



Name: P. Vimaljith

UHID: 42489

Date: 30/03/2023

Date of Birth: 22/02/1983

Age: 40 yrs

Sex: Male

Company Name: Arcofemi – Mediwheel – Full Body Annual Plus – Male - AHC

Medical Summary

GENERAL EXAMINATION

Vital signs: Height: 170 cm

Weight: 87.2 kg

Pulse: 76 /min

BP: 120/80 mmHg

BMI: 30,17

Physician Consultation

Chief Complaints:

Nil

History:

Past History: Nil Significant

Family History: Dyslipidemia in Father

Addiction: Nil

Allergy: Nil

Exercise: Regular

Systemic Review:

NAD

Impression:

Clinically normal with Diabetes Mellitus (freshly detected)

Recommendation:

Medication Attached, Follow up with FBS/PP2bS in 30 days

ENT Consultation

No ENT complains.

On Examination: Ear, Nose, Throat - NAD

Dr. Mayur Patel

MD - Physician

Apollo Health Check



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Medical Summary

Dental Consultation

On Examination: Calculus +++, Stain ++

Advice:

Deep Scaling & Polishing

Dr. Rushda Malek Consultant - Dentist

Vision Check (Without Glasses)

Colour Vision:

Normal

Far Vision:

Normal

Near Vision:

Normal





Patient Name. Vimayors Age 40 Sex M

7. Istand (50/500)

Next appointment on:

Doctor's Signature



Patient Name : Mr. P VIMALJITH UHID/MR No. : FVAD.0000042489

Visit Date : 30-03-2023 10:23 Sample Collected on : 30-03-2023 12:26

Ref Doctor : SELF

Emp/Auth/TPA ID : bobE34877

Sponsor Name : ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED Age / Gender

: 40Y/Male

OP Visit No

: FVADOPV22648

Reported on Specimen

: 30-03-2023 12:32

Pres Doctor:

: Whole Blood (Edta)

DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE

			 MEDICINE		
TEST NAME		RESULT	BIOLOGICAL REF	EDENOE	
HAEMOGRAM		KESOLT	INTERVALS	EKENCE	<u>UNITS</u>
HAEMOGLOBIN Method: Non Cyanide, SIs Base	ed	15.4	13 - 17		gm/dl
RBC COUNT Method: Electrical Impedence		5.49	4.5 - 5.5		MII/Cumm
HEMATOCRIT(PCV) Method: Cumulative Pulse MCV		47.3	40 - 50		%
Method: Calculated MCH	***	86.1	83 - 101		fl
Method: Calculated		28.1	27 - 32		pg
MCHC Method: Calculated		32.6	31.5 - 34.5		%
RDW TOTAL WBC COUNT Method: Electrical Impedence		13.1 8900	11.6 - 14		% /cumm
NEUTROPHIL Method: Microscopy		55	40 - 80		%
LYMPHOCYTE Method: Microscopy		36	20 - 40		%
EOSINOPHIL Method: Microscopy		05	1 - 6		%
MONOCYTE BASOPHIL		04			0/
Method: Microscopy		00	<1 - 2		%
PLATELET COUNT Method: Electrical Impedence ESR		279000	150000 - 400000	*	/cumm
Method: Auto		06	0 - 20		mm/hr
BLOOD GROUP AND RH TYPE BLOOD GROUP AND RH TYPE Method: Slide Test		O POSITIVE			

End of the report

Results are to be correlated clinically

Lab Technician / Technologist VAC009

Dr. Gopi Davara

Page 1 of 2



Patient Name

: Mr. P VIMALJITH

UHID/MR No.

: FVAD.0000042489

Visit Date

: 30-03-2023 10:23 Sample Collected on: 30-03-2023 12:26

Ref Doctor

: SELF

Emp/Auth/TPA ID

: bobE34877

Sponsor Name

: ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED

Age / Gender

: 40Y/Male

OP Visit No

: FVADOPV22648

Reported on Specimen

: 30-03-2023 14:00

Pres Doctor:

