Patient Name UHID	Mrs. PREETI MEENA 40022509	Lab No Collection Date	4059410 26/10/2024 9:47AM
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	34 Yrs/Female O-OPD	Receiving Date Report Date	26/10/2024 9:55AM 26/10/2024 6:16PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7727038717		

### BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)				Sample: Fl. Plasma
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)	98.8	mg/dl	71 - 109	
Method: Hexokinase assay.				

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP)				Sample: PLASMA
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP )	101.9	mg/dl	Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl	

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH				Sample: Serum
Т3	1.180	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
Τ4	7.03	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
TSH	3.64	μIU/mL	0.27 - 4.20	

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 



Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PREETI MEENA
UHID	40022509
Age/Gender	34 Yrs/Female
IP/OP Location	O-OPD
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT
Mobile No.	7727038717

Lab No Collection Date Receiving Date Report Date Report Status 4059410 26/10/2024 9:47AM 26/10/2024 9:55AM 26/10/2024 6:16PM Final

### BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in theconcentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater oppositechanges in the TSH levels.

#### LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)

BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.36	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.22	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.14	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.30
SGOT	20.5	U/L	0.0 - 32.0
SGPT	17.9	U/L	0.0 - 33.0
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.6	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	4.4	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	3.2		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	70	U/L	35 - 104
A/G RATIO	1.4 L	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	27.0	U/L	0.0 - 40.0

#### Sample: Serum

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 



#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PREETI MEENA	Lab No	4059410
UHID	40022509	Collection Date	26/10/2024 9:47AM
Age/Gender	34 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	26/10/2024 9:55AM
	O-OPD	Report Date	26/10/2024 6:16PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7727038717		

#### BIOCHEMISTRY

**BILIRUBIN TOTAL** :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

**BILIRUBIN DIRECT** :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GCTP-GAMMA GLUTAWIL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

#### LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	155.9		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	41.8		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	114.1		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	15	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	77.4		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	4	%	

#### **RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS**

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#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PREETI MEENA	Lab No	4059410
UHID	40022509	Collection Date	26/10/2024 9:47AM
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#### BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method. Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL

TRIGLYCERIDES :- Method: GPO-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. **Interpretation:-**High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas. DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction. **CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO** :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

UREA	26.10	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	12	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.70	mg/dl	0.50 - 0.90
SODIUM	139	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.31	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	103.6	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	3.0	mg/dl	2.4 - 5.7
CALCIUM	9.10	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.00

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation,drug abuse and increased alcohol consume. SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea,diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are

usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

Sample: Serum

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

UHID	40022509			Lab No Collection Date	4059410 26/10/2024 9:47AM
Age/Gender	34 Yrs/Female			<b>Receiving Date</b>	26/10/2024 9:55AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD			Report Date	26/10/2024 6:16PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT			Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7727038717				
			BIOCHEMIS	ſRY	
HBA1C		5.4	%	< 5.7%	Nondiabetic
				5.7-6.4%	Pre-diabetic
				> 6.4%	Indicate Diabetes
				Known Dia	abetic Patients
				< 7 %	Excellent Control
				7 - 8 %	Good Control
				> 8 %	Poor Control

Method : - Turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay (TINIA), Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbAlC and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PREETI MEENA	Lab No	4059410
UHID	40022509	Collection Date	26/10/2024 9:47AM
Age/Gender	34 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	26/10/2024 9:55AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	26/10/2024 6:16PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7727038717		

### **BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range

**BLOOD GROUPING** 

"A" Rh Positive

Note :

Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PREETI MEENA	Lab No	4059410	
UHID	40022509	Collection Date	26/10/2024 9:47AM	
Age/Gender	34 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	26/10/2024 9:55AM	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	26/10/2024 6:16PM	
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final	
Mobile No.	7727038717			

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	20	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	HAZY		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
РН	6.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	+		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	12-15	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	6-8	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

AldrinayVanna

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mrs. PREETI MEENA 40022509	Lab No Collection Date	4059410 26/10/2024 9:47AM
Age/Gender	34 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date Report Date	26/10/2024 9:55AM
IP/OP Location		·	26/10/2024 6:16PM
Referred By Mobile No.	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT 7727038717	Report Status	Final

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

BACTERIA	NIL	NIL
OHTERS	NIL	NIL

Methodology:-Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton release from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method.. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PREETI MEENA	Lab No	4059410
UHID	40022509	Collection Date	26/10/2024 9:47AM
Age/Gender	34 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	26/10/2024 9:55AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	26/10/2024 6:16PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	7727038717		

### HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ra	nge
				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	11.4 L	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	34.1 L	%	36.0 - 46.0	
MCV	91.4	fl	82 - 92	
МСН	30.6	pg	27 - 32	
МСНС	33.4	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	3.73 L	millions/cu.mm	3.80 - 4.80	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	6.66	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	52.0	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	40.5 H	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	1.4	%	1 - 6	
BASOPHIL	0.8 L	%	1 - 2	
MONOCYTES	5.3	%	2 - 10	
PLATELET COUNT	2.73	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS Hemoglobin Methodology by Cell Counter. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. MCV :- Method:- Calculation by sysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation by sysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamic focusing. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detector block based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamic focusing method. Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

