

Method:Microscopy



Name	: MR.GANGADHARA MURALI MOHAN G .	TID/SID : UMR1473760/ 27510581
Age / Gender	: 44 Years / Male	Registered on : 22-Apr-2024 / 08:30 AM
Age / Gender Ref.By Req.No	: SELF	Collected on : 22-Apr-2024 / 08:33 AM
Req.No	: BIL4181242	Reported on : 22-Apr-2024 / 14:29 PM
	TEST REPORT	Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

Complete	Urine Examination (	(CUE), Urine
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Intervals
Physical Examination		
Colour Method:Physical	Yellow	Straw to Yellow
Appearance Method:Physical	Clear	Clear
Chemical Examination		
Reaction and pH Method:pH- Methyl red & Bromothymol blue	7.0	4.6-8.0
Specific gravity Method:Bromothymol Blue	1.015	1.003-1.035
Protein Method:Tetrabromophenol blue	Negative	Negative
Glucose Method:Glucose oxidase/Peroxidase	Negative	Negative
Blood Method:Peroxidase	Negative	Negative
Ketones Method:Sodium Nitroprusside	Negative	Negative
Bilirubin Method:Dichloroanilinediazonium	Negative	Negative
Leucocytes Method:3 hydroxy5 phenylpyrrole + diazonium	Negative	Negative
Nitrites Method:Diazonium + 1,2,3,4 tetrahydrobenzo (h) quinc 3-ol	Negative	Negative
Urobilinogen Method:Dimethyl aminobenzaldehyde	0.2	0.2-1.0 mg/dl
Microscopic Examination		
Pus cells (leukocytes) Method:Microscopy	0-1	2 - 3 /hpf
Epithelial cells Method:Microscopy	0-1	2 - 5 /hpf
RBC (erythrocytes) Method:Microscopy	Absent	Absent
Casts	Absent	Occasional hyaline casts may

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<b>=</b> <b>-</b>	TEST	REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -
Crystals Method:Microscopy	Absent		Phosphat be seen	e, oxalate, or urate crystals may
Others	Nil		Nil	
Method:Microscopy				

#### Method: Semi Quantitative test ,For CUE

**Reference:** Godkar Clinical Diagnosis and Management by Laboratory Methods, First South Asia edition. Product kit literature.

#### Interpretation:

The complete urinalysis provides a number of measurements which look for abnormalities in the urine. Abnormal results from this test can be indicative of a number of conditions including kidney disease, urinary tract infecation or elevated levels of substances which the body is trying to remove through the urine. A urinalysis test can help identify potential health problems even when a person is asymptomatic. All the abnormal results are to be correlated clinically.

\* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore

--- End Of Report ---

Debleena Thakua

Dr Debleena Thakur Consultant Pathologist







Name	: MR.GANGADHARA MURALI MOHAN G .	TID/SID : UMR1473760/ 27510582
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Age / Gender Ref.By Req.No	: SELF	Collected on : 22-Apr-2024 / 08:33 AM
Req.No	: BIL4181242	Reported on : 22-Apr-2024 / 14:00 PM
	TEST REPORT	Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

## DEPARTMENT OF HEMATOLOGY

## Blood Grouping ABO And Rh Typing, EDTA Whole Blood

Parameter	Results
Blood Grouping (ABO)	В
Rh Typing (D)	POSITIVE

Method: Hemagglutination Tube Method by Forward & Reverse Grouping

#### **Reference:** Tulip kit literature

**Interpretation:** The ABO grouping and Rh typing test determines blood type grouping (A,B, AB, O) and the Rh factor (positive or negative). A person's blood type is based on the presence or absence of certain antigens on the surface of their red blood cells and certain antibodies in the plasma. ABO antigens are poorly expresses at birth, increase gradually in strength and become fully expressed around 1 year of age.

Note: Records of previous blood grouping/Rh typing not available. Please verify before transfusion.

\* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore

Dr.Kavya S N Consultant Pathologist







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Ref.By	: SELF		Collected on	: 22-Apr-2024 / 08:33 AM
Req.No	: BIL4181242		Reported on	: 22-Apr-2024 / 12:35 PM
		TEST REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

# **DEPARTMENT OF HEMATOLOGY**

# Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR), Sodium Citrate Whole Blood

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Intervals
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate	02	<=15 mm/hour
Method:Microphotometrical capillary using stopped flow kinetic analysis		

