

BP - 130/70  
P - 68/45  
H - 169 cm  
wt - 90 kg

Mr. Kamal Joshi 20/02/24  
Age - 45 y/m  
KID BP (TRICORMINAL 40 / MAITRORP 50)  
Regular check up

CBC - 14.7 / 5.79 / 5.55 / 120  
LFT - 21 / 30 / 84  
Lipid - 170 / 135 / 41 / 102  
FBS - 102, PP - 143  
Creat - 1.16  
Urea - 12  
HbA1c - 6.2  
T3 - 1.27  
T4 - 7.70  
TSH - 2.100  
VitD - 38.06  
PSA - 0.300  
U (T+B)2 - 198

8  
- Cap liquid D3 one week  
- Cap Carodin - 1222 x 30d  
- Tab MYOSPAS BD x 5dy  
- Tab Gabapin-NI (400/10) 1/2 tab रात 8-9 o'clock x 10d

Zumberbalt (Daytime)  
Renew qtr 5 dy



**Dr. Animesh Choudhary**  
MD Medicine  
Reg. No. CGMC 3583/2011  
Apollo Clinic Raipur

- Consult for : Digital Dentistry • Fixed Teeth • RCT • Dental Implants • Gums Diseases • Dentures • Cosmetic Filling • Tooth Jewellery
- Digital OPG • Braces Treatment • Tooth Removal • Kids Dental Treatment • All Kind of Dental Surgeries

Mr. Kamal Joshi  
45/M.

17/2/24

c/c → Pt complains of food lodgement in upper left back region of jaw.

O/E → Stains ++  
Calculus +

Proximal Caries  $\bar{c} / 5$

Crown and RCT treated  $\bar{c} / 4$

Adv → Restoration  $\bar{c} / 5$   
Oral Prophylaxis

Dr. Vivek



ID: 225  
MR KAMAL JOSHI  
Male 45Years

17-02-2024 10:18:20 AM

HR	: 64	bpm
P	: 84	ms
PR	: 136	ms
QRS	: 80	ms
QT/QTc	: 388/401	ms
P/QRS/T	: 35/9/0	°
RV5/SV1	: 0.731/0.671	mV



Diagnosis Information:

Sinus rhythm  
Inferior T wave abnormality is nonspecific  
Borderline ECG

Report Confirmed by

**APOLLO CLINIC RAIPUR**  
Dr. Animesh Choudhary  
M.D. Medicine 3583125  
Reg. No. CGMC 3583125  
Apollo Clinic Raipur

**EXAMINATION OF EYES :- ( BY OPHTHALMOLOGIST )**

Patient Name Mr. Kamal Joshi

Date 17/02/24

Sex/Age M/45 yrs

MR No .....

Employee Id .....

EXTERNAL EXAMINATION				
SQUINT				
NYSTAGMUS				
COLOUR VISION				
FUNDUS:(RE):- <u>WNL</u> (LE):- <u>WNL</u>				
INDIVIDUAL COLOUR IDENTIFICATION				
DISTANT VISION:(RE):- <u>6/12 P.C. 6/6</u> (LE):- <u>6/6</u>				
NEAR VISION:(RE):- <u>N8 E 4 N6</u> (LE):- <u>N8 E 4 N6</u>				
NIGHT BLINDNESS				
	SPH	CYL	AXIS	ADD
RIGHT	<u>-0.75</u>	<u>+1.50</u>	<u>170°</u>	<u>+1.75 sph</u>
LEFT	<u>←</u>	<u>←</u>	<u>←</u>	<u>←</u>
REMARKS :-				

Dr. Vikas Mishra  
MBBS, MS (Ophthalmologist)  
Reg. No. CG 12345/2006



NAME OF PATIENT: MR. KAMAL JOSHI

AGE: 45YRS / MALE

REFERRED BY: UNION BANK

DATE: 17/02/2024.

**CHEST X - RAY PA VIEW**

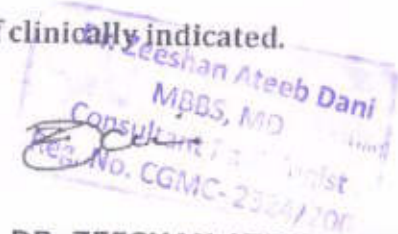
**FINDINGS:**

- Both the domes of diaphragm and CP angles are normal.
- Both the hila and mediastinum are normal.
- Both the lung fields are clear. No e/o focal parenchymal lesion.
- Cardio-thoracic ratio is normal.
- Soft tissues and bony cage are unremarkable.