70 H

mm/1st hr 0 - 15

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

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**Dr. ABHINAY VERMA** 

Patient Name	Mrs. PREETI MEENA	Lab No	4059410
UHID	40022509	Collection Date	26/10/2024 9:47AM
Age/Gender	34 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	26/10/2024 9:55AM
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Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

**RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS** 

Patient Name	Mrs. PREETI MEENA	Lab No	4059410
UHID	40022509	Sample Date	26/10/2024 1:25PM
Age/Gender	34 Yrs/Female	Report Date	26/10/2024 3:15PM
Prescribed By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Bed No / Ward	OPD
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Company	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.		
	C	YTOLOGY	
CYTOLOGY*			
Type of Specimen		Pap smear (Conventional)	
No. of smears examined		Тwo	
		Satisfactory for evaluation.	
Adequacy		Adequate	
Endocervical cells		Not seen.	
Inflammation		Moderate acute inflammation	
Organisms		Not seen	
Epithelial cell abnormality		Not seen	
Others		-	
Impression		Negative for intraepithelial lesio	n/ malignancy.
Bethesda2014			

-----\*\* End Of Report \*\*-----

Select

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS|MD|INCHARGE PATHOLOGY Prepared By: SUNIL EHS

Printed By: E1284

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS|MD|INCHARGE PATHOLOGY Printed At: 13/11/2024 06:08 PM 0

# **DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS**

UHID / IP NO	40022509 (43004)	<b>RISNo./Status :</b>	4059410/
Patient Name :	Mrs. PREETI MEENA	Age/Gender :	34 Y/F
<b>Referred By :</b>	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	26/10/2024 8:46AM/ OPSCR24- 25/25177	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	26/10/2024 10:42AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

### ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver:	Normal in size & echotexture. No obvious significant focal parenchymal mass lesion			
	noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal.			
Gall Bladder:	Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.			
Pancreas:	Normal in size & echotexture.			
Spleen:	Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.			
Right Kidney:	Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary			
	differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive			
	calculus noted.			
Left Kidney:	Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary			
	differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive			
	calculus noted.			
Urinary Bladder:	r: Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall			
	thickness is normal.			
Uterus:	Normal in size, shape & anteverted in position. Endometrial thickness is normal.			
	Endometrial cavity is empty. No mass lesion is seen. Cervix is normal.			
Both ovaries:	Bilateral ovaries are normal in size, shape & volume.			
Others:	No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity.			
IMPRESSION: US	G findings are suggestive of			
No signif	No significant sonographic abnormality noted.			

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

Gener -

DR. SURESH KUMAR SAINI RADIOLOGIST MBBS, MD. Reg. No. 22597, 36208.

# **DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY**

UHID / IP NO	40022509 (43004)	<b>RISNo./Status :</b>	4059410/
Patient Name :	Mrs. PREETI MEENA	Age/Gender :	34 Y/F
<b>Referred By :</b>	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	26/10/2024 8:46AM/ OPSCR24- 25/25177	Scan Date :	
<b>Report Date :</b>	26/10/2024 2:22PM	<b>Company Name:</b>	Final

### **REFERRAL REASON: ROUTINE CHECKUP**

#### **2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER**

### **M MODE DIMENSIONS:** -

			No	rmal				Normal
IVSD	9.6	6-12mm			LVIDS	24.6	20-40mm	
LVIDD	38.5	32-57mm			LVPWS	16.4	mm	
LVPWD	10.6	6-12mm			AO	26.5	19-37mm	
IVSS	16.9	mm			LA	31.8	19-40mm	
LVEF	60-62	>55%			RA	-	mm	
DOPPLER MEASUREMENTS & CALCULATIONS:								
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)			GRADIENT		REGURGITATION	
					(mmHg)			
MITRAL	NORMAL	Е	0.99	e'	-	-		NIL
VALVE		Α	0.62	E/e'	-			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL	E		0.75		-		NIL
VALVE			A	0.44				
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.16			-		NIL	
VALVE								
PULMONARY	NORMAL	0.77					NIL	
VALVE						-		

#### **COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -**

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

### **IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS**

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) DIRECTOR & INCHARGE CARDIOLOCY	DR MEGHRAJ MEENA MBBS, SONOLOGIST FICC, CONSULTANT	DR ROOPAM SHARMA MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE CONSULTANT & INCHARGE EMERCENCY, PDEV
CARDIOLOGY	PREV. CARDIOLOGY & INCHARGE CCU	EMERGENCY, PREV. CARDIOLOGY(NIC) & WELLNESS CENTER