

CLIENT CODE: CA00010147 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS: MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED





LABORATORY SERVICES

Units

DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTICS ASTER SQUARE BUILDING, ULLOOR, MEDICAL COLLEGE P.O TRIVANDRUM, 695011 KERALA, INDIA Tel : 93334 93334, Fax : CIN - U85190MH2006PTC161480

F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156	TRIV KERA Tel :	ICAL COLLEGE P.O ANDRUM, 695011 ALA, INDIA 93334 93334, Fax : CIN - U85190MH2006PTC161480 il : customercare.ddrc@srl.in
PATIENT NAME : SUNITHA M R		PATIENT ID : SUNIF1211794182
ACCESSION NO : <b>4182VK005059</b>	AGE : 43 Years SEX : Female	
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 08:50	REPORTED : 14/11/2022 08:12
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID :

**Test Report Status** 

Results

Biological Reference Interval

#### MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40(F)TMT

\* TREADMILL TEST

TREADMILL TEST

**REPORT ATTACHED** 

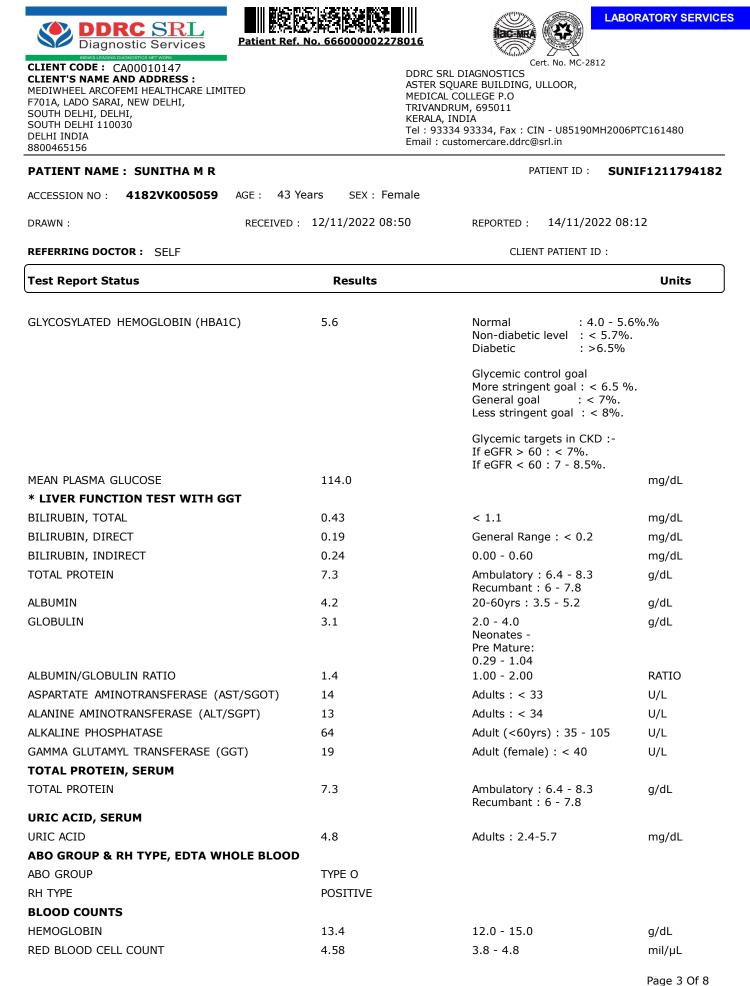




DDRC SRL Diagnostic Services	Patient Ref. No. 666000002278016	Cert. No. MC-2812	TORY SERVICES
CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIM F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156	ITED ASTER S MEDICA TRIVAN KERALA Tel : 93	RL DIAGNOSTICS SQUARE BUILDING, ULLOOR, AL COLLEGE P.O DRUM, 695011	161480
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Test Report Status	Results		Units
MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHECKUP A	BOVE 40(F)TMT		
* SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGE	N		
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	10	Adult(<60 yrs) : 6 to 20	mg/dL
* BUN/CREAT RATIO			
BUN/CREAT RATIO	13.3		
CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE	0.75	18 - 60 yrs : 0.6 - 1.1	ma (di
* GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PL		18 - 00 yis . 0.0 - 1.1	mg/dL
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA		Diabetes Mellitus : > or = 200. Impaired Glucose tolerance/ Prediabetes : 140 - 199. Hypoglycemia : < 55.	mg/dL
* CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIF	PID PROFILE), SERUM		
CHOLESTEROL	157	Desirable : < 200 Borderline : 200-239 High : >or= 240	mg/dL
TRIGLYCERIDES	94		mg/dL
HDL CHOLESTEROL	51		mg/dL
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL	101	Optimum         :         < 100           Above Optimum         :         100-139           Borderline High         :         130-159           High         :         160-189           Very High         :         >or=	mg/dL
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	106		mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.1	Low 3.3-4.4 Low Risk 4.5-7.0 Average Risk 7.1-11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
LDL/HDL RATIO	2.0	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Ris >6.0 High Risk	sk
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	18.8	_	mg/dL
* GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN,	EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	10 55	













