



Name Age / Gender Ref.By Req.No	: MR.CHAMAKURI ANILKUMAR	TID/SID	:UMR1956139/ 28234462
Age / Gender	: 31 Years / Male	Registered on	: 12-Sep-2024 / 09:18 AM
Ref.By	: ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD - MEDI WHEELS	Collected on	: 12-Sep-2024 / 09:18 AM
Req.No	: BIL4702532	Reported on	: 12-Sep-2024 / 13:27 PM
	TEST REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Complete Urine Examination (CUE), Urine				
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Intervals		
Physical Examination				
Colour	Pale Yellow	Straw to Yellow		
Method:Physical				
Appearance	Clear	Clear		
Method:Physical				
Chemical Examination				
Reaction and pH	7.5	4.6-8.0		
Method:pH- Methyl red & Bromothymol blue				
Specific gravity	1.005	1.003-1.035		
Method:Bromothymol Blue				
Protein	Negative	Negative		
Method:Tetrabromophenol blue				
Glucose	Negative	Negative		
Method:Glucose oxidase/Peroxidase				
Blood	Negative	Negative		
Method:Peroxidase				
Ketones	Negative	Negative		
Method:Sodium Nitroprusside				
Bilirubin	Negative	Negative		
Method:Dichloroanilinediazonium				
Leucocytes	Negative	Negative		
Method:3 hydroxy5 phenylpyrrole + diazonium				
Nitrites	Negative	Negative		
Method:Diazonium + 1,2,3,4 tetrahydrobenzo (h) q	uinolin			
3-ol	0.2	0.2-1.0 mg/dl		
Urobilinogen Method:Dimethyl aminobenzaldehyde	0.2	0.2 1.0 mg/di		
Microscopic Examination				
-	0-1	2 - 3 /hpf		
Pus cells (leukocytes) Method:Microscopy	VI	2 0/00		
	0-1	2 - 5 /hpf		
Epithelial cells Method:Microscopy		2 0/1101		
	Absent	Absent		
RBC (erythrocytes) Method:Microscopy		Abson		
	Absent	Occasional hyaline casts may be see		
Casts				
Method:Microscopy				





TO VERIFY THE REPORT ONLINE

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Crystals Method:Microscopy	Absent	Phosphate be seen	e, oxalate, or urate crystals may
Others Method:Microscopy	Nil	Nil	

Method: Semi Quantitative test ,For CUE

Reference: Godkar Clinical Diagnosis and Management by Laboratory Methods, First South Asia edition. Product kit literature.

Interpretation:

The complete urinalysis provides a number of measurements which look for abnormalities in the urine. Abnormal results from this test can be indicative of a number of conditions including kidney disease, urinary tract infecation or elevated levels of substances which the body is trying to remove through the urine. A urinalysis test can help identify potential health problems even when a person is asymptomatic. All the abnormal results are to be correlated clinically.

* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore

--- End Of Report ---

Debleena Thakua







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Req.No	: BIL4702532		Reported on	: 12-Sep-2024 / 14:46 PM
		TEST REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

DEPARTMENT OF HEMATOPATHOLOGY

Blood Grouping ABO And Rh Typing, EDTA Whole Blood

Parameter	Results
Blood Grouping (ABO)	0
Rh Typing (D)	POSITIVE

Method: Hemagglutination Tube Method by Forward & Reverse Grouping

Reference: Tulip kit literature

Interpretation: The ABO grouping and Rh typing test determines blood type grouping (A,B, AB, O) and the Rh factor (positive or negative). A person's blood type is based on the presence or absence of certain antigens on the surface of their red blood cells and certain antibodies in the plasma. ABO antigens are poorly expresses at birth, increase gradually in strength and become fully expressed around 1 year of age.

Note: Records of previous blood grouping/Rh typing not available. Please verify before transfusion.