# Complete Blood Count (CBC), EDTA Whole Blood

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Hemoglobin	18.1	13.0-18.0 g/dL
Method:Spectrophotometry		
Packed Cell Volume	53.3	40-54 %
Method:Derived from Impedance		
Red Blood Cell Count.	5.19	4.3-6.0 Mill/Cumm
Method:Impedance Variation		
Mean Corpuscular Volume	102.6	78-100 fL
Method:Derived from Impedance		
Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin	34.9	27-32 pg
Method:Derived from Impedance		
Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin Concentration	34.0	31.5-36 g/dL
Method:Derived from Impedance		
Red Cell Distribution Width - CV	15.6	11.0-16.0 %
Method:Derived from Impedance		
Red Cell Distribution Width - SD	57.1	39-46 fL
Method:Derived from Impedance		
Total WBC Count.	6280	4000-11000 cells/cumm
Method:Impedance Variation		
Neutrophils	79.3	40-75 %
Method:Impedance Variation,Method_Desc= Flow Cytometry		
Lymphocytes	13.8	20-45 %
Method:Impedance Variation, Flowcytometry		
Eosinophils	0.7	01-06 %
Method:Impedance Variation, Flowcytometry		
Monocytes	5.6	01-10 %
Method:Impedance Variation, Flowcytometry		
Basophils.	0.6	00-02 %
Method:Impedance Variation, Flowcytometry	0.0	00 02 /0
method.mpedanec vanation, rioweytometry		





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Absolute Neutrophils Method:Calculated	Count.	4980	1500-6600 cells/cumm
Absolute Lymphocyte Method:Calculated	e Count	867	1500-3500 cells/cumm
Absolute Eosinophils Method:Calculated	count.	44	40-440 cells/cumm
Absolute Monocytes Method:Calculated	Count.	352	<1000 cells/cumm
Absolute Basophils c Method:Calculated	count.	38	<200 cells/cumm
Platelet Count. Method:Impedance Variati	ion	1.66	1.4-4.4 lakhs/cumm
Mean Platelet Volum Method:Derived from Impe	e.	8.8	7.9-13.7 fL
Plateletcrit. Method:Derived from Impe		0.15	0.18-0.28 %

Note

Kindly correlate clinically

Method: Automated Hematology Analyzer, Microscopy

Reference: Dacie and Lewis Practical Hematology, 12th Edition

**Interpretation:** A Complete Blood Picture (CBP) is a screening test which can aid in the diagnosis of a variety of conditions and diseases such as anemia, leukemia, bleeding disorders and infections. This test is also useful in monitoring a person's reaction to treatment when a condition which affects blood cells has been diagnosed. All the abnormal results are to be correlated clinically.

\* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore

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C	EPARTMENT OF CLINICAL C	HEMISTRY I
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN), Serum		
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Blood Urea Nitrogen.	5	6-20 mg/dL

Method:Kinetic, Urease - GLDH, Calculated

**Interpretation:** Urea is a waste product formed in the liver when protein is metabolized. Urea is released by the liver into the blood and is carried to the kidneys, where it is filtered out of the blood and released into the urine. Since this is a continuous process, there is usually a small but stable amount of urea nitrogen in the blood. However, when the kidneys cannot filter wastes out of the blood due to disease or damage, then the level of urea in the blood will rise. The blood urea nitrogen (BUN) evaluates kidney function in a wide range of circumstances, to diagnose kidney disease, and to monitor people with acute or chronic kidney dysfunction or failure. It also may be used to evaluate a person's general health status as well.

Reference: Tietz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics

Creatinine, Serum		
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Creatinine.	0.64	0.7-1.3 mg/dL
Mathematica structure la ffa - IDMO Tassa shi s		

Method:Spectrophotometry, Jaffe - IDMS Traceable

#### Interpretation:

Creatinine is a nitrogenous waste product produced by muscles from creatine. Creatinine is majorly filtered from the blood by the kidneys and released into the urine, so serum creatinine levels are usually a good indicator of kidney function. Serum creatinine is more specific and more sensitive indicator of renal function as compared to BUN because it is produced from muscle at a constant rate and its level in blood is not affected by protein catabolism or other exogenous products. It is also not reabsorbed and very little is secreted by tubules making it a reliable marker. Serum creatinine levels are increased in pre renal, renal and post renal azotemia, active acromegaly and gigantism. Decreased serum creatinine levels are seen in pregnancy and increasing age.

Biological reference interval changed; Reference: Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry & Molecular Diagnostics, Fifth Edition.

	Bun/Creatinine Ratio, Serum	
Investigation	Observed Value	
BUN/Creatinine Ratio	7.8	

#### Reference:

A Manual of Laboratory Diagnostic Tests. Edition 7, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, By Frances Talaska Fischbach, RN, BSN, MSN, and Marshall Barnett Dunning 111, BS, MS, Ph.D.





