# **Chandan Diagnostic**



Age / Gender: 34/

34/Female

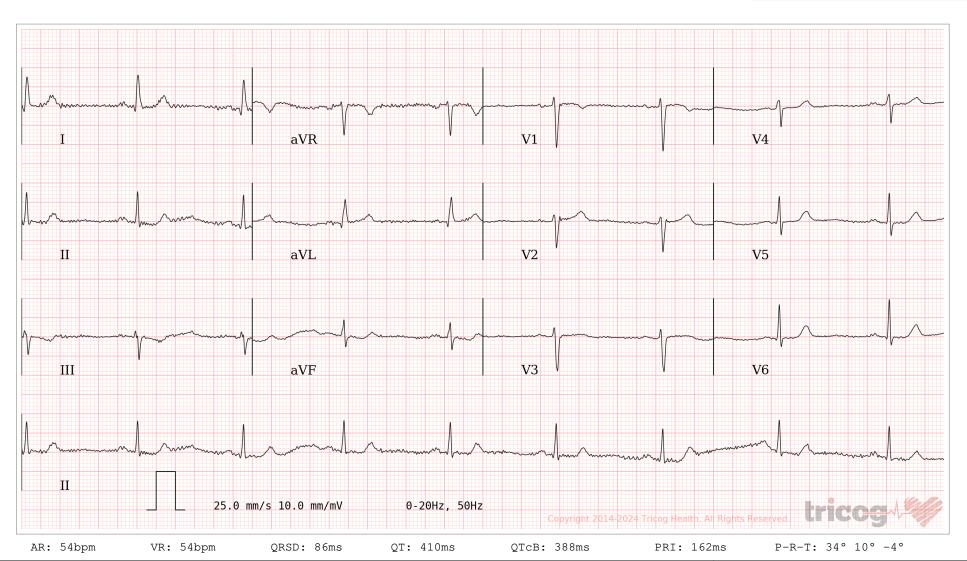
Date and Time: 28th Sep 24 9:20 AM

Patient ID:

IDUN0218382425

Patient Name:

Mrs.POOJA BHATT-22S32220



Abnormal: Sinus Bradycardia. rsr' Pattern in V2. Poor "R" wave progression in anterior leads. Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Charit MD, DM: Cardiology

63382

AUTHORIZED BY

---#B

Dr Prathima S.K

REPORTED BY

Disclaimer: Analysis in this report is based on ECG alone and should only be used as an adjunct to clinical history, symptoms and results of other invasive and non-invasive tests and must be interpreted by a qualified physician.





Add: Armelia,1st Floor,56New Road, M.K.P Chowk,Dehradun Ph: 9235501532,01356617357 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mrs.POOJA BHATT-22S32220 Registered On : 28/Sep/2024 09:00:50 Age/Gender : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /F Collected : 28/Sep/2024 09:06:47 UHID/MR NO : IDUN.0000238439 Received : 28/Sep/2024 10:11:44 Visit ID : IDUN0218382425 Reported : 28/Sep/2024 12:59:13

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL ACROFEMI Status : Final Report

### **DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY**

## MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing), Blood				
Blood Group	В			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Rh ( Anti-D)	POSITIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC), Whole Blood				
Haemoglobin	13.40	g/dl	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	COLORIMETRIC METHOD (CYANIDE-FREE REAGENT)
TLC (WBC) <u>DLC</u>	5,580.00	/Cu mm	4000-10000	IMPEDANCE METHOD
Polymorphs (Neutrophils )	54.50	%	40-80	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Lymphocytes	32.60	%	20-40	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Monocytes	4.70	%	2-10	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Eosinophils	7.90	%	1-6	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Basophils <b>ESR</b>	0.30	%	<1-2	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Observed	12.00	MM/1H	10-19 Yr 8.0 20-29 Yr 10.8 30-39 Yr 10.4 40-49 Yr 13.6 50-59 Yr 14.2 60-69 Yr 16.0 70-79 Yr 16.5 80-91 Yr 15.8	









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### **DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY**

## MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
			Pregnancy Early gestation - 48 (62 if anaemic) Leter gestation - 70 (95	
Corrected		Mm for 1st hr.	if anaemic) < 20	
PCV (HCT)	41.50	%	40-54	
Platelet count				
Platelet Count	1.91	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width)	15.50	fL	9-17	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)	31.60	%	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.20	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)	10.60	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBC Count				
RBC Count	4.54	Mill./cu mm	3.7-5.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)				
MCV	91.20	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCH	29.50	pg	27-32	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCHC	32.30	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	24.90	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	82.30	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3,050.00	/cu mm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	440.00	/cu mm	40-440	