: Serum

DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE

TEST NAME		RESULT		BIOLOGICAL REFERENC	E <u>UNITS</u>
LIPID PROFILE TEST (PACKAGE)				INTERVALS	<u>UNITS</u>
HDL		58		30 - 70	
VLDL		40		7 mg/dl -35mg/dl	mg/dl
Method: Calculated				7 mg/di -SSmg/di	mg/dl
RATIO OF CHOLESTEROL / HDL Method: Calculated		2.5		0 - 4.5	
CHOLESTEROL Method: CHOD - PAP		145		Desirable < 200 Borderline High : 200-239 High : > 240	mg/dl
LDL.				3	
Method: Calculated.		47*		60 - 150 mg/dl	
Triglyceride Method: GPO- TOPS		200		50 - 200	mg/dl
LDL/HDL: Method: Calculated		0.81*		2.5 - 3.5	mg/dl
KFT - RENAL PROFILE-SERUM					
CREATININE		0.06			
Method: Jaffe		0.96		0.5-1.5	mg/dl
Urea Method: NED-DYE		23.5		10 - 50	mg/dl
Uric Acid Method: URICASE -PAP		3.54		3.5 - 7.2	mg/dl
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (PACKAGE)					3
BILIRUBIN - TOTAL					
Method: Daizo		0.75		0.1 - 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT Method: Calculated		0.54		0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL-PROTIEN: Method: Photometric UV test		6.64		Adult: 6.6 - 8.8	gm/dL
ALBUMIN: Method: BCG		3.86		3.5 - 5.2	gm/dL
A/G					giii/dL
Method: Calculated		1.3		1.0 - 2.0	
SGOT /AST. Method: IFCC		25			IU/I
ALKA-PHOS Method: IFCC		109			
					U/L
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT Method: Daizo		0.21		0-0.5	mg/dL
SGPT/ALT Method: Daizo	-9	22	*	0 - 40	U/L
GGT.		15		10 - 50	U/L

Apollo Clinic, Vadodara

Scientific Remedies & Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

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Page 1 of 2



Patient Name UHID/MR No.	: Mr P VIMA : FVAD.0000042			Age / Gender OP Visit No	: 40Y/Male	
Visit Date	: 30-03-2023 10::	23		Reported on	: 30-03-202	
Sample Collected of	on: 30-03-2023 12::	26		Specimen	: Serum	.5 14.00
Ref Doctor	: SELF			Pres Doctor:	· Octum	
Emp/Auth/TPA ID	: bobE34877			Troo Bootor.		
Sponsor Name	: ARCOFEMI HE	ALTHCARE L	IMITED			n4
-Method: SZAZ						
GLOBULIN. Method: Calculated			2.78*	2.8 - 4.5		g/dl
GLUCOSE - (FAS	TING)					
GLUCOSE - (FAS' Method: (GOD-POI			156*	70.0 - 110.0		mg/dL
GLUCOSE - (POS	T PRANDIAL)					
GLUCOSE - (POS Method: (GOD-POI	T PRANDIAL).		198*	80.0 - 140.0		mg/dl
	5					

End of the report

Results are to be correlated clinically

Lab Technician / Technologist VAC009

Dr. Gopi Davara MBBS DCP

Fasting Urine Sugar

Nil

Post Prandial Urine Sugar

+



Patient Name

: Mr. Ms. P VIMALJITH

UHID/MR No.

: FVAD.0000042489

Visit Date

: 30-03-2023 10:23

Ref Doctor

Sample Collected on: 30-03-2023 11:09 : SELF

Emp/Auth/TPA ID

: bobE34877

Sponsor Name

: ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED

Age / Gender

: 40Y/Male

OP Visit No

: FVADOPV22648

Reported on

: 30-03-2023 11:35

Specimen

: Urine

Pres Doctor:

DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE

URINE ROUTINE EXAMINATION

Sample Type: Urine

Test

Result Urine Routine And Microscopy

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:

THI SICAL EXAMINATION.			
Volume of urine	30Millilitre		
Colour	Yellow		
Specific Gravity	1.020		
Deposit	Absent		
Appearance	Clear		
pH .	6.0		
Chemical Examination			
Protein	Nil		
Sugar	Nil		
Ketone Bodies	Nil		
Bile Salts	Negative		
Bile Pigments	Negative		
Urobilinogen	Normal (< mg/dl)		
Microscopic Examination	(Ting/ai)		
Pus Cell	2-3/hpf		
Red Blood Cells	Nil		
Epithelial Cells	3-4/hpf		
Cast	Nil		
Crystals	Nil		
-	li vii		

End of the report

Results are to be correlated clinically

Lab Technician / Technologist VAC009

Dr. Gopi Davara MBBS DCP

Page 1 of 1







TEST REPORT

Reg. No.

30301016865

Reg. Date: 30-Mar-2023 11:45

Collected On

: 30-Mar-2023 11:45

Name Age

: Mr. P VIMALJITH

Gender

: Male

Approved On Dispatch At

: 30-Mar-2023 12:42

Ref. By

: 40 Years

Ref. No.:

Tele No.