**IMPRESSION:**

- NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY SEEN.

Advised: Clinical correlation and further evaluation if clinically indicated.



**DR. ZEESHAN ATEEB DANI**  
(MD)  
CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

This report is for perusal of the doctor only not the definitive diagnosis; findings have to be clinically correlated. This report is not for medico-legal purposes.

PATIENT NAME:- MR. KAMAL JOSHI  
REF BY :- UNION BANK

AGE/SEX: 45 YRS/M  
DATE:- 17.02.2024

**USG ABDOMEN**

**Liver :** Liver is normal in size cm, smooth in outline with echotexture. IHBR's are not dilated. CBD is not dilated. Portal vein and hepatic veins are normal.

**Gall bladder :** Distended & normal.

**Pancreas & Paraaortic Region :** Normal.

**Spleen :** Is normal size measures cc cm and echotexture.

Kidneys	RIGHT	LEFT
SIZE	9.63X10.83cm	10.83X5.29cm
CORTICAL ECHOGENICITY	Normal	Normal
CORTICOMEDULLARY DIFFERENTIATION	Maintained	Maintained
PCS	Not dilated	Not dilated
Any other remarks	Nil	Nil

**Urinary bladder.-** Distended & normal

**Prostate:** is enlarged in size measures weight 17.900 gm shape & echotexture.

No free fluid in abdomen.

Visualized bowel loops are normal.

No significant intra-abdominal lymphadenopathy seen.

**IMPRESSION:**

**GRADE - II FATTY LIVER**

Advised clinical correlation/further evaluation if clinically indicated.



*Dr. Zeeshan*  
**DR. ZEESHAN ATEEB DANI**  
(MD)  
CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

This report is for perusal of the doctor only not the definitive diagnosis. Findings have to be clinically correlated. Ultrasound has its limitations in obese patients and in retroperitoneal organs. All reports are for informational purposes only. This report is not for medico-legal purposes.


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## ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY REPORT

NAME : MR. KAMAL JOSHI	Age/Sex: 45Yrs/male	ECG : SINUS RHYTHM
OPD/ IPD : OPD	STUDY DATE: 20 /02/2024	REGN. NO. : FRAI.00000
Ref.By Dr : UNION BANK		

### M-MODE MEASUREMENTS:-

	Patient Value (cm)	Normal Value (cm)		Patient Value (cm)	Normal Value (cm)
AorticRoot Diameter	2.8	2.0 – 3.7	IVS Thickness	ED = 1.4 ES = 1.7	0.6 – 1.1
AorticValve Opening	1.8	1.5 – 2.6	PW Thickness	ED = 1.4 ES = 1.7	0.6 – 1.1
LA Dimension	3.4	1.9 – 4.0	RA Dimension	---	2.6
LVID(D)	3.8	3.7 – 5.5	RV Dimension	---	2.6
LVID(s)	2.3	2.2 – 4.0	TAPSE	---	1.6 – 2.6
LV EJECTION FRACTION	> 60%		(NORMAL VALUE: 55 – 60%)		

### 2D ECHO, COLOR FLOW & DOPPLER ASSESSMENT

- Left Ventricle : LV Size & contractility is Normal, NO RWMA, Calculated EF IS > 60%
- Left Atrium : LA Size Is Normal
- Right Ventricle : Normal
- Right Atrium : Normal
- IAS/IVS : Intact
- Pericardium : Normal, there is no Pericardial Effusion.
- Mitral Valve : E<A , Normal
- Tricuspid Valve : Normal
- Aortic Valve : Normal
- Pulmonary Valve : Pulmonary valve appears normal in morphology.
- Systemic venous : IVC normal in size with normal Inspiratory collapse.

**FINAL IMPRESSION** : NO RWMA AT REST.  
 NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION.  
 COCENTRIC LVH PRESENT  
 LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION GRADE I  
 NO I/C CLOT VEGITATION OR PERICARDIAL EFFUSION.