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#### PATIENT NAME : SUNITHA M R

F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,

SOUTH DELHI, DELHI,

SOUTH DELHI 110030

DELHI INDIA

8800465156

ACCESSION NO :	4182VK005059	AGE :	43 Years	SEX : Female
DRAWN :		RECE	IVED : 12/1	1/2022 08:50

#### REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF

Test Report Status	Results		Units
WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT	8.26	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT	237	150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT	39.4	36 - 46	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL	85.9	83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB.	29.3	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION	34.1	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	15.1	12.0 - 18.0	%
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	8.3	6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR			
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS	65	40 - 80	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	5.37	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
LYMPHOCYTES	25	20 - 40	%
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.06	1 - 3	thou/µL
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	2.7		
EOSINOPHILS	2	1 - 6	%
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.17	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
MONOCYTES	8	2 - 10	%
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.66	0.20 - 1.00	thou/µL
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 2	%
ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD			
SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)	11	0 - 20	mm at 1 hr
STOOL: OVA & PARASITE	RESULT PENDING		
* SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL	RESULT PENDING		
CYTOLOGY - CS (PAP SMEAR)	RESULT PENDING		
* THYROID PANEL, SERUM			
T3	136.60	80 - 200	ng/dL
Τ4	9.49	5.1 - 14.1	µg/dl
TSH 3RD GENERATION	2.090	Non-Pregnant : 0.4-4.2	µIU/mL
		Pregnant Trimester-wise : 1st : 0.1 - 2.5 2nd : 0.2 - 3	

**\* SUGAR URINE - FASTING** 

RESULT PENDING

3rd : 0.3 - 3





SUNIF1211794182

PATIENT ID :

REPORTED : 14/11/2022 08:12 CLIENT PATIENT ID :

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CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMIT F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156	ED ASTER S MEDICAL TRIVAND KERALA, Tel : 933	Cert. No. MC-2812 RL DIAGNOSTICS QUARE BUILDING, ULLOOR, _ COLLEGE P.O DRUM, 695011 INDIA 334 93334, Fax : CIN - U85190MH2006PTC161480 customercare.ddrc@srl.in
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REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID :
Test Report Status	Results	Units
URINE ANALYSIS	RESULT PENDING	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE	RESULT PENDING	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, UR	INE RESULT PENDING	
GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA		
GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA	108	Diabetes Mellitus : > or = 126. mg/dL Impaired fasting Glucose/ Prediabetes : 101 - 125. Hypoglycemia : < 55.
Interpretation(s) SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN- Causes of Increased levels Pre renal • High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, • Renal Failure Post Renal • Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism Causes of decreased levels • Liver disease	GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Ren	al

- SIADH.
- CREATININE, SERUM-
- Higher than normal level may be due to:
- Blockage in the urinary tract
- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
  Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

Mvasthenia Gravis

 Muscular dystrophy GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-

ADA Guidelines for 2hr post prandial glucose levels is only after ingestion of 75grams of glucose in 300 ml water, over a period of 5 minutes. CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIPID PROFILE), SERUM-

Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease This test can help determine your risk of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don't cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn't need into triglycerides, which are stored in fat cells. High triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or having diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, other diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk. It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the ""good"" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely. HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease. Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.







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F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,

SOUTH DELHI, DELHI,

SOUTH DELHI 110030

DELHI INDIA

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Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL). NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary and secondary prevention studies.

Recommendations

Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood, the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks.

Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased glycated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy may exhibit increased glycated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells. Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia, increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of

testing such as glycated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered.

"Targets should be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals should be individualized based on duration of diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations."

References

1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R.Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006, 879-884.

 Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus: A rational plan for management. Postgrad Med 1982, 71,139-154.
 Mayer TK, Freedman ZR: Protein glycosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184. TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. URIC ACID, SERUM-

Causes of Increased levels Dietary

• High Protein Intake. Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss. Gout Lesch nyhan syndrome.

