Patient Name Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA Lab No 4023191 UHID 40010253 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:15AM 10/02/2024 9:22AM Age/Gender 31 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/02/2024 3:16PM

Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT Report Status Final

Mobile No. 9950060656

BIOCHEMISTRY

 Test Name
 Result
 Unit
 Biological Ref. Range

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 Sample: FI. Plasma

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 103.2
 mg/dl
 74 - 106

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) Sample: PLASMA

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) 102.6 mg/dl Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl

Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl

Method: Hexokinase assay.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH Sample: Serum

Т3	1.840 H	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690
T4	13.40 H	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00
TSH	1.24	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA	Lab No	4023191
UHID	40010253	Collection Date	10/02/2024 9:15AM
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	31 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	10/02/2024 9:22AM
	O-OPD	Report Date	10/02/2024 3:16PM
Referred By Mobile No.	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT 9950060656	Report Status	Final

BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in thediagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages ofhyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation: - The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)				Sample: Serum
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.44	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.37	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00	
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.07	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40	
SGOT	26.0	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
SGPT	24.3	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.86	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7	

g/dl

3.5 - 5.2

GLOBULIN 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE 74.7 U/L 42 - 98 A/G RATIO 2.0 Ratio 1.5 - 2.5 GGTP 17.4 U/L 6.0 - 38.0

5.2

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

ALBUMIN

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Page: 2 Of 11

Patient Name Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA Lab No 4023191 UHID **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:15AM 40010253 10/02/2024 9:22AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 31 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 10/02/2024 3:16PM Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9950060656

BIOCHEMISTRY

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS: - Method: Bivret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder.

ALBUMIN: - Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: - Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE: - Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	194		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	61.5		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	106.7		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	12	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	57.5		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	3.2	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation: -HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver.
CHOLESTEROL VLDL: - Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation: -High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

Sample: Serum

UREA	21.20	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	9.9	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.67	mg/dl	0.50 - 0.90
SODIUM	140.5	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	3.98	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	100.2	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	2.8	mg/dl	2.6 - 6.0
CALCIUM	9.43	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA Lab No 4023191 UHID **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:15AM 40010253 10/02/2024 9:22AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 31 Yrs/Female Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 10/02/2024 3:16PM Dr. EHS CONSULTANT

Referred By Report Status Final

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease.

URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume. SODIUM: - Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation: - Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption. POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate

UREA: - Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

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RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL FHS

Mobile No.

Patient Name Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA Lab No 4023191 UHID 40010253 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:15AM 10/02/2024 9:22AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 31 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/02/2024 3:16PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9950060656

BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Biological Ref. Range Test Name Result Unit

BLOOD GROUPING "AB" Rh Positive

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA Lab No 4023191 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:15AM UHID 40010253 10/02/2024 9:22AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 31 Yrs/Female **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 10/02/2024 3:16PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9950060656

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	30	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	HAZY		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
PH	6.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.030		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	2-3	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-1	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	8-10	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA Lab No 4023191 UHID 40010253 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:15AM 10/02/2024 9:22AM Age/Gender 31 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/02/2024 3:16PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final 9950060656 Mobile No.

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

NIL **BACTERIA** NIL **OHTERS** NIL NIL

Methodology:-

Methodology:Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific
Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue
(Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method.
interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA Lab No 4023191 UHID 40010253 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:15AM 10/02/2024 9:22AM Age/Gender 31 Yrs/Female **Receiving Date** Report Date **IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/02/2024 3:16PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9950060656

HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ra	nge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	10.9 L	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	36.4	%	36.0 - 46.0	
MCV	74.6 L	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	22.3 L	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	29.9 L	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.88 H	millions/cu.mm	3.80 - 4.80	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	4.10	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	55.6	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	29.5	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	2.7	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	11.2 H	%	2 - 10	
BASOPHIL	1.0	%	1 - 2	
PLATELET COUNT	2.23	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.
MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.
MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: -Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: -High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry LYMPHOCYTS : - Method: Optical detectorblock based on FlowcytometryEOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE) 10 mm/1st hr 0 - 15

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Lab No Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA 4023191 10/02/2024 9:15AM UHID 40010253 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:22AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 31 Yrs/Female **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 10/02/2024 3:16PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9950060656

Method:-Modified Westergrens.
Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA **Patient Name** Lab No 4023191 UHID 40010253 **Collection Date** 10/02/2024 9:15AM 10/02/2024 9:22AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 31 Yrs/Female **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 10/02/2024 3:16PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9950060656

X Ray

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both CP angles are clear.

