DIAGNOSTICS REPORT

Patient Name Aqe/Sex UHID	: Mr. PRANAY MONDAL : 33 Year(s)/Male : SHHM.74829 : Self	Order Date Report Date IP No Facility	 23/09/2023 08:52 23/09/2023 10:50 SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
Ref. Doctor Address	: 13/1034 , SAI SWAROP TOWER,	Mobile	MUMBAI : 9474357631

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOUR DOPPLER STUDY

Normal LV and RV systolic function.

Estimated LVEF = 60%

No LV regional wall motion abnormality at rest .

All valves are structurally and functionally normal.

Normal sized cardiac chambers.

No LV Diastolic dysfunction .

No pulmonary arterial hypertension.

No regurgitation across any other valves.

Normal forward flow velocities across all the cardiac valves.

Aorta and pulmonary artery dimensions: normal.

IAS / IVS: Intact.

No evidence of clot, vegetation, calcification, pericardial effusion. COLOUR DOPPLER: NO MR/AR.



Dr.Ganesh Vilas Manudhane M.ch,MCH/DM

RegNo: 2011/06/1763

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UHID	: SHHM.74829	Order Date	: 23/09/2023 08:52
Episode	: OP		
Ref. Doctor	: Self	Mobile No	: 9474357631
	:	DOB	: 30/01/1990
		Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL, MUMBAI

			Blo	od Bank			
Test Name			Result	:			
Sample No :	O0290013A	Collection Date :	23/09/23 09:06	Ack Date :	23/09/2023 11:26	Report Date :	23/09/23 12:45

BLOOD GROUPING/ CROSS-MATCHING BY SEMI AUTOMATION						
	'A'					
BLOOD GROUP (ABO)	A					
Rh Type Method - Column Agglutination	POSITIVE					
REMARK: THE REPORTED RESULTS PERTAIN TO THE SAMPLE RECEIVED	D AT THE BLOOD CENTRE.					
Interpretation:						
Blood typing is used to determine an individual's blood group, to establis	h whether a person is blood aroun A. B. AB. or () and whether he or				
she is Rh positive or Rh negative. Blood typing has the following significa						
• Ensure compatibility between the blood type of a person who requires	a transfusion of blood or blood components and	the ABO and Rh				
type of the unit of blood that will be transfused.						
• Determine compatibility between a pregnant woman and her developing baby (fetus). Rh typing is especially important during pregnancy						
because a mother and her fetus could be incompatible.						
 Determine the blood group of potential blood donors at a collection fac 	ility.					
Determine the blood group of potential donors and recipients of organs, tissues, or bone marrow, as part of a workup for a transplant						

• Determine the blood group of potential donors and recipients of organs, tissues, or bone marrow, as part of a workup for a transplant procedure.

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Dr.Pooja Vinod Mishra MD Pathology Jr Consultant Pathologist, MMC Reg No. 2017052191

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HAEMATOLOGY								
Test Name			Result			Unit	Ref.	Range
Sample No :	O0290013A	Collection Date :	23/09/23 09:06	Ack Date :	23/09/2023 09:59	Report	Date :	23/09/23 10:47

otal WBC Count	5.96	x10^3/ul	4.00 - 10.00
leutrophils	49.9	%	40.00 - 80.00
ymphocytes	38.8	%	20.00 - 40.00
Eosinophils	6.5 ▲ (H)	%	1.00 - 6.00
lonocytes	4.3	%	2.00 - 10.00
Basophils	0.5 ▼ (L)	%	1.00 - 2.00
Absolute Neutrophils Count	2.98	x10^3/ul	2.00 - 7.00
Absolute Lymphocytes Count	2.31	x10^3/ul	0.80 - 4.00
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.39	x10^3/ul	0.02 - 0.50
Absolute Monocytes Count	0.25	x10^3/ul	0.12 - 1.20
Absolute Basophils Count	0.03	x10^3/ul	0.00 - 0.10
RBCs	5.61 ▲ (H)	x10^6/ul	4.50 - 5.50
Hemoglobin	15.5	gm/dl	13.00 - 17.00