DR. DEEPAN DAS  
 MBBS, DIP. CARDIOLOGY  
 CONSULTANT DEPT. OF NIC

Apollo Clinic

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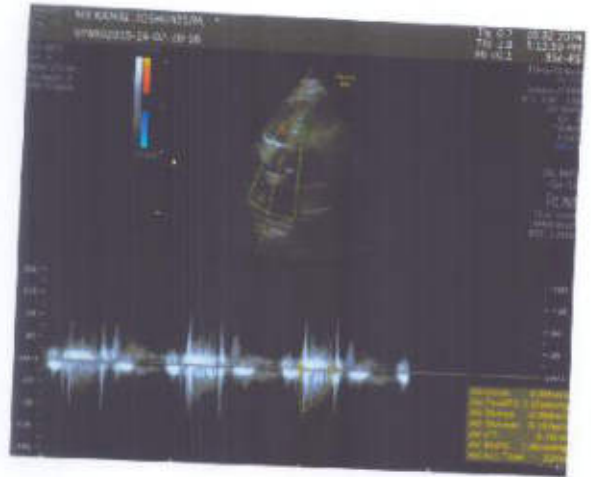
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Patient Name : MR KAMAL JOSHI  
UHID/ MR No : 9196  
Visit Date : 17/02/2024  
Sample Collected On : 17/02/2024 05:43PM  
Ref. Doctor : SELF  
Sponsor Name :

Age/Gender : 45 Y. Male  
OP Visit No : OPD-UNIT-II-2  
Reported On : 18/02/2024 01:01PM

### HAEMATOLOGY

Investigation	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
<b>HEMOGRAM</b>			
Haemoglobin(HB) Method: CELL COUNTER	14.7	gm/dl	12 - 17
Erythrocyte (RBC) Count Method: CELL COUNTER	5.79	mill/cu.mm.	4.20 - 6.00
PCV (Packed Cell Volume) Method: CELL COUNTER	44.10	%	39 - 52
MCV (Mean Corpuscular Volume) Method: CELL COUNTER	76.2	fL	76.00 - 100
MCH (Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin) Method: CELL COUNTER	25.4	pg	26 - 34
MCHC (Mean Corpuscular Hb Concn.) Method: CELL COUNTER	33.3	g/dl	32 - 35
RDW (Red Cell Distribution Width) Method: CELL COUNTER	12.4	%	11- 16
Total Leucocytes (WBC) Count Method: CELL COUNTER	5.55	cells/cumm	3.50 - 10.00
Neutrophils Method: CELL COUNTER	61	%	40.0 - 73.0
Lymphocytes Method: CELL COUNTER	28	%	15.0 - 45.0
Eosinophils Method: CELL COUNTER	03	%	1-6%
Monocytes	08	%	4.0 - 12.0
Basophils Method: CELL COUNTER	00	%	0.0 - 2.0

**End of Report**  
Results are to be correlated clinically

Lab Technician / Technologist  
path

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*Ramchand*  
DR DHANANJAY RAMCHANDRA PRASAD  
M.D. PATHOLOGY

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UHID/ MR No : 9196  
Visit Date : 17/02/2024  
Sample Collected On : 17/02/2024 05:43PM  
Ref. Doctor : SELF  
Sponsor Name :

Age/Gender : 45 Y Male  
OP Visit No : OPD-UNIT-II-2  
Reported On : 18/02/2024 01:01PM

### HAEMATOLOGY

Investigation	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Platelet Count Method: CELL COUNTER	120	lacs/cu.mm	150-400
ESR- Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate Method: Westergren's Method	10	mm /HR	0 - 10


### Blood Group (ABO Typing)

Blood Group (ABO Typing) : B  
RhD factor (Rh Typing) : POSITIVE

**End of Report**  
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Lab Technician / Technologist  
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M.D. PATHOLOGY

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 Ref. Doctor : SELF  
 Sponsor Name :

Age/Gender : 45 Y Male  
 OP Visit No : OPD-UNIT-II-2  
 Reported On : 18/02/2024 01:01PM

### BIO CHEMISTRY

Investigation	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
<b>GLUCOSE - (POST PRANDIAL)</b>			
Glucose -Post prandial Method: REAGENT GRADE WATER	143.0	mg/dl	70-140
<b>GLUCOSE (FASTING)</b>			
Glucose- Fasting SUGAR REAGENT GRADE WATER	102.0	mg/dl	70 - 120
<b>KFT - RENAL PROFILE - SERUM</b>			
BUN-Blood Urea Nitrogen METHOD: Spectrophotometric	12	mg/dl	7 - 20
<b>Creatinine</b> METHOD: Spectrophotometric	1.16	mg/dl	0.6-1.4
<b>Uric Acid</b> Method: Spectrophotometric	4.4	mg/dL	2.6 - 7.2