Location

: SCIENTIFIC REMEDIES AND HEALTHCARE PVT. LTD. @ SAMA

Test Name	- <i>b</i>	Results	Units	Bio. Ref. Interval
		HEMOGLO	BIN A1 C	
HbA1c HPLC		9.10	%	Normal: <= 5.6 Prediabetes: 5.7-6.4 Diabetes: >= 6.5 Diabetes Control Criteria: 6-7: Near Normal Glycemia <7: Goal 7-8: Good Control >8: Action Suggested
Mean Blood Glucose Method:Calculated		214	mg/dL	= 39900.04

Sample Type:EDTA Whole Blood

Criteria for the diagnosis of diabetes

- 1. HbA1c >/= 6.5 *Or
- 2. Fasting plasma glucose >126 gm/dL. Fasting is defined as no caloric intake at least for 8 hrs.Or
- 3. Two hour plasma glucose >/= 200mg/dL during an oral glucose tolerence test by using a glucose load containing equivalent of 75 gm anhydrous glucose dissolved in
- 4. In a patient with classic symptoms of hyperglycemia or hyperglycemic crisis, a random plasma glucose >/= 200 mg/dL. *In the absence of unequivocal hyperglycemia, criteria 1-3 should be confirmed by repeat testing. American diabetes association. Standards of medical care in diabetes 2011. Diabetes care 2011:34:S11. Limitation of HbA1c
- 1) In patients with Hb variants even analytically correct results do not reflect the same level of glycemic control that would be expected in patients with normal population.
- 2) Any cause of shortened erythrocyte survival or decreased mean erythrocyte survival or decreased mean erythrocyte age eg. hemolytic diseases, pregnancy, significant recent/chronic blood loss etc. will reduce exposure of RBC to glucose with consequent decrease in HbA1c values.
- 3) Glycated HbF is not detected by this assay and hence specimens containing high HbF (>10%)may result in lower HbA1c values than expected. Importance of HbA1C (Glycated Hb.) in Diabetes Mellitus
- HbA1C, also known as glycated heamoglobin, is the most important test for the assessment of long term blood glucose control(also called glycemic control).
- HbA1C reflects mean glucose concentration over pas 6-8 weeks and provides a much better indication of longterm glycemic control than blood glucose determination.
- HbA1c is formed by non-enzymatic reaction between glucose and Hb. This reaction is irreversible and therefore remains unaffected by short term fluctuations in blood glucose levels.
- Long term complications of diabetes such as retinopathy (Eye-complications), nephropathy (kidney-complications) and neuropathy (nerve complications), are potentially serious and can lead to blindness, kidney failure, etc.
- Glyemic control monitored by HbA1c measurement using HPLC method (GOLD STANDARD) is considered most important. (Ref. National Glycohaemoglobin Standardization Program - NGSP).

This is an electronically authenticated report.

Test done from collected sample.

Apollo Clinic, Vadodara Scientific Remedies & Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Dr. Vaishali Bhatt

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TEST REPORT

Name

: Mr. P VIMALJITH

Age/Sex

: 40 Years / Male

Ref. By

Client Name : Apollo Clinic

Reg. No

: 3032001257

Reg. Date

: 30-Mar-2023 11:39 AM

Collected On

: 30-Mar-2023

	result	Offic	Biological Ref. Interval
Parameter	Result	Unit	Piological Defiles

IMMUNOLOGY

TSH *

CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY

2.780

µIU/mI

0.55 - 4.78

Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) is synthesized and secreted by the anterior pituitary in response to a negative feedback mechanism involving concentrations of FT3 (free T3) and FT4 (free T4). Additionally, the hypothalamic tripeptide, thyrotropin-relasing hormone (TRH), directly stimulates TSH production. TSH stimulates thyroid cell production and hypertrophy, also stimulate the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4. Quantification of TSH is significant to differentiate primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

TSH levels During Pregnancy: First Trimester :0.1 to 2.5 µIU/mL Second Trimester: 0.2 to 3.0 µIU/mL Third trimester: 0.3 to 3.0 µIU/mL

Referance : Carl A.Burtis, Edward R.Ashwood, David E.Bruns. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular

Diagnostics. 5th Eddition. Philadelphia: WB Sounders, 2012:2170

T3 (Triiodothyronine) *

CHEMILUMINECENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY

1.11

ng/mL

0.58 - 1.59

Triiodothyronine (T3) is a hormone synthesized and secreted by the thyroid gland in response to the pituitary hormone TSH (thyroid stimulating hormone) and is regulated by a negative feedback mechanism involving the thyroid gland, pituitary gland and hypothalamus.