DR.SMRITI GUPTA MD (PATHOLOGY)











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: 28/Sep/2024 09:00:50 Patient Name : Mrs.POOJA BHATT-22S32220 Registered On Age/Gender : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /F Collected : 28/Sep/2024 09:06:46 UHID/MR NO : IDUN.0000238439 Received : 28/Sep/2024 10:11:45 Visit ID : IDUN0218382425 Reported : 28/Sep/2024 13:24:25

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD.DDN - Status : Final Report

### **DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY**

### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

**GLUCOSE FASTING** , Plasma

Glucose Fasting 84.13 mg/dl < 100 Normal GOD POD

100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ 126 Diabetes

### **Interpretation:**

- a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.
- b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.
- c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

**CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE:-** Glucose is the major source of energy in the body. Lack of insulin or resistance to it section at the cellular level causes diabetes. Therefore, the blood glucose levels are very high. Elevated serum glucose levels are observed in diabetes mellitus and may be associated with pancreatitis, pituitary or thyroid dysfunction and liver disease. Hypoglycaemia occurs most frequently due to over dosage of insulin.

Glucose PP 83.85 mg/dl <140 Normal GOD POD
Sample:Plasma After Meal 140-199 Pre-diabetes >200 Diabetes

## **Interpretation:**

- a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.
- b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.
- c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

## GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA BLOOD

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c) 4.00 % NGSP HPLC (NGSP)
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c) 20.00 mmol/mol/IFCC
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) 68 mg/dl

## **Interpretation:**

## NOTE:-

• eAG is directly related to A1c.









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## **DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY**

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	<b>Degree of Glucose Control Unit</b>
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level

<sup>\*</sup>High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

## **Clinical Implications:**

- \*Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.
- \*With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.
- \*A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated \*Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy
- c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity
- \*Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss
- \*Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:
- \*Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.

**BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen)** 

6.10

mg/dL

7.0-23.0

CALCULATED

Sample:Serum







<sup>\*\*</sup>Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.





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: Dr.MEDIWHEEL ACROFEMI Ref Doctor Status : Final Report HEALTHCARE LTD.DDN -

### **DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY**

### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method **Test Name** Result

**Interpretation:** 

Note: Elevated BUN levels can be seen in the following:

High-protein diet, Dehydration, Aging, Certain medications, Burns, Gastrointestimal (GI) bleeding.

## Low BUN levels can be seen in the following:

Low-protein diet, overhydration, Liver disease.

0.74 Creatinine mg/dl 0.5-1.20 **MODIFIED JAFFES** 

Sample:Serum

#### **Interpretation:**

The significance of single creatinine value must be interpreted in light of the patients muscle mass. A patient with a greater muscle mass will have a higher creatinine concentration. The trend of serum creatinine concentrations over time is more important than absolute creatinine concentration. Serum creatinine concentrations may increase when an ACE inhibitor (ACE) is taken. The assay could be affected mildly and may result in anomalous values if serum samples have heterophilic antibodies, hemolyzed, icteric or lipemic.

**Uric Acid** 3.56 mg/dl 2.5-6.0 **URICASE** 

Sample:Serum

### **Interpretation:**

Note:-

### Elevated uric acid levels can be seen in the following:

Drugs, Diet (high-protein diet, alcohol), Chronic kidney disease, Hypertension, Obesity.

## LFT (WITH GAMMA GT), Serum

SGOT / Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST)	17.99	U/L	< 35	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
SGPT / Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT)	15.11	U/L	< 40	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
Gamma GT (GGT)	15.06	IU/L	11-50	OPTIMIZED SZAZING
Protein	6.32	gm/dl	6.2-8.0	BIURET
Albumin	4.31	gm/dl	3.4-5.4	B.C.G.
Globulin	2.01	gm/dl	1.8-3.6	CALCULATED
A:G Ratio	2.14		1.1-2.0	CALCULATED





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## **DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY**

## MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	U	nit Bio. Ref. Inte	rval Method
Alkaline Phosphatase (Total)	54.47	U/L	42.0-165.0	PNP/AMP KINETIC
Bilirubin (Total)	1.81	mg/dl	0.3-1.2	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.83	mg/dl	< 0.30	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.98	mg/dl	< 0.8	JENDRASSIK & GROF
LIPID PROFILE ( MINI ) , Serum				
Cholesterol (Total)	230.64	mg/dl	<200 Desirable 200-239 Borderline H > 240 High	CHOD-PAP igh
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	85.44	mg/dl	30-70	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	117	mg/dl	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr. Optimal/Above Optir 130-159 Borderline H 160-189 High > 190 Very High	
VLDL	27.89	mg/dl	10-33	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	139.47	mg/dl	< 150 Normal 150-199 Borderline H 200-499 High >500 Very High	GPO-PAP igh

DR.SMRITI GUPTA MD (PATHOLOGY)











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Patient Name : Mrs.POOJA BHATT-22S32220 Registered On : 28/Sep/2024 09:00:50 Age/Gender : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /F Collected : 28/Sep/2024 12:40:19 UHID/MR NO : IDUN.0000238439 Received : 28/Sep/2024 13:00:20 Visit ID : IDUN0218382425 Reported : 28/Sep/2024 16:04:08

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD.DDN - Status : Final Report

### **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

## MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE, Urine				
Color	PALE YELLOW			
Specific Gravity	1.015			
Reaction PH	Acidic ( 6.0 )			DIPSTICK
Appearance	CLEAR			
Protein	ABSENT	mg %	< 10 Absent 10-40 (+) 40-200 (++) 200-500 (+++) > 500 (++++)	DIPSTICK
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	< 0.5 (+) 0.5-1.0 (++) 1-2 (+++) > 2 (++++)	DIPSTICK
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	Serum-0.1-3.0 Urine-0.0-14.0	BIOCHEMISTRY
Bile Salts	ABSENT			
Bile Pigments	ABSENT			
Bilirubin	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Leucocyte Esterase	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution)	ABSENT			
Nitrite	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Blood	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Microscopic Examination:				
Epithelial cells	1-2/h.p.f			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Pus cells	1-2/h.p.f			
RBCs	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Cast	ABSENT			
Crystals	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Others	ABSENT			
SUGAR, FASTING STAGE , Urine				
Sugar, Fasting stage	ABSENT	gms%		









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### **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

## MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

## **Interpretation:**

(+) < 0.5

(++) 0.5-1.0

(+++) 1-2

(++++) > 2

## **SUGAR, PP STAGE**, Urine

Sugar, PP Stage ABSENT

## **Interpretation:**

(+) < 0.5 gms%

(++) 0.5-1.0 gms%

(+++) 1-2 gms%

(++++) > 2 gms%

DR.SMRITI GUPTA MD (PATHOLOGY)

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Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL ACROFEMI Status : Final Report

#### DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL , Serum				
T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	78.27	ng/dl	84.61–201.7	CLIA
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	8.20	ug/dl	3.2-12.6	CLIA
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	10.760	μlU/mL	0.27 - 5.5	CLIA
Interpretation:				
		0.3-4.5 μIU/m	L First Trimes	ter
		0.5-4.6 μIU/m		
		0.8-5.2 μIU/m	L Third Trimes	ster
		0.5-8.9 $\mu$ IU/m	L Adults	55-87 Years
		0.7-27 $\mu$ IU/m	L Premature	28-36 Week
		2.3-13.2 $\mu$ IU/m	L Cord Blood	> 37Week
		0.7-64 $\mu$ IU/m	L Child(21 wk	
		1-39 μIU/	mL Child	0-4 Days
		1.7-9.1 μIU/m	ıL Child	2-20 Week

- 1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.
- 2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- 3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- **4)** Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- 5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.
- 6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
- 7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- **8)** Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

DR.SMRITI GUPTA MD (PATHOLOGY)













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Patient Name : Mrs.POOJA BHATT-22S32220 Registered On : 28/Sep/2024 09:00:51 Collected : 2024-09-28 10:01:48 Age/Gender : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /F UHID/MR NO : IDUN.0000238439 Received : 2024-09-28 10:01:48 Visit ID : IDUN0218382425 Reported : 28/Sep/2024 14:01:11

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL ACROFEMI Status : Final Report

### **DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY**

### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

# X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA (500 mA COMPUTERISED UNIT SPOT FILM DEVICE)

### **DIGITAL CHEST P.A. VIEW**

- Soft tissue shadow appears normal.
- Bony cage is normal.
- Diaphragmatic shadows are normal on both sides.
- Costo-phrenic angles are bilaterally clear.
- Trachea is central in position.
- Cardiac size & contours are normal.
- Hilar shadows are normal.
- Pulmonary vascularity & distribution are normal.
- Pulmonary parenchyma did not reveal any significant lesion.

