

(Govt. Recognised Advanced 3D-4D Ultrasound and State-of-the-art Digital X-Ray Centre)

Regn. No.: GZB02641

10D-180 (Near Nagar Nigam Office), Vasundhara, Ghaziabad, Phone: 0120-4127778, 9899994884

Name

: Mr. Sandeep Kumar

Visit No.

: SR240903005

Age/Gender

: 44 Y/Male

Referred by

: PREM-DHARAM HOSPITAL

Patient ID

: 24/090300005

Received On

: 09/03/2024 11:00

Collected On

: 09/03/2024 11:00

Reported On

10/03/2024 11:09

Barcode

PDH226AB

	IMM	UNOLOGY	
(2)	THYR	OID PROFILE	
Test Name	Obtained Value	Units	Bio. Ref. Intervals(Age/Gender specific)
TOTAL TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)	104.63	ng/dL	60 - 200
Methodology : Chemiluminescence Immunoas	soy(CLIA)		
TOTAL THYROXINE (T4)	4.67	ug/dl	4.5 - 12
	689 L & L		

ulU/mL

Methodology Chemiluminescence Immunoassay(CLIA)

THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE

(TSH)

Newborns: 0.70 - 15.2

Peadiatric:

0.35 -5.50

2weeks-4 months: 1.7-9.1 <12 months: 1.36 - 8.8 1- 6 years: 0.85 - 6.5 7-12 years: 0.28 - 4.3

Pregnancy:

1st Trimester: 0.1-2.5 2nd&3rd Trimester 0.2-3.0

Methodology: Chemiluminescence Immunoassay(CL(A)

Sample Type: serum

Interpretation Notes:

Note:

- 1. TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m. and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%, hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.
- 2. Recommended test for T3 and T4 is unbound fraction or free levels as it is metabolically
- Physiological rise in Total T3/T4 levels is seen in pregnancy and in patients on steroid therapy.

3.20

*** End Of Report ***

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- 3D/4D Ultrasound
- Whole Body Color Doppler
- Immediately for possible remedial action (24 Hours)
 - 2D Echocardiography
 - ECG-3 Channel



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MINIOTO 2001			
Test Name	Obtained Value	Units	Bio. Ref. Intervals(Age/Gender specific)
PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN -TOTAL	0.87	ng/mL	_0.0-4.0

Methodology : Chemiluminiscence

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN -TOTAL

Interpretation Notes:

The PSA test and digital rectal exam (DRE) may be used to screen both asymptomatic and symptomatic men for prostate cancer. PSA is a protein produced primarily by cells in the prostate and most of the PSA is released into semen, but small amounts of it are also released into the blood. PSA exists in two forms in the blood; free (not bound) and complexed (cPSA, bound to other proteins). Lab tests can measure free PSA or total PSA (bound plus unbound). Some organizations, such as the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force, feel that the harms associated with over-diagnosis and over-freatment outweigh the patential benefits and advise against using PSA to screen for prostate cancer in healthy men of any age. The American Cancer Society and the American Urological Association recommend that men discuss the advantages and disadvantages of PSA-based screening for prostate cancer with their healthcare provider before making an informed decision about whether to be screened or not. While elevated PSA levels are associated with cancer, they may be caused by other conditions, such as benign prostatic hyperplasia [BPH] and inflammation of the prostate. An elevated PSA may be followed by a biopsy, which has risk of complications such as pain, fever, blood in the urine, or urinary tract infection. (Read the article on Anatomic Pathology for more information about biopsies.)

