Mr. Akash Jain

12/23/2023 9:40:51 AM

33 Years

Rate

Male

PR 135 QRSD 83 QT 388 QTc 378	_		nST elevat			
AXIS P -12 QRS 58 T 41 12 Lead; Standa	ard Placement		- NORMAL ECG - Unconfirm	ned Diagnosis		
	avi			v		
			V3			
Device:	Speed: 25 mm/sec	Limb: 10 mm/mV	Chest: 10.0 mm/mV		30~ 0.15-100 Hz] 100	

Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR Akash JAIN	STUDY DATE	23/12/2023 10:59AM
AGE / SEX	33 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011577522
ACCESSION NO.	NM11387480	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	26/12/2023 11:41AM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

2D Echocardiography Report

	End diastole	End systole
IVS thickness (cm)	0.8	1.2
Left Ventricular Dimension (cm)	4.3	2.1
Left Ventricular Posterior Wall thickness (cm)	0.9	1.1

Aortic Root Diameter (cm)	2.3
Left Atrial Dimension (cm)	2.8
Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (%)	55 %

LEFT VENTRICLE : Normal in size. No RWMA. LVEF=55 %

RIGHT VENTRICLE : Normal in size. Normal RV function.

LEFT ATRIUM : Normal in size

RIGHT ATRIUM : Normal in size

MITRAL VALVE : Trace MR.

AORTIC VALVE : Normal.

TRICUSPID VALVE : Trace TR, PASP~ 22 mmHg.

PULMONARY VALVE : Normal

MAIN PULMONARY ARTERY &

ITS BRANCHES

: Appears normal.

INTERATRIAL SEPTUM : Intact.

INTERVENTRICULAR SEPTUM : Intact.

PERICARDIUM : No pericardial effusion or thickening











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GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR Akash JAIN	STUDY DATE	23/12/2023 10:59AM
AGE / SEX	33 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011577522
ACCESSION NO.	NM11387480	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	26/12/2023 11:41AM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

DOPPLER STUDY

VALVE	Peak Velocity	Maximum P.G. (mmHg)	Mean P. G. (mmHg)	Regurgitation	Stenosis
	(cm/sec)				
MITRAL	E= 85	-	-	Trace	Nil
	A=43				
AORTIC	118	-	-	Nil	Nil
TRICUSPID	-	N	N	Trace	Nil
PULMONARY	79	N	N	Nil	Nil

SUMMARY & INTERPRETATION:

- No LV regional wall motion abnormality with LVEF = 55 %
- Normal sized RA/RV/LV/LA with no chamber hypertrophy. Normal RV function.
- Trace MR.
- Trace TR, PASP~ 22 mmHg
- Normal mitral inflow pattern.
- IVC normal in size, >50% collapse with inspiration, suggestive of normal RA pressure.
- No clot/vegetation/pericardial effusion.

Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Bipin Dubey MBBS, MD, General Medicine, DM(Cardiology) DMC No.42490 **HOD and Consultant (Cardiology)**

*****End Of Report*****











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Awarded Clean & Green Hospital

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR AKASH JAIN Age : 33 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 23 Dec 2023 11:03

Receiving Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:54

Department of Transfusion Medicine (Blood Bank)

BLOOD GROUPING, RH TYPING & ANTIBODY SCREEN (TYPE & SCREEN) Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutinaton by gel/tube technique)

Blood Group & Rh typing A Rh(D) Positive

Antibody Screening (Microtyping in gel cards using reagent red cells)

Final Antibody Screen Result Negative

Technical Note:

ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique. Antibody screening is done using a 3 cell panel of reagent red cells coated with Rh, Kell, Duffy, Kidd, Lewis, P, MNS, Lutheran and Xg antigens using gel technique.

Page 1 of 2

-----END OF REPORT-----

Damba

Dr Himanshu Lamba

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

 Name
 :
 MR AKASH JAIN
 Age
 :
 33 Yr(s) Sex :Male

 Registration No
 :
 MH011577522
 Lab No
 :
 32231211083

 Patient Episode
 :
 H03000058871
 Collection Date :
 23 Dec 2023 09:21

 Referred By
 :
 HEALTH CHECK MHD
 Reporting Date :
 23 Dec 2023 11:30

Receiving Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:40

BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen: EDTA Whole blood

As per American Diabetes Association(ADA) 2010

HbA1c (Glycosylated Hemoglobin) 5.4 % [4.0-6.5]

HbA1c in %

Non diabetic adults : < 5.7 %

Prediabetes (At Risk) : 5.7 % - 6.4 %

Diabetic Range : > 6.5 %

Methodology High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)

Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) 108 mg/dl

Use

- 1.Monitoring compliance and long-term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- 2.Index of diabetic control (direct relationship between poor control and development of complications).
- 3. Predicting development and progression of diabetic microvascular complications.