Both hemi-diaphragms are normal in shape and outlines.

Cardiac shadow is withinnormal limits.

Visualized bony thorax is unremarkable.

Correlate clinically &with other related investigations.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Adven

APOORVA JETWANI

Select

Patient Name Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA

UHID 338783

Age/Gender 31 Yrs/Female

IP/OP Location O-OPD

Referred By Dr. EHCC Consultant

Mobile No. 9773349797

Lab No 623845

 Collection Date
 10/02/2024 10:34AM

 Receiving Date
 10/02/2024 10:36AM

Report Date 10/02/2024 12:05PM

Report Status Final



BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HBA1C	5.5	%	< 5.7% Nondiabetic 5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes
			Known Diabetic Patients < 7 % Excellent Control 7 - 8 % Good Control > 8 % Poor Control

Method: - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. MAHENDRA KUMAR

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH CONSULTANT & HOD MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY Dr. ASHISH SHARMA
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY
MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY

Page: 1 Of 1

UHID / IP NO	40010253 (3653)	RISNo./Status:	4023191/
Patient Name:	Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA	Age/Gender:	31 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	10/02/2024 8:27AM/ OPSCR23- 24/12820	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	10/02/2024 9:56AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

USG REPORT - ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER:

Is normal in size and uniform echo texture.

No obvious focal lesion seen. No intra hepatic biliary radical dilatation seen.

GALL BLADDER:

Adequately distended with no obvious wall thickening/pericholecystic fat stranding/fluid. No obvious calculus/polyp/mass seen within.

PANCREAS:

Appears normal in size and shows uniform echo texture. The pancreatic duct is normal. No calcifications are seen.

SPLEEN:

Appears normal in size and it shows uniform echo texture.

RIGHT KIDNEY:

The shape, size and contour of the right kidney appear normal.

Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

LEFT KIDNEY:

The shape, size and contour of the left kidney appear normal.

Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

URINARY BLADDER:

Partially distended (patient is note willing to hold further evaluation)

UTERUS AND OVARIES:

Grossly appear normal.

IMPRESSION:

No significant sonographic abnormality detected.

DR. RENU JADIYA

Row Jadiya

Consultant - Radiology

MBBS, DNB

UHID / IP NO	40010253 (3653)	RISNo./Status:	4023191/
Patient Name:	Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA	Age/Gender:	31 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
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Report Date :	10/02/2024 9:56AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

UHID / IP NO	40010253 (3653)	RISNo./Status:	4023191/
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The shape, size and contour of the left kidney appear normal.

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No calculi seen.

URINARY BLADDER:

Partially distended (patient is note willing to hold further evaluation)

UTERUS AND OVARIES:

Grossly appear normal.

IMPRESSION:

No significant sonographic abnormality detected.

DR. RENU JADIYA

Row Jadiya

Consultant - Radiology

MBBS, DNB

UHID / IP NO	40010253 (3653)	RISNo./Status:	4023191/
Patient Name:	Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA	Age/Gender:	31 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No :	10/02/2024 8:27AM/ OPSCR23- 24/12820	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	10/02/2024 9:56AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40010253 (3653)	RISNo./Status:	4023191/
Patient Name:	Mrs. CHANDRA KANTA	Age/Gender:	31 Y/F
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	10/02/2024 8:27AM/ OPSCR23- 24/12820	Scan Date :	
Report Date:	10/02/2024 2:21PM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH CHECKUP

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

			No	rmal				Normal		
IVSD	10.6	6-12mm			LVIDS	23.6	20-40mm			
LVIDD	36.1	32-57mm			LVPWS	16.9	mm			
LVPWD	10.1	6-12mm			AO	26.5	19-37mm			
IVSS	16.9	mm		LA	25.5	19-40mm				
LVEF	62-64	>55%		RA	-	mm				
DOPPLER MEASUREMENTS & CALCULATIONS:										
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)			GRADIENT		REGURGITATION			
		<u> </u>			(mmHg)					
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	1.03	e'	-	-		NIL		
VALVE		A	0.63	E/e'	-					
TRICUSPID	NORMAL	E 0.85 A 0.75		-		NIL				
VALVE										
				0.	0.75					
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.47			-		NIL			
VALVE										
PULMONARY	NORMAL	0.94			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		NIL			
VALVE						-				

COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 62-64%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE
EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY
AND WELLNESS CENTRE