E:

1. Gen. gingivitis.
2. Ellis class I fracture 11.

Rx plan.

1. Complete scaling.
2. Restoration 11

Dr. Preeti Patel

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

PATIENT ID : **FH.5611033** CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:5611033

ACCESSION NO : **0022VK004753** AGE : 34 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO :

DRAWN : 22/11/2022 10:02:00 RECEIVED : 22/11/2022 10:02:13 REPORTED : 22/11/2022 12:55:50

CLIENT NAME : **FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD** **REFERRING DOCTOR :** SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5611033 REQNO-1323877
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837

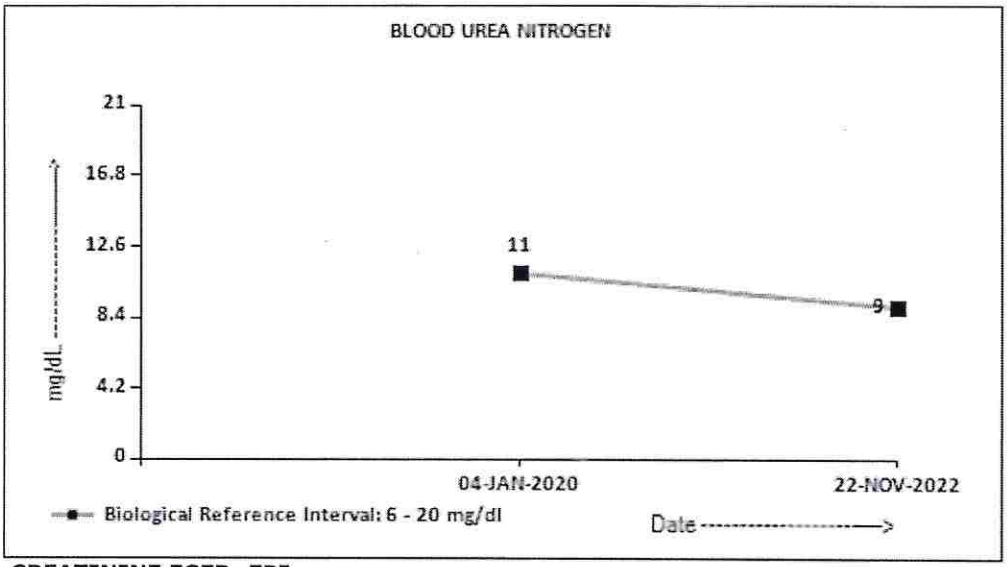
Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

KIDNEY PANEL - 1

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	9	6 - 20	mg/dL

METHOD : UREASE - UV



CREATININE EGFR- EPI

CREATININE	**0.81**	**Low**	0.90 - 1.30	mg/dL

METHOD : ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES

AGE	34		years
GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (MALE)	118.65	Refer Interpretation Below	mL/min/1.7

METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

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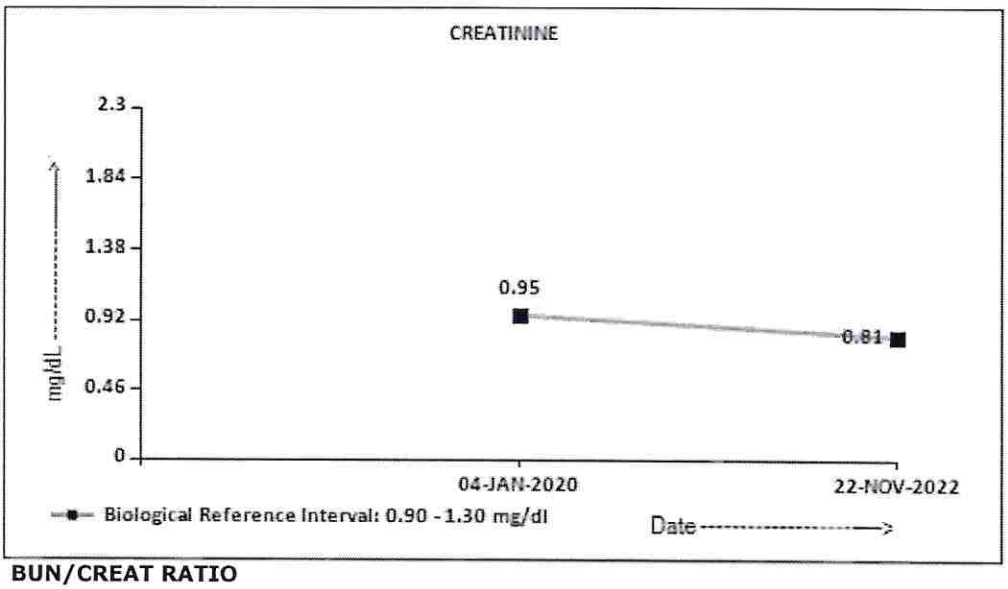