In the circulation, 99.7% of T3 is reversibly bond to transport proteins, primarily thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG) and to a lesser extent albumin and prealbumin. The remaining unbound T3 is free in the circulation and is metabolically active.

In hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism, F T3 (free T3) levels parallel changes in total T3 levels. Measuring F T3 is useful in certain conditions such as normal pregnancy and steroid therapy, when altered levels of total T3 occur due to changes in T3 binding proteins, especially TBG.

This is an Electronically Authenticated Report.

Report Status: Final

Verified by

: Auto

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TEST REPORT

: Mr. P VIMALJITH

Age/Sex

: 40 Years

Ref. By

Client Name : Apollo Clinic

/ Male

Reg. No

: 3032001257

Reg. Date

: 30-Mar-2023 11:39 AM

Collected On

: 30-Mar-2023

T4 (Thyroxine) *

MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY CHEMILUMINECENT MIC Sample Type:Serum

12.45

µg/dL

4.50 - 12.60

Thyroxin (T4) is a hormone synthesized and secreted by the thyroid gland in response to the pituitary hormone TSH (thyroid stimulating hormone) and is regulated by a negative feedback mechanism involving the thyroid gland, pituitary gland and hypothalamus. In the circulation, 99.95% of T4 is reversibly bond to transport proteins, primarily thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG) and to a lesser extent albumin and thyroxine-binding prealbumin. The remaining unbound T4 is free in the circulation and is both metabolically active and a precursor to triiodothyronine (T3).

In hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism, F T4 (free T4) levels parallel changes in total T4 levels. Measuring FT4 is useful in certain conditions such as normal pregnancy and steroid therapy, when altered levels of total T4 occur due to changes in T4 binding proteins, especially TBG.

1. The anticonvulsant drug phenytoin may interfere with total and F T4 levels due to competition for TBG binding sites 2.F T4 values may be decreased in patients taking carbamazepine.

3. Thyroid autoantibodies in human serum may interfere and cause falsely elevated F T4 results.

--- End Of Report -----

This is an Electronically Authenticated Report.

Report Status: Final

Verified by

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Patient Name:

Mr. P VIMALJITH

Visit No:

FVADOPV22648

Cond Doctor: Referred By: Dr. Radha C. Mohan SELF MR No:

FVAD.0000042489

Age/Gender:

40 Y/M

Conducted Date:

30-03-2023 13:34

Prescribing Doctor:

ECG

RESULTS

1. The rhythm is sinus

- 2. Heart rate is 87 beats per minute
- 3. Normal P,QRS,T wave axis
- 4. Normal PR,QRS,QT duration
- 5. No pathological Q wave or ST T changes seen
- 6. No evidence of chamber hypertrophy or enlargement seen

