NABH ACCREDITED

EYE HOSPITAL & LASER CENTRE

Dr. AMIT GARG

M.B.B.S., D.N.B. (Opth.)

I-Lasik (Femto) Bladefree Topical Micro Phaco & Medical Retina Specialist

Ex. Micro Phaco Surgeon

Venu Eye Institute & Research Centre, New Delhi

Name Aska Grover Age/Sex 55 / F C/o Date 27 Zul/22

Routine Chickey

M.B.B.S., D.N.B. Garg Pathology, Meerut



Accredited Eye Hospital Western U.P.

Website: www.prakasheyehospital.in Facebook: http://www.prakasheyehospital.in Counsellor 9837066186 7535832832 Manager 7895517715 7302222373 OT

9837897788

TPA

Timings Morning: 10:00 am to 2:00 pm. Evening: 5:00 pm to 8:00 pm. Sunday: 10:00 am to 2:00 pm.

Near Nai Sarak, Garh Road, Meerut E-mail: prakasheyehosp@gmail.com



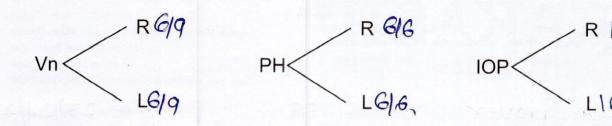


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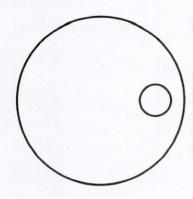
Dr. MONIKA GARG M.B.B.S. M.D. (Path.) GARG PATHOLOGY 8.8.

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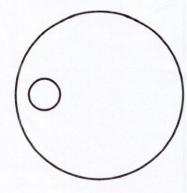


Colour resion / NORMAL

	RIGHT EYE					LEI	T EYE	
	Sph.	Cyl.	Axis	Vision	Sph.	Cyl.	Axis	Vision
Distance		+075	180	96		+0.75	10	96
Near	ta.25			ME	ta.25	_		M6.



Dr. AMIY GARG M.B.B.S., D.N.B. Garg Pathology, Meerut

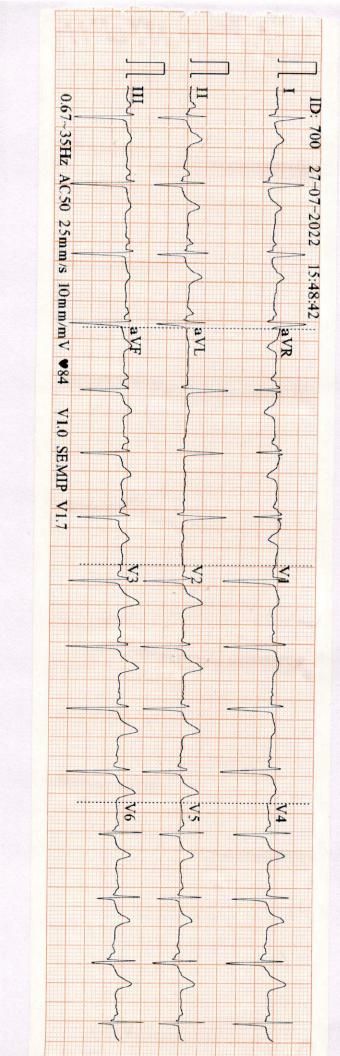


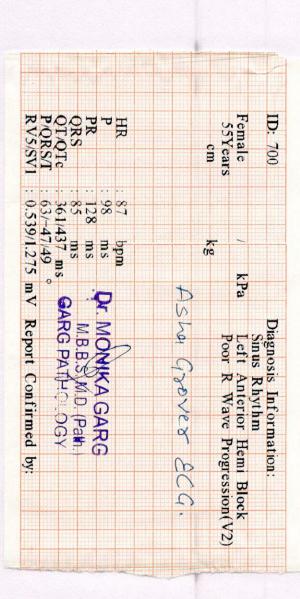
ATHTNLOGY KE SILE GPS Map Camera Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India Harmony 9, Sector 10, Sector 3, Kalyan Nagar,

27/07/22 10:59 AM

Harmony Dr. MONIK M.B.B.S. I GARG PATH

Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India 9, Sector 10, Sector 3, Kalyan Nagar, Meerut, Uttar Pradesh 250002, India Lat 28.966213° Long 77.731344°







Garg Pathology DR. MONIKA GARG Certified by

M.D. (Path) Gold Medalist

Former Pathologist :

