CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

Test Report Status

ACCESSION NO: **0031WC020270**PATIENT ID : ANIKM09108431

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : DRAWN :25/03/2023 10:00:00
RECEIVED :25/03/2023 10:05:45
REPORTED :27/03/2023 14:50:32

Male

:38 Years

AGE/SEX

Results Biological Reference Interval Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

<u>Final</u>

XRAY-CHEST

IMPRESSION NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO Echo Done - Normal

ECG

ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY HTN, Raised cholesterol on medicines

RELEVANT PAST HISTORY Jaundice, Covid

RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY Quit smoking 3 yrs back.

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY Parents - HTN and father - Heart Disease

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS NOT SIGNIFICANT

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.64 mts
WEIGHT IN KGS. 78 Kgs

BMI & Weight Status as follows/sqmts

Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE NORMAL
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE NORMAL
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL OVERWEIGHT

STATUS

BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK AVERAGE
FACIAL APPEARANCE NORMAL
SKIN NORMAL
UPPER LIMB NORMAL
LOWER LIMB NORMAL
NECK NORMAL

NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER

Desilve Ray

Dr. Debika Roy

MBBS Consultant Physician





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View Report

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Male

:38 Years

AGE/SEX

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

THYROID GLAND NOT ENLARGED

CAROTID PULSATION NORMAL TEMPERATURE NORMAL

PULSE 78/min-REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT

RESPIRATORY RATE NORMAL

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

BP 116/80 mm Hq mm/Hg

PERICARDIUM NORMAL APEX BEAT NORMAL

HEART SOUNDS S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY

MURMURS ABSENT

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST

MOVEMENTS OF CHEST

BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY

NORMAL

BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL)

ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT

PER ABDOMEN

APPEARANCE NORMAL
VENOUS PROMINENCE ABSENT
LIVER NOT PALPABLE

SPLEEN NOT PALPABLE
HERNIA ABSENT

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

HIGHER FUNCTIONS

CRANIAL NERVES

CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS

SENSORY SYSTEM

MOTOR SYSTEM

REFLEXES

NORMAL

NORMAL

NORMAL

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

SPINE NORMAL

Desilve Ray

Dr. Debika Roy

MBBS Consultant Physician





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CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :38 Years Male
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Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

JOINTS NORMAL

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

NORMAL CONJUNCTIVA **EYELIDS NORMAL NORMAL** EYE MOVEMENTS DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES 6/6 DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES 6/6 NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES N6 NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES N₆ **NORMAL** COLOUR VISION

BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

EXTERNAL EAR CANAL NORMAL TYMPANIC MEMBRANE NORMAL

NOSE NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

SINUSES NORMAL

THROAT NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TONSILS NOT ENLARGED

BASIC DENTAL EXAMINATION

TEETH NORMAL GUMS HEALTHY

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY HTN, Raised cholesterol on medicines

RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS Overweight (78 kg)

RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS Raised BIL(2.89),LDH(237),U/A(7.3),Low sodium(126),Low chloride(92)

RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS Hepatomegaly with grade I fatty change in USG

REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS

On examination and investigations the candidate is found to

be overweight and has raised BIL(2.89),LDH(237),U/A(7.3),

Low sodium(126),Low chloride(92)

Hepatomegaly with grade I fatty change in USG

Should follow the given advice:

- 1. Avoid fat, oily and high protein in diet
- 2. Reduce body weight
- 3. Estimated body weight should be: 68 kg 4. Regular physical exercise and walking
- 5. Drink sips of electral water

Desilve Ray

Dr. Debika Roy MBBS Consultant Physician



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CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email : customercare.saltlake@srl.in



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DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 PATIENT ID : ANIKM09108431

ACCESSION NO: 0031WC020270

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

AGE/SEX :38 Years Male
DRAWN :25/03/2023 10:00:00
RECEIVED :25/03/2023 10:05:45
REPORTED :27/03/2023 14:50:32

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

ABHA NO

Comments

MEDICAL EXAMINATION DONE BY:

DR. DEBIKA ROY, MBBS REG NO: 51651 (WBMC) CONSULTANT PHYSICIAN WELLNESS CLINIC SALT LAKE REF LAB, KOLKATA

Desilve Ray

Dr. Debika Roy MBBS Consultant Physician



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Test Report Status Final Results Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE
ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN
ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN
Hepatomegaly with grade I fatty change

Interpretation(s)

MEDIČAI

Desilve Ray

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NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WC020270 PATIENT ID : ANIKM09108431