Sample Type: serum

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			Barcode
	HAEM	MATOLOGY	
	COMPLET	E BLOOD COUNT	
Test Name	Obtained Value	Units	Bio. Ref. Intervals(Age/Gender specific)
HAEMOGLOBIN	17.0	g/dl	13.0- 17.5
Methodology : Colorimetric			The second secon
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	5.40	millions/mm ³	4.5 - 6
Methodology : Electrical Impedence		-BOLLESSOW	VALUE OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T
PACKED CELL VOLUME/HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	48.1	% Vol	40 - 50
Methodology : Calculated			20.00
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	89.1	fL	80 - 96
Methodalogy : Calculated		N. ma	27 - 33
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	33.6	pg	21-33
Methodology : Calculated	227	g/dl	31 - 36
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC)	37.7	g/ui	
Methodology : Calculated	- B	(02)	11 - 16
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	14.5	%	11-10
Metrodology - Automated-Cell Counter	42.7	0	35 - 56
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW- SD)	42.7	fL	33 ~ 30
Methodology : Automated-Cell Counter		101764	4 - 11
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	4.62	10^3/μL	M.S.H.
Methodology : Flow Cylometry			
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT (DC)	58	%	40 - 75
NEUTROPHILS	30	%	20 - 45
LYMPHOCYTES	34		
EOSINOPHILS	05	%	0 - 6
MONOCYTES	03	%	0 - 10
BASOPHILS	00	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT (ANC) Methodology : Calculated	2.7	10^3/μL	2 - 8
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT (ALC) Methodology: Calculated	1.5	10^3/µL	0.8 - 7
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT (AEC)	0.3	10^3/µL	0.02 - 0.8











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10^3/µL

fL

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0 - 0.1

7-12

9 - 17

11 - 45

30 - 90

0.108 - 0.282

150 - 450

= 09/03/2024 15:34

: PDH226AB

0.12 - 1.2 10^3/µL ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT (AMC) 0.19

7.1

0.20

11.0

38.0

Methodology: Calculated

Age/Gender

10^3/UL 00 ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT (ABC)

Methodology : Calculated

382 PLATELET COUNT

Methodology : Electrical Impedence

MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)

Methodology : Electrical Impedence

PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) 18.6

Methodology Calculated

PCT(PLATELET CRIT)

Methodology Calculated

P-LCR

Methodology : Calculated

Methodology Calculated

P-LCC

Sample Type: Whole Blood-EDTA

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1079/L



Dr. Vivek Kapoor Consultant Pathologist







 Whole Body Color Doppler immediately for possible ranged a action 24 Hours)

2D Echocardiography

ECG-3 Channel



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Barcode : PDH226AB

HAEMATOLOGY		
N/	HbA1c	25 H
Obtained Value	Units	Bio. Ref. Intervals(Age/Gender specific)

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN(HbA1c) 5.5 % 4.5 - 6.0

Good Control: 6.1-7.0 Fare Control: 7.1-9.0 Poor Control: >9.0

Reported On

Methodology: HPLC

Test Name

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(eAG) 111.15 mg/dL 90 – 120 Excellent Control 121 – 150 Good Control

151 – 180 Average Control 181 – 210 Action Suggested

> 211 Panic Value

Methodology: Calculated

Sample Type: Whole Blood-EDTA

Interpretation Notes:

In vitro quantitative determination of HbA1c in whole blood is utilized in long term monitoring of glycemia. The HbA1c level correlates with the mean glucose concentration prevailing in the course of the patient's recent history (approx - 6-8 weeks) and therefore provides much more reliable information for glycemia monitoring than do determinations of blood glucose or urinary glucose. It is recommended that the determination of HbA1c be performed at intervals of 4-6 weeks during Diabetes Mellitus therapy. Results of HbA1c should be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.

Note: If variant hemoglobin is observed in HbA1c HPLC screen, HbA1c levels may not truly represent in vivo condition. In such condition HbA1c analysis by HPLC may not be the method of choice. You are advised to consult your referring physician and discuss the alternative tests as suggested below.

Advised:

1.To follow patient for glycemic control test like fructosamine or glycated albumin may be performed instead, 2.Hemoglobin HPLC screen to analyze abnormal hemoglobin variant.

estimated Average Glucose (eAG):

estimated Average Glucose (eAG) based on value calculated according to National Glycohemoglobin Standardization Program (NGSP) criteria.