BUN/CREAT RATIO			
BUN/CREAT RATIO	11.11	5.00 - 15.00	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID	5.8	3.5 - 7.2	mg/dL
METHOD : URICASE UV			
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.0	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET			
ALBUMIN, SERUM			
ALBUMIN	3.7	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING			
GLOBULIN			
GLOBULIN	3.3	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM	139	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.03	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

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Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
CHLORIDE, SERUM	104	98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
Interpretation(s)			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
COLOR	PALE YELLOW		
METHOD : PHYSICAL			
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		
METHOD : VISUAL			
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
PH	6.5	4.7 - 7.5	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOUBLE INDICATOR METHOD			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010	1.003 - 1.035	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CONCENTRATION)			
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY - PROTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE			
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOUBLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/POD			
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROTHERA'S PRINCIPLE			
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PEROXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN			
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIAZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIRUBIN WITH DIAZOTIZED SALT			
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (MODIFIED EHRLICH REACTION)			
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CONVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE			
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY			
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE			
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	2-3	0-5	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

PATIENT ID : **FH.5611033** CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:5611033

ACCESSION NO : **0022VK004753** AGE : 34 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO :

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CLINICAL INFORMATION :

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CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
EPITHELIAL CELLS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	2-3	0-5	/HPF
CASTS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
YEAST METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED *	NOT DETECTED	
REMARKS	URINARY MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION DONE ON URINARY CENTRIFUGED SEDIMENT.		

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)
Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.
CREATININE EGFR- EPI-
GFR— Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) is a measure of the function of the kidneys. The GFR is a calculation based on a serum creatinine test. Creatinine is a muscle was product that is filtered from the blood by the kidneys and excreted into urine at a relatively steady rate. When kidney function decreases, less creatinine is excreted and concentrations increase in the blood. With the creatinine test, a reasonable estimate of the actual GFR can be determined.
A GFR of 60 or higher is in the normal range.
A GFR below 60 may mean kidney disease.
A GFR of 15 or lower may mean kidney failure.
Estimated GFR (eGFR) is the preferred method for identifying people with chronic kidney disease (CKD). In adults, eGFR calculated using the Modification of Diet in Rena Disease (MDRD) Study equation provides a more clinically useful measure of kidney function than serum creatinine alone.
The CKD-EPI creatinine equation is based on the same four variables as the MDRD Study equation, but uses a 2-slope spline to model the relationship between estimate GFR and serum creatinine, and a different relationship for age, sex and race. The equation was reported to perform better and with less bias than the MDRD Study equa especially in patients with higher GFR. This results in reduced misclassification of CKD.
The CKD-EPI creatinine equation has not been validated in children & will only be reported for patients = 18 years of age. For pediatric and childrens, Schwartz Pediatric Bedside eGFR (2009) formulae is used. This revised "bedside" pediatric eGFR requires only serum creatinine and height.
URIC ACID, SERUM-
Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake,Prolonged Fasting,Rapid weight loss),Gout,Lesch nyhan syndrome,Type 2 DM,Metabolic syndrome
Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-
Serum total protein,also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum..Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin a globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease
Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.
ALBUMIN, SERUM-
Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc.

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BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
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Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	
HAEMATOLOGY			
CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
MORPHOLOGY			
RBC	PREDOMINANTLY NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
WBC	NORMAL MORPHOLOGY		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
PLATELETS	ADEQUATE		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD			
E.S.R	07	0 - 14	mm at 1 hr
METHOD : WESTERGREN METHOD			
CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	14.5	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.93	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	6.90	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
METHOD : DOUBLE HYDRODYNAMIC SEQUENTIAL SYSTEM(DHSS)CYTOMETRY			
PLATELET COUNT	305	150 - 410	thou/µL
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	42.5	40 - 50	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	86.2	83 - 101	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	29.5	27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC)	34.2	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

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BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
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Test Report Status **Final**	Results		Biological Reference Interval	
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	**14.4**	**High**	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	17.5			
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	9.0		6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY	46		40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY	**42**	**High**	20 - 40	%
MONOCYTES METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY	6		2 - 10	%
EOSINOPHILS METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY	6		1 - 6	%
BASOPHILS METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY	0		0 - 2	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	3.17		2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	2.90		1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.41		0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.41		0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	**0**	**Low**	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.1			

Interpretation(s)
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD-**TEST DESCRIPTION :-**
Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) th are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.
TEST INTERPRETATION
Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

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Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval

Finding a very accelerated ESR**(>100 mm/hour)** in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).
In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.
Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS
False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased : Poikilocytosis,(SickleCells,spherocytes),Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

REFERENCE :
1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition;2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin;3. The reference the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition.
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait
(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NL 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.
(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 1065
This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP	TYPE O			
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION				
RH TYPE	POSITIVE			
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION				