National Accreditation Board For Testing & Calibration Laboratories Garden House Colony, Near Nai Sarak, Garh Road, Meerut

St. Stephan's Hospital, Delhi

Ph.: 0121-2600454, 8979608687, 9837772828

C. NO: 604

PUID : 220727/604 **Patient Name**

: Mrs. ASHA GROVER 55Y / Female

Referred By Sample By Organization

: Dr. BANK OF BARODA

Collection Time Receiving Time : 27-Jul-2022 12:18PM ¹ 27-Jul-2022 12:24PM

Reporting Time : 27-Jul-2022 4:25PM **Centre Name**

: Garg Pathology Lab - TPA

Units Investigation **Biological Ref-Interval** Results

HAEMATOLOGY (EDTA WHOLE BLOOD)

COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT			
HAEMOGLOBIN	13.4	gm/dl	12.0-15.0
(Colorimetry)			
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	9020	*10^6/L	4000 - 11000
(Electric Impedence)			
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
(Microscopy)			
Neutrophils	73	%.	40-80
Lymphocytes	25	%.	20-40
Eosinophils	01	%.	1-6
Monocytes	01	%.	2-10
Absolute neutrophil count	6.58	x 10^9/L	2.0-7.0(40-80%
Absolute lymphocyte count	2.26	x 10^9/L	1.0-3.0(20-40%)
Absolute eosinophil count	0.09	x 10^9/L	0.02-0.5(1-6%)
Method:-((EDTA Whole blood,Automated /			
RBC Indices			
TOTAL R.B.C. COUNT	4.73	Million/Cumm	4.5 - 6.5
(Electric Impedence)			
Haematocrit Value (P.C.V.)	43.5	%	26-50
MCV	92.0	fL	80-94
(Calculated)			
MCH	28.3	pg	27-32
(Calculated)			
MCHC	30.8	g/dl	30-35
(Calculated)			
RDW-SD	51.6	fL	37-54
(Calculated)			



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Garden House Colony, Near Nai Sarak, Garh Road, Meerut Ph.: 0121-2600454, 8979608687, 9837772828

PUID : 220727/604 **Patient Name** : Mrs. ASHA GROVER 55Y / Female

604 C. NO: **Collection Time Receiving Time** : 27-Jul-2022 12:18PM ¹ 27-Jul-2022 12:24PM

: Dr. BANK OF BARODA **Referred By**

Reporting Time

: 27-Jul-2022 4:25PM

Sample By Organization

: Garg Pathology Lab - TPA **Centre Name**

Investigation	Results	Units	Biological Ref-Interval
RDW-CV	13.6	%	11.5 - 14.5
(Calculated)			
Platelet Count	2.35	/Cumm	1.50-4.50
(Electric Impedence)			
MPV	10.2	%	7.5-11.5
(Calculated)			
GENERAL BLOOD PICTURE			
NLR	2.92		1-3
6-9 Mild stres			

7-9 Pathological cause

- -NLR is a reflection of physiologic stress, perhaps tied most directly to cortisol and catecholamine levels.
- -NLR can be a useful tool to sort out patients who are sicker, compared to those who are less sick (its not specific to infection).
- -NLR has proven more useful than white blood cell count (WBC) when the two are directly compared. Ultimately, NLR may be a logical replacement for the WBC. In some situations, NLR is competitive with more expensive biomarkers (e.g. procalcitonin, lactate).
- -With specific clinical contexts (e.g. pancreatitis, pulmonary embolism), NLR may have surprisingly good prognostic value.

0-15 Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate end of 1st 14 mm **BLOOD GROUP *** "B" POSITIVE \$ \$

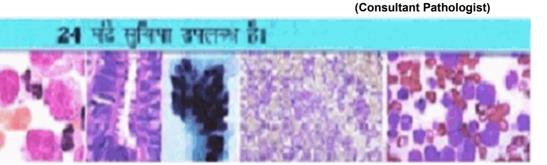


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Garden House Colony, Near Nai Sarak, Garh Road, Meerut Ph.: 0121-2600454, 8979608687, 9837772828

PUTD 604 : 27-Jul-2022 12:18PM : 220727/604 C. NO: **Collection Time Patient Name** : Mrs. ASHA GROVER 55Y / Female **Receiving Time** ¹ 27-Jul-2022 12:24PM

: Dr. BANK OF BARODA **Reporting Time** : 27-Jul-2022 4:25PM **Referred By** : Garg Pathology Lab - TPA Sample By **Centre Name**

Organization

Biological Ref-Interval Units Investigation Results **GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)*** 6.1 % 4.3-6.3

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE

128.4

ma/dl

EXPECTED RESULTS:

Non diabetic patients & Stabilized diabetics : 4.3% to 6.30%

> Good Control of diabetes : 6.4% to 7.5% Fair Control of diabetes : 7.5% to 9.0% Poor Control of diabetes 9.0 % and above

- -Next due date for HBA1C test: After 3 months
- -High HbF & Trig.level, iron def.anaemia result in high GHb
- -Haemolyic anemia, presence of HbS, HbC and other Haemoglobinopathies may produce low values. three months.