Type 2 DM. Metabolic syndrome

Causes of decreased levels

 Low Zinc Intake • OCP's

Multiple Sclerosis

Nutritional tips to manage increased Uric acid levels

• Drink plenty of fluids

Limit animal proteins
High Fibre foods

 Vit C Intake Antioxidant rich foods

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.



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Page 6 Of 8

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<b>DDRC</b> SRL
Diagnostic Services

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SOUTH DELHI, DELHI,

SOUTH DELHI 110030

DELHI INDIA

8800465156

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :





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The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

BLOOD COUNTS-

The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology. RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-

The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear

The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients : A.-P. Yang, et al.: International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non - specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as pointicotytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

#### Reference

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition

Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin
 The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th Edition"

THYROID PANEL, SERUM-

Triiodothyronine T3, is a thyroid hormone. It affects almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Thyroxine T4, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low. or Total T4, TSH & Total T3

Below mentioned	are the guidelines f	or Pregnancy related	l reference ranges for To	tal
Levels in	TOTAL T4	TSH3G	TOTAL T3	
Pregnancy	(µg/dL)	(µIU/mL)	(ng/dL)	
First Trimester	6.6 - 12.4	0.1 - 2.5	81 - 190	
2nd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.2 - 3.0	100 - 260	
3rd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.3 - 3.0	100 - 260	
Below mentioned	are the guidelines f	or age related refere	nce ranges for T3 and T4	4.
<b>T</b> 2		<b>T</b> 4		

ΤЗ Т4  $(\mu q/dL)$ (nq/dL)New Born: 1-3 day: 8.2 - 19.9 1 Week: 6.0 - 15.9 75 - 260

NOTE: TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group. Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

Reference:

1. Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R. Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition.

2. Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition.

3. Behrman R.E. Kilegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-ADA 2012 guidelines for adults as follows:

Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 mg/dL Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL

(Ref: Tietz 4th Edition & ADA 2012 Guidelines)





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REDALLEZANCE DALABORSTICE NET WORK CLIENT CODE : CA00010147 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMI F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156	TED ASTE MEDI TRIV. KERA Tel :	Cert. No. MC-28 Cert. No. MC-28 C SRL DIAGNOSTICS R SQUARE BUILDING, ULLOOR, ICAL COLLEGE P.O ANDRUM, 695011 LA, INDIA 93334 93334, Fax : CIN - U851901 I : customercare.ddrc@srl.in	
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MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHECKUP A	<u>30VE 40(F)TMT</u>		
* ECG WITH REPORT			
REPORT			
REPORT GIVEN * MAMMOGRAPHY -BOTH			

REPORT REPORT GIVEN \* USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS REPORT REPORT GIVEN

REPORT GIVEN \* CHEST X-RAY WITH REPORT REPORT REPORT GIVEN

> \*\*End Of Report\*\* Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession TEST MARKED WITH '\*' ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