Limitations :

- 1. A1C values may be falsely elevated or decreased in those with chronic kidney disease.
- 2.False elevations may be due in part to analytical interference from carbamylated hemoglobin formed in the presence of elevated concentrations of urea, with some assays.
- 3. False decreases in measured A1C may occur with hemodialysis and altered red cell turnover, especially in the setting of erythropoietin treatment

References: Rao.L.V., Michael snyder.L.(2021). Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Edition. Wolterkluwer. NaderRifai, Andrea Rita Horvath, Carl T.wittwer. (2018) Teitz Text book

of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics. First edition, Elsevier, South Asia.

Page 2 of 2

Dr.Himansha Pandey

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR AKASH JAIN Age : 33 Yr(s) Sex : Male

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 23 Dec 2023 11:23

Receiving Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:45

BIOCHEMISTRY

THYROID PROFILE, Serum Specimen Type : Serum

Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (ECLIA)	0.021 #	μIU/mL	[0.340-4.250]
T4 - Thyroxine (ECLIA)	7.460	μg/dl	[4.600-10.500]
T3 - Triiodothyronine (ECLIA)	1.210	ng/ml	[0.800-2.040]

Note: TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4.a.m.and at a minimum between 6-10 pm.Factors such as change of seasons hormonal fluctuations, Ca or Fe supplements, high fibre diet, stress and illness affect TSH results.

- * References ranges recommended by the American Thyroid Association
- 1) Thyroid. 2011 Oct; 21(10):1081-125.PMID .21787128
- 2) http://www.thyroid-info.com/articles/tsh-fluctuating.html

Lipid Profile (Serum)

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL (CHOD/POD)	149	mg/dl	[<200] Moderate risk:200-239 High risk:>240
TRIGLYCERIDES (GPO/POD)	198 #	mg/dl	[<150] Borderline high:151-199 High: 200 - 499 Very high:>500
HDL - CHOLESTEROL (Direct)	27 #	mg/dl	[30-60]
Methodology: Homogenous Enzymatic			
VLDL - Cholesterol (Calculated)	40	mg/dl	[10-40]
(CALCULATED)LDL- CHC	DLESTEROL	82 mg/dl	[<100] Near/Above optimal-100-129 Borderline High:130-159 High Risk:160-189

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

 Name
 : MR AKASH JAIN
 Age
 : 33 Yr(s) Sex :Male

 Registration No
 : MH011577522
 Lab No
 : 32231211083

 Patient Episode
 : H03000058871
 Collection Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:21

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 23 Dec 2023 11:18

Receiving Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:45

BIOCHEMISTRY

T.Chol/HDL.Chol ratio

5.5

<4.0 Optimal
4.0-5.0 Borderline
>6 High Risk

LDL.CHOL/HDL.CHOL Ratio

3.1

<3 Optimal

3-4 Borderline >6 High Risk

Note:

Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications.

Recommended to do fasting Lipid Profile after a minimum of 8 hours of overnight fasting.

Technical Notes:

Lipid profile is a panel of blood tests that serves as initial broad medical screening tool for abnormalities in lipids, the results of these tests can identify certain genetic diseases and determine approximate risks for cardiovascular disease, certain forms of pancreatitis and other diseases.

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (Serum)			
BILIRUBIN-TOTAL (Diazonium Ion)	1.27 #	mg/dl	[0.10-1.20]
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT (Diazotization)	0.32 #	mg/dl	[0.00-0.30]
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT (Calculated)	0.95	mg/dl	[0.20-1.00]
SGOT/ AST (UV without P5P)	39.6	U/L	[10.0-50.0]
SGPT/ ALT (UV without P5P)	73.2 #	U/L	[0.0-41.0]
ALP (p-NPP, kinetic) *	155 #	U/L	[45-135]
TOTAL PROTEIN (Biuret)	7.5	g/dl	[6.0-8.2]
SERUM ALBUMIN (BCG-dye)	4.4	g/dl	[3.5-5.2]
SERUM GLOBULIN (Calculated)	3.1	g/dl	[1.8-3.4]
ALB/GLOB (A/G) Ratio(Calculated)	1.42		[1.10-1.80]

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR AKASH JAIN Age : 33 Yr(s) Sex :Male **Registration No** : MH011577522 Lab No 32231211083 **Patient Episode** : H03000058871 **Collection Date:** 23 Dec 2023 09:21 **Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 23 Dec 2023 11:19

Receiving Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:45

BIOCHEMISTRY

Technical Notes:

Liver function test aids in diagnosis of various pre hepatic, hepatic and post hepatic causes of dysfunction like hemolytic anemia's, viral and alcoholic hepatitis and cholestasis of obstructive causes.