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	TEST REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

DEPARTMENT OF HEMATOPATHOLOGY

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR), Whole Blood				
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Intervals		
ESR 1st Hour	02	<=15 mm/hour		
Method:Modified Westergren				

Complete Blood Count (CBC), EDTA Whole Blood

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Hemoglobin	16.0	13.0-18.0 g/dL
Method:Spectrophotometry		
Packed Cell Volume	47.4	40-54 %
Method:Derived from Impedance		
Red Blood Cell Count.	5.49	4.3-6.0 Mill/Cumm
Method:Impedance Variation		
Mean Corpuscular Volume	86.4	78-100 fL
Method:Derived from Impedance		
Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin	29.1	27-32 pg
Method:Derived from Impedance		
Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin Concentration	33.7	31.5-36 g/dL
Method:Derived from Impedance	10.0	
Red Cell Distribution Width - CV	13.2	11.5-16.0 %
Method:Derived from Impedance	40.7	00. 10. ⁽
Red Cell Distribution Width - SD	40.7	39-46 fL
Method:Derived from Impedance	C770	
Total WBC Count.	6770	4000-11000 cells/cumm
Method:Impedance Variation	59.4	40-75 %
Neutrophils	59.4	40-75 %
Method:Impedance Variation, Flowcytometry		
Lymphocytes	31.0	20-45 %
Method:Microscopy		
	1.4	01-06 %
Eosinophils Method:Impedance Variation,Method_Desc= Flow	1.7	01.00 /0
Cytometry		
Monocytes	7.8	01-10 %
Method:Impedance Variation, Flowcytometry		
Basophils.	0.4	00-02 %
Method:Impedance Variation,Method_Desc= Flow		
Cytometry		





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Absolute Neutrophils Method:Calculated	Count.	4021	1500-6600) cells/cumm
Absolute Lymphocyte Method:Calculated	e Count	2099	1500-3500) cells/cumm
Absolute Eosinophils Method:Calculated	count.	95	40-440 ce	lls/cumm
Absolute Monocytes Method:Calculated	Count.	528	<1000 cell	s/cumm
Absolute Basophils c Method:Calculated	ount.	27	<200 cells	/cumm
Platelet Count. Method:Impedance Variati	on	2.44	1.4-4.4 lak	hs/cumm
Mean Platelet Volume Method:Derived from Impe	е.	7.9	7.9-13.7 fl	-
Plateletcrit. Method:Derived from Impe		0.19	0.18-0.28	%

Method: Automated Hematology Analyzer, Microscopy

Reference: Dacie and Lewis Practical Hematology, 12th Edition

Interpretation: A Complete Blood Picture (CBP) is a screening test which can aid in the diagnosis of a variety of conditions and diseases such as anemia, leukemia, bleeding disorders and infections. This test is also useful in monitoring a person's reaction to treatment when a condition which affects blood cells has been diagnosed. All the abnormal results are to be correlated clinically.

* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore

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Debleena Thakur





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	TEST REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I

Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN), Serum

	U .		
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval	
Blood Urea Nitrogen.	10	6-20 mg/dL	
Method:Kinetic, Urease - GLDH, Calculated			

Interpretation: Urea is a waste product formed in the liver when protein is metabolized. Urea is released by the liver into the blood and is carried to the kidneys, where it is filtered out of the blood and released into the urine. Since this is a continuous process, there is usually a small but stable amount of urea nitrogen in the blood. However, when the kidneys cannot filter wastes out of the blood due to disease or damage, then the level of urea in the blood will rise. The blood urea nitrogen (BUN) evaluates kidney function in a wide range of circumstances, to diagnose kidney disease, and to monitor people with acute or chronic kidney dysfunction or failure. It also may be used to evaluate a person's general health status as well.

Reference: Tietz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics

	1	
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Creatinine.	0.64	0.7-1.3 mg/dL
	0.04	

Method:Spectrophotometry, Jaffe - IDMS Traceable

Interpretation:

Creatinine is a nitrogenous waste product produced by muscles from creatine. Creatinine is majorly filtered from the blood by the kidneys and released into the urine, so serum creatinine levels are usually a good indicator of kidney function. Serum creatinine is more specific and more sensitive indicator of renal function as compared to BUN because it is produced from muscle at a constant rate and its level in blood is not affected by protein catabolism or other exogenous products. It is also not reabsorbed and very little is secreted by tubules making it a reliable marker. Serum creatinine levels are increased in pre renal, renal and post renal azotemia, active acromegaly and gigantism. Decreased serum creatinine levels are seen in pregnancy and increasing age.