Patient Name : Mr. PRANAY MONDAL JHID : SHHM.74829 Seconds OR		Age/Sex Order Date		: 33 Year(s) / Male : 23/09/2023 08:52	
ipisode : OP Ref. Doctor : Self :				: 9474357631 : 30/01/1990 : SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL, MUMBAI	
Hematocrit	46.9		%	40.00 - 50.00	
MCV	83.5		fl	83.00 - 101.00	
МСН	27.6		pg	27.00 - 32.00	
МСНС	33.1		gm/dl	31.50 - 34.50	
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH-CV (RDW-CV)	12.1		%	11.00 - 16.00	
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH-SD (RDW-SD)	39.0		fl	35.00 - 56.00	
Platelet	194		x10^3/ul	150.00 - 410.00	
MPV	11.7		fl	6.78 - 13.46	
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)	16.5		%	9.00 - 17.00	
PLATELETCRIT (PCT)	0.227		%	0.11 - 0.28	

Method:-HB Colorimetric Method. RBC/PLT Electrical Impedance Method. WBC data Flow Cytometry by Laser Method. MCV,MCH,MCHC,RDW and rest parameters - Calculated. All Abnormal Haemograms are reviewed confirmed microscopically.

NOTE: Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Ed, Editors: Rao LV. 2021

NOTE :-

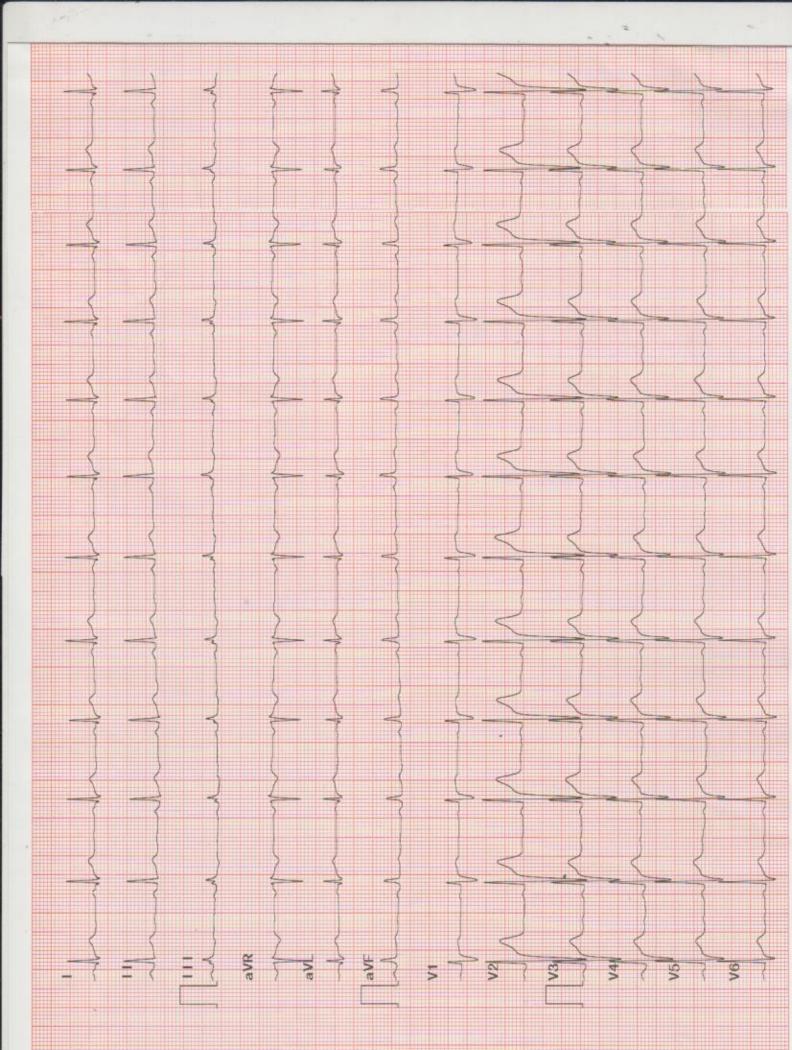
The International Council for Standardization in Haematology (ICSH) recommends reporting of absolute counts of various WBC subsets for clinical decision making. This test has been performed on a fully automated 5 part differential cell counter which counts over 10,000 WBCs to derive differential counts. A complete blood count is a blood panel that gives information about the cells in a patient's blood, such as the cell count for each cell type and the concentrations of Hemoglobin and platelets. The cells that circulate in the bloodstream are generally divided into three types: white blood cells (leukocytes), red blood cells (erythrocytes), and platelets (thrombocytes). Abnormally high or low counts may be physiological or may indicate disease conditions, and hence need to be interpreted clinically.



