

Add: 49/19-B, Kamla Nehru Road, Katra, Prayagraj Ph: 9235447965,0532-3559261 CIN : U85110DL2003PLC308206



Patient Name	: Mr.ANKIT KUMAR PANDEY - 124059	Registered On	: 23/Oct/2023 10:33:12
Age/Gender	: 31 Y 10 M 8 D /M	Collected	: N/A
UHID/MR NO	: ALDP.0000129091	Received	: N/A
Visit ID	: ALDP0242532324	Reported	: 24/Oct/2023 16:16:35
Ref Doctor	: Dr. MEDIWHEEL-ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD -	Status	: Final Report

# DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY-ECG MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

#### ECG / EKG \*

1. Machnism, Rhythm	Sinus, Regular	
2. Atrial Rate	57	/mt
3. Ventricular Rate	57	/mt
4. P - Wave	Normal	
5. P R Interval	Normal	
6. Q R S Axis : R/S Ratio : Configuration :	Normal Normal Normal	
7. Q T c Interval	Normal	
8. S - T Segment	Normal	
9. T – Wave <u>FINAL IMPRESSION</u>	Normal	and the second se

Abnormal: Sinus Bradycardia. Please correlate clinically.







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Visit ID	: ALDP0242532324	Reported	: 23/Oct/2023 14:53:08
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## DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

MEDIWHEI		DA MALE & FE	MALE BELOW 40 YRS	
Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing) * , B	lood			
Blood Group	0			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Rh ( Anti-D)	POSITIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC) * , Who	le Blood			
Haemoglobin	14.80	g/dl	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	
TLC (WBC) <u>DLC</u>	6,800.00	/Cu mm	4000-10000	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Polymorphs (Neutrophils )	50.00	%	55-70	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Lymphocytes	45.00	%	25-40	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Monocytes	4.00	%	3-5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Eosinophils	1.00	%	1-6	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Basophils	0.00	%	<1	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
ESR				
Observed	4.00	Mm for 1st hr.		
Corrected	, st <del></del>	Mm for 1st hr.	< 9	
PCV (HCT)	44.00	%	40-54	
Platelet count				
Platelet Count	1.10	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width)	17.40	fL	9-17	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)	-	%	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE





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# DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.15	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)	15.00	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBC Count				
RBC Count	4.25	Mill./cu mm	4.2-5.5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)				
MCV	103.90	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCH	34.70	pg	28-35	CALCULATED PARAMETER
МСНС	33.40	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	14.50	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	56.90	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3,400.00	/cu mm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	68.00	/cu mm	40-440	

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Dr.Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)





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#### DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interv	al Method
GLUCOSE FASTING * , Plasma				
Glucose Fasting	83.70	<b>J</b>	< 100 Normal 100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ <b>126 Diabetes</b>	GOD POD
<b>Interpretation:</b> a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of by	poglycemic agents dr	19 dosage variati	ons and other drug inte	ractions

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.c) I.G.T = Impared Glucose Tolerance.

Glucose PP * Sample:Plasma After Meal	162.30	mg/dl	<140 Normal 140-199 Pre-diabetes >200 Diabetes	GOD POD
			>200 Diabeles	

#### Interpretation:

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.c) I.G.T = Impared Glucose Tolerance.

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)	* , EDTA BLOOD		
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.20	% NGSP	HPLC (NGSP)
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	33.60	mmol/mol/IFCC	
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	103	mg/dl	

#### Interpretation:

#### NOTE:-

- eAG is directly related to A1c.
- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.





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#### DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
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The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	<b>Degree of Glucose Control Unit</b>
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level

\*High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc. \*\*Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1 diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

#### **<u>Clinical Implications:</u>**

\*Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.

\*With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.

\*A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated \*Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy

c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity

\*Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss

\*Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:

\*Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.

BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen) * Sample:Serum	7.33	mg/dL	7.0-23.0	CALCULATED
<b>Creatinine *</b> Sample:Serum	0.80	mg/dl	0.6-1.30	MODIFIED JAFFES
<b>Uric Acid *</b> Sample:Serum	7.00	mg/dl	3.4-7.0	URICASE

#### LFT (WITH GAMMA GT) \* , Serum



Page 5 of 11







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# DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	U	nit Bio. Ref. Interva	I Method
SGOT / Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST)	36.70	U/L	< 35	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
SGPT / Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT)	61.20	U/L	< 40	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
Gamma GT (GGT)	16.60	IU/L	11-50	OPTIMIZED SZAZING
Protein	7.10	gm/dl	6.2-8.0	BIURET
Albumin	4.20	gm/dl	3.4-5.4	B.C.G.
Globulin	2.90	gm/dl	1.8-3.6	CALCULATED
A:G Ratio	1.45		1.1-2.0	CALCULATED
Alkaline Phosphatase (Total)	99.90	U/L	42.0-165.0	IFCC METHOD
Bilirubin (Total)	1.20	mg/dl	0.3-1.2	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.30	mg/dl	< 0.30	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.90	mg/dl	< 0.8	JENDRASSIK & GROF
LIPID PROFILE ( MINI ) * , Serum				
Cholesterol (Total)	159.00	mg/dl	<200 Desirable 200-239 Borderline High > 240 High	CHOD-PAP
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	44.30	mg/dl	30-70	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	78	mg/dl	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr. Optimal/Above Optimal 130-159 Borderline High 160-189 High > 190 Very High	CALCULATED
VLDL	36.38	mg/dl	10-33	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	181.90	mg/dl	< 150 Normal 150-199 Borderline High 200-499 High >500 Very High	GPO-PAP