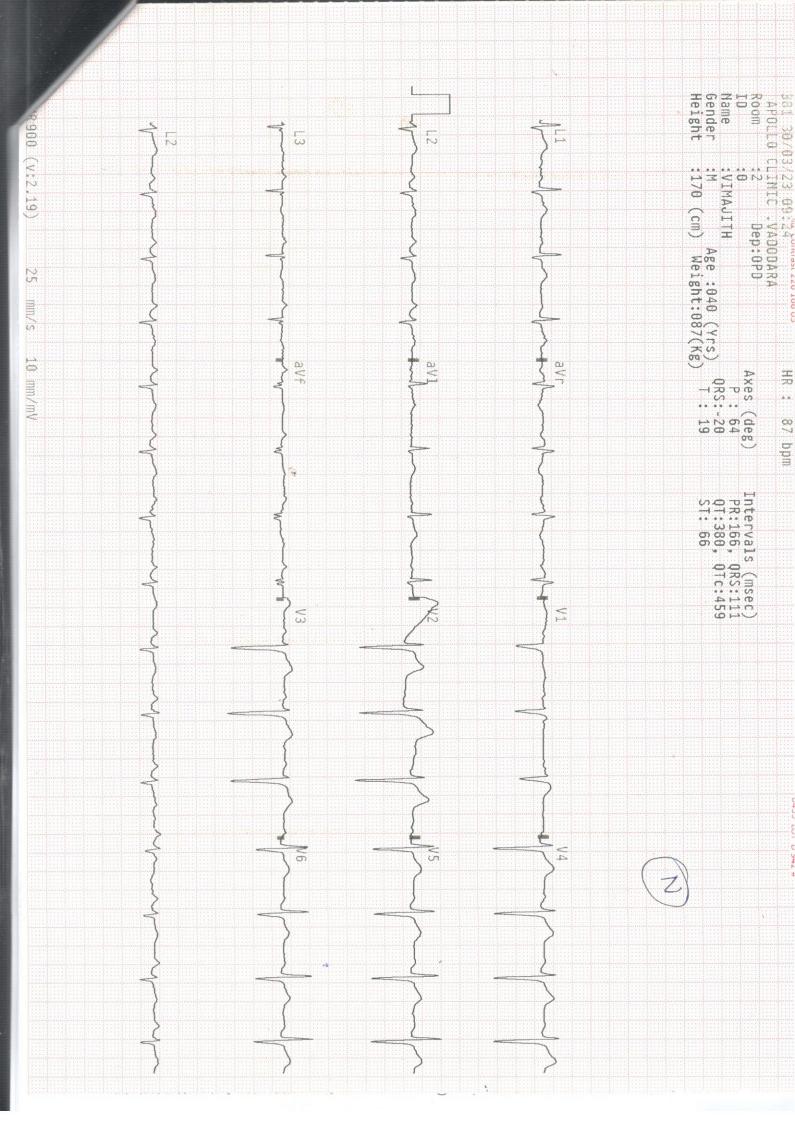
IMPRESSION

Within Normal Limits.

Dr.Mayur Patel MD(Physician)

Scientific Remedies & Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

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Patient Name:

Mr. . . P VIMALJITH

Visit No:

FVADOPV22648

Cond Doctor: Referred By: Dr. Mayur Patel SELF MR No:

FVAD.0000042489

Age/Gender:

40 Y/M

Conducted Date:

30-03-2023 13:20

Prescribing Doctor:

TMT(Tread Mill/Stress Test)

Result:

The pre exercise ECG was normal and there is no significant ST segment changes. During peak exercise and recovery there was no significant ST segment change seen. Patient could exercise for 9.00 minutes and 6 seconds of the Bruce Protocol and achieved a work load of 10.16 mets.

He attained a peak heart rate of 152 beats/minute which is 84 % of the predicted maximum. The exercise was terminated owing to attainment of target heart rate. There was no classical angina. Clinically the blood pressure response was 126/82mmHg and there was no S3 S4 gallop in the recovery period.

IMPRESSION: TMT is negative for inducible ischemia.

Dr.Mayur Patel MD(Physician)



Name: P VIMALJITH

Age: 40YRS

Date: 30/03/23

Sex: MALE

USG ABDOMEN

<u>Liver</u> is normal (140mm) and shows normal echotexture. No focal lesion or dilatation of intrahepatic biliary radicles is seen. Intrahepatic portal venous radicles and hepatic veins appear normal. Porta hepatis reveals no abnormality.

<u>Gall bladder</u> appears normal in size and distended. No evidence of calculus, mass or sludge is seen. Wall thickness appears normal. Common duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is normal.

<u>Spleen</u> is normal and size (101mm). Portal and splenic veins are normal in calibre.

<u>Both kidneys</u> are normal in size (RK 110X42mm and LK 101X48 mm), shape, position and movements. Both kidneys show good corticomedullary differentiation and cortical thickness. No calculus, hydronephrosis, mass, cyst or scarring is seen on both sides.

<u>Urinary bladder</u> is normal. No calculus, filling defect, mass or diverticular noted.

<u>Prostate</u> size (34X46X29mm Vol. 23 cc) and shape normal. No fluid seen in pelvis.

IMPRESSION: Normal sonography of whole abdomen.

Dr. H.M. PATEL

Consultant Radiologist



Patient Name : Mr. 14. P VIMALJITH

MR No

: FVAD.0000042489

Age/Sex

Ref.by

: 40 Y/M

Visit No

: FVADOPV22648

Pres Doctor

: SELF

Bill Date

:30-03-2023 10:23

Report Date

: 30-03-2023 11:07

CHEST X- RAY (PA VIEW)

Both lung fields show normal markings. No evidence of collapse or consolidation is seen. Both costophrenic recesses appear normal. Cardiac size appears normal. Central pulmonary vessels appear normal. Domes of diaphragm appear normal.

IMPRESSION: NORMAL X-RAY CHEST

Dr. Harshavadan M. Patel M.B.B.S (DMRD) Consultant Radiologist

Technician