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		End of Report		
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Dr.Ritesh Kharche MD, PGD Consultant Pathologist and Director of Laboratory Services RegNo: 2006/03/1680





Diagnosis for reference, ask your doctor to confirm:		and a second		Minnesota Code Diagnosis Info 800 Sinus Rhythm	RV6/SV2 amp	R int 112/149ms RV5/SV1 R int 112/149ms RV5+SV1	Hospital: seven hills hospital	: Male Weight : 33 BP : /	DataTime
15%1									

0			
	METS	4.67	
	V5	0.8 1.1 2.9 2.1 2.1	
	LEVEL (MM)		METS
	TI	211.2 211.2 21.1 21.1	: 6.74
TE as	RPP x100	83 126 83 114 83 114 83 145 83 163 90 226 87 143	FK LOAD
LLS HOSPITAL , ANDHERI EAST MI, MAHARASHTRA TREADMILL TEST REPORT PROTOCOL : BRUCE HISTORY : NIL INDICATION : NIL MEDICATION : NIL	B.P. mmHg	123 / 123 / 123 / 123 / 135 /	MAX WORK LOAD rate 187 bpm
	H.R. bpm	103 93 118 133 162 106	heart
SEVENHILLS MAROL, ANDH MUMBAL, MAH MUMBAL, MAH TERADM FROTOCO BISTOR INDICA MEDICA	GRADE %	10	Hg Of target ISCHAEMIA.
()	SPEED Km/Hr	2.7	5:32 bpm 86 162 bpm 86 140 / 90 mm THR ACHIEVED.
	STAGE	0:33 2:55 1:54 1:54	······································
NDAL. 47535 23-09-2023 33 /M 168 / 68 SELF	TOTAL	2:55 5:32 7:37	RESULTS EXERCISE DURATION MAX HEART RATE MAX BLOOD FRESSURE MAX BLOOD FRESSURE MAX BLOOD FRESSURE MAX BLOOD FRESSURE MAX BLOOD FRESSURE TRESSON OF TERMINATION TH.R. RESPONSE ARRYTHMIA TONOTROPIC RESPONSES. NO ANGINA / ARBHTTHMIA. NO ANGINA / ARBHTTHMIA. NO ST - T CHANGES. STRESS TEST IS NEGATIVE
PRANAX MONDAL. 10 : 47535 DATE : 23-09 AGE/SEX : 33 / HT/WT : 168 REF.BY : SELF	ц ц		RESULTS EXERCISE DURATION MAX HEART RATE MAX BLOOD PRESSURE REASON OF TERMINAT BP RESPONSE ARRYTHMIA H.R. RESPONSE ARRYTHMIA H.R. RESPONSE ARRYTHMIA H.R. RESPONSE ARRYTHMIA H.R. RESPONSE IMPRESSIONS GOOD EFFORT TOLERA NO ANGINA / ARRHYT NO ANGINA / ARRHYT NO ST - T CHANGES. STRESS TEST IS NEG
	PHASE	SUPINE STANDING HYPERVENT Stage 1 PK-EXERCISE RECOVERY	

Technician : NEHA THITE

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DR. GANESH MANUDHANE.

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HAEMATOLOGY								
Test Name			Result			Unit	Ref. Range	
Sample No :	O0290013A	Collection Date :	23/09/23 09:06	Ack Date :	23/09/2023 09:59		Report Date : 23/09/23 1	2:58