*** End Of Report ***

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June









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PDH226AB

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name

Obtained Value

Units

Bio. Ref. Intervals(Age/Gender specific)

BLOOD GROUP, RH FACTOR

Methodology : Forward & Reverse

Blood Grouping

"B"

RH Typing

POSITIVE

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE

12

mm in 1st hr

0 - 10

(ESR)

Methodology Westergreen

Interpretation Notes: The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR or sed rate) is a relatively simple, inexpensive, non-specific test that has been used for many years to help detect inflammation associated with conditions such as infections, cancers, and autoimmune diseases. ESR is said to be a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other tests, such as C-reactive protein, ESR is used to help diagnose certain specific inflammatory diseases, including temporal arteritis, systemic vasculitis and polymyolgia rheumatica. (For more on these, read the article on Vasculitis.) A significantly elevated ESR is one of the main test results used to support the diagnosis. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as some others, such as lupus.

Sample Type: Whole Blood-EDTA

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*** End Of Report ***

Jul







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Name : Mr. Sandeep Kumar Patient ID : 24/090300005

Visit No. : SR240903005 Received On : 09/03/2024 11:00
Age/Gender : 44 Y/Male Collected On : 09/03/2024 11:00

Referred by : PREM-DHARAM HOSPITAL Reported On : 09/03/2024 19:54

Barcode : PDH226AB

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY				
Test Name	Obtained Value	Units	Bio. Ref. Intervals(Age/Gender speci	fic)
JRINE ROUTINE	A.			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
Quantity	20	ml		
olour	PALE YELLOW			
Appearance .	CLEAR		7	
Н	6.0		4.5 - 8	
pecific Gravity	1.015		1.005 - 1.025	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			· ·	
us Cells	3-4	/HPF	1 - 3	
BC CELLS	NIL	/HPF	*	
pithelial Cells	1-2	/HPF	1 - 2	
Casts	ABSENT '	/Hpf		
Erystals	ABSENT	/Hpf	THE REAL PROPERTY.	
HEMICAL EXAMINATION				
dbumin/Protein	ABSENT			
Jucose	ABSENT			
Jrobilinagen	ABSENT			
Blood	ABSENT		A s	
Nitrite .	ABSENT			
Leucocyte	ABSENT			
nterpretation Notes:		199		

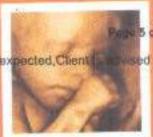
Sample Type: URINE

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

RENAL FUNCTION TEST

	KENALI	ONCHOR ILST	
Test Name	Obtained Value	Units	Bio. Ref. Intervals(Age/Gender specific)
BLOOD UREA	22.9	mg/dL	10 - 45
Methodology : Urease			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)	-11	mg/dL	5 - 21
Methodology : Calculated			
SERUM CREATININE	0.88	mg/dL	0.7 - 1.4
Methodology Jaffe Kinetic			and the second s
SODIUM - SERUM	143.6	meq/L	135 - 155
Methodology : ISE			
POTASSIUM - SERUM	3.96	meq/L	3.5 - 5.5
Methodology : ISE		d	
CHLORIDE - SERUM	100.3	mmol/L	98 - 106
Methodology : ISE			
CALCIUM - SERUM	8.89	mg/dL	8.6 - 11
Methodology : Arsenazo			
EGFR	135	mL/min/1.73 m2	90 - 180 > = 90 ; Normal
			60 - 89 : Mild Decreas
			45 - 59 : Mild to Moderate Decrease 30 - 44 : Moderate to Severe Decrease
9			15 - 29 : Severe Decrease
10		ma/dl	3.5 - 7.2
URIC ACID - SERUM	4.31	mg/dL	3.3 - (.6.
Methodalagy : URICASE			
(a) hid			