**End of Report**  
 Results are to be correlated clinically

Lab Technician / Technologist  
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 M.D. PATHOLOGY

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Patient Name : MR KAMAL JOSHI  
 UHID/ MR No : 9196  
 Visit Date : 17/02/2024  
 Sample Collected On : 17/02/2024 05:43PM  
 Ref. Doctor : SELF  
 Sponsor Name :

Age/Gender : 45 Y Male  
 OP Visit No : OPD-UNIT-II-1  
 Reported On : 18/02/2024 01:01PM

**BIO CHEMISTRY**

Investigation	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
<b>LIPID PROFILE TEST (PACKAGE)</b>			
Cholesterol - Total	170.0	mg/dl	Desirable: < 200 Borderline High: 200-239 High: >= 240
Triglycerides level	135.0	mg/dl	Normal : < 150 Borderline High : 150-199 Very High : >=500
Method: Spectrophotometric HDL Cholesterol	41.0	mg/dl	Major risk factor for heart disease: < 40 Negative risk factor for heart disease :>60
Method: Spectrophotometric LDL Cholesterol	102	mg/dl	Optimal< 100                      Near Optimal :100 – 129 Borderline High : 130-159 High : 160-189                      Very High : >=190
Method: Spectrophotometric VLDL Cholesterol	27	mg/dl	6 - 38
Total Cholesterol/HDL Ratio	4.15		3.5-5
Method: Spectrophotometric			

**End of Report**  
*Results are to be correlated clinically*

Lab Technician / Technologist  
 path



**DR DHANANJAY RAMCHANDRA PRASAD**  
 M.D. PATHOLOGY

Patient Name : MR KAMAL JOSHI  
 UHID/ MR No : 9196  
 Visit Date : 17/02/2024  
 Sample Collected On : 17/02/2024 05:43PM  
 Ref. Doctor : SELF  
 Sponsor Name :

Age/Gender : 45 Y. Male  
 OP Visit No : OPD-UNIT-II-2  
 Reported On : 18/02/2024 01:01PM

**BIO CHEMISTRY**

Investigation	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
<b>LIVER FUNCTION TEST</b>			
<b>Bilirubin - Total</b> Method: Spectrophotometric	0.8	mg/dl	0.1- 1.2
<b>Bilirubin - Direct</b> Method: Spectrophotometric	0.2	mg/dl	0.05-0.3
<b>Bilirubin (Indirect)</b> Method: Calculated	0.60	mg/dl	0 - 1
<b>SGOT (AST)</b> Method: Spectrophotometric	21	U/L	0 - 40
<b>SGPT (ALT)</b> Method: Spectrophotometric	30	U/L	0 - 41
<b>ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE</b>	84	U/L	25-147
<b>Total Proteins</b> Method: Spectrophotometric	6.8	g/dl	6 - 8
<b>Albumin</b> Method: Spectrophotometric	4.6	mg/dl	3.4 - 5.0
<b>Globulin</b> Method: Calculated	2.2	g/dl	1.8 - 3.6
<b>A/G Ratio</b> Method: Calculated	2.0	%	1.1 - 2.2

**End of Report**  
 Results are to be correlated clinically

Lab Technician / Technologist  
 path

Patient Name : Mr.KAMAL JOSHI	Collected : 17/Feb/2024 06:24PM
Age/Gender : 45 Y 0 M 0 D /M	Received : 17/Feb/2024 06:55PM
UHID/MR No : DSUS.0000006430	Reported : 17/Feb/2024 08:08PM
Visit ID : DSUSOPV7496	Status : Final Report
Ref Doctor : APOLLO CLINIC	Client Name : PUP APOLLO CLINIC SAMRIDDHI AR
IP/OP NO :	Patient location : Raipur,Raipur

**DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>HBA1C (GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN) , WHOLE BLOOD EDTA</b>				
HBA1C, GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN	6.1	%		HPLC
ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE (eAG)	128	mg/dL		Calculated

**Comment:**

Reference Range as per American Diabetes Association (ADA) 2023 Guidelines:

REFERENCE GROUP	HBA1C %
NON DIABETIC	<5.7
PREDIABETES	5.7 – 6.4
DIABETES	≥ 6.5
DIABETICS	
EXCELLENT CONTROL	6 – 7
FAIR TO GOOD CONTROL	7 – 8
UNSATISFACTORY CONTROL	8 – 10
POOR CONTROL	>10

Note: Dietary preparation or fasting is not required.

