

Acc no:4182WA006601	Name:Mr. Shameer J S	Age:36 y	Sex: Male	Date: 14.01.23
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**US SCAN WHOLE ABDOMEN**

**LIVER** is enlarged in size (~ 19.2 cm). Margins are regular. **Hepatic parenchyma** shows **increased echogenicity**. No focal lesions seen. No dilatation of intrahepatic biliary radicles. CBD is not dilated. Portal vein is normal in caliber (8.9 mm).

**GALL BLADDER** is partially distended and grossly normal. No pericholecystic fluid seen.

**SPLEEN** is normal in size (10.6 cm) and parenchymal echotexture. No focal lesion seen.

**PANCREAS** obscured by bowel air.

**RIGHT KIDNEY** is normal in size (11.4 x 4.2 cm) and shows normal parenchymal echotexture. Cortico medullary differentiation is maintained. Parenchymal thickness is normal. No echogenic focus with shadowing suggestive of renal calculi seen. No dilatation of pelvicalyceal system seen. Ureter is not dilated. Perinephric spaces are normal.

**LEFT KIDNEY** is normal in size (11.9 x 5.7 cm) and shows normal parenchymal echotexture. Cortico medullary differentiation is maintained. Parenchymal thickness is normal. No echogenic focus with shadowing suggestive of renal calculi seen. No dilatation of pelvicalyceal system seen. Ureter is not dilated. Perinephric spaces are normal.

**PARAAORTIC AREA** obscured by bowel air.

**URINARY BLADDER** is distended, normal in wall thickness, lumen clear.

**Post void residual urine vol - 8.2 ml.**

**PROSTATE** is enlarged in size (vol - 23.4 cc) and shows parenchymal calcifications. *Suboptimal evaluation due to technical difficulties*

No ascites or pleural effusion.

**Gaseous distension of bowel loops noted. No obvious bowel wall thickening seen sonologically.**

**CONCLUSION:-**

*Suboptimal evaluation due to obese anterior abdominal wall.*

- **Hepatomegaly with grade II / III fatty changes - Suggest LFT correlation.**
- **Grade I prostatomegaly - Suggest serum PSA correlation**



**Dr. Nisha Unni MD , DNB ( RD )**  
**Consultant radiologist.**

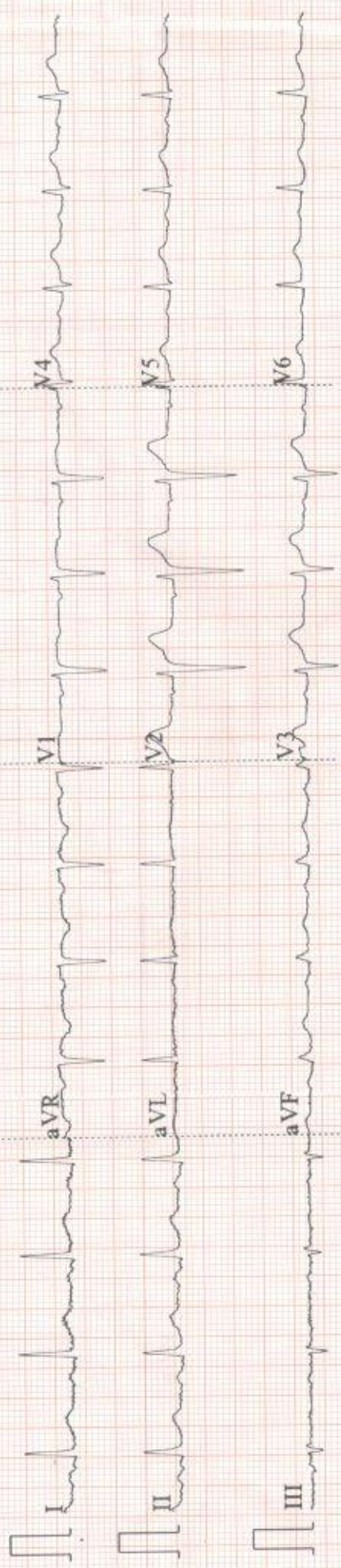
*Thanks, your feedback will be appreciated.  
Please bring relevant investigation reports during all visits.  
Because of technical and technological limitations complete accuracy cannot be assured on imaging.  
Suggested correlation with clinical findings and other relevant investigations consultations, and if required repeat imaging recommended in the event of controversies. AR*