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\* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore

Dr.M.G.Satish Consultant Pathologist







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Age / Gender	: 44 Years / Male		Registered on	: 22-Apr-2024 / 08:30 AM
Ref.By	: SELF		Collected on	: 22-Apr-2024 / 08:33 AM
Req.No	: BIL4181242		Reported on	: 22-Apr-2024 / 11:38 AM
		TEST REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

### **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

# Glucose Fasting (FBS), Sodium Fluoride Plasma

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Glucose Fasting Method:Hexokinase	106	Normal: 70 -100 mg/dL Impaired FG: 100-125 mg/dL Diabetes mellitus: >/=126 mg/dL

**Interpretation:** It measures the Glucose levels in the blood with a prior fasting of 9-12 hours. The test helps screen a symptomatic/ asymptomatic person who is at risk for Diabetes. It is also used for regular monitoring of glucose levels in people with Diabetes.

Reference: American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2020.

\* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore

Dr.M.G.Satish Consultant Pathologist







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Age / Gender	: 44 Years / Male		Registered on	: 22-Apr-2024 / 08:30 AM
Ref.By	: SELF		Collected on	: 22-Apr-2024 / 11:03 AM
Req.No	: BIL4181242		Reported on	: 22-Apr-2024 / 17:53 PM
		TEST REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

## **DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I**

# Glucose Post Prandial (PPBS), Sodium Fluoride Plasma

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval		
Glucose Post Prandial Method:Hexokinase	78	Normal : 90 - 140 mg/dL Impaired PG: 140-199 mg/dL Diabetes mellitus: >/=200 mg/dL		
Note	The discordant post prandial blood glucose values levels are observed in some of the conditions related to defective absorp insufficient dietary intake, endocrine disorders, hypoglycemic overdose and reactive hypoglycemia etc.			

**Interpretation:** This test measures the blood sugar levels 2 hours after a normal meal. Abnormally high blood sugars 2 hours after a meal reflect that the body is not producing sufficient insulin which is indicative of Diabetes.

Reference: American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2020.

\* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore

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## DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I

# Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1C), EDTA Whole Blood

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval	
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) Method:High-Performance Liquid Chromatography	5.8	Non-diabetic: <= 5.6 % Pre-diabetic: 5.7 - 6.4 % Diabetic: >= 6.5 %	
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	120	mg/dL	

Method:High-Performance Liquid Chromatography

**Interpretation**: It is an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and a measure of the risk for developing microvascular complications in patients with diabetes. Absolute risks of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to the mean HbA1c concentration. In persons without diabetes, HbA1c is directly related to risk of cardiovascular disease.

In known diabetic patients, HbA1c can be considered as a tool for monitoring the glycemic control. Excellent Control - 6 to 7 %, Fair to Good Control - 7 to 8 %, Unsatisfactory Control - 8 to 10 % and Poor Control - More than 10 %. **Reference:** American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2018.

\* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore

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	TEST REPO	RT Reference : Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

DEPARTM	DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I				
	Lipid Profile, Serum				
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval			
Total Cholesterol Method:Spectrophotometry , CHOD - POD	158	Desirable: < 200 mg/dL Borderline: 200-239 mg/dL High: >/= 240 mg/dL			
HDL Cholesterol Method:Spectrophotometry , Direct Measurement	45	Optimal : >=60 mg/dL Borderline : 40-59 mg/dL High Risk <40 mg/dL			
Non HDL Cholesterol Method:Calculated	113	Optimal : <130 mg/dL Above Optimal : 130-159 mg/dL Borderline : 160-189 mg/dL High Risk : 190-219 mg/dL Very high Risk : >=220 mg/dL			
LDL Cholesterol Method:Calculated	79.8	Optimum: <100 mg/dL Near/above optimum: 100-129 mg/dL Borderline: 130-159 mg/dL High: 160-189 mg/dL Very high: >/=190 mg/dL			
VLDL Cholesterol Method:Calculated	33.20	<30 mg/dL			
Total Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Method:Calculated	3.51	Optimal : <3.3 Low Risk : 3.4-4.4 Average Rsik : 4.5-7.1 Moderate Risk : 7.2-11.0 High Risk : >11.0			
LDL/HDL Ratio Method:Calculated	1.77	Optimal : 0.5-3.0 Borderline : 3.1-6.0 High Risk : >6.0			
Triglycerides Method:Spectrophotometry, Enzymatic - GPO/POD	166	Normal:<150 mg/dL Borderline: 150-199 mg/dL High: 200-499 mg/dL Very high: >/=500 mg/dL			