Interpretation(s)
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-
Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

BIO CHEMISTRY

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	**210**	**High**	< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >/= 240 High	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC,CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE				
TRIGLYCERIDES	78		< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >/=500 Very High	mg/dL

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

PATIENT ID : **FH.5611033** CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:5611033

ACCESSION NO : **0022VK004753** AGE : 34 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO :

DRAWN : 22/11/2022 10:02:00 RECEIVED : 22/11/2022 10:02:13 REPORTED : 22/11/2022 12:55:50

CLIENT NAME : **FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD** **REFERRING DOCTOR :** SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5611033 REQNO-1323877
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837

Test Report Status **Final**	Results		Biological Reference Interval	
METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY				
HDL CHOLESTEROL	**38**	**Low**	< 40 Low >/=60 High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE - PEG				
LDL CHOLESTEROL, DIRECT	**148**	**High**	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMENT				
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	**172**	**High**	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
CHOL/HDL RATIO	**5.5**	**High**	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
LDL/HDL RATIO	**3.9**	**High**	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	15.6		</= 30.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

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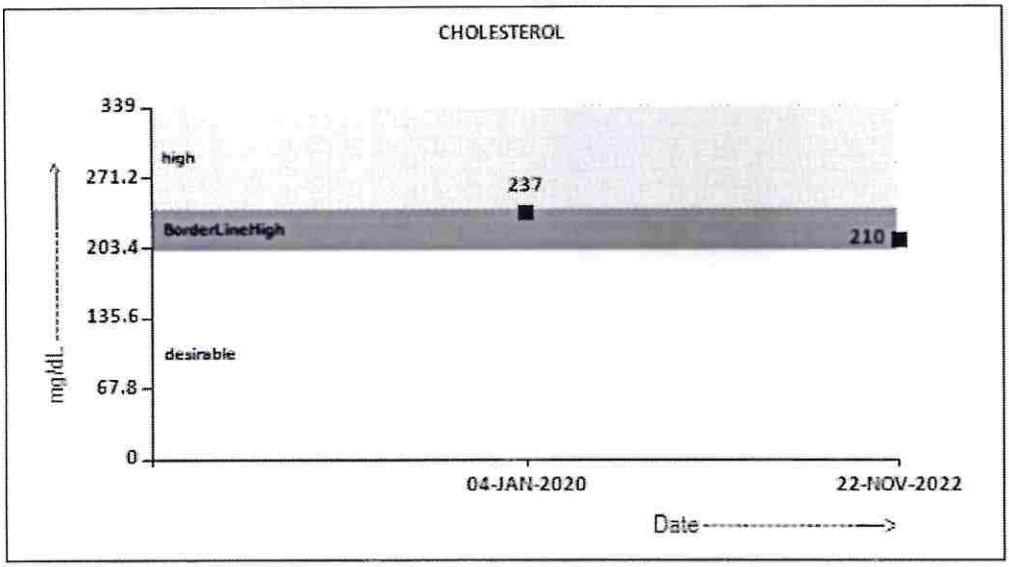
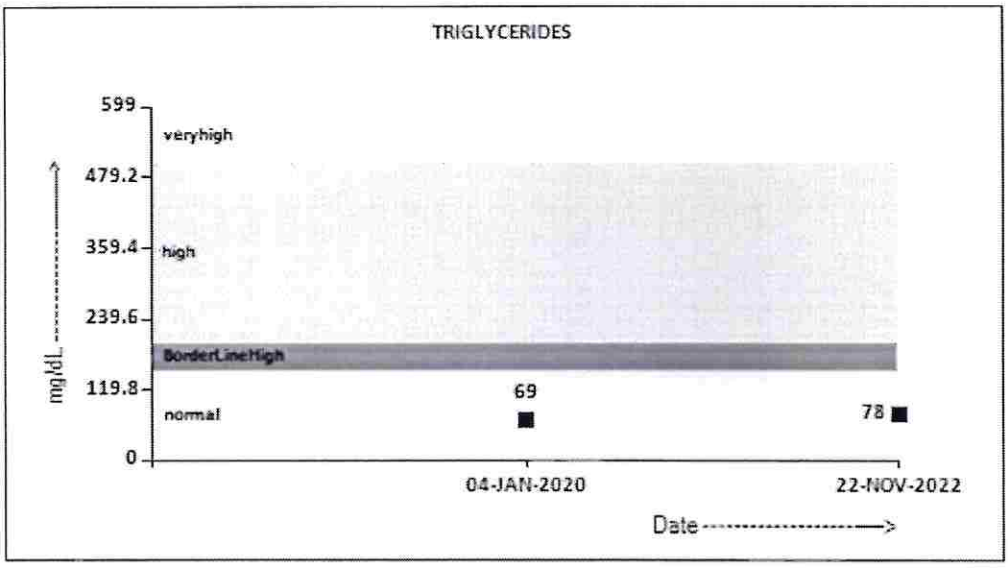
Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval





PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

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BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
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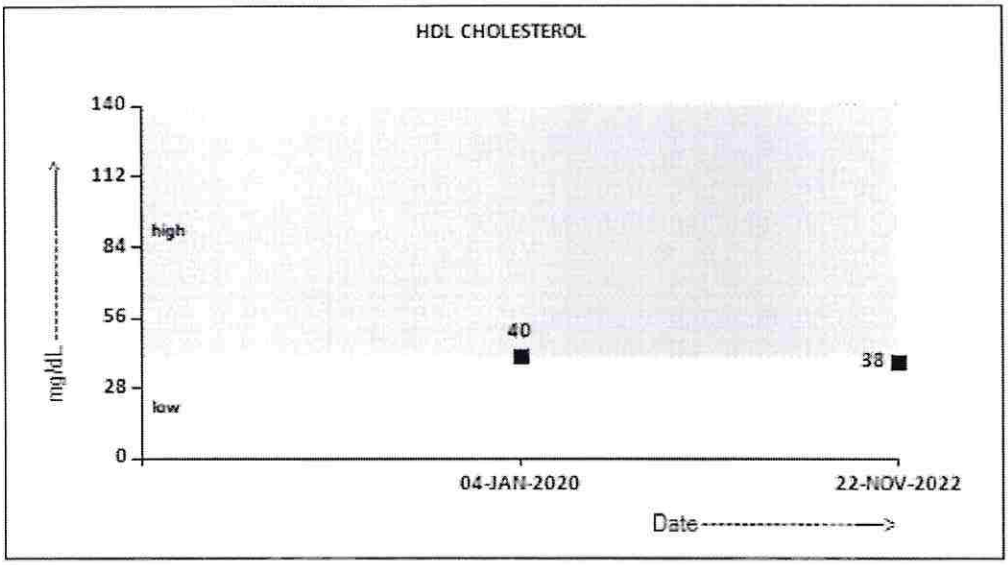
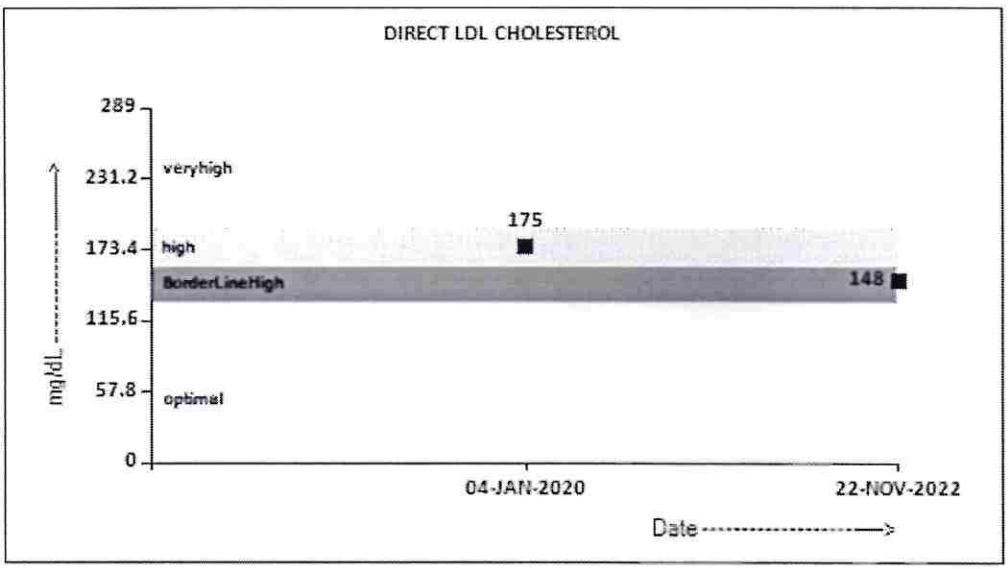
Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval





LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

PATIENT ID : **FH.5611033** CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:5611033

ACCESSION NO : **0022VK004753** AGE : 34 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO :

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CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5611033 REQNO-1323877
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	0.55	0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	0.15	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.40	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : BIURET	7.0	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING	3.7	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
GLOBULIN METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	3.3	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.1	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) METHOD : UV WITH P5P	17	15 - 37	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD : UV WITH P5P	42	< 45.0	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD : PNPP-ANP	94	30 - 120	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD : GAMMA GLUTAMYLCARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE	34	15 - 85	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD : LACTATE -PYRUVATE	114	100 - 190	U/L
GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA			
FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) METHOD : HEXOKINASE	89	74 - 99	mg/dL