- HbA1C is recommended by American Diabetes Association for Diagnosing Diabetes and monitoring Glycemic Control by American Diabetes Association guidelines 2023.
- Trends in HbA1C values is a better indicator of Glycemic control than a single test.
- Low HbA1C in Non-Diabetic patients are associated with Anemia (Iron Deficiency/Hemolytic), Liver Disorders, Chronic Kidney Disease. Clinical Correlation is advised in interpretation of low Values.
- Falsely low HbA1c (below 4%) may be observed in patients with clinical conditions that shorten erythrocyte life span or decrease mean erythrocyte age. HbA1c may not accurately reflect glycemic control when clinical conditions that affect erythrocyte survival are present.
- In cases of Interference of Hemoglobin variants in HbA1C, alternative methods (Fructosamine) estimation is recommended for Glycemic Control
  - A: HbF >25%
  - B: Homozygous Hemoglobinopathy.
 (Hb Electrophoresis is recommended method for detection of Hemoglobinopathy)

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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LICENCED BY M.D. KUMAR APOGYAM PVT. LTD.  
M.B.B.S. M.D.(Pathology)  
Consultant Pathologist

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Patient Name : MR KAMAL JOSHI  
 UHID/ MR No : 9196  
 Visit Date : 17/02/2024  
 Sample Collected On : 17/02/2024 05:43PM  
 Ref. Doctor : SELF  
 Sponsor Name :

Age/Gender : 45 Y Male  
 OP Visit No : OPD-UNIT-II-2  
 Reported On : 18/02/2024 01:01PM

### CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Investigation	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
<b>URINE ROUTINE EXAMINATION</b>			
<b>Physical Examination</b>			
Volum of urine	30ML		Clear
Appearance	Clear		Colourless
Colour	Pale Yellow		1.001 - 1.030
Specific Gravity	1.020		
Reaction (pH)	6.0		
<b>Chemical Examination</b>			
Protein(Albumin) Urine	Absent		Absent
Glucose(Sugar) Urine	Absent		Absent
Blood	Absent		Absent
Leukocytes	Absent		Absent
Ketone Urine	Absent		Absent
Bilirubin Urine	Absent		Absent
Urobilinogen	Absent		Absent
Nitrite (Urine)	Absent		Absent
<b>Microscopic Examination</b>			
RBC (Urine)	NIL	/hpf	0 - 2
Pus cells	1-2	/hpf	0 - 5
Epithelial Cell	2-4	/hpf	0 - 5
Crystals	Not Seen	/hpf	Not Seen
Bacteria	Not Seen	/hpf	Not Seen
Budding yeast	Not Seen	/hpf	

**End of Report**  
 Results are to be correlated clinically

Lab Technician / Technologist  
 path

Patient Name : Mr.KAMAL JOSHI	Collected : 17/Feb/2024 12:34PM
Age/Gender : 45 Y 0 M 0 D /M	Received : 17/Feb/2024 01:43PM
UHID/MR No : DSUS.0000006425	Reported : 17/Feb/2024 02:24PM
Visit ID : DSUSOPV7490	Status : Final Report
Ref Doctor : APOLLO CLINIC	Client Name : PUP APOLLO CLINIC SAMRIDDHI AR
IP/OP NO :	Patient location : Raipur,Raipur

**DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>THYROID PROFILE TOTAL (T3, T4, TSH) , SERUM</b>				
TRI-IODOTHYRONINE (T3, TOTAL)	1.27	ng/mL	0.6-1.81	CLIA
THYROXINE (T4, TOTAL)	7.70	µg/dL	3.2-12.6	CLIA
THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)	2.100	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA

**Comment:**

For pregnant females	Bio Ref Range for TSH in uIU/ml (As per American Thyroid Association)
First trimester	0.1 - 2.5
Second trimester	0.2 - 3.0
Third trimester	0.3 - 3.0

1. TSH is a glycoprotein hormone secreted by the anterior pituitary. TSH activates production of T3 (Triiodothyronine) and its prohormone T4 (Thyroxine). Increased blood level of T3 and T4 inhibit production of TSH.
2. TSH is elevated in primary hypothyroidism and will be low in primary hyperthyroidism. Elevated or low TSH in the context of normal free thyroxine is often referred to as sub-clinical hypo- or hyperthyroidism respectively.
3. Both T4 & T3 provides limited clinical information as both are highly bound to proteins in circulation and reflects mostly inactive hormone. Only a very small fraction of circulating hormone is free and biologically active.
4. Significant variations in TSH can occur with circadian rhythm, hormonal status, stress, sleep deprivation, medication & circulating antibodies.