<u>ERY</u>	THROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)					
ESR		10	mm/hr	0 - 20		
Metho	od: Westergren Method					
ESR is protes tempo	INTERPRETATION :- ESR is a non-specific phenomenon, its measurement is clinically useful in disorders associated with an increased production of acute-phase proteins. It provides an index of progress of the disease in rheumatoid arthritis or tuberculosis, and it is of considerable value in diagnosis of temporal arteritis and polymyalgia rheumatica. It is often used if multiple myeloma is suspected, but when the myeloma is non-secretory or light chain, a normal ESR does not exclude this diagnosis.					
organ	An elevated ESR may occur as an early feature in myocardial infarction. Although a normal ESR cannot be taken to exclude the presence of organic disease, the vast majority of acute or chronic infections and most neoplastic and degenerative diseases are associated with changes in the plasma proteins that increased ESR values.					
(0–1 poikil	ESR is influenced by age, stage of the menstrual cycle and medication mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenaemia and congestive cardiac locytosis, spherocytosis, or sickle cells. In cases of performance enh the usual value for the individual and as a result of the increase in l	c failure and when there are abnormalities of the ancing drug intake by athletes the ESR values an	red cells such as e generally lower			

End of Report

Dr.Ritesh Kharche MD, PGD Consultant Pathologist and Director of Laboratory Services RegNo: 2006/03/1680

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			Bioc	hemistry	/				
Test Name			Result			Unit	Ref.	Range	
Sample No :	O0290013A	Collection Date :	23/09/23 09:06	Ack Date :	23/09/2023 09:59	Rep	ort Date :	23/09/23 11:33	

GLYCOSLYATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)			
HbA1c Method - BIOCHEMISTRY	5.83	%	4 to 6% Non-diabetic 6.07.0% Excellent control 7.08.0% Fair to good control 8.010% Unsatisfactory control ABOVE 10% Poor control
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) Method - Calculated	120.62	mg/dl	90 - 126



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NOTES :-

1. HbA1c is used for monitoring diabetic control. It reflects the mean plasma glucose over three months

2. HbA1c may be falsely low in diabetics with hemolytic disease. In these individuals a plasma fructosamine level may be used which evaluates diabetes over 15 days.

3. Inappropriately low HbA1c values may be reported due to hemolysis, recent blood transfusion, acute blood loss, hypertriglyceridemia, chronic liver disease. Drugs like dapsone, ribavirin, antiretroviral drugs, trimethoprim, may also cause interference with estimation of HbA1c,

causing falsely low values.

4. HbA1c may be increased in patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy.

5. Inappropriately higher values of HbA1c may be caused due to iron deficiency, vitamin B12 deficiency, alcohol intake, uremia,

hyperbilirubinemia and large doses of aspirin.

6. Trends in HbA1c are a better indicator of diabetic control than a solitary test.

7. Any sample with >15% HbA1c should be suspected of having a hemoglobin variant, especially in a non-diabetic patient. Similarly, below

4% should prompt additional studies to determine the possible presence of variant hemoglobin.

8. HbA1c target in pregnancy is to attain level <6 %.

9. HbA1c target in paediatric age group is to attain level < 7.5 %.

Method : turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay (TINIA) for hemolyzed whole blood

Reference : American Diabetes Associations. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes 2015

GLUCOSE-PLASMA-FASTING					
	00.20	and a fall	70 110		
Glucose, Fasting	90.26	mg/dl	70 - 110		
American Diabetes Association Reference Range :					
Normal : < 100 mg/dl					
Impaired fasting glucose(Prediabetes) : 100 - 126 mg/dl					
Diabetes : >= 126 mg/dl					
References:					
1)Pack Insert of Bio system					
2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th	Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018				
Interpretation :-					
,	cromegaly Acute stress (response to traun	na heart attack and			
Conditions that can result in an elevated blood glucose level include: Acromegaly, Acute stress (response to trauma, heart attack, and					
stroke for instance), Chronic kidney disease, Cushing syndrome, Excessive consumption of food, Hyperthyroidism,Pancreatitis.					
A low level of glucose may indicate hypoglycemia, a condition characterized by a drop in blood glucose to a level where first it causes					
nervous system symptoms (sweating, palpitations, hunger, trembling, and anxiety), then begins to affect the brain (causing confusion,					
hallucinations, blurred vision, and sometimes even coma and death). A		,			
seen with:Adrenal insufficiency, Drinking excessive alcohol, Severe live					
Severe heart failure, Chronic kidney (renal) failure, Insulin overdose, Te	umors that produce insulin (insulinomas),S	tarvation.			