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :38 Years :25/03/2023 10:00:00 DRAWN RECEIVED: 25/03/2023 10:05:45

REPORTED :27/03/2023 14:50:32

Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units <u>Final</u>

н	AEMATOLOGY - 0		
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP B	ELOW 40 MALE		
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	15.0	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	4.92	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	8.03	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT METHOD: ELECTRONIC IMPEDENCE & MICROSCOPY	199	150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD: CALCULATED	45.1	40 - 50	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	91.7	83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD: CALCULATED	30.5	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED	33.3	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	13.4	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	18.6		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD: CALCULATED	10.9	6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY, ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE & MICROS	61 COPY.	40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY, ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE & MICROS	27 COPY.	20 - 40	%
MONOCYTES	8	2 - 10	%
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY, ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE & MICROS	COPY.		
EOSINOPHILS	4	1 - 6	%
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 2	%

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Dr.Anwesha Chatterjee,MD **Pathologist**





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NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

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Male

:38 Years

AGE/SEX

	i	i	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference	e Interval Units
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY, ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE &	MICROSCOPY.		
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	4.90	2.0 - 7.0	thou/μL
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY & CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.17	1 - 3	thou/μL
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY & CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.64	0.20 - 1.00	thou/µL
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY & CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.32	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY & CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.00 Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY & CALCULATED			
MORPHOLOGY			
RBC	NORMOCYTIC NORI	MOCHROMIC	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
WBC	NORMAL MORPHOL	.OGY	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
PLATELETS	ADEQUATE & NORM	1AL	

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive

patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

Achatterise

Dr. Anwesha Chatterjee, MD **Pathologist**





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REF. DOCTOR: SELF PATIENT NAME: ANIK DAS

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WC020270

PATIENT ID : ANIKM09108431

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :38 Years :25/03/2023 10:00:00 DRAWN

RECEIVED: 25/03/2023 10:05:45 REPORTED :27/03/2023 14:50:32

Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval Final Results Units

HAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD

E.S.R 0 - 14mm at 1 hr

METHOD: AUTOMATED (PHOTOMETRICAL CAPILLARY STOPPED FLOW KINETIC ANALYSIS)"

Interpretation(s)
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change. **TEST INTERPRETATION**

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition.

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Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units <u>Final</u>

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE O

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE **POSITIVE**

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Achatterise

Dr.Anwesha Chatterjee,MD **Pathologist**





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Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units <u>Final</u>

BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

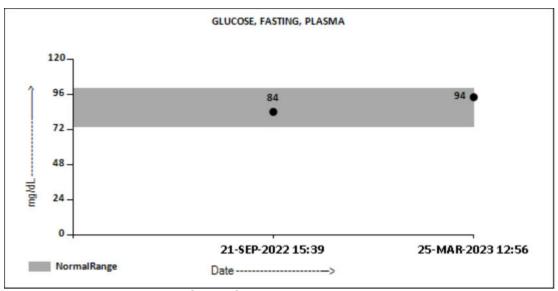
FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)

94

74 - 100

mg/dL

METHOD: ENZYMATIC (HEXOKINASE/G-6-PDH)



GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE

BLOOD

HBA1C 5.1

Non-diabetic Adult < 5.7

Pre-diabetes 5.7 - 6.4

Diabetes diagnosis: > or = 6.5Therapeutic goals: < 7.0

Action suggested: > 8.0

(ADA Guideline 2021)

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)

99.7

< 116.0

mg/dL

%

chaitalila.

METHOD : HPLC

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MRQA





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Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units <u>Final</u>

SRL LIMITED - KOLKATA REF. LAB Bio-Rad Variant II Turbo CDM 5.4 S/N: 13466

PATIENT REP V2TURBO_A1c

Male

Patient Data

Sample ID: 3106839535 Patient ID: 0031WC020270 **ANIKDAS** Name:

Physician:

Sex: DOB: Analysis Data

Analysis Performed: 25/03/2023 12:54:10 Injection Number: 13558 Run Number: 761

Rack ID: Tube Number:

Report Generated:

25/03/2023 14:14:59

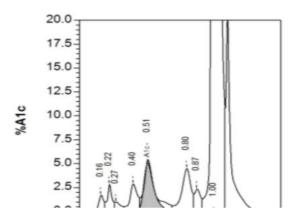
Operator ID:

Comments:

Peak Name	NGSP %	Area %	Retention Time (min)	Peak Area
A1a		0.8	0.159	17878
A1b		1.1	0.220	25675
F		0.5	0.270	11770
LA1c		1.7	0.400	40454
A1c	5.1		0.508	99643
P3		3.3	0.796	76825
P4		1.1	0.873	26720
Ao		87.3	0.999	2054212

Total Area: 2,353,178

HbA1c (NGSP) = 5.1 %



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Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MRQA





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Patient Ref. No. 31000004657213



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ACCESSION NO: 0031WC020270 PATIENT ID : ANIKM09108431

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	<u> </u>		
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interv	al Units
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA			
PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)	121	140 Normal 140 - 199 Pre-diabetic > or = 200 Diabetic	mg/dL
METHOD: ENZYMATIC (HEXOKINASE/G-6-PDH)		y of 200 Blubetic	
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM			
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	109	< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >/= 240 High	mg/dL
METHOD: ENZYMATIC ASSAY		,	
TRIGLYCERIDES	102	< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >/=500 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD: GLYCEROL PHOSPHATE OXIDASE		, -	
HDL CHOLESTEROL	36 Low	Low : < 40 High : > / = 60	mg/dL
METHOD: ACCELERATOR SELECTIVE DETERGENT METHODO	LOGY		
CHOLESTEROL LDL	53		mg/dL
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	73	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130-159 Borderline High: 160-189 High: 190 -219 Very High: >or = 220	mg/dL
METHOD: CALCULATED		, 3	
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	20.4		mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.0		
LDL/HDL RATIO	1.5		

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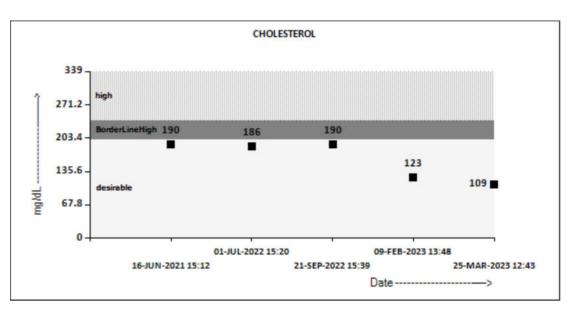
CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

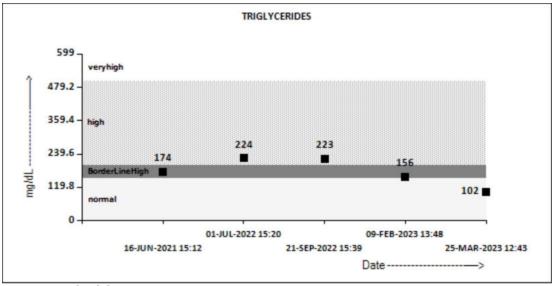
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Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results

Biological Reference Interval Units





Interpretation(s)

chaitalily.

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MRQA





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PERFORMED AT:

SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WC020270

PATIENT ID : ANIKM09108431

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :38 Years :25/03/2023 10:00:00 DRAWN RECEIVED : 25/03/2023 10:05:45

REPORTED :27/03/2023 14:50:32

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units	
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LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM			
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD: DIAZONIUM SALT	2.89 High	0.2 - 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD: DIAZO REACTION	0.70 High	0.0 - 0.5	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD: CALCULATED	2.19 High	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET	7.2	6.0 - 8.30	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD: COLORIMETRIC (BROMCRESOL GREEN)	4.7	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
GLOBULIN	2.5	2.0 - 3.5	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.9	1 - 2.1	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) METHOD: ENZYMATIC (NADH (WITHOUT P-5'-P)	29	5 - 34	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD: ENZYMATIC (NADH (WITHOUT P-5'-P)	48	0 - 55	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD: PARA-NITROPHENYL PHOSPHATE	65	40 - 150	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD: L-GAMMA-GLUTAMYL-4-NITROANALIDE/GLYCYLGLYCIN	19 JE KINETIC METHOD	11 - 59	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD: IFCC LACTATE TO PYRUVATE	237 High	125 - 220	U/L
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN METHOD: UREASE METHOD	7 Low	8.9 - 20.6	mg/dL
CREATININE, SERUM			
CREATININE METHOD: KINETIC ALKALINE PICRATE	1.01	0.60 - 1.2	mg/dL