INTERPRETATION: HbA1c is an indicator of glycemic control. HbA1c represents average glycemia over the past six to eight weeks. Glycation of hemoglobin occurs over the entire 120 day life span of the red blood cell, but with in this 120 days. Recent glycemia has the largest influence on the HbA1c value. Clinical studies suggest that a patient in stable control will have 50% of their HbA1c formed in the month before sampling, 25% in the month before that, and the remaining 25% in months two to four. Mean Plasma Glucose mg/dl = (HbA1c x 35.6) - 77.3) Correlation between HbA1c and Mean Plasma Glucose (MPG) is not "perfect" but rather only this means that to predict or estimate average glucose from Hb-A1c or vice-versa is not "perfect" but gives a good working ballpark estimate. Afternoon and evening results correlate more closely to HbA1c than morning results, perhaps because morning fasting glucose levels vary much more than daytime glucose levels, which are easier to predict and control.

As per IFCC recommendations 2007, HbA1c being reported as above maintaining traceability to both IFCC (mmol/mol) & NGSP (%) units.

BIOCHEMISTRY (FLORIDE)

PLASMA SUGAR FASTING	89.0	mg/dl	70 - 110
(GOD/POD method)			
PLASMASUGAR P.P.	140.0	mg/dl	80-140
(GOD/POD method)			
	BIOCHEMISTRY (SERU	M)	
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	14.50	mg/dL.	8-23



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Garden House Colony, Near Nai Sarak, Garh Road, Meerut Ph.: 0121-2600454, 8979608687, 9837772828

PUID : 220727/604 **Patient Name**

: Mrs. ASHA GROVER 55Y / Female

: Dr. BANK OF BARODA

Sample By Organization :

Referred By

C. NO: 604

Collection Time Receiving Time Reporting Time : 27-Jul-2022 12:18PM ¹ 27-Jul-2022 12:24PM

: 27-Jul-2022 6:10PM : Garg Pathology Lab - TPA **Centre Name**

П	Ш	

Investigation	Results	Units	Biological Ref-Interval
LIVER FUNCTION TEST			
SERUM BILIRUBIN			
TOTAL	0.8	mg/dl	0.1-1.2
(Diazo)			
DIRECT	0.3	mg/dl	<0.3
(Diazo)			
INDIRECT	0.5	mg/dl	0.1-1.0
(Calculated)			
S.G.P.T.	34.0	U/L	8-40
(IFCC method)			
S.G.O.T.	42.0	U/L	6-37
(IFCC method)			
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	89.0	IU/L.	37-103
(IFCC KINETIC)			
SERUM PROTEINS			
TOTAL PROTEINS	6.6	Gm/dL.	6-8
(Biuret)			
ALBUMIN	3.5	Gm/dL.	3.5-5.0
(Bromocresol green Dye)			
GLOBULIN	3.1	Gm/dL.	2.5-3.5
(Calculated)			
A: G RATIO	1.1		1.5-2.5
(Calculated)			



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Organization

Sample By

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C. NO: 604

St. Stephan's Hospital, Delhi

Garden House Colony, Near Nai Sarak, Garh Road, Meerut Ph.: 0121-2600454, 8979608687, 9837772828

PUID : 220727/604 **Patient Name** : Mrs. ASHA GROVER 55Y / Female **Collection Time Receiving Time Reporting Time** : 27-Jul-2022 12:18PM ¹ 27-Jul-2022 12:24PM

: Dr. BANK OF BARODA

Centre Name

: 27-Jul-2022 6:10PM : Garg Pathology Lab - TPA

Investigation	Results	Units	Biological Ref-Interval
KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST			
UREA	30.0	mg / dl	10 - 50
(Urease-GLDH)			
CREATININE	1.0	mg/dl	0.6 - 1.4
(Enzymatic)			
SODIUM (NA)*	136.0	m Eq/litre.	135 - 155
(ISE)			
POTASSIUM (K)*	3.7	m Eq/litre.	3.5 - 5.5
(ISE)			