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

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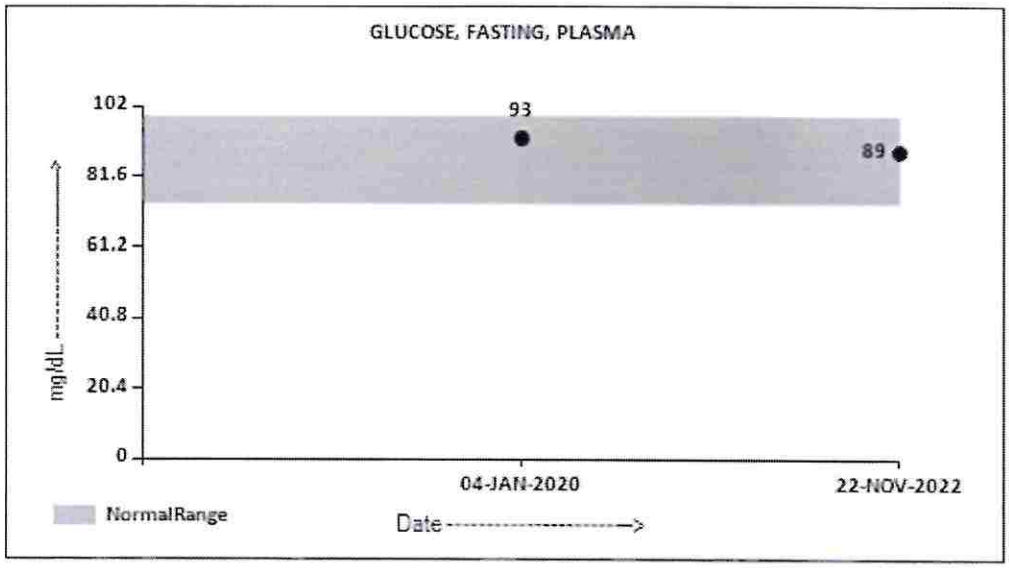
Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval



GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C	5.5	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0	%
METHOD : HB VARIANT (HPLC)			
ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	111.2	< 116.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

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ACCESSION NO : **0022VK004753** AGE : 34 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO :

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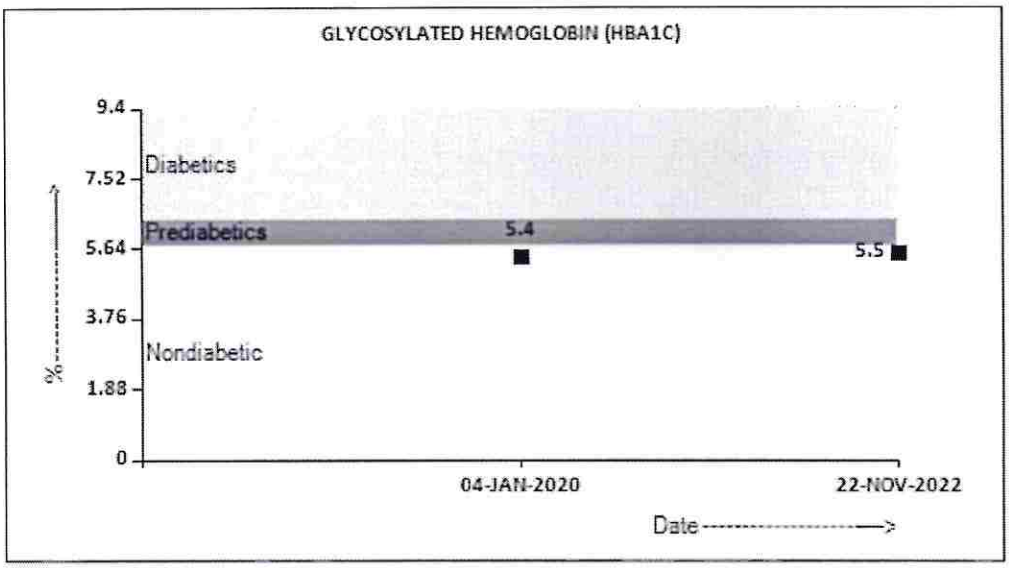
Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval



Interpretation(s)
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM-Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease This test can help determine your of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don'''''''' cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn''''''''''''''t need into triglycerides, which are stored in fat cells. triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or h diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, othe diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determinatic provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk.It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the ""good"" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open an blood flowing more freely.HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumpti and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease.
Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also b implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both prir and secondary prevention studies.