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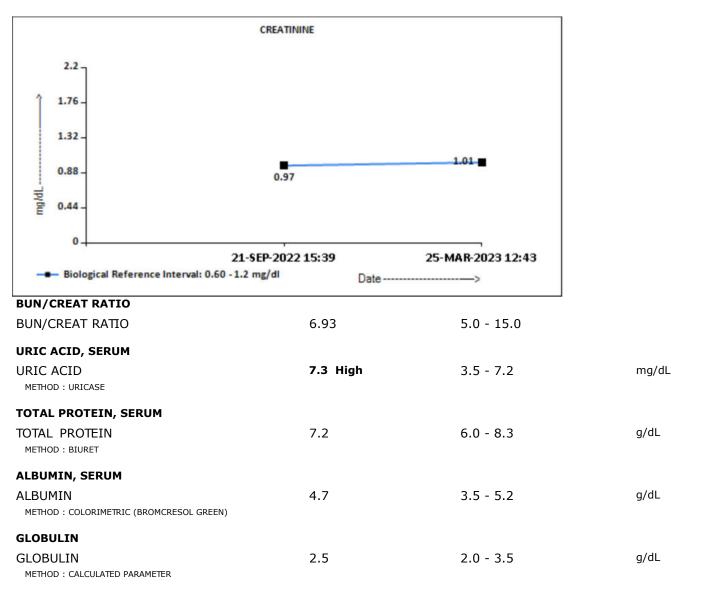
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ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM

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CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email: customercare.saltlake@srl.in







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600	406.1	106 115	10
SODIUM, SERUM METHOD: ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE TECHNOLOGY INDIRECT	126 Low	136 - 145	mmol/L
POTASSIUM, SERUM	3.90	3.5 - 5.1	mmol/L
METHOD: ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE TECHNOLOGY INDIRECT			
CHLORIDE, SERUM METHOD: ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE TECHNOLOGY INDIRECT	92 Low	98 - 107	mmol/L

Interpretation(s)

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GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the

Increased in:Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides. Decreased in:Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency,hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease,

malignancy(adrenocortical,stomach,fibrosarcoma),infant of a diabetic mother,enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g.galactosemia),Drugs-insulin,ethanol,propranolol;sulfonylureas,tolbutamide,and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within

individuals.Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**Used For**:

- 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
- 2. Diagnosing diabetes.

3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

- eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
 eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
- 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

- 1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss,hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results.Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
- 2.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results.(possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.
 3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.
- 4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

- a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
 b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
 c) HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy
 GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin

treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice.

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Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MROA





View Report

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Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjùgated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis. **ALP** is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction,

Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease

GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

Total Protein also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease, Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

Albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

• Blockage in the urinary tract, Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow, Loss of body fluid (dehydration), Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers, Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia) Lower than normal level may be due to:

• Myasthenia Gravis, Muscuophy
URIC ACID, SERUM-**Causes of Increased levels:**-Dietary(High Protein Intake,Prolonged Fasting,Rapid weight loss),Gout,Lesch nyhan syndrome,Type 2 DM,Metabolic syndrome Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

TÓTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. **Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:** Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. ALBUMIN, SERUM-

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

chaitalily.

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MROA



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View Report



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CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR PALE YELLOW

APPEARANCE CLEAR

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH 6.0 4.7 - 7.5

1.005 1.003 - 1.035 SPECIFIC GRAVITY

METHOD : DIPSTICK

PROTEIN NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: DIPSTICK

GLUCOSE NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: DIPSTICK

KETONES NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD : DIPSTICK

BLOOD NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD : DIPSTICK

BILIRUBIN NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: DIPSTICK

UROBILINOGEN NORMAL NORMAL

METHOD: DIPSTICK

NITRITE NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

 ${\tt METHOD}: {\tt DIPSTICK}$

NOT DETECTED LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE **NEGATIVE**

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

/HPF RED BLOOD CELLS NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED /HPF PUS CELL (WBC'S) 1-2 0-5 EPITHELIAL CELLS 0-5 /HPF 1-2

NOT DETECTED **CASTS**

NOT DETECTED **CRYSTALS**

BACTERIA NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED YEAST

Himori Moran

Dr.Himadri Mondal, MD **Consultant Microbiologist**



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Comments

URINALYSIS: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION IS CARRIED OUT ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT.

Interpretation(s)

Himori Moran

Dr.Himadri Mondal, MD **Consultant Microbiologist**





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SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3 104.0 35 - 193 ng/dL

METHOD: TWO-STEP CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY

T4 8.83 4.87 - 11.71 $\mu g/dL$

METHOD: TWO-STEP CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) 1.126 0.350 - 4.940 μΙປ/mL

METHOD: TWO-STEP CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)

End Of Report
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