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604

PUID : 220727/604 C. NO:

Collection Time

: 27-Jul-2022 12:18PM

Patient Name

: Mrs. ASHA GROVER 55Y / Female

Receiving Time ¹ 27-Jul-2022 12:24PM

Referred By

Organization

: Dr. BANK OF BARODA

Reporting Time : 27-Jul-2022 6:10PM

Sample By

Centre Name

: Garg Pathology Lab - TPA

-			
Investigation	Results	Units	Biological Ref-Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
SERUM CHOLESTEROL	164.0	mg/dl	150-250
(CHOD - PAP)			
SERUM TRIGYCERIDE	88.0	mg/dl	70-150
(GPO-PAP)			
HDL CHOLESTEROL *	42.5	mg/dl	30-60
(PRECIPITATION METHOD)			
VLDL CHOLESTEROL *	17.6	mg/dl	10-30
(Calculated)			
LDL CHOLESTEROL *	103.9	mg/dL.	0-100
(Calculated)			
LDL/HDL RATIO *	02.4	ratio	<3.55
(Calculated)			
CHOL/HDL CHOLESTROL RATIO*	3.9	ratio	3.8-5.9
(Calculated)			

Interpretation:

NOTE:

Lipid Profile Ranges As PER NCEP-ATP III:

SERUM CHOESTEROL : Desirable : < 200 Borderline : 200 - 239 Elevated :> 240 mg/dl HDLCHOLESTEROL Desirable: > 60 Borderline: 40-60 Decreased: < 40 mg/dl LDL CHOLESTEROL : Desirable: 100 mg/dl, Borderline: 100-159 Elevated: >160 mg/dl : Desirable: 150 Borderline: 150-199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: >500 Triglycerides

Friedwald Equation, VLDL & LDL values are not applicable for triglyceride > 400 mg/dl.



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Dr. Monika Garg MBBS, MD(Path)



^{*}Paitient Should be Fast overnight For Minimum 12 hours and normal diet for one week*



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Garden House Colony, Near Nai Sarak, Garh Road, Meerut Ph.: 0121-2600454, 8979608687, 9837772828

PUTD : 220727/604 **Patient Name** : Mrs. ASHA GROVER 55Y / Female

604 C. NO: **Collection Time Receiving Time** : 27-Jul-2022 12:18PM ¹ 27-Jul-2022 12:24PM

: Dr. BANK OF BARODA Referred By

Reporting Time Centre Name

: 27-Jul-2022 6:10PM : Garg Pathology Lab - TPA

Sample By Organization :

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Investigation	Results	Units	Biological Ref-Interval
THYRIOD PROFILE*			
Triiodothyronine (T3) *	0.987	ng/dl	0.79-1.58
(ECLIA)			
Thyroxine (T4) *	6.258	ug/dl	4.9-11.0
(ECLIA)			
THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH) *	0.902	uIU/ml	0.38-5.30
(ECLIA)			

Hyperthyroid patient have suppressed TSH values, with the exception of those few individuals whos have hyperthyroidism caused by TSH producing pituitary tumor or other rare disordes such as pituitary resistance to thyroid hormones. Subclinical hyperthyroidism is defined as low TSH with levels of T4 and T3 within the reference interval. In most patients with hypothyroidism, serum TSH results are markedly elevated, but results are low in individuals with hypothyroidism caused by pituitary or hypothalamic disorders. An important cause of both incresed and decreased TSH results is NTI. Patients with NTI tend to have low TSH results during their acute illness ,then TSH rises to within or above the reference range with resolution of the underlying illness, and finally returns to within the reference range. The situation is complicated because drugs, including glucagon and dopamine, suppress TSH. Sensitive TSH assays are helpful in evaluation of treatment with thyroid hormone both for replacement therapy and suppressive doses for malignant thyroid disease.