IMPRESSION: NORMAL SKIAGRAM

DR. R B KALIA MD (RADIOLOGIST)













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Patient Name : Mrs.POOJA BHATT-22S32220 Registered On : 28/Sep/2024 09:00:51 Age/Gender : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /F Collected : 2024-09-28 09:49:57 UHID/MR NO : IDUN.0000238439 Received : 2024-09-28 09:49:57 Visit ID : IDUN0218382425 Reported : 28/Sep/2024 10:22:22

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD.DDN - Status : Final Report

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND**

### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

## **ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER)**

### **LIVER**

• The liver is normal in size and has a normal homogenous echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

#### **PORTAL SYSTEM**

- The intra hepatic portal channels are normal.
- Portal vein measured 10.0 mms. (Normal) at the porta.

#### **BILIARY SYSTEM**

- The intra-hepatic biliary radicles are normal.
- Common duct measured 3.0 mms. (Normal) at the porta.
- The gall bladder is normal in size and has regular walls measuring 2.0 mms. in thickness (normal) .Lumen of the gall bladder is anechoic.

## **PANCREAS**

• The pancreas is normal in size and shape and has a normal homogenous echotexture.

#### **GREAT VESSELS**

• Great vessels are normal.

## **RIGHT KIDNEY**

- The right kidney is normal in size, shape and cortical echotexture.
- The collecting system is normal and corticomedullary demarcation is clear.

## **LEFT KIDNEY**

- The left kidney is normal in size, shape and cortical echotexture.
- The collecting system is normal and corticomedullary demarcation is clear.

# <u>SPLEEN</u>

• The spleen is normal in size and has a homogenous echotexture.

### **LYMPHNODES**

• No pre-or-para aortic lymph node mass is seen.













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Patient Name : Mrs.POOJA BHATT-22S32220 Registered On : 28/Sep/2024 09:00:51 Age/Gender : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /F Collected : 2024-09-28 09:49:57 UHID/MR NO : IDUN.0000238439 Received : 2024-09-28 09:49:57 Visit ID : IDUN0218382425 Reported : 28/Sep/2024 10:22:22

: Dr.MEDIWHEEL ACROFEMI Ref Doctor Status : Final Report HEALTHCARE LTD.DDN -

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND**

### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

#### **URETERS**

Both ureters are normal.

#### **URINARY BLADDER**

• The urinary bladder is normal. Bladder wall is normal in thickness and regular.

### **UTERUS & CERVIX**

- The uterus is normal in size for age.
- It has a homogenous myometrial echotexture.
- The endometrial thickness is 9.7 mms.
- The cervix is normal.

### **UTERINE ADNEXA**

Unilocular thin walled anechoic cyst measuring 53.8 x 33.1 mms is seen in left ovary.

#### **CUL-DE-SAC**

Small amount of fluid is seen in cul-de-sac.

## **IMPRESSION**

#### CYST LEFT OVARY WITH SMALL AMOUNT OF FLUID IN CUL-DE-SAC CAUSE? PELVIC INFLAMMATORY DISEASE

### **ADV: FURTHER EVALUATION**

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

Result/s to Follow:

STOOL, ROUTINE EXAMINATION, ECG/EKG



MD (RADIOLOGIST)

This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days

Facilities: MRI, CT scan, DR X-ray, Ultrasound, Sonomammography, Digital Mammography, ECG (Bedside also), 2D Echo, TMT, Holter, OPG, EEG, NCV, EMG & BERA, Audiometry, BMD, PFT, Fibroscan, Bronchoscopy, Colonoscopy and Endoscopy, Allergy Testing, Biochemistry & Immunoassay, Hematology, Microbiology & Serology, Histopathology & Immunohistochemistry, Cytogenetics and Molecular Diagnostics and Health Checkups 365 Days Open

\*Facilities Available at Select Location Page 12 of 12



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