Standard	L 1	L 2	L III	L III Inspiration

ID: 006601 14-01-2023 11:37:47 AM



0.5-35Hz AC50 2.5mm/s 10mm/mV ♡95 V1.0 SEMIP V1.7 DDRCSRL

A W CE



NAME : MR SHAMEER J S

AGE:36/M

DATE:14/01/2023

CHEST X-RAY REPORT

CHEST X-RAY PA VIEW : Trachea central  
 No cardiomegaly  
 Normal vascularity  
 No parenchymal lesion.  
 Costophrenic and cardiophrenic angles clear

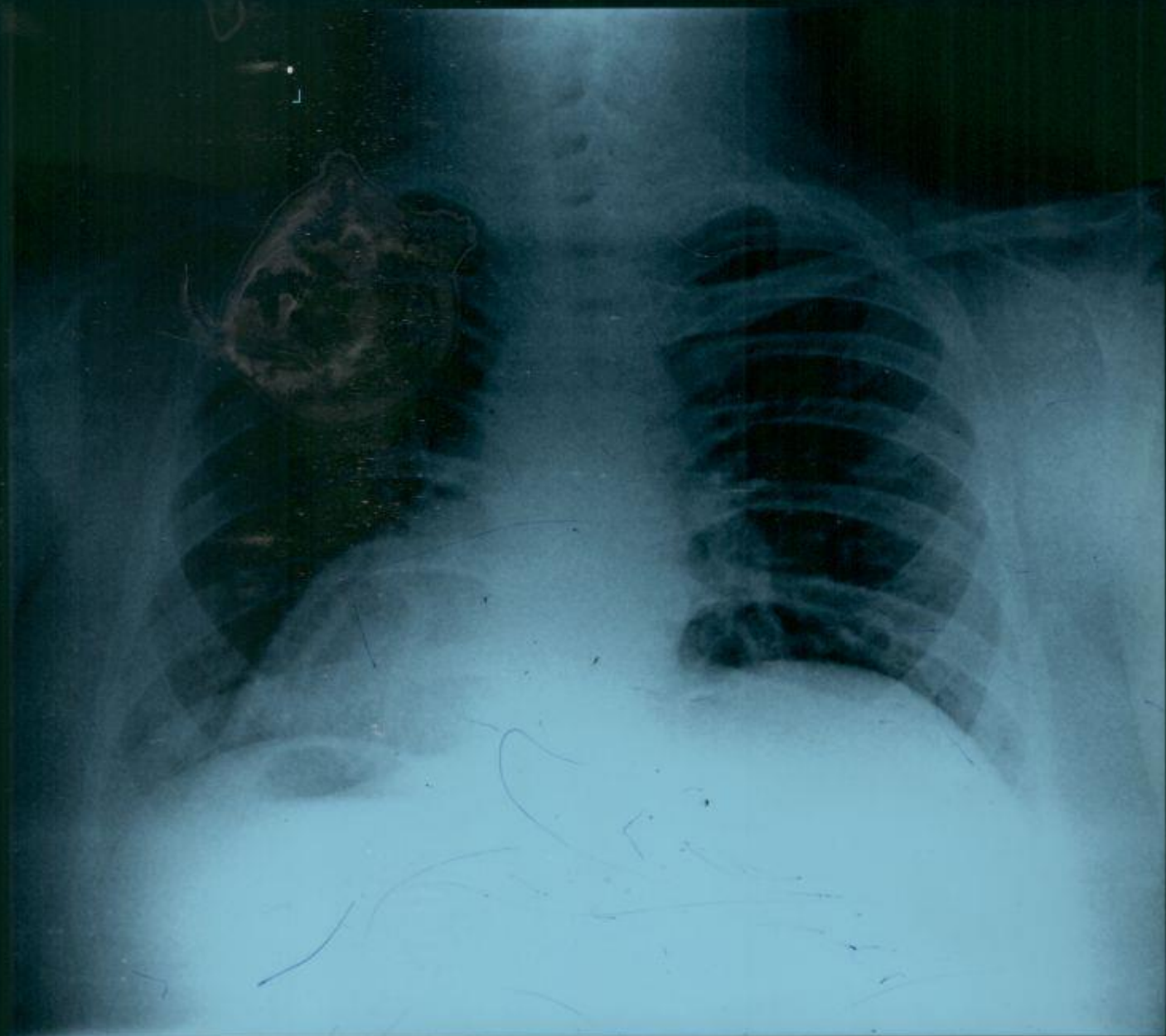
➤ **IMPRESSION** : Normal Chest Xray

ELECTRO CARDIOGRAM : NSR:92/minute  
 No evidence of ischaemia.

➤ **IMPRESSION** : Normal Ecg.

Dr. SERIN LOPEZ, MBBS  
 MEDICAL OFFICER  
 DDRC SRL Diagnostics Ltd.  
 Aster Square, Medical College P.O., TVM  
 DR SERIN LOPEZ MBBS  
 Reg. No. 77656


**DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTICS LTD**



MR. SHAMEER J.S. 36Y M 11/4/2023 CHEST - PA W4006601 v  
DRC SRL



Patient Ref. No. 66600003023011



Cert. No. MC-2812

CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL  
ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED  
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :  
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Email : customercare.ddrc@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : MR SHAMEER J S

PATIENT ID : MRSHM1401874182

ACCESSION NO : 4182WA006601 AGE : 36 Years SEX : Male

ABHA NO :

DRAWN : RECEIVED : 14/01/2023 10:11

REPORTED : 16/01/2023 08:32

REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF

CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
Preliminary			

**MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40(M)2DECHO**

**OPHTHAL**

OPHTHAL

REPORT ATTACHED

**\* PHYSICAL EXAMINATION**

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

REPORT ATTACHED





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MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40(M)2DECHO

\* BUN/CREAT RATIO

BUN/CREAT RATIO 10

CREATININE, SERUM

CREATININE 1.24 18 - 60 yrs : 0.9 - 1.3 mg/dL

\* GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA 117