Recommendations:
Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

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CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5611033 REQNO-1323877
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult.
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE
Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice.Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (e obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) biliru may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.
AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver,liver cancer,kidney failure,hemolyt anemia,pancreatitis,hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas.It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis,sometimes due to a viral infection,ischemia to the liver,chronic hepatitis,obstruction of bile ducts,cirrhosis.
ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues.Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver,bile ducts and bone.Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruct Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease,Rickets,Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels s in Hypophosphatasia,Malnutrition,Protein deficiency,Wilson's disease.GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver,kidney and pancreas is also found in other tissues including intestine,spleen,heart, brain and seminal vesicles.The highest concentration is in the kidney,but the liver is considered the source normal enzyme activity.Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction.Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver,biliary syste and pancreas.Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease,high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.Serum total protein,also known as total protein,is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.Higher-than-nc levels may be due to:Chronic inflammation or infection,including HIV and hepatitis B or C,Multiple myeloma,Waldenstrom's disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be du Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease, Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.Hur serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma.It is produced in the liver.Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein.Low blood albu levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascula permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc
GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA-**TEST DESCRIPTION**
Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted ir urine.
Increased in
Diabetes mellitus, Cushing' s syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.
Decreased in
Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.
NOTE:
Hypoglycemia is defined as a glucoseof < 50 mg/dL in men and< 40 mg/dL in women.
While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals.Th glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.
High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaem index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**Used For:**

1.Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
2.Diagnosing diabetes.
3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.
1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :
I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss,hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results.Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results.(possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.
III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia,uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism,chronic ingestion of salicylates & opia addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods,falsely increasing results.
IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in
a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

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CLIENT NAME : **FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD** **REFERRING DOCTOR :** SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5611033 REQNO-1323877
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BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
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Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval

c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

****End Of Report****

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr.Akta Dubey
Counsultant Pathologist

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD
Microbiologist

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

PATIENT ID : **FH.5611033** CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:5611033

ACCESSION NO : **0022VK004820** AGE : 34 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO :

DRAWN : 22/11/2022 13:23:00 RECEIVED : 22/11/2022 13:24:28 REPORTED : 22/11/2022 14:23:55

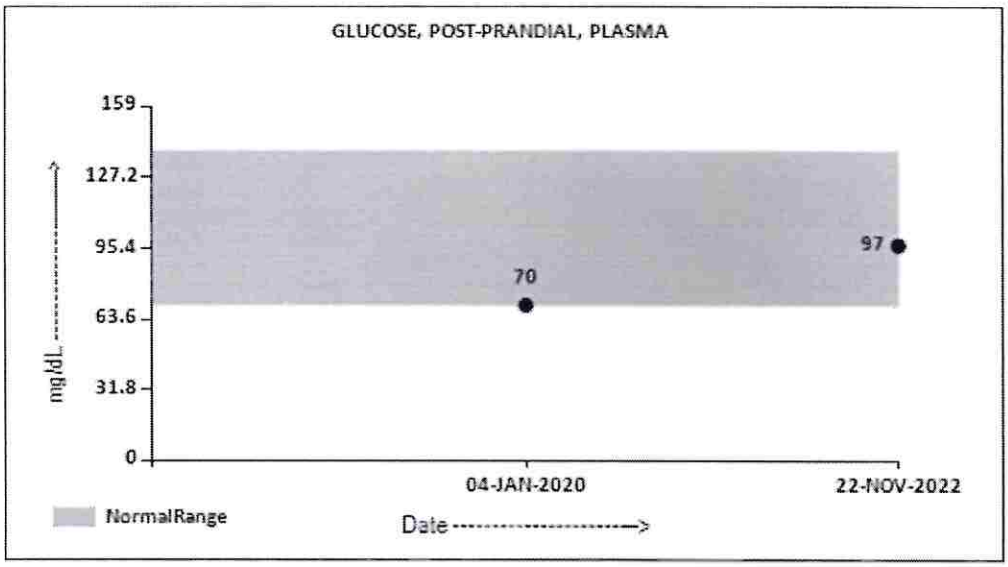
CLIENT NAME : **FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD** **REFERRING DOCTOR :**

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

UID:5611033 REQNO-1323877
CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
BIO CHEMISTRY			
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA			
PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)	97	70 - 139	mg/dL

METHOD : HEXOKINASE



Interpretation(s)
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c

****End Of Report****

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PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

PATIENT ID : **FH.5611033** CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:5611033

ACCESSION NO : **0022VK004820** AGE : 34 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO :

DRAWN : 22/11/2022 13:23:00 RECEIVED : 22/11/2022 13:24:28 REPORTED : 22/11/2022 14:23:55

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Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

Dr.Akta Dubey
Counsultant Pathologist

LABORATORY REPORT

Cert. No. MC-2984

Fortis | SRL Diagnostics

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

PATIENT ID : **FH.5611033** CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:5611033

ACCESSION NO : **0022VK004753** AGE : 34 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO :

DRAWN : 22/11/2022 10:02:00 RECEIVED : 22/11/2022 10:02:13 REPORTED : 22/11/2022 14:09:34

CLIENT NAME : **FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD** **REFERRING DOCTOR :** SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION :

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CORP-OPD
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837
BILLNO-150122OPCR058837

Test Report Status **Final**	Results		Biological Reference Interval	Units
SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE				
THYROID PANEL, SERUM				
T3	116.8		80 - 200	ng/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY				
T4	5.86		5.1 - 14.1	µg/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY				
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	**10.060**	**High**	0.270 - 4.200	µIU/mL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY				

Comments

NOTE: PLEASE CORRELATE VALUES OF THYROID FUNCTION TEST WITH THE CLINICAL & TREATMENT HISTORY OF THE PATIENT.