Patient Name: Mr. PRANAY MONDALUHID: SHHM.74829Episode: OPRef. Doctor: Self:		Age/Sex Order Date Mobile No DOB Facility	: 33 Year(s) / Ma : 23/09/2023 08: : 9474357631 : 30/01/1990 : SEVENHILLS Ho	
Lipid Profile				
Total Cholesterol	196.92		mg/dl	Reference Values : Up to 200 mg/dL - Desirable 200-239 mg/dL - Borderline HIgh >240 mg/dL - High
Triglycerides Method - Enzymatic	251.55		mg/dl	Reference Values: Up to 150 mg/dL - Normal 150-199 mg/dL - Borderline High 200-499 mg/dL - High >500 mg/dL - Very High
HDL Cholesterol Method - Enzymatic immuno inhibition	35.49		mg/dl	0 - 60
LDL Cholesterol Method - Calculated	111.12		mg/dl	0 - 130
VLDL Cholesterol Method - Calculated	50.31 ▲ (H)		mg/dl	0 - 40
Total Cholesterol / HDL Cholesterol Ratio - Calculated Method - Calculated	5.55 ▲ (H)		RATIO	0 - 5



: Mr. PRANAY MONDAL : SHHM.74829 : OP : Self :	Age/Sex Order Date Mobile No DOB Facility	: 23/09/2023 08: : 9474357631 : 30/01/1990	52		
	3.13	RATIO	0 - 4.3		
Method - Calculated Image: Construct of Bio system 1)Pack Insert of Bio system 2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018 Interpretation 1. Triglycerides: When triglycerides are very high greater than 1000 mg/dL, there is a risk of developing pancreatitis in children and adults. Triglycerides: Nulen triglycerides are very high greater than 1000 mg/dL, there is a risk of developing pancreatitis in children and adults. Triglycerides: change dramatically in response to meals, increasing as much as 5 to 10 times higher than fasting levels just a few hours after eating. Even fasting levels vary considerably day to day. Therefore, modest changes in fasting triglycerides measured on different days are not considered to be abnormal. 2. HDL-Cholesterol: HDL- C is considered to be beneficial, the so-called "good" cholesterol, because it removes excess cholesterol from tissues and carries it to the liver for disposal. If HDL-C is less than 40 mg/dL for men and less than 50 mg/dL for women, there is an increased risk of heart disease that is independent of other risk factors, including the LDL-C level. The NCEP guidelines suggest that an HDL cholesterol: value greater than 60 mg/dL is protective and should be treated as a negative risk factor. 3. LDL-Cholesterol: Desired goals for LDL-C levels change based on individual risk factors. For young adults, less than 120 mg/dL is acceptable. Values between 120-159 mg/dL are considered Borderline high. Values greater than 160 mg/dL are considered high. Low levels of LDL cholesterol may be seen in people with an inherited lipoprotein deficiency and in people with hyperthyroidism, infection, inflammation, or cirrhosis.					
<u>rum)</u>	6.23	mg/dl	3.5 - 7.2		
Method - Uricase Image: Contrast of Bio System 1)Pack Insert of Bio system 2) TIETZ Textbook of Clinical chemistry and Molecular DiagnosticsEdited by: Carl A.burtis,Edward R. Ashwood,David e. Bruns Interpretation:- Uric acid is produced by the breakdown of purines. Purines are nitrogen-containing compounds found in the cells of the body, including our DNA. Increased concentrations of uric acid can cause crystals to form in the joints, which can lead to the joint inflammation and pain characteristic of gout. Low values can be associated with some kinds of liver or kidney diseases, Fanconi syndrome, exposure to toxic compounds, and rarely as the result of an inherited metabolic defect (Wilson disease). Liver Function Test (LFT) Image: Contrast of Contrast is contrasted with some kinds of liver or kidney diseases).					
ate Transaminase) - SERUM	23.72	IU/L	0 - 35		
	: SHHM.74829 : OP : Self : : Self : </th <th>SHHM.74829 OP Self Mobile No DOB Self Mobile No DOB Facility</th> <th>is SHHM.74829 Order Date : 23/09/2023 08:: is OP Self Mobile No : 9474357631 is Self Mobile No : 9474357631 is Self Mobile No : 9474357631 is Self DOB : 30/01/1990 Facility : SEVENHILLS HO olesterol Ratio - Calculated 3.13 RATIO of 3.13 RATIO of Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018 hen triglycerides are very high greater than 1000 mg/dL, there is a risk of developing pancreatitis in children and adults. ge dramatically in response to meals, increasing as much as 5 to 10 times higher than fasting levels just a few hours after ge levels vary considerably day to day. Therefore, modest changes in fasting triglycerides measured on different days are be ahonrant. It to the live for disposal. If MOC is less than 40 mg/dL for mean de less than 50 mg/dL revels meansured to additerent because it removes excess cholesterol from may less than 60 mg/dL is is rotextine and should be treated as a negative 1: between 120-159 mg/dL are considered budden leigh. Values greater than 160 mg/dL are considered high. Low levels 1: between 201-159 mg/dL are considered budden leigh. Values greater than 160 mg/dL are considered high. Low levels 1: between 120-159 mg/dL are considered bid be hight, balues greate</th>	SHHM.74829 OP Self Mobile No DOB Self Mobile No DOB Facility	is SHHM.74829 Order Date : 23/09/2023 08:: is OP Self Mobile No : 9474357631 is Self Mobile No : 9474357631 is Self Mobile No : 9474357631 is Self DOB : 30/01/1990 Facility : SEVENHILLS HO olesterol Ratio - Calculated 3.13 RATIO of 3.13 RATIO of Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018 hen triglycerides are very high greater than 1000 mg/dL, there is a risk of developing pancreatitis in children and adults. ge dramatically in response to meals, increasing as much as 5 to 10 times higher than fasting levels just a few hours after ge levels vary considerably day to day. Therefore, modest changes in fasting triglycerides measured on different days are be ahonrant. It to the live for disposal. If MOC is less than 40 mg/dL for mean de less than 50 mg/dL revels meansured to additerent because it removes excess cholesterol from may less than 60 mg/dL is is rotextine and should be treated as a negative 1: between 120-159 mg/dL are considered budden leigh. Values greater than 160 mg/dL are considered high. Low levels 1: between 201-159 mg/dL are considered budden leigh. Values greater than 160 mg/dL are considered high. Low levels 1: between 120-159 mg/dL are considered bid be hight, balues greate		