SERUM CALCIUM mg/dl 9.2-11.0 9.5

(Arsenazo)

BIOCHEMICAL EXAMINATION

URIC ACID 5.4 mg/dL. 2.5-6.8

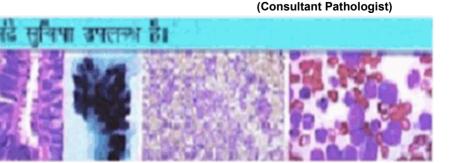


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Dr. Monika Garg MBBS, MD(Path)





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Former Pathologist : St. Stephan's Hospital, Delhi

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Garden House Colony, Near Nai Sarak, Garh Road, Meerut Ph.: 0121-2600454, 8979608687, 9837772828

PUTD : 220727/604 C. NO: 604

: 27-Jul-2022 12:18PM **Collection Time**

Patient Name : Mrs. ASHA GROVER 55Y / Female **Receiving Time** ¹ 27-Jul-2022 12:24PM : Dr. BANK OF BARODA **Reporting Time** : 28-Jul-2022 10:48AM : Garg Pathology Lab - TPA

Centre Name

Units **Biological Ref-Interval** Investigation Results

CYTOLOGY EXAMINATION

SPECIMEN

Referred By

Sample By

Organization

:

Microscopic:

mg 530/22

SITE OF SMEAR: ECTOCERVIX AND POSTERIOR FORNIX

OF VAGINA

METHOD OF EVALUATION: BETHSEDA SYSTEM **EVALUATION OF SMEAR: SATISFACTORY**

REPORT: CELLULAR SPREAD SHOWS DESQUAMATED EPITHELIAL CELLS PREDOMINANTLY SUPERFICIAL AND INTERMEDIATE CELLS, FAIR NUMBER OF PARABASAL CELL SEEN. FEW ENDOCERVICAL CELLS SHOWING REACTIVE

CHANGES ARE SEEN.

BACKROUND SHOWS SEVERE INFLAMMATORY REACTION

WITH PRESENSE OF RBCS.

THERE IS SHIFT IN VAGINAL FLORA. LACTOBACILLI ARE

REDUCED.

ANY DYSKARYOTIC CELL IS NOT SEEN.

ANY BUDDING SPORES OR TROPHOZOITE IS NOT SEEN. INFERENCE: NEGATIVE FOR INTRAEPITHELIAL LESION

OR MALIGNANCY

INFLAMMATORY SMEARS (? CERVICAL

EROSION)

NOTE: This test has its own limitations. Please interpret the findings in light of clinical picture. not for medicolegal use



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Garden House Colony, Near Nai Sarak, Garh Road, Meerut Ph.: 0121-2600454, 8979608687, 9837772828

PUID : 220727/604

: Mrs. ASHA GROVER 55Y / Female

: Dr. BANK OF BARODA Referred By

Sample By Organization

Patient Name

C. NO: 604

Collection Time

Receiving Time

: 27-Jul-2022 12:18PM ¹ 27-Jul-2022 12:24PM

Reporting Time

: 27-Jul-2022 6:05PM

Centre Name

: Garg Pathology Lab - TPA

Investigation	Results	Units	Biological Ref-Interval

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PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
Volume	30	ml	
Colour	Pale Yellow		
Appearance	Clear		Clear
Specific Gravity	1.020		1.000-1.030
PH (Reaction)	Acidic		
BIOCHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
Protein	Nil		Nil
Sugar	Nil		Nil
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
Red Blood Cells	Nil	/HPF	Nil
Pus cells	2-3	/HPF	0-2
Epithilial Cells	1-2	/HPF	1-3
Crystals	Nil		
Casts	Nil		
@ Special Examination			
Bile Pigments	Absent		
Blood	Nil		

-----{END OF REPORT }-----

Absent



Bile Salts

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Page 9 of 9





OKPRIYA HOSPI

SAMRAT PALACE, GARH ROAD, MEERUT - 250003



DEPARTMENT OF NON-INVASIVE CARDIOLOGY

DATE

: 27/07/2022

REFERENCE NO.: 5042

PATIENT NAME

: ASHA GROVER

AGE/SEX

: 55 YRS/F

REFERRED BY

: GARG PATHOLOGY

ECHOGENECITY: NORMAL

REFERRING DIAGNOSIS: To rule out structural heart disease.

ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY REPORT

DIMENSIONS	NORMAL			NORMAL
AO (ed) 2.2 cm	(2.1 - 3.7 cm)	IVS (ed)	1.0 cm	(0.6 - 1.2 cm)
LA (es) 2.9 cm	(2.1 - 3.7 cm)	LVPW (ed)	1.0 cm	(0.6 - 1.2 cm)
RVID (ed) 1.3 cm	(1.1 - 2.5 cm)	EF	<i>55%</i>	(62% - 85%)
LVID (ed) 3.9 cm	(3.6 - 5.2 cm)	FS	27%	(28% - 42%)
LVID (es) 2.8 cm	(2.3 - 3.9 cm)			

MORPHOLOGICAL DATA:

Mitral Valve: AML: Normal

Interatrial septum

: Intact

PML: Normal

Interventricular Septum : Intact

Aortic Valve®

: Thickened

Pulmonary Artery

Normal

Tricuspid Valve

: Normal

Aorta

: Normal

Pulmonary Valve: Normal

Right Atrium

: Normal

Right Ventricle

: Normal

Left Atrium

: Normal

Left Ventricle

: Normal

Cont. Page No. 2





SAMRAT PALACE, GARH ROAD, MEERUT - 250003

:: 2 ::

2-D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY FINDINGS:

LV normal in size with normal contractions. No LV regional wall motion abnormality seen in basal state. RV normal in size with adequate contractions. LA/RA are normal in size. Aortic valve is thickened and rest other cardiac valves are structurally normal. No intracardiac mass. Estimated LV ejection fraction is 55%.

DOPPLER STUDIES:

Valve	Regurgitation	Velocity m/sec	Gradient mmHg
Mitral Valve	No	0.90	3.0
Tricuspid Valve	. No ♦	0.66	2.1
Pulmonary Valve	No	0.75	2.3
Aortic Valve	No	1.0	4.4

IMPRESSION:

- No RWMA.
- > LV Diastolic Dysfunction Grade I.
- > Adequate LV Systolic Function (LVEF = 55%).

DR. HARIOM TYAGI MD, DM (CARDIOLOGY) (Interventional Cardiologist) Director, Lokpriya Heart Centre

NOTE: Echocardiography report given is that of the procedure done on that day and needs to be correlated clinically. This is not for medico legal purpose, as patient's identity is not confirmed. No record of this report is kept in the Hospital



LOKPRIYA HOSPITAI

LOKPRIYA RADIOLOGY CENTRE





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DATE	27.07.2022	REF. NO.	1214		
PATIENT NAME	ASHA GROVER	AGE	55YRS	SEX:	F
INVESTIGATION	USG WHOLE ABDOMEN	REF. BY	GARG (PATHOLOGY)		

REPORT

Liver - appears normal in size and echotexture. No mass lesion seen. Portal vein is normal.

<u>Gall bladder</u> – Wall thickness is normal. No calculus / mass lesion seen. CBD is normal.

Pancreas - appears normal in size and echotexture. No mass lesion seen.

Spleen- is normal in size and echotexture.

Right Kidney - Normal in size and echotexture. Show well maintained corticomedullary differentiation. Show an echogenic focus measuring (22.1) mm. The pelvicalyceal system is mildly prominent.

Left Kidney - Normal in size and echotexture. Show well maintained corticomedullary differentiation. No calculus / hydronephrosis is noted.

<u>Urinary bladder</u> – appears distended. Wall thickness is normal. No calculus / mass seen

Uterus – Post menopausal status.

IMPRESSION

Right renal calculus with mildly hydronephrosis.

ADV - CT ABDOMEN (PLAIN) FOR BETTER EVALUATION.

M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. (VIMS & RC Consultant Radiologist and Hea

1.5 Tesla MRI → 64 Slice CT → Ultrasound

■ Doppler ■ Dexa Scan / BMD ■ Digital X-ray

Impression is a professional opinion & not a diagnosis
All modern machines & procedures have their limitations. if there is variance clinically this examination may be repeated or reevaluated by other investigations
All congenital anomalies are not picked upon ultrasounds.
Suspected typing errors should be informed back for correction immediately.
Not for medico-legal purpose. Identity of the patient cannot be verified.



KPRIYA HOSPITI

LOKPRIYA RADIOLOGY CENTRE

SAMRAT PALACE, GARH ROAD, MEERUT - 250003



DATE	27.07.2022	REF. NO.	6770		
PATIENT NAME	ASHA GROVER	AGE	55YRS	SEX	F
INVESTIGATION	X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW	REF. BY	GARG (PATHOLOGY)		

REPORT

- Trachea is central in position.
- Both lung show prominent broncho vascular marking with differential aeration.
- Cardiac size is within normal limits.
- Both costophrenic angles are clear.
- Both domes of diaphragm are normal in contour and position.

IMPRESSION

Both lung show prominent broncho vascular marking with differential aeration.

M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. (VIMS & RC) Consultant Radiologist and Head

Impression is a professional opinion & not a diagnosis
All modern machines & procedures have their limitations. if there is variance clinically this examination may be repeated or reevaluated by other investigations Ps. All congenital anomalies are not picked upon ultrasounds.
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