Balunain

BABU K MATHEW HOD -BIOCHEMISTRY

hal ans

DR.VAISHALI RAJAN HOD - HAEMATOLOGY

PADMANABHAN NAIR HOD - HORMONES

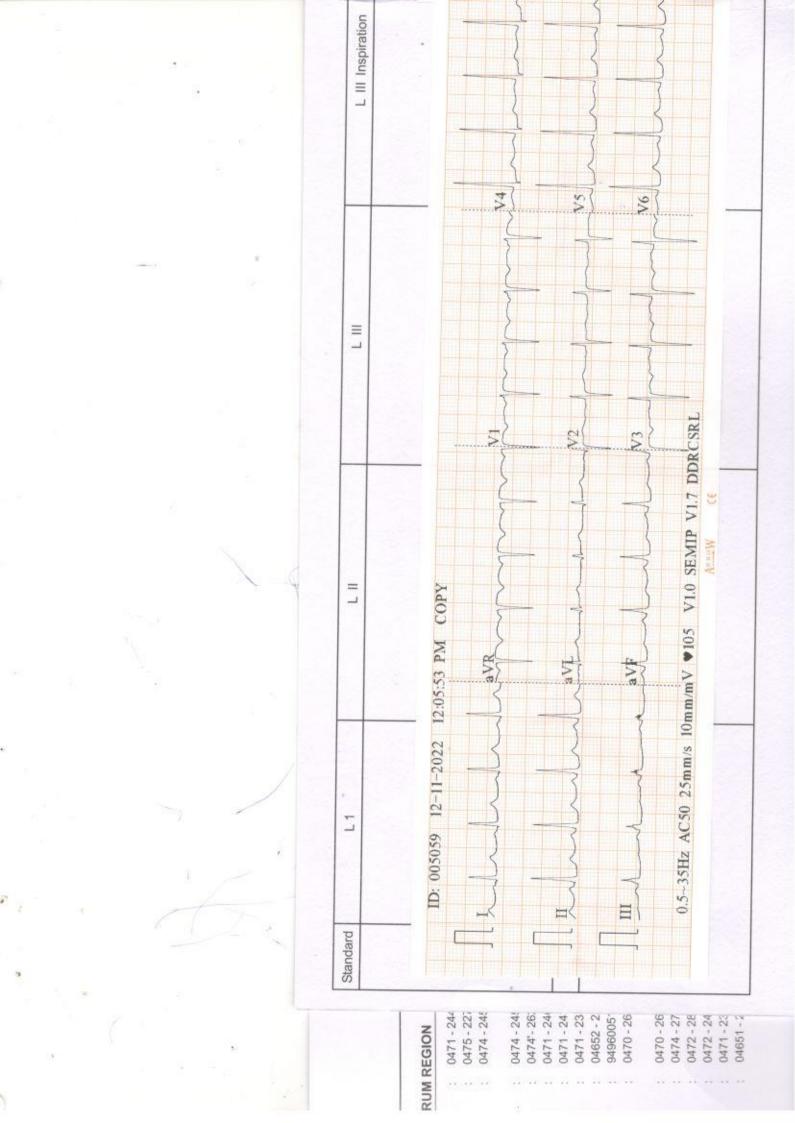
Sibuthy

DR. SRI SRUTHY CONSULTANT MICROBIOLOGIST











## NAME : MRS SUNITHA M R

AGE:43/F

DATE:12/11/2022

### CHEST X-RAY REPORT

CHEST X-RAY PA VIEW

: Trachea central No cardiomegaly Normal vascularity No parenchymal lesion. Costophrenic and cardiophrenic angles clear

> IMPRESSION

: Normal Chest Xray

ELECTRO CARDIOGRAM

NSR :105/minute No evidence of ischaemia.

> IMPRESSION

: Normal Ecg.



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Or. SERIN LOPEZ. MBBS MEDICAL OFFICER DDRC SRL Diagnostics Ltd. Aster Square, Medical College P.O., TVM Reg. No. 77656

DR SERIN LOPEZ MBBS Reg No 77656 DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTICS Services



## RADIOLOGY DIVISION

## MAMMOGRAM REPORT (BOTH)

Acc no:4182VK005059	Name: Mrs. Sunitha M R	Age: 43 y	Sex: Female	Date: 12.11.22
ACC 110.4102410000000	, individual of the second sec	1.0		

(i) INDICATION : - Screening

(ii) BREAST COMPOSITION : -

RIGHT :Heterogeneously dense breast, which may obscure small masses.

LEFT : Heterogeneously dense breast, which may obscure small masses.

#### (iii) OBSERVATION:-

**RIGHT : -** No mass / asymmetry / architectural distortion / significant calcifications. Suggestion of a few axillary lymphnodes.

LEFT :- No mass / asymmetry / architectural distortion / significant calcifications. Suggestion of a few axillary lymphnodes.

(iv) COMPARISON WITH THE PREVIOUS STUDIES : - No previous breast imaging.

### (v) ULTRASOUND FINDINGS :-

RIGHT : Breast composition - Heterogeneous background echotexture.

Mild coarsening, hypoechogenicity of glandular elements and hyperechogenicity of periglandular stromal elements noted in subareolar location - ? Nature / physiological. ? Due to fibroadenotic changes. No mass / cysts / intramammary duct dilation. Nipple areolar complex normal. A few morphologically benign axillary lymphnodes noted, largest measuring 2.5 x 0.8 cm.

LEFT: - Breast composition - Heterogeneous background echotexture.

Mild coarsening, hypoechogenicity of glandular elements and hyperechogenicity of periglandular stromal elements noted in subareolar location - ? Nature / physiological. ? Due to fibroadenotic changes. No mass / cysts / intramammary duct dilation. Nipple areolar complex normal. A few morphologically benign axillary lymphnodes noted, largest measuring 1.9 x 0.8 cm.