Biological reference interval changed; Reference: Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry & Molecular Diagnostics, Fifth Edition.

Glucose Fasting (FBS), Sodium Fluoride Plasma				
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval		
Glucose Fasting Method:Hexokinase	88	Normal: <100 mg/dL Impaired FG: 100-125 mg/dL Diabetes mellitus: >/=126 mg/dL		

Interpretation: It measures the Glucose levels in the blood with a prior fasting of 9-12 hours. The test helps screen a symptomatic/ asymptomatic person who is at risk for Diabetes. It is also used for regular monitoring of glucose levels in people with Diabetes.

Reference: American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2022





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	TEST REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

Glucose Post Prandial (PPBS), Sodium Fluoride Plasma

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Glucose Post Prandial Method:Hexokinase	104	Normal : <140 mg/dL Impaired PG: 140-199 mg/dL Diabetes mellitus: >/=200 mg/dL

Interpretation: This test measures the blood sugar levels 2 hours after a normal meal. Abnormally high blood sugars 2 hours after a meal reflect that the body is not producing sufficient insulin which is indicative of Diabetes.

Reference: American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2020.

Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1C), EDTA Whole Blood

Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) Method:High-Performance Liquid Chromatography	5.4	Non-diabetic: <= 5.6 % Pre-diabetic: 5.7 - 6.4 % Diabetic: >= 6.5 %
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	108	mg/dL
Method:High-Performance Liquid Chromatography		

Interpretation: It is an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and a measure of the risk for developing microvascular complications in patients with diabetes. Absolute risks of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to the mean HbA1c concentration. In persons without diabetes, HbA1c is directly related to risk of cardiovascular disease.

In known diabetic patients, HbA1c can be considered as a tool for monitoring the glycemic control. Excellent Control - 6 to 7 %, Fair to Good Control - 7 to 8 %, Unsatisfactory Control - 8 to 10 % and Poor Control - More than 10 %. **Reference:** American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2018.

Bun/Creatinine Ratio, Serum

Investigation	Observed Value
BUN/Creatinine Ratio	16

Method:Calculated

Reference:

A Manual of Laboratory Diagnostic Tests. Edition 7, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, By Frances Talaska Fischbach, RN, BSN, MSN, and Marshall Barnett Dunning 111, BS, MS, Ph.D.

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Debleena Thakua







PLEASE SCAN QR CODE

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	TEST REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I				
Lipid Profile, Serum				
Investigation	Observed Value	Biological Reference Interval		
Total Cholesterol Method:Spectrophotometry , CHOD - POD	240	Desirable: < 200 mg/dL Borderline: 200-239 mg/dL High: >/= 240 mg/dL		
HDL Cholesterol Method:Spectrophotometry , Direct Measurement	38	Optimal : >=60 mg/dL Borderline : 40-59 mg/dL High Risk <40 mg/dL		
Non HDL Cholesterol Method:Calculated	202	Optimal : <130 mg/dL Above Optimal : 130-159 mg/dL Borderline : 160-189 mg/dL High Risk : 190-219 mg/dL Very high Risk : >=220 mg/dL		
LDL Cholesterol Method:Calculated	163.6	Optimum: <100 mg/dL Near/above optimum: 100-129 mg/dL Borderline: 130-159 mg/dL High: 160-189 mg/dL Very high: >/=190 mg/dL		
VLDL Cholesterol Method:Calculated	38.40	<30 mg/dL		
Total Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Method:Calculated	6.32	Optimal : <3.3 Low Risk : 3.4-4.4 Average Rsik : 4.5-7.1 Moderate Risk : 7.2-11.0 High Risk : >11.0		
LDL/HDL Ratio Method:Calculated	4.31	Optimal : 0.5-3.0 Borderline : 3.1-6.0 High Risk : >6.0		
Triglycerides Method:Spectrophotometry, Enzymatic - GPO/POD	192	Normal:<150 mg/dL Borderline: 150-199 mg/dL High: 200-499 mg/dL Very high: >/=500 mg/dL mg/dl #		