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Method - IFCC			
SGPT (Alanine Transaminase) - SERUM Method - IFCC	40.02	IU/L	0 - 45
Total Bilirubin - SERUM Method - Diazo	0.79	mg/dl	0 - 2
Direct Bilirubin SERUM Method - Diazotization	0.34	mg/dl	0 - 0.4
Indirect Bilirubin - Calculated Method - Calculated	0.45	mg/dl	0.1 - 0.8
Alkaline Phosphatase - SERUM Method - IFCC AMP Buffer	143.88 ▲ (H)	IU/L	0 - 115
Total Protein - SERUM Method - Biuret	6.95	gm/dl	6 - 7.8
Albumin - SERUM Method - Bromo Cresol Green(BCG)	4.21	gm/dl	3.5 - 5.2
Globulin - Calculated Method - Calculated	2.74	gm/dl	2 - 4
A:G Ratio Method - Calculated	1.54	:1	1 - 3
Gamma Glutamyl Transferase (GGT) - Gglutamyl carboxy nitroanilide - SERUM Method - G glutamyl carboxy nitroanilide	31.94	IU/L	0 - 55



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References:

1)Pack Insert of Bio system

2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018

Interperatation :-

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis); decreased bilirubin excretion (eg; obstruction and hepatitis); and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg; hereditary and neonatal jaundice).conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstonesgetting into the bile ducts tumors & Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of hemolytic or pernicious anemia, transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome.

AST levels increase in viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct ,cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis.Ast levels may also increase after a heart attck or strenuous activity. ALT is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary Obstruction, Osteoblastic Bone Tumors, Osteomalacia, Hepatitis, Hyperparathyriodism, Leukemia,Lymphoma, paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, Biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-including drugs etc.

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum..Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic - Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver.Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

Renal Function Test (RFT)			
Urea - SERUM Method - Urease	19.88	mg/dl	15 - 39
BUN - SERUM Method - Urease-GLDH	9.29	mg/dl	4 - 18
Creatinine - SERUM Method - Jaffes Kinetic	0.94	mg/dl	0.5 - 1.3



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Interpretation:-

The blood urea nitrogen or BUN test is primarily used, along with the creatinine test, to evaluate kidney function in a wide range of circumstances, to help diagnose kidney disease, and to monitor people with acute or chronic kidney dysfunction or failure. It also may be used to evaluate a person's general health status.