### (vi) IMPRESSION :-

RIGHT : - BIRADS assessment category - Negative / Benign BIRADS numeric code - 1 /

LEFT : - BIRADS assessment category - Negative / Benign.

BIRADS numeric code - 1 /2.

(vii) <u>RECOMMENDATIONS</u>: - Routine mammography screening.

Dr. Nisha Unni MD , DNB (RD) Consultant radiologist.

Thanks, your feedback will be appreciated.

(Please bring relevant investigation reports during all visits).

Because of technical and technological limitations complete accuracy cannot be assured on imaging.

Suggested correlation with clinical findings and other relevant investigations consultations , and if required repeat imaging recommended in the event of controversities.AR

### DDRC SRL Diagnostics Private Limited

Aster Square, Medical College P.O., Trivandrum - 695 011. Ph: 0471 - 2551125. e-mail: info@ddrcsrl.com, web: www.ddrcsrl.com Corp. Office: DDRC SRL Tower, G-131, Panampilly Nagar, Ernakulam, Kerala - 682 036, Web: www.ddrcsrl.com

## DDRC SRL Diagnostic Services

## RADIOLOGY DIVISION

Acc no:4182VK005059	Name: Mrs. Sunitha M R	Age: 43 y	Sex: Female	Date: 12.11.22
ACC 110.4102410000000	rume, mo, oundu mrt	//gc. 40 J	OCA. I emaie	

## US SCAN WHOLE ABDOMEN (TAS ONLY)

LIVER is mildly enlarged in size (15.5 cm). Margins are regular. Hepatic parenchyma shows increased echogenicity. No focal lesions seen. No dilatation of intrahepatic biliary radicles. CBD is not dilated. Portal vein is normal in caliber (8.5 mm).

GALL BLADDER is partially distended and lumen clear. No calculi / polyp noted. Wall thickness is normal. No pericholecystic fluid seen.

SPLEEN is normal in size (8.8 cm) and parenchymal echotexture. No focal lesion seen.

PANCREAS Head and body visualized, appears normal in size and parenchymal echotexture. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

**RIGHT KIDNEY** is normal in size (10.9 x 3.9 cm) and shows normal parenchymal echotexture. Cortico medullary differentiation is maintained. Parenchymal thickness is normal. No echogenic focus with shadowing suggestive of renal calculi seen. No dilatation of pelvicalyceal system seen. Ureter is not dilated. Perinephric spaces are normal.

**LEFT KIDNEY** is normal in size (10.1 x 4.5 cm) and shows normal parenchymal echotexture. Cortico medullary differentiation is maintained. Parenchymal thickness is normal. No echogenic focus with shadowing suggestive of renal calculi seen. No dilatation of pelvicalyceal system seen. Ureter is not dilated. Perinephric spaces are normal.

PARAAORTIC AREA No retroperitoneal lymphadenopathy or mass seen.

URINARY BLADDER is distended, normal in wall thickness, lumen clear.

UTERUS is bulky, globular shaped and measures 8.5 x 4.7 x 5.3 cm, myometrial echopattern normal. No focal lesions seen. Endometrial thickness is 6.1 mm. Nabothian cysts noted in cervix, largest measuring 12.7 mm.

Both ovaries are normal. Right ovary measures 3.1 x 1.4 cm. Left ovary measures 2.6 x 1.1 cm. No adnexal mass seen. No fluid in pouch of Douglas.

No ascites or pleural effusion.

Gaseous distension of bowel loops noted. No obvious bowel wall thickening seen sonologically.

### CONCLUSION:-

> Hepatomegaly with grade I / II fatty changes - Suggest LFT correlation.

Dr. Nisha Unni MD , DNB ( RD ) Consultant radiologist.

Thanks for referral. Your feedback will be appreciated. (Please bring relevant investigation reports during all visits) Because of technical and technological limitations complete accuracy cannot be assured on imaging. Suggested correlation with clinical findings and other relevant investigations consultations, and if required repeat imaging recommended in the event of controversities.AR

DDRC SRL Diagnostics Private Limited

Aster Square, Medical College P.O., Trivandrum - 695 011, Ph: 0471 - 2551125, e-mail: info@ddrcsrl.com, web: www.ddrcsrl.com Corp. Office: DDRC SRL Tower, G-131, Panampilly Nagar, Ernakulam, Kerala - 682 036. Web: www.ddrcsrl.com If the examinee is suffering from an acute me ... ning situation, you may be obliged to disclose the result of the medical examination to the examinee.