Interpretation: Lipids are fats and fat-like substances which are important constituents of cells and are rich sources of energy. A lipid profile typically includes total cholesterol, high density lipoproteins (HDL), low density lipoprotein (LDL), chylomicrons, triglycerides, very low density lipoproteins (VLDL), Cholesterol/HDL ratio . The lipid profile is used to assess the risk of developing a heart disease and to monitor its treatment. The results of the lipid profile are evaluated along with other known risk factors associated with heart disease to plan and monitor treatment. Treatment options require clinical correlation. **Reference:** Third Report of the National Cholesterol Education program (NCEP) Expert Panel on Detection, Evaluation, and Treatment of High Blood Cholesterol in Adults (Adult Treatment Panel III), JAMA 2001.

* Sample processed at Regional Reference Laboratory, Tenet Diagnostics, Bangalore

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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I					
Liver Function Test (LFT), Serum					
Investigation	Result	Biological Reference Interval			
Total Bilirubin. Method:Spectrophotometry, Diazo method	0.53	Neonates: <=15.0 mg/dL Adults: <=1.2 mg/dL			
Direct Bilirubin. Method:Spectrophotometry, Diazo method	0.25	<=0.30 mg/dL			
Indirect Bilirubin. Method:Calculated	0.28	Neonates: <= 14.7 mg/dL Adults: <= 1.0 mg/dL			
Alanine Aminotransferase ,(ALT/SGPT) Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation	42	<=41 U/L			
Aspartate Aminotransferase,(AST/SGOT) Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation	26	<=40 U/L			
ALP (Alkaline Phosphatase). Method:Spectrophotometry, IFCC	104	40-129 U/L			
Gamma GT. Method:Spectrophotometry , IFCC	27	<60 U/L			
Total Protein. Method:Spectrophotometry, Biuret	7.3	6.4-8.3 g/dL			
Albumin. Method:Spectrophotometry, Bromcresol Green	4.8	3.5-5.2 g/dL			
Globulin. Method:Spectrophotometry, Bromcresol Green	2.50	2.0-3.5 g/dL			
A/GRatio. Method:Calculated	1.92	1.1-2.5			

Interpretation: Liver functions tests help to identify liver disease, its severity, and its type. Generally these tests are performed in combination, are abnormal in liver disease, and the pattern of abnormality is indicative of the nature of liver disease. An isolated abnormality of a single liver function test usually means a non-hepatic cause. If several liver function tests are simultaneously abnormal, then hepatic etiology is likely.

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Req.No	: BIL4702532	Reported on	: 12-Sep-2024 / 14:50 PM
	TEST REPORT	Reference	: Arcofemi Health Care Ltd -

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I Thyroid Profile (T3,T4,TSH), Serum					
Triiodothyronine Total (T3) Method:ECLIA	1.18	0.80-2.00 ng/mL Note: Biological Reference Ranges are changed due to change in method of testing.			
Thyroxine Total (T4) Method:ECLIA	9.79	4.6-12.0 μg/dL			
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (TSH) Method:ECLIA	2.90	0.27-4.20 µIU/mL			

Interpretation: A thyroid profile is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism due to various thyroid disorders. T4 and T3 are hormones produced by the thyroid gland. They help control the rate at which the body uses energy, and are regulated by a feedback system. TSH from the pituitary gland stimulates the production and release of T4 (primarily) and T3 by the thyroid. Most of the T4 and T3 circulate in the blood bound to protein. A small percentage is free (not bound) and is the biologically active form of the hormones.

Reference: Tietz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, Carl A. Burtis, David E. Bruns.

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Dr.M.G.Satish Consultant Pathologist







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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY I Uric Acid, Serum					
Uric Acid.	5.1	3.4-7.0 mg/dL			

Method:Enzymatic

Interpretation: It is the major product of purine catabolism. Hyperuricemia can result due to increased formation or decreased excretion of uric acid which can be due to several causes like metabolic disorders, psoriasis, tissue hypoxia, pre-eclampsia, alcohol, lead poisoning, acute or chronic kidney disease, etc. Hypouricemia may be seen in severe hepato cellular disease and defective renal tubular reabsorption of uric acid.

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--- End Of Report ---

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