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### DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE * ,	Urine			
Color Specific Gravity Reaction PH	LIGHT YELLOW 1.020 Acidic ( 5.0 )	<i></i>		DIPSTICK
Protein	ABSENT	mg %	< 10 Absent 10-40 (+) 40-200 (++) 200-500 (+++) > 500 (+++)	DIPSTICK
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	<0.5 (+) 0.5-1.0 (++) 1-2 (+++) >2 (++++)	DIPSTICK
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	0.1-3.0	BIOCHEMISTRY
Bile Salts	ABSENT			
Bile Pigments	ABSENT			
Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution) Microscopic Examination:	ABSENT		and the second	
Epithelial cells	0-1/h.p.f			MICROSCOPIC
Pus cells	1-2/h.p.f			
RBCs	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC
Cast	ABSENT			
Crystals	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Others	ABSENT			
Urine Microscopy is done on centrifuged	d urine sediment.			

#### SUGAR, FASTING STAGE \* , Urine

Sugar, Fasting stage	ABSENT	gms%
Interpretation: (+) $< 0.5$		

(+) < 0.5(++) 0.5-1.0(+++) 1-2

Page 7 of 11





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# DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
(++++) > 2					
SUGAR, PP STAGE * , Urine					
Sugar, PP Stage	ABSENT				
Interpretation:					

(+)	< 0.5 gms%
(++)	0.5-1.0 gms%
(+++)	1-2 gms%
(++++)	>2 gms%

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Page 8 of 11









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#### DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL * , Serum					
T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	129.00	ng/dl	84.61–201.7	CLIA	
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	7.30	ug/dl	3.2-12.6	CLIA	
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	2.200	µlU/mL	0.27 - 5.5	CLIA	
		,			

#### Interpretation:

0.3-4.5	µIU/mL	First Trimester
0.5-4.6	µIU/mL	Second Trimester
0.8-5.2	µIU/mL	Third Trimester
0.5-8.9	µIU/mL	Adults 55-87 Years
0.7-27	µIU/mL	Premature 28-36 Week
2.3-13.2	µIU/mL	Cord Blood > 37Week
0.7-64	µIU/mL	Child(21 wk - 20 Yrs.)
1-39	µIU/mL	Child 0-4 Days
1.7-9.1	µIU/mL	Child 2-20 Week

1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.

2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.

**3**) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.

**4**) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.

5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.

6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.

7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.

**8**) Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

Dr.Akanksha Singh (MD Pathology)









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#### DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

#### X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA \*

#### <u>X-RAY REPORT</u> (300 mA COMPUTERISED UNIT SPOT FILM DEVICE) <u>CHEST P-A VIEW</u>

- Both lung field did not reveal any significant lesion.
- Costo-phrenic angles are bilaterally clear.
- Trachea is central in position.
- Cardiac size & contours are normal.
- Hilar shadows are normal.
- Soft tissue shadow appears normal.
- Bony cage is normal.

Please correlare clinically.

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DR K N SINGH (MBBS, DMRE)

Page 10 of 11









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#### DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND

#### MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE & FEMALE BELOW 40 YRS

#### ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER) \*

**LIVER**: - Normal in size (13.4 cm), shape and **shows diffuse increase in the liver parenchymal echogenicity with patchy attenuation of portal venous walls, suggestive of grade II fatty changes.** No focal lesion is seen. No intra hepatic biliary radicle dilation seen.

**GALL BLADDER** :- Well distended, walls are normal. No e/o calculus / focal mass lesion/ pericholecystic fluid.

**CBD** :- Normal in calibre at porta.

PORTAL VEIN: - Normal in calibre and colour uptake at porta.

**PANCREAS:** - Head is visualised, normal in size & echopattern. No e/o ductal dilatation or calcification. Rest of pancreas is obscured by bowel gas.

SPLEEN: - Normal in size, shape and echogenicity.

**RIGHT KIDNEY**: - Normal in size (9.2 cm), shape and echogenicity. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

**LEFT KIDNEY**: - Normal in size (9.6 cm), shape and echogenicity. **A small calculus measuring ~ 3.6 mm is seen in middle.** Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER :- Normal in shape, outline and distension. No e/o wall thickening / calculus.

**PROSTATE :-** Normal in size (3.0 x 2.9 x 2.7 cm vol - 13 cc), shape and echo pattern.

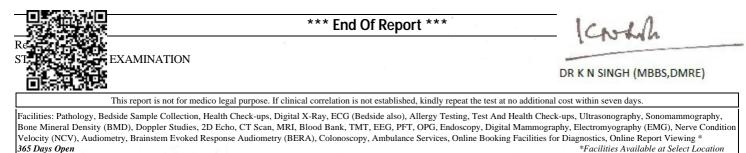
Visualized bowel loops are normal in caliber. No para-aortic lymphadenopathy

No free fluid is seen in the abdomen/pelvis.

#### **IMPRESSION**:

- Grade II fatty liver.
- Left renal calculus.

**Please correlate clinically** 



Page 11 of 11