TSH	T3	T4	FT4	Conditions
High	Low	Low	Low	Primary Hypothyroidism, Post Thyroidectomy, Chronic Autoimmune Thyroiditis
High	N	N	N	Subclinical Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune Thyroiditis, Insufficient Hormone Replacement Therapy.
N/Low	Low	Low	Low	Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
Low	High	High	High	Primary Hyperthyroidism, Goitre, Thyroiditis, Drug effects, Early Pregnancy
Low	N	N	N	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
Low	Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Treatment with Hyperthyroidism
Low	N	High	High	Thyroiditis, Interfering Antibodies
N/Low	High	N	N	T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Non thyroidal causes
High	High	High	High	Pituitary Adenoma; TSHoma/Thyrotropinoma



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**Apollo Clinic**  
DR. MAHESH KUMAR  
M.B.B.S, M.D(Pathology)  
Consultant Pathologist

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Patient Name : Mr.KAMAL JOSHI	Collected : 17/Feb/2024 12:34PM
Age/Gender : 45 Y 0 M 0 D /M	Received : 17/Feb/2024 01:43PM
UHID/MR No : DSUS.0000006425	Reported : 17/Feb/2024 02:24PM
Visit ID : DSUSOPV7490	Status : Final Report
Ref Doctor : APOLLO CLINIC	Client Name : PUP APOLLO CLINIC SAMRIDDHI AR
IP/OP NO :	Patient location : Raipur,Raipur

**DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
VITAMIN D (25 - OH VITAMIN D) , SERUM	38.06	ng/mL	30-100	CLIA

**Comment:**

**BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE RANGES**

VITAMIN D STATUS	VITAMIN D 25 HYDROXY (ng/mL.)
DEFICIENCY	<10
INSUFFICIENCY	10 - 30
SUFFICIENCY	30 - 100
TOXICITY	>100

The biological function of Vitamin D is to maintain normal levels of calcium and phosphorus absorption. 25-Hydroxy vitamin D is the storage form of vitamin D. Vitamin D assists in maintaining bone health by facilitating calcium absorption. Vitamin D deficiency can also cause osteomalacia, which frequently affects elderly patients.

Vitamin D Total levels are composed of two components namely 25-Hydroxy Vitamin D2 and 25-Hydroxy Vitamin D3 both of which are converted into active forms. Vitamin D2 level corresponds with the exogenous dietary intake of Vitamin D rich foods as well as supplements. Vitamin D3 level corresponds with endogenous production as well as exogenous diet and supplements.

Vitamin D from sunshine on the skin or from dietary intake is converted predominantly by the liver into 25-hydroxy vitamin D, which has a long half-life and is stored in the adipose tissue. The metabolically active form of vitamin D, 1,25-di-hydroxy vitamin D, which has a short life, is then synthesized in the kidney as needed from circulating 25-hydroxy vitamin D. The reference interval of greater than 30 ng/mL is a target value established by the Endocrine Society.

**Decreased Levels:**

- Inadequate exposure to sunlight.
- Dietary deficiency.
- Vitamin D malabsorption.
- Severe Hepatocellular disease.
- Drugs like Anticonvulsants.
- Nephrotic syndrome.

**Increased levels:**

- Vitamin D intoxication.

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
VITAMIN B12 , SERUM	198	pg/mL	180-914	CLIA

**Comment:**

- Vitamin B12 deficiency frequently causes macrocytic anemia, glossitis, peripheral neuropathy, weakness, hyperreflexia, ataxia, loss of proprioception, poor coordination, and affective behavioral changes.
- The most common cause of deficiency is malabsorption either due to atrophy of gastric mucosa or diseases of terminal ileum.