Interpretation(s)

PATIENT NAME : MR. MR.GAURAV SHRIKRISHNA GANAGE

PATIENT ID : **FH.5611033** CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:5611033

ACCESSION NO : **0022VK004753** AGE : 34 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO :

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Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - TUMOR MARKER

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN	0.668	< 1.4	ng/mL

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE,SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)
PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM-- PSA is detected in the male patients with normal, benign hyperplastic and malignant prostate tissue and in patients with prostal
- PSA is not detected (or detected at very low levels) in the patients without prostate tissue (because of radical prostatectomy or cystoprostatectomy) and also in the female patient.
- It a suitable marker for monitoring of patients with Prostate Cancer and it is better to be used in conjunction with other diagnostic procedures.
- Serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy and useful in detecting residual disease and early recurrence of tumor.
- Elevated levels of PSA can be also observed in the patients with non-malignant diseases like Prostatitis and Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia.
- Specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated PS (false positive) levels persisting up to 3 weeks.
- As per American urological guidelines, PSA screening is recommended for early detection of Prostate cancer above the age of 40 years. Following Age specific reference range can be used as a guide lines-

Age of male	Reference range (ng/ml)
40-49 years	0-2.5
50-59 years	0-3.5
60-69 years	0-4.5
70-79 years	0-6.5

(* conventional reference level (< 4 ng/ml) is already mentioned in report,which covers all agegroup with 95% prediction interval)

References- Teitz ,textbook of clinical chemiistry, 4th edition) 2.Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests

****End Of Report****

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Sirmukaddam 756

Dr. Swapnil Sirmukaddam

Consultant Pathologist

5611033 gaurav ganage 11/22/2022 11:56:17 AM

34 Years Male

HC

Normal

Rate	69	. Sinus rhythm.....normal P axis, V-rate 50- 99
		. ST elev, probable normal early repol pattern.....ST elevation, age<55
PR	138	. Baseline wander in lead(s) V1,V3,V4
QRSD	111	
QT	380	
QTc	407	