**Interpretation:** Lipids are fats and fat-like substances which are important constituents of cells and are rich sources of energy. A lipid profile typically includes total cholesterol, high density lipoproteins (HDL), low density lipoprotein (LDL), chylomicrons, triglycerides, very low density lipoproteins (VLDL), Cholesterol/HDL ratio .The lipid profile is used to assess the risk of developing a heart disease and to monitor its treatment. The results of the lipid profile are evaluated along with other known risk factors associated with heart disease to plan and monitor treatment. Treatment options require clinical correlation.**Reference:** Third Report of the National Cholesterol Education program (NCEP) Expert Panel on Detection, Evaluation, and Treatment of High Blood Cholesterol in Adults (Adult Treatment Panel III), JAMA 2001.

\* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore





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Dr.M.G.Satish Consultant Pathologist







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DEPARTM	ENT OF CLINICAL CHE	MISTRY I	
Liver Function Test (LFT), Serum			
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval	
Total Bilirubin.	0.85	<=1.2 mg/dL	
Method:Spectrophotometry, Diazo method			
Direct Bilirubin.	0.41	<=0.30 mg/dL	
Method:Spectrophotometry, Diazo method			
Indirect Bilirubin.	0.44	<=1.0 mg/dL	
Method:Calculated			
Alanine Aminotransferase ,(ALT/SGPT)	56	<=41 U/L	
Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation			
Aspartate Aminotransferase,(AST/SGOT)	52	<=40 U/L	
Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation			
ALP (Alkaline Phosphatase).	91	40-129 U/L	
Method:Spectrophotometry, IFCC			
Gamma GT.	120	<60 U/L	
Method:Spectrophotometry, IFCC			
Total Protein.	7.3	6.4-8.3 g/dL	
Method:Spectrophotometry, Biuret			
Albumin.	4.5	3.5-5.2 g/dL	
Method:Spectrophotometry, Bromcresol Green			
Globulin.	2.8	2.0-3.5 g/dL	
Method:Spectrophotometry, Bromcresol Green			
A/GRatio.	1.61	1.1-2.5	
Method:Calculated			

**Interpretation:** Liver functions tests help to identify liver disease, its severity, and its type. Generally these tests are performed in combination, are abnormal in liver disease, and the pattern of abnormality is indicative of the nature of liver disease. An isolated abnormality of a single liver function test usually means a non-hepatic cause. If several liver function tests are simultaneously abnormal, then hepatic etiology is likely.

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ICAL CHEMISTRY I

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) Total	1.36	0.0-4.0 ng/mL

Method:ECLIA

**Interpretation:** PSA is a protein produced by cells in the prostate and is used to screen men for prostate cancer. PSA levels are elevated in Prostate cancer, and other conditions such as benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) and inflammation of the prostate. An elevated PSA may be followed by a biopsy and other tests like urinalysis and ultrasound to rule out urinary tract infections and for an accurate diagnosis. PSA levels are vital to determine the effectiveness of treatment and to detect recurrence in diagnosed cases of prostate cancer.

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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I Thyroid Profile (T3,T4,TSH), Serum			
Triiodothyronine Total (T3) Method:ECLIA	0.855	0.80-2.00 ng/mL <b>Note:</b> Biological Reference Ranges are changed due to change in method of testing.	
Thyroxine Total (T4) Method:ECLIA	6.62	4.6-12.0 μg/dL	
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (TSH) Method:ECLIA	1.12	0.27-4.20 μIU/mL	

**Interpretation:** A thyroid profile is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism due to various thyroid disorders. T4 and T3 are hormones produced by the thyroid gland. They help control the rate at which the body uses energy, and are regulated by a feedback system. TSH from the pituitary gland stimulates the production and release of T4 (primarily) and T3 by the thyroid. Most of the T4 and T3 circulate in the blood bound to protein. A small percentage is free (not bound) and is the biologically active form of the hormones.

Reference: Tietz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, Carl A. Burtis, David E. Bruns.

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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I			
Uric Acid, Serum			
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval	
Uric Acid.	5.7	3.4-7.0 mg/dL	

Method:Enzymatic

**Interpretation:** It is the major product of purine catabolism. Hyperuricemia can result due to increased formation or decreased excretion of uric acid which can be due to several causes like metabolic disorders, psoriasis, tissue hypoxia, pre-eclampsia, alcohol, lead poisoning, acute or chronic kidney disease, etc. Hypouricemia may be seen in severe hepato cellular disease and defective renal tubular reabsorption of uric acid.

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Dr.M.G.Satish Consultant Pathologist