Test Name	Result	Unit B	Biological Ref. Interval
KIDNEY PROFILE (Serum)			
BUN (Urease/GLDH)	11.00	mg/dl	[6.00-20.00]
SERUM CREATININE (Jaffe's method)	0.71 #	mg/dl	[0.80-1.60]
SERUM URIC ACID (Uricase)	6.8	mg/dl	[3.5-7.2]
SERUM CALCIUM (NM-BAPTA)	9.25	mg/dl	[8.00-10.50]
SERUM PHOSPHORUS (Molybdate, UV)	3.4	mg/dl	[2.5-4.5]
SERUM SODIUM (ISE)	137.0	mmol/l	[134.0-145.0]
SERUM POTASSIUM (ISE)	5.01	mmol/l	[3.50-5.20]
SERUM CHLORIDE (ISE Indirect)	102.8	mmol/L	[95.0-105.0]
eGFR	123.3	ml/min/1.73sq	[>60.0]
m 1 ' 1 N '			

Technical Note

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis / Icterus / Lipemia.

Page 3 of 8

Dr.Himansha Pandey



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR AKASH JAIN Age : 33 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Patient Episode: H03000058871Collection Date : 23 Dec 2023 12:37Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHDReporting Date : 23 Dec 2023 15:54

Receiving Date : 23 Dec 2023 14:22

BIOCHEMISTRY

Specimen Type : Plasma
PLASMA GLUCOSE - PP

Plasma GLUCOSE - PP (Hexokinase) 115 mg/dl [70-140]

Note: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying,

brisk glucose absorption , post exercise

Specimen Type : Serum/Plasma

Plasma GLUCOSE-Fasting (Hexokinase) 108 # mg/dl [74-106]

Page 4 of 8

Dr.Himansha Pandey



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR AKASH JAIN Age : 33 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 23 Dec 2023 13:35

Receiving Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:35

HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (Automated) Specimen-Whole Blood

ESR 5.0 mm/1sthour [0.0-10.0]

Interpretation :

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week postpartum.

ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives).

It is especially low (0 - 1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Test Name	Result	Unit Bi	ological Ref. Interval
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (EDTA Blood)			
WBC Count (Flow cytometry)	7160	/cu.mm	[4000-10000]
RBC Count (Impedence)	4.66	million/cu.mm	[4.50-5.50]
Haemoglobin (SLS Method)	14.7	g/dL	[13.0-17.0]
Haematocrit (PCV)	42.7	ଚ୍ଚ	[40.0-50.0]
(RBC Pulse Height Detector Method)			
MCV (Calculated)	91.6	fL	[83.0-101.0]
MCH (Calculated)	31.5	pg	[25.0-32.0]
MCHC (Calculated)	34.4	g/dL	[31.5-34.5]
Platelet Count (Impedence)	202000	/cu.mm	[150000-410000]
RDW-CV (Calculated)	14.4 #	8	[11.6-14.0]
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils (Flowcytometry)	53.5	90	[40.0-80.0]
Lymphocytes (Flowcytometry)	36.5	୦୦	[20.0-40.0]

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

 Name
 : MR AKASH JAIN
 Age
 : 33 Yr(s) Sex :Male

 Registration No
 : MH011577522
 Lab No
 : 33231206963

Patient Episode: H03000058871Collection Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:22Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHDReporting Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:51

Receiving Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:35

HAEMATOLOGY

Monocytes (Flowcytometry)	6.3		용	[2.0-10.0]
Eosinophils (Flowcytometry)	3.1		용	[1.0-6.0]
Basophils (Flowcytometry)	0.6 #		8	[1.0-2.0]
IG	0.10		용	
Neutrophil Absolute (Flouroscence f	low cytometry)	3.8	/cu mm	$[2.0-7.0] \times 10^{3}$
Lymphocyte Absolute(Flouroscence f	low cytometry)	2.6	/cu mm	$[1.0-3.0] \times 10^{3}$
Monocyte Absolute (Flouroscence flo	w cytometry)	0.5	/cu mm	$[0.2-1.2] \times 10^{3}$
Eosinophil Absolute(Flouroscence f	low cytometry)	0.2	/cu mm	$[0.0-0.5] \times 10^{3}$
Basophil Absolute (Flouroscence flo	w cytometry)	0.0	/cu mm	$[0.0-0.1] \times 10^{3}$

Complete Blood Count is used to evaluate wide range of health disorders, including anemia, infection, and leukemia. Abnormal increase or decrease in cell counts as revealed may indicate that an underlying medical condition that calls for further evaluation.