GLUCOSE-PLASMA POST PRANDIAL						
Glucose,Post Prandial	106.4	mg/dl	70.00 - 140.00			
American Diabetes Association Reference Range :						
Post-Prandial Blood Glucose: Non- Diabetic: Up to 140mg/dL Pre-Diabetic: 140-199 mg/dL Diabetic :>200 mg/dL						
References: 1)Pack Insert of Bio system 2) Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th E						
Interpretation :- Conditions that can result in an elevated blood glucose level include: Acromegaly, Acute stress (response to trauma, heart attack,and stroke for instance), Chronic kidney disease, Cushing syndrome, Excessive consumption of food, Hyperthyroidism,Pancreatitis. A low level of glucose may indicate hypoglycemia, a condition characterized by a drop in blood glucose to a level where first it causes nervous system symptoms (sweating, palpitations, hunger, trembling, and anxiety), then begins to affect the brain (causing confusion, hallucinations, blurred vision, and sometimes even coma and death). A low blood glucose level (hypoglycemia) may be seen with:Adrenal insufficiency, Drinking excessive alcohol, Severe liver disease, Hypopituitarism, Hypothyroidism, Severe infections, Severe heart failure, Chronic kidney (renal) failure, Insulin overdose, Tumors that produce insulin (insulinomas),Starvation.						

End of Report



Dr.Ritesh Kharche MD, PGD Consultant Pathologist and Director of Laboratory Services



: Mr. PRANAY MONDAL	Age/Sex	: 33 Year(s) / Male
: SHHM.74829	Order Date	: 23/09/2023 08:52
: OP		
: Self	Mobile No	: 9474357631
:	DOB	: 30/01/1990
	Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL, MUMBAI
	: SHHM.74829 : OP : Self	: SHHM.74829 Order Date : OP : Self Mobile No : DOB

.

RegNo: 2006/03/1680



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Patient Name	: Mr. PRANAY MONDAL	Age/Sex	: 33 Year(s) / Male
UHID	: SHHM.74829	Order Date	: 23/09/2023 08:52
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Stool Examination							
Test Name	Test Name Result						
Sample No :	O0290015D	Collection Date :	23/09/23 09:16	Ack Date :	23/09/2023 09:56	Report Date :	23/09/23 14:38

Gross and Chemical Examination		
Consistency	Semi-Solid	
COLOUR STOOL	Brown	
Visible Blood	Absent	
Mucus	Absent	
Occult Blood	POSITIVE	
Microscopic Examination		
Pus cells	occasional	
Epithelial Cells	OCCASIONAL	
RBC	OCCASIONAL	
Parasites	Not Seen	

– End of Report –

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Laboratory Services RegNo: 2006/03/1680



Patient Name	: Mr. PRANAY MONDAL	Age/Sex	: 33 Year(s) / Male
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IMMUNOLOGY								
Test Name			Result			Unit	Ref. Range	
Sample No :	O0290013C	Collection Date :	23/09/23 09:06	Ack Date :	23/09/2023 10:17	Report	Date : 23/09/23 11:43	

T3 - SERUM Method - CLIA	112.1	ng/dl	70.00 - 204.00
TFT- Thyroid Function Tests			
T4 - SERUM Method - CLIA	9.13	ug/dL	4.60 - 10.50
TSH - SERUM Method - CLIA	2.77	uIU/ml	0.40 - 4.50



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Reference Ranges (T3) Pregnancy: First Trimester 81 - 190 Second Trimester & Third Trimester 100 - 260

Reference Ranges (TSH) Pregnancy: 1st Trimester : 0.1 – 2.5 2nd Trimester : 0.2 – 3.0 3rd Trimester : 0.3 – 3.0

Reference:

1. Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, Tietz Fundamentals, 7th Edition & Endocronology Guideliens

Interpretation :-

It is recommended that the following potential sources of variation should be considered while interpreting thyroid hormone results:

1. Thyroid hormones undergo rhythmic variation within the body this is called circadian variation in TSH secretion: Peak levels are seen between 2-4 am. Minimum levels seen between 6-10 am. This variation may be as much as 50% thus, influence of sampling time needs to be considered for clinical interpretation.