*** End Of Report ***

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Sample Type: serum

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

LIVER FUNCTION TEST

Test Name ·	Obtained Value	Units	Bio. Ref. Intervals(Age/Gender specific)
TOTAL BILIRUBIN	1.85	mg/dL	0.2 - 1.2
Methodology : Diazo Method			
DIRECT BILIRUBIN	0.29	mg/dL	0 - 0.3
Methodology : Diazo Method			
NDIRECT BILIRUBIN	1.56	mg/dL	
Methodalogy : Calculated			
SGOT/AST	55.5	U/L	0 - 40
Methodology IFCC			
Comments : KINDLY CORRELATE C	CLINICALLY		CW 200
SGPT/ALT	71.9	U/L	0 - 35
Methodology : IFCC	ANNOUNCE ON		
Comments : KINDLY CORRELATE C	CLINICALLY		
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	73	U/L	40 - 130
Methodology IFCC			
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.23	g/dl	6 - 8.3
Methodology : Biaret-			
SERUM ALBUMIN	4.24	g/dl	3.2 - 5.2
Methodology : BCG			
GLOBULIN SERUM	2.99	g/dl	2.3 - 4.5
Methodology : Calculated			25
A/G RATIO	1,42	Ratio	1 - 2.5
Methodology : Calculated			
Sample Type : serum			

*** End Of Report ***

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

1			
Test Name	Obtained Value	Units	Bio. Ref. Intervals(Age/Gender specific)

PLASMA GLUCOSE FASTING (FBS)

93.57

mg/dL

70 - 110

Methodology : Hexokinase

Comments: KINDLY CORRELATE CLINICALLY

Interpretation Notes:

Interpretation (In accordance with the American diabetes association guidelines):

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dL is considered normal.

A fasting plasma glucose level between 100-126 mg/dL is considered as glucose intolerant or pre diabetic. A fasting and postprondial blood sugar test (after consumption of 75 gm of glucose) is recommended for all such patient.

· A fasting plasma glucose level of above 126 mg/dL is highly suggestive of a diabetic state. A repeat fasting test is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 126 mg/dL on both the occasions is confirmatory of a diabetic state.

PLASMA GLUCOSE POST PRANDIAL

122.34

mg/dL

80 - 140

(PPBS)

Methodology GPO-POD

Interpretation Notes:

Fasting Glucose Plasma 02 hr Plasma Glucose

Diagnosis

</=99

</=139

Normal

100 to 125

140 to 199

Pre Diabetes

>126

>200

Diabetes

Confirm by repeating the test on a different day

Impaired glucose tolerance (iGT) fasting, means a person has an increased risk of developing type 2 diabetes but does not have it yet. A level of 126 mg/dL or above, confirmed by repeating the test on another day, means a person has diabetes, IGT (2 hrs Post meal), means a person has an increased risk of developing type 2 diabetes but does not have it yet. A 2-hour glucose level of 200 mg/dL or above, confirmed by repeating the test on another day, means a person has diabetes

Ref : American Diabetes association standards of medical care.

Sample Type: Plasma.

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	CLINICAL	BIOCHEMISTR	tY .		
LIPID PROFILE					
Test Name	Obtained Value	Units	Bio. Ref. Intervals(Age/Gender specific)		
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	239.0	mg/dL	1-200 Desirable < 200 Borderline high risk 200 - 240 High risk > 240		
Methodology : CHO-POD					
Comments : KINDLY CORRELATE CLI	NICALLY				
HDL CHOLESTEROL	36.2	mg/dL	NO RISK : - > 60.0 MODERATE RISK :- 35 - 55 HIGH RISK : - < 35.0		
Methodology : Direct	0.50				
LDL CHOLESTEROL	163.16	mg/dL	0 - 130 Desirable < 130 Borderline high risk 130 -160 High risk > 160		
Methodology : Calculated					
VLDL Methodology : Colculated	39.64	mg/dL	0 - 45		
TRIGLYCERIDES (TG) - SERUM	198.2	mg/dL	0 - 200 Desirable: < 200 (fasting) Borderline high: 200 - 400 Elevated > 400		
Methodology : GPO-POD					
Comments : KINDLY CORRELATE CLI	NICALLY		At a second of the second of t		
CHOL/HDL Ratio Methodology : Calculated	6.60	Ratio	3.5 - 5.5		
LDL/HDL Ratio	4.51	mg/dL	2.5 - 3.5		
Methodalogy : Calculated	45		20 10		
Sample Type : serum					

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