Diabetes Mellitus : > or = 200. mg/dL
Impaired Glucose tolerance/
Prediabetes : 140 - 199.
Hypoglycemia : < 55.

GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA 104
Diabetes Mellitus : > or = 126. mg/dL
Impaired fasting Glucose/
Prediabetes : 101 - 125.
Hypoglycemia : < 55.

\* GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 6.3
Normal : 4.0 - 5.6%. %
Non-diabetic level : < 5.7%.
Diabetic : >6.5%
Glycemic control goal
More stringent goal : < 6.5 %.
General goal : < 7%.
Less stringent goal : < 8%.

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE 134.1 mg/dL

\* LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL 213
Desirable : < 200 mg/dL
Borderline : 200-239
High : >or= 240

TRIGLYCERIDES 180 High
Normal : < 150 mg/dL
High : 150-199
Hypertriglyceridemia : 200-499
Very High : > 499

HDL CHOLESTEROL 38 Low
General range : 40-60 mg/dL



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Table with 4 columns: Test Report Status, Preliminary, Results, Units

Main table containing test results for cholesterol, liver function, and uric acid with values and reference ranges.



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ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE B
RH TYPE POSITIVE

METHOD : COLUMN AGGLUTINATION TECHNOLOGY

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HEMOGLOBIN 16.0 13.0 - 17.0 g/dL

METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRIC

RED BLOOD CELL COUNT 5.71 High 4.5 - 5.5 mil/µL

METHOD : IMPEDANCE VARIATION

WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT 9.31 4.0 - 10.0 thou/µL

PLATELET COUNT 293 150 - 410 thou/µL

METHOD : IMPEDANCE VARIATION

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT 46.8 40 - 50 %

METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL 81.9 Low 83 - 101 fL

MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB. 28.0 27.0 - 32.0 pg

METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION 34.2 31.5 - 34.5 g/dL

RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH 14.6 12.0 - 18.0 %

MENTZER INDEX 14.3

MEAN PLATELET VOLUME 8.4 6.8 - 10.9 fL

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS 56 40 - 80 %

LYMPHOCYTES 34 20 - 40 %

MONOCYTES 7 2 - 10 %

EOSINOPHILS 3 1 - 6 %

BASOPHILS 0 0 - 2 %

ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT 5.21 2.0 - 7.0 thou/µL

ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT 3.17 High 1 - 3 thou/µL

ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 0.65 0.20 - 1.00 thou/µL

ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 0.28 0.02 - 0.50 thou/µL

ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT 0.0 thou/µL

NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) 1.6





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**ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD**

SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) 16 High 0 - 14 mm at 1 hr

**\* SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL**

SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

**\* THYROID PANEL, SERUM**

T3 149.00 80 - 200 ng/dL

T4 7.89 5.1 - 14.1 µg/dl

TSH 3RD GENERATION 3.800 21-50 yrs : 0.4 - 4.2 µIU/mL



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Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low. Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Table with 6 columns: Sr. No., TSH, Total T4, FT4, Total T3, Possible Conditions. Contains 9 rows of diagnostic criteria.

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2.Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011.
NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3,FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE CLEAR

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH 5.0 4.8 - 7.4
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.020 1.015 - 1.030





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Table listing test results for PROTEIN, GLUCOSE, KETONES, BLOOD, BILIRUBIN, UROBILINOGEN, NITRITE

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

Table listing microscopic examination results for RED BLOOD CELLS, WBC, EPITHELIAL CELLS, CASTS, CRYSTALS, REMARKS

METHOD : AUTOMATED ANALYSER, MICROSCOPY

\* SUGAR URINE - FASTING

Table row for SUGAR URINE - FASTING result

\* PHYSICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL

Table row for PHYSICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL result

\* CHEMICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL

Table row for CHEMICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL result

\* MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION,STOOL

Table row for MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION,STOOL result

Interpretation(s)

CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis
Muscular dystrophy

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c

GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA- TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing' s syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin,



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ethanol, propranolol; sulfonyleureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE:
While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals.Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.
High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

- 1.Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
2.Diagnosing diabetes.
3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.
1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 \* HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

- I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss,hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results.Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results.(possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.
III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia,uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism,chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addition are reported to interfere with some assay methods,falsely increasing results.
IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in
a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM-Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease This test can help determine your risk of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don't cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn't need into triglycerides, which are stored in fat cells. High triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or having diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, other diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk.It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the "good" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely.HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease. Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL). NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary and secondary prevention studies.

Recommendations:
Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult.
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein,also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum..Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease
Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.
URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake,Prolonged Fasting,Rapid weight loss),Gout,Lesch nyhan syndrome,Type 2 DM,Metabolic



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syndrome

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculitides, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythemia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased : Poikilocytosis,(SickleCells,spherocytes),Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition;2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin;3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition.

SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL-METHOD: DIPSTICK/BENEDICT'S TEST

SUGAR URINE - FASTING-METHOD: DIPSTICK/BENEDICT'S TEST



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Patient Ref. No. 66600003023011



Cert. No. MC-2812

CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 - MEDIWHEEL  
ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED  
CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :  
MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED  
F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,  
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PATIENT NAME : MR SHAMEER J S PATIENT ID : MRSHM1401874182

ACCESSION NO : 4182WA006601 AGE : 36 Years SEX : Male ABHA NO :

DRAWN : RECEIVED : 14/01/2023 10:11 REPORTED : 16/01/2023 08:32

REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Preliminary	Results	Units
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**MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40(M)2DECHO**

**\* ECG WITH REPORT**

**REPORT**

REPORT ATTACHED

**\* 2D - ECHO WITH COLOR DOPPLER**

**REPORT**

REPORT ATTACHED

**\* USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS**

**REPORT**

REPORT ATTACHED

**\* CHEST X-RAY WITH REPORT**

**REPORT**

REPORT ATTACHED

**\*\*End Of Report\*\***

Please visit [www.srlworld.com](http://www.srlworld.com) for related Test Information for this accession  
TEST MARKED WITH '\*' ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

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