 Circulating forms of T3 and T4 are mostly reversibly bound with Thyroxine binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent with albumin and Thyroid binding PreAlbumin. Thus the conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as chronic liver disorders, pregnancy, excess of estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may cause misleading total T3, total T4 and T5H interpretations.
 Total T3 and T4 levels are seen to have physiological rise during pregnancy and in patients on steroid treatment.

4. T4 may be normal the presence of hyperthyroidism under the following conditions : T3 thyrotoxicosis, Hypoproteinemia related reduced binding, during intake of certain drugs (eg Phenytoin, Salicylates etc)

5. Neonates and infants have higher levels of T4 due to increased concentration of TBG

6. TSH levels may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hypothyroidism or hyperthyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy etc.

7. TSH values of <0.03 uIU/mL must be clinically correlated to evaluate the presence of a rare TSH variant in certain individuals which is undetectable by conventional methods.

8. Presence of Autoimmune disorders may lead to spurious results of thyroid hormones

9. Various drugs can lead to interference in test results.

10. It is recommended that evaluation of unbound fractions, that is free T3 (fT3) and free T4 (fT4) for clinic-pathologic correlation, as these are the metabolically active forms.

End of Report



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Urinalysis								
Test Name Result			Unit	Ref	. Range			
Sample No :	O0290015E	Collection Date :	23/09/23 09:16	Ack Date :	23/09/2023 09:55	Repor	t Date :	23/09/23 13:27

URINE SUGAR AND KETONE (FASTING)	
Sugar	Absent
ketones	Absent
Sample No : 00290081E Collection Date : 23/09/23 12	2:38 Ack Date : 23/09/2023 13:01 Report Date : 23/09/23 13:27

URINE SUGAR AND KETONE (PP)		
Sugar	Absent	
ketones	Absent	

— End of Report –

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DIAGNOSTICS REPORT

Patient Name Age/Sex	: Mr. PRANAY MONDAL : 33 Year(s)/Male : SHHM.74829	Order Date Report Date	: 23/09/2023 08:52 : 23/09/2023 12:22
UHID Ref. Doctor	: Self	IP No Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
		Mobile	MUMBAI : 9474357631
Address	: 13/1034 , SAI SWAROP TOWER, CHEMBUR, Mumbai, Maharastra, 400089		

USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

Liver is normal in size (13.3 cm) and echotexture. No focal liver parenchymal lesion is seen. Intrahepatic portal and biliary radicles are normal.

Gall-bladder is physiologically distended. No evidence of intraluminal calculus is seen. Wall thickness appears normal. No evidence of peri-cholecystic fluid is seen.

Portal vein and CBD are normal in course and calibre.

Visualised part of pancreas appears normal in size and echotexture. No evidence of duct dilatation or parenchymal calcification seen.

Spleen is normal in size (10.4 cm) and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen in the spleen.

Right kidney measures 10.1 x 4.9 cm. Left kidney measures 10.3 x 5.9 cm.

Both the kidneys are normal in size, shape and echotexture. Cortico-medullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of calculus or hydronephrosis on either side.

Urinary bladder is well distended and appears normal. No evidence of intra-luminal calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate appears normal in size and echotexture.

There is no free fluid in abdomen and pelvis. **IMPRESSION**

'No significant abnormality is detected.

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Dr.Bhavesh Rajesh Dubey MBBS,MD

RegNo: 2017/03/0656

Patient Name	: Mr. PRANAY MONDAL	Order Date	: 23/09/2023 08:52	
Age/Sex	: 33 Year(s)/Male	Report Date	: 23/09/2023 14:02	
UHID	: SHHM.74829	IP No	:	
Ref. Doctor	: Self	Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,	
		Mobile	MUMBAI : 9474357631	
Address	: 13/1034 , SAI SWAROP TOWER, CHEMBUR, Mumbai, Maharastra, 400089			

DIAGNOSTICS REPORT

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lungs are clear.

The frontal cardiac dimensions are normal.

The pleural spaces are clear.

Both hilar shadows are normal in position and density.

No diaphragmatic abnormality is seen.

The soft tissues and bony thorax are normal.

IMPRESSION: No pleuroparenchymal lesion is seen.



Dr.Priya Vinod Phayde MBBS,DMRE