 1. Name of the examinee
 :
 Mr./Mrs./Ms.
 Sunithan M.R.

 2. Mark of Identification
 :
 (Mole/Scar/any other (specify location)):

 3. Age/Date of Birth
 :
 43/F
 Gender:

 4. Photo ID Checked
 :
 (Passport/Election Card/PAN Card/Driving Licence/Company ID)

### PHYSICAL DETAILS:

Diagnostic Services

a. Height	.b. Weight	fo (Kgs)	c. Girth of Ab	domen (cms)	
d. Pulse Rate	e. Blood Pressu	ire:	Systolic	Diastolic	
		1 <sup>st</sup> Reading	130	90	
		2 <sup>nd</sup> Reading		and a second second	

### FAMILY HISTORY:

Relation	Age if Living	Health Status	If deceased, age at the time and cause	
Father		1		
Mother '				
Brother(s)	Olahal	Discussion No	work	
Sister(s)	Giobai	Diagnostics Network		

HABITS & ADDICTIONS: Does the examinee consume any of the following?

Tobasce in any form	Sedative	Alcohol
Diagnostic Services		

### PERSONAL HISTORY

- a. Are you presently in good health and entirely free from any mental or Physical impairment or deformity. If No, please attach details.
- b. Have you undergone/been advised any surgical procedure?

### Have you ever suffered from any of the following?

- Psychological Disorders or any kind of disorders of the Nervous System?
   Y/N
- Any disorders of Respiratory system?
- Any Cardiac or Circulatory Disorders?
- Enlarged glands or any form of Cancer/Tumour?
- · Any Musculoskeletal disorder?

c. During the last 5 years have you been medically examined, received any advice or treatment or admitted to any hospital? Y/N

MEDICAL EXAMINATION REPORT (MER)

- d. Have you lost or gained weight in past 12 months? Y/N
- Any disorder of Gastrointestinal System? Y/N
  - Unexplained recurrent or persistent fever, and/or weight loss
     Y/N
  - Have you been tested for HIV/HBsAg / HCV before? If yes attach reports
     Y/N
  - · Are you presently taking medication of any kind?

## DDRC SRL Diagnostics Private Limited

Corp. Office: DDRC SRL Tower, G- 131, Panampilly Nagar, Ernakulam - 682 036 Ph No. 0484-2318223, 2318222, e-mail: info@ddrcsrl.com, web: www.ddrcsrl.com

Regd. Office: 4th Floor, Prime Square, Plot No.1, Gaiwadi Industrial Estate, S.V. Road, Goregaon (West), Mumbai - 400062.

## **Global Diagnostics Network**

Y/N

Y/N

YAN

YK

• Any disorders of Urinary System?	Y/Ņ	<ul> <li>Any disorder of the Eyes, Ears, N Mouth &amp; Skin</li> </ul>	lose, Throat or Y/N
FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES ONLY			
a. Is there any history of diseases of breast organs?	/genital Y/N	d. Do you have any history of misca abortion or MTP	urriage/ Y/N
<ul> <li>b. Is there any history of abnormal PAP Smear/Mammogram/USG of Pelvis or a tests? (If yes attach reports)</li> </ul>	any other Y/N	<ul> <li>e. For Parous Women, were there ar during pregnancy such as gestatic hypertension etc</li> </ul>	
c. Do you suspect any disease of Uterus, Cer Ovaries?	vix or Y/N	f. Are you now pregnant? If yes, ho	w many months? Y/N

## CONFIDENTAIL COMMENTS FROM MEDICAL EXAMINER

1	Was the examinee co-operative?	YIN	
A	Is there anything about the examine's health, lifestyle that might affect him/her in the near future with regardle h	ard to	
	his/her job?	Y/N	
>	Are there any points on which you suggest further information be obtained?	Y/N	
Þ	Based on your clinical impression, please provide your suggestions and recommendations below;		

> Do you think he/she is MEDICALLY FIT or UNFIT for employment.

## MEDICAL EXAMINER'S DECLARATION

I hereby confirm that I have examined the above individual after verification of his/her identity and the findings stated above are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Name & Signature of the Medical Examiner

Seal of Medical Examiner

Name & Seal of DDRC SRL Branch

Date & Time

Dr. SERIN LOPEZ. MBBS MEDICAL OFFICER ODRC SRL Diagnostics Ltd. Aster Square, Medical College P.O., TVM Reg. No. 77656

12/11/2022.

# **DDRC SRL Diagnostics Private Limited**

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