\*THIS PAPER IS USED FOR CLINICAL REPORTING PURPOSE ONLY

Patient Name	: Mr.KAMAL JOSHI	Collected	: 17/Feb/2024 12:34PM
Age/Gender	: 45 Y 0 M 0 D /M	Received	: 17/Feb/2024 01:43PM
UHID/MR No	: DSUS.0000006425	Reported	: 17/Feb/2024 02:24PM
Visit ID	: DSUSOPV7490	Status	: Final Report
Ref Doctor	: APOLLO CLINIC	Client Name	: PUP APOLLO CLINIC SAMRIDDHI AR
IP/OP NO	:	Patient location	: Raipur,Raipur

**DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY**

Patients taking vitamin B12 supplementation may have misleading results.

- A normal serum concentration of B12 does not rule out tissue deficiency of vitamin B12 .
- The most sensitive test for B12 deficiency at the cellular level is the assay for MMA. If clinical symptoms suggest deficiency, measurement of MMA and homocysteine should be considered, even if serum B12 concentrations are normal.
- Increased levels can be seen in Chronic renal failure, Congestive heart failure, Leukemias, Polycythemia vera, Liver disease etc.



**DR MAIKAL KUMAR**  
M.B.B.S, M.D(Pathology)  
Consultant Pathologist

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Apollo Clinic, Iron Complex, A.T. Classic Near Ashoka Ratan, VIP Estate, Shankar Nagar, Raipur (C.G.)  
Email : raipur1@apolloclinic.com | Website : www.apolloclinic.com  
Or **STN No: 1400984179** www.askapollo.com | Online reports: https://phr.apolloclinic.com

 **+91 94220 2363**

 **0771 4033341**

Patient Name : Mr.KAMAL JOSHI	Collected : 17/Feb/2024 12:34PM
Age/Gender : 45 Y 0 M 0 D /M	Received : 18/Feb/2024 12:59PM
UHID/MR No : DSUS.000006425	Reported : 18/Feb/2024 02:34PM
Visit ID : DSUSOPV7490	Status : Final Report
Ref Doctor : APOLLO CLINIC	Client Name : PUP APOLLO CLINIC SAMRIDDHI AR
IP/OP NO :	Patient location : Raipur,Raipur

**DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
TOTAL PROSTATIC SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (tPSA) , SERUM	0.300	ng/mL	0-4	CLIA

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



**Dr. RAJESH BATTINA**  
**PHD. (Biochemistry)**  
**Consultant Biochemist**  
 SIN No: M08984308

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M.R. Kamey  
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- 7.00 am. - दूध + प्रोटीन पाउडर / सोया पाउडर
- 9.00 am. - सैंडविच (पनीर/चीज)/पनीर पराठा/ब्रेड (आटे वाला)  
+ आमलेट/उबला अण्डा/दाल का चीला (मूंग, उड़द, चना)/ उबला हुआ कान
- 11.00 am. - मिल्क शेक/बादाम शेक/बनाना शेक/फल/अंकुरित सलाद ✓
- 1.00 pm. - 2-3 रोटी + 1 कप चावल  
1 कप दाल + 1 कप दही  
1 कप सब्जी (बीन्स/राजमा/पनीर/सोयाबीन)  
1 प्लेट सलाद/दही सलाद/रायता
- 4.00 pm. - चाय + बिस्किट/ड्राय फ्रुट्स / मूंगफली चिकी/दूध + केला
- 6.00 pm. - सुप (पालक/मिक्स वेज) / टमाटर
- 8.00 pm. - 2-3 रोटी + 1 कप चावल  
1 कप दाल + 1 कप सब्जी  
1 प्लेट सलाद
- 10.00 pm. - दूध + प्रोटीन पाउडर / सोया पाउडर
- पयोग करें - अनाज, दालें, फल (अंगूर/तरबूज/केला), ड्रायफ्रुट्स, हरी सब्जीयाँ,  
हरी पत्तेदार सब्जी, राजमा,  
छोले, बीन्स, कच्चा लहसुन, कच्चा प्याज, सोयाबीन, दूध, पनीर, दही, मठा, चीज,  
अंडा, मछली, चिकन,
- होज करें - तेलीय भोजन, मिर्च, मसालेदार भोजन, अचार, चटनी, मुर्ब्बा, कोल्ड ड्रिंक्स,  
फास्ट फूड, मैदे से बने खाद्य पदार्थ .....

- ① Take a. High fibre diet - / High Protein
- ② Take a. water 8/12 glass

