

Mrs. JYOTI BHUTANI

PID NO: P39224534660909 Age: 72 Year(s) Sex: Female

Reference: DR.GYNAE UNIT

Sample Collected At: MALVIN LIFESCIENCES PRIVATE LIMITED

FLAT NO. 08, 2ND FLOOR, PAL MOHAN BHAWAN, 66A/3, NEW ROHTAK ROAD, DELHI, Central Delhi, Delhi, India, 110005

Sample Processed At: Metropolis Healthcare Ltd E-21, B1 Mohan Co-op Ind Estate New Delhi-110044

VID: 240325107343922

Registered On: 26/10/2024 06:34 PM Collected On: 26/10/2024 6:32PM Reported On: 29/10/2024 02:05 PM

PAP SMEAR EXAMINATION

METROPOLIS HIST®XPERT

INTERNATIONAL & NATIONAL SUBSPECIALITY PATHOLOGY

Breast Pathology Dermatopathology Gastrointestinal Pathology **Genitourinary Pathology** Gynecologic Pathology Head & Neck Pathology Hematolymphoid Pathology Hepatobiliary Pathology Neuropathology Muscle & Nerve Biopsy

Paediatric & Perinatal Pathology

Renal Pathology Soft tissue Pathology

Transplant Pathology (Renal & Hepatic)

Cytopathology

Chief Scientific & Innovation Officer Senior Oncopathologist

Dr Kirti Chadha

Senior Consultant & VP. Chief of Technical Operations. North SBU

Dr. Geeta Chopra

In - House Faculty, Delhi

Senior Consultants

Surgical Pathology & Cytopathology

Dr. Latika Gupta Dr. Vijay Kumar Singh Cytopathology Dr. Chakshu Bansal Dr. Shimi Pahuja

Case Summary

CASE NO. C 11251/24

SPECIMEN PAP Smear (Conventional method - Received one

unstained slide)

DIAGNOSIS 1. Negative For Intraepithelial Lesion or Malignancy

(NILM). 2. Reactive cellular changes associated with

inflammation.

ADVICE / COMMENT

Clinical Notes

Gross Examination

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

Specimen Adequacy Adequate Superficial cells Few Intermediate cells Present Deep parabasal/ Basal cells Present Present Parabasal cells Metaplastic squamous cells Absent **Endocervical cells** Present

Others

Inflammation Moderate

ORGANISMS

Doderlein bacilli Absent Trichomonas Vaginilis Absent **Fungal organisms** Absent

Others

EPITHELIAL CELL Not Detected

ABNORMALITIES

Glandular Cells Squamous Cells

"Cervical cytology is a screening test and has associated false negative and false positive results. Regular sampling and follow up is recommended".

Processing Method: Manual. Staining: Papanicolaou method



Dr. Chakshu Bansal

M.D (Pathology) Page 1 of 3

(DMC Reg. No. - 66994)



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Clinical Application:



INTERNATIONAL & NATIONAL

SUBSPECIALITY PATHOLOGY

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In - House Faculty, Delhi

Surgical Pathology & Cytopathology

- 1. The smears are reported using the Bethesda System for Reporting Cervical Cytology (2014)
- 2. Nayar R, Wilbur DC (Eds). The Bethesda System for Reporting Cervical Cytology. Definitions, Criteria, and Explanatory Notes. Springer, 2015
- 3. New Cervical Cancer Screening Recommendations from the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force and the American Cancer Society/American Society for Colposcopy and Cervical Pathology/American Society for Clinical Pathology. March 15, 2012, issue of Annals of Internal Medicine

Population	USPSTF	ACS/ASCCP/ASCP
Younger than 21 years	Recommends against screening. Grade: D recommendation.	Women should not be screened regardless of the age of sexual initiation or other risk factors.
21–29 years	Recommends screening with cytology every 3 years. Grade: A recommendation.	Screening with cytology alone every 3 years is recommended.
30–65 years	Recommends screening with cytology every 3 years or for women who want to lengthen the screening interval, screening with a combination of cytology and HPV testing every 5 years. Grade: A recommendation.	Screening with cytology and HPV testing ("co-testing") every 5 years (preferred) or cytology alone every 3 years (acceptable) is recommended.
Older than 65 years	Recommends against screening women who have had adequate prior screening and are not otherwise at high risk for cervical cancer. Grade: D recommendation.	Women with evidence of adequate negative prior screening and no history of CIN2+ within the last 20 years should not be screened. Screening should not be resumed for any reason, even if a woman reports having a new sexual partner.
After hysterectomy	Recommends against screening in women who have had a hysterectomy	Women of any age following a hysterectomy with removal of the



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with removal of the

cervix and who do

not have a history

of a high-grade precancerous

lesion (ie, CIN 2 or

3) or cervical

cancer. Grade: D

recommendation

Women who have

been vaccinated

should continue to be screened.

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cervix who have no

history of CIN2+

should not be screened for

vaginal cancer.

Evidence of adequate negative

prior screening is

not required.

Screening should not be resumed for

anv reason.

including if a

woman reports

having a new

sexual partner.

Recommended

screening practices

should not change

on the basis of HPV

vaccination status.

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-- End of Report --

Case Screened by

HPV vaccinated

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