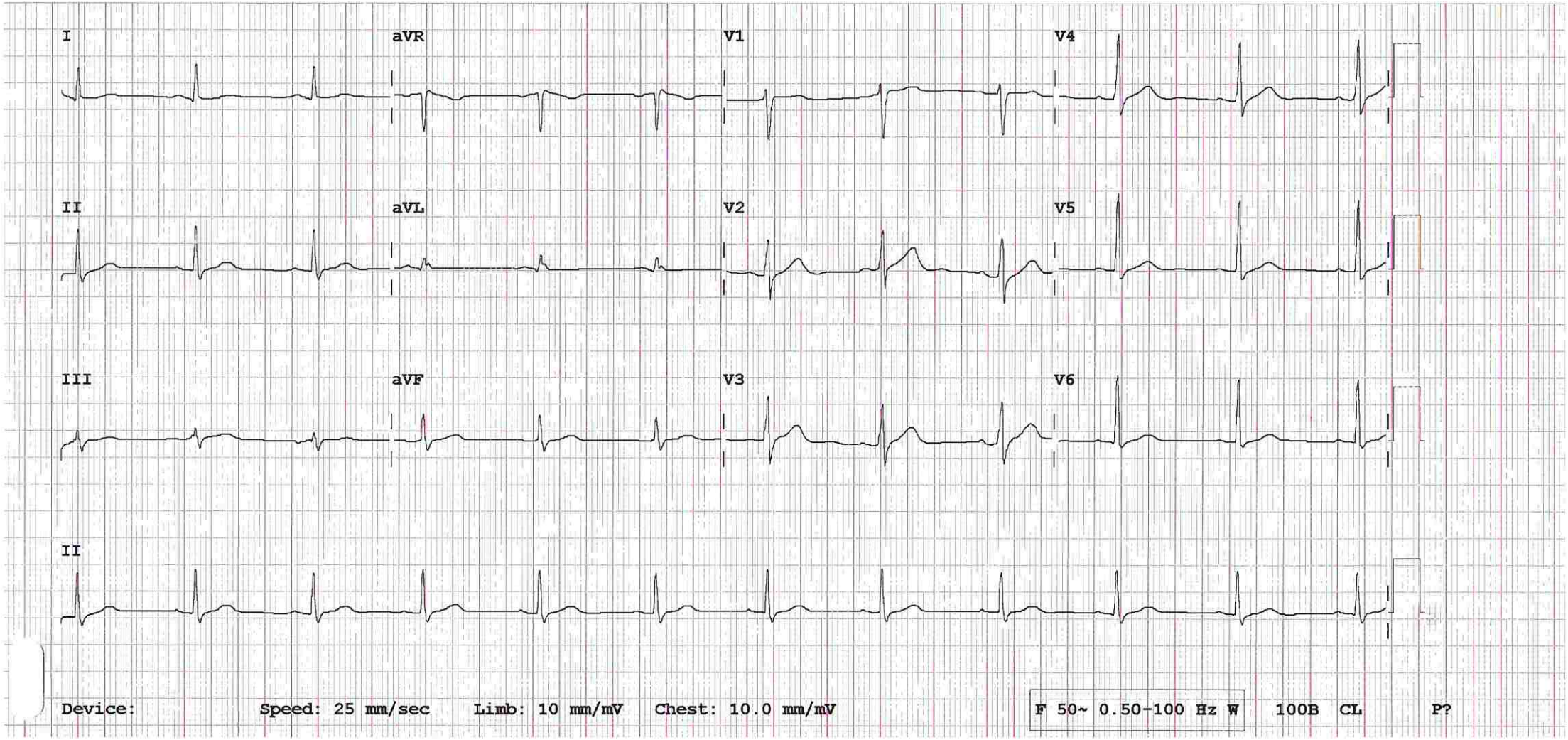
--AXIS--

P	-6
QRS	23
T	51

- NORMAL ECG -

12 Lead; Standard Placement

Unconfirmed Diagnosis



Device: Speed: 25 mm/sec Limb: 10 mm/mV Chest: 10.0 mm/mV F 50~ 0.50-100 Hz W 100B CL P?

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823
GST IN : 27AABCH5894D1ZG
PAN NO : AABCH5894D

Hiranandani HOSPITAL (A Fortis Network Hospital)

Date: 22/Nov/2022

DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Name: Mr. Gaurav Shrikrishna Ganage
Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Male
Order Station : FO-OPD
Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 5611033 | 58284/22/1501
Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2211/123827 | 22-Nov-2022
Admitted On | Reporting Date : 22-Nov-2022 17:03:14
Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

TREAD MILL TEST (TMT)

Resting Heart rate	74 bpm
Resting Blood pressure	110/80 mmHg
Medication	Nil
Supine ECG	Normal
Standard protocol	BRUCE
Total Exercise time	07 min 01 seconds
Maximum heart rate	167 bpm
Maximum blood pressure	140/80 mmHg
Workload achieved	8.5 METS
Reason for termination	Target heart rate achieved

Final Impression :

STRESS TEST IS NEGATIVE FOR EXERCISE INDUCED MYOCARDIAL ISCHEMIA AT 8.5 METS AND 89 % OF MAXIMUM PREDICTED HEART RATE.

DR.PRASHANT PAWAR,
DNB(MED),DNB(CARDIOLOGY)

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Hiranandani HOSPITAL (A Fortis Network Hospital)

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 22/Nov/2022

Name: Mr. Gaurav Shrikrishna Ganage	**UHID | Episode No : 5611033 | 58284/22/1501**
Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Male	**Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2211/123827 | 22-Nov-2022**
Order Station : FO-OPD	**Admitted On | Reporting Date : 22-Nov-2022 12:20:48**
Bed Name :	**Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .**

X-RAY-CHEST- PA

Findings:

Both lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

Bony thorax is unremarkable.

DR. YOGINI SHAH
DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)

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(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

Hiranandani HOSPITAL (A Fortis Network Hospital)

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 22/Nov/2022

Name: Mr. Gaurav Shrikrishna Ganage
Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Male
Order Station : FO-OPD
Bed Name :

UHID | Episode No : 5611033 | 58284/22/1501
Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2211/123827 | 22-Nov-2022
Admitted On | Reporting Date : 22-Nov-2022 11:37:04
Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

US-WHOLE ABDOMEN

Suboptimal scan due to gaseous abdominal distension.

LIVER is normal in size (13.4 cm) and shows raised echogenicity. Intrahepatic portal and biliary systems are normal. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein appears normal (9.7 mm).

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection.

SPLEEN is enlarged in size (12.7 cm).

BOTH KIDNEYS are normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal. No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.
Right kidney measures 9.3 x 5.5 cm.
Left kidney measures 10.3 x 5.2 cm.

PANCREAS is obscured due to bowel gas.

URINARY BLADDER is normal in capacity and contour. Bladder wall is normal in thickness. No evidence of intravesical mass/calculi.

PROSTATE is normal in size & echogenicity. It measures ~ 23 cc in volume.

No evidence of ascites.

IMPRESSION:

- **Fatty infiltration of liver.**
- **Splenomegaly.**

DR. YOGESH PATHADE
(MD Radio-diagnosis)