-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr.Himansha Pandey



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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

 Name
 : MR AKASH JAIN
 Age
 : 33 Yr(s) Sex :Male

 Registration No
 : MH011577522
 Lab No
 : 38231202154

Patient Episode: H03000058871Collection Date : 23 Dec 2023 09:22Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHDReporting Date : 23 Dec 2023 14:35

Receiving Date : 23 Dec 2023 12:49

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Biological Ref. Interval			
ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS					
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION					
Colour (Visual)	PALE YELLOW	(Pale Yellow - Yellow)			
Appearance (Visual)	CLEAR				
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION					
Reaction[pH]	7.0	(5.0-9.0)			
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Meth	nod))				
Specific Gravity	1.005	(1.003-1.035)			
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Meth	nod))				
Bilirubin	Negative	NEGATIVE			
Protein/Albumin	Negative	(NEGATIVE-TRACE)			
(Reflectance photometry(Indicator Method)/Manual SSA)					
Glucose	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)			
(Reflectance photometry (GOD-POD/Bene	edict Method))				
Ketone Bodies	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)			
(Reflectance photometry(Legal's Test)/Manual Rotheras)					
Urobilinogen	NORMAL	(NORMAL)			
Reflactance photometry/Diazonium salt reaction					
Nitrite	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE			
Reflactance photometry/Griess test					
Leukocytes	NIL	NEGATIVE			
Reflactance photometry/Action of Esterase					
BLOOD	NIL	NEGATIVE			
(Reflectance photometry(peroxidase))					
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION (Manual)	Method: Light microscopy on	centrifuged urine			
WBC/Pus Cells	1-2 /hpf	(4-6)			
Red Blood Cells	NIL	(1-2)			
Epithelial Cells	0-1/hpf	(2-4)			
Casts	NIL	(NIL)			
Crystals	NIL	(NIL)			
Bacteria	NIL				
Yeast cells	NIL				

Page 7 of 8



Interpretation:

Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075

Department Of Laboratory Medicine

Name : MR AKASH JAIN Age : 33 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 23 Dec 2023 14:35

Receiving Date : 23 Dec 2023 12:49

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

 $\textit{URINALYSIS-Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic , urological, kidney and liver disorders \\$

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urina tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine.

Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine.

Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys Most Common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration duri infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased Specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decrease Specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Uroblinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis

and in case of hemolytic anemia.

Page 8 of 8

Dr.Himansha Pandey



Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR Akash JAIN	STUDY DATE	23/12/2023 11:15AM
AGE / SEX	33 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011577522
ACCESSION NO.	R6603346	MODALITY	US
REPORTED ON	23/12/2023 1:07PM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Results:

Liver is enlarged in size (16.1 cm) and shows grade I fatty changes. No focal intrahepatic lesion is detected. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre.

Gall bladder appears echofree with normal wall thickness. Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size (7.7 cm) and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size (RK \sim 9.8 x 3.7 cm and LK \sim 11.6 x 4.6 cm) and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. Central sinus echoes are compact. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated.

Urinary bladder is normal in wall thickness with clear contents. No significant intra or extraluminal mass is seen.

Prostate is normal in size, shape and echopattern. (volume 11.5 cc)

No significant free fluid is detected.

IMPRESSION: Hepatomegaly with grade-I fatty liver.

Kindly correlate clinically.

Dr. Nipun Gumber MBBS, MD DMC No.90272

ASSOCIATE CONSULTANT

******End Of Report*****











NABH Accredited Hospital H-2019-0640/09/06/2019-08/06/2022 NABL Accredited Hospital

Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

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Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi 110 075



GST: 07AAAAH3917LIZM PAN NO: AAAAH3917L

NAME	MR Akash JAIN	STUDY DATE	23/12/2023 9:48AM
AGE / SEX	33 y / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH011577522
ACCESSION NO.	R6603348	MODALITY	CR
REPORTED ON	23/12/2023 11:38AM	REFERRED BY	Health Check MHD

X-RAY CHEST - PA VIEW

Results:

Visualized lung fields appear clear.

Both hilar shadows appear normal.

Cardiothoracic ratio is within normal limits.

Both hemidiaphragmatic outlines appear normal.

Both costophrenic angles are clear.

Kindly correlate clinically.

Jaruchi

Dr. Aarushi MBBS, MD, DNB DMC N0.03291

CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

*****End Of Report*****











H-2019-0640/09/06/2019-08/06/2022 MC/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021

NABL Accredited Hospital

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Awarded Clean & Green Hospital

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