

### CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL FITNESS

| NAME: RAJESH KUMAR  |
|---|
| AGE/ GENDER: 45 M   |
| HEIGHT: 170 CM WEIGHT: 69 Kg  |
| IDENTIFICATION MARK:  |
| BLOOD PRESSURE: 120 180 00000 H9  |
| PULSE: (6/onio)   |
|   |
| RS:P NO 27 STOCO  |
| ANY OTHER DISEASE DIAGNOSED IN THE PAST: NII  |
| ALLERGIES, IF ANY:  |
| LIST OF PRESCRIBED MEDICINES: Nill  |
| ANY OTHER REMARKS: N; 1   |
| I Certify that I have carefully examined Mr/Mrs. Roylesh (2000) son/daughter of Ms Ram Panel Sha who has signed in my presence. He/ she has no physical |
| disease and is fit for employment.  Dr. BINDURAJ. R   |
| Internal Medicine Reg. No. 62806  |
| Signature of Candidate Signature of Medical Officer   |
| Place: Spectonero Diagno Stics Checelon care  |
| Date: 13/1/24.  |

Disclaimer: The patient has not been checked for COVID. This certificate does not relate to the covid status of the patient examined





DATE: 13.01.24.

## EYE EXAMINATION

| NAME: Ms. Rajdm              | Kong AGE: 45)           | GENDER: F/M  |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
|                              | RIGHT EYE               | LEFT EYE   |
| Vision                       | als do                  | 676:0010   |
| Vision With glass            | 616:06                  | Colina   |
| Color Vision                 | Normal                  | Normal   |
| Anterior segment examination | Normal                  | Normal   |
| Fundus Examination           | Normal                  | Normal   |
| Any other abnormality        | Nill                    | Nill   |
| Diagnosis/ impression        | Normal                  | Normal   |
|                              | For 48 Eve Consultant ( | Sc., M.B.B.S., D.O.M.S.<br>sultant & Surgeon<br>(MC 31827<br>Opthalmologist) |





| J avf ———————————————————————————————————           | AIL STATES |         |      | Ş#<br>{<br>} | \frac{1}{2} \\ | ID: 1201240018  MR PAHST KIMAR  Male 45Years  |
|---|------------|---------|------|--------------|---|---|
| aVF   |            |         |      |              |   | 13-01-2024 11:04:26 For BPL HR : 63 bpm P : 89 ms PR : 135 ms QRS : 87 ms QT/QTc : 404/416 ms P/QRS/T :: -3/14/21 ° RV5/SV1 :: 1:272/0.522 mV   |
| V2.2 SEMIP VI.81 SPECTRUM DIAGNOSTICS & HEALTH CARE | V5         | V4<br>A | YS . |              |   | Diagnosis Information: Sinus Rhythm ***Normal ECG*** Report Confirmed by:   |
| TICS & HEALTH CARE                                  |            |         |      |              |   | SENOVILLO DE LA CONTROL DE LA |



| NAME : MR.RAJESH KUMAR | DATE : 13/01/2024  |
|------------------------|--|
| AGE/SEX: 45YEARS/MALE  | The state of the s |
|                        | <b>REG NO: 1301240018</b>  |
| REF BY : APOLO CLINIC  |  |

# CHEST PA VIEW

Lung fields are clear.

Cardiovascular shadows are within normal limits.

Both CP angles are free.

Domes of diaphragm and bony thoracic cage are normal.

**IMPRESSION: NORMAL CHEST RADIOGRAPH.** 

DR.RAM PRAKASH G MDRD CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

RH1-19

Your suggestion / feedback is a valuable input for improving our services









Age / Gender : 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC Reg. No. : 1301240018

C/o : Apollo Clinic Bill Date

: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

Result Date : 13-Jan-2024 11:26 AM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name  | Result | Unit  | Reference Value   | Method  |
|--|--------|-------|-------------------|---|
| Lipid Profile-Serum                                      |        |       |                   |   |
| Cholesterol Total-Serum                                  | 175.00 | mg/dL | Male: 0.0 - 200   | Cholesterol   |
| Triglycerides-Serum                                      | 174.00 | mg/dL | Male: 0.0 - 150   | Oxidase/Peroxidase<br>Lipase/Glycerol               |
| High-density lipoprotein<br>(HDL) Cholesterol-Serum      | 48.00  | mg/dL | Male: 40.0 - 60.0 | Dehydrogenase<br>Accelerator/Selective<br>Detergent |
| Non-HDL cholesterol-Serum                                | 127    | mg/dL | Male: 0.0 - 130   | Calculated  |
| Low-density lipoprotein (LDL)<br>Cholesterol-Serum       | 97.00  | mg/dL | Male: 0.0 - 100.0 | Cholesterol esterase and cholesterol oxidase        |
| Very-low-density lipoprotein<br>(VLDL) cholesterol-Serum | 35     | mg/dL | Male: 0.0 - 40    | Calculated  |
| C1 1   | 3.65   | Ratio | Male: 0.0 - 5.0   | Calculated  |

: 1301240018

1301240018

UHID

#### Interpretation:

| Parameter                                 | Desirable | Borderline High | High    | Very High |
|---|-----------|-----------------|---------|-----------|
| Total Cholesterol                         | <200      | 200-239         | >240    |           |
| Triglycerides                             | <150      | 150-199         | 200-499 | >500      |
| Non-HDL cholesterol                       | <130      | 160-189         | 190-219 | >220      |
| Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol | <100      | 100-129         | 160-189 | >190      |

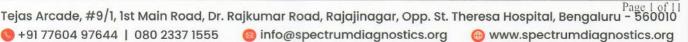
Comments: As per Lipid Association of India (LAI), for routine screening, overnight fasting preferred but not mandatory. Indians are at very high risk of developing Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular (ASCVD). Among the various risk factors for ASCVD such as dyslipidemia, Diabetes Mellitus, sedentary lifestyle, Hypertension, smoking etc., dyslipidemia has the highest population attributable risk for MI both because of direct association with disease pathogenesis and very high prevalence in Indian population. Hence monitoring lipid profile regularly for effective management of dyslipidemia remains one of the most important healthcare targets for prevention of ASCVD. In addition, estimation of ASCVD risk is an essential, initial step in the management of individuals requiring primary prevention of ASCVD. In the context of lipid management, such a risk estimate forms the basis for several key therapeutic decisions, such as the need for and aggressiveness of statin therapy.



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Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist





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Age / Gender : 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1301240018 C/o

: Apollo Clinic

Bill Date : 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM Result Date : 13-Jan-2024 11:26 AM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name                                 | Result | Unit | Reference Value  | Method                       |
|---|--------|------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Gamma-Glutamyl Transferase<br>(GGT)-Serum | 25.00  | U/L  | Male: 15.0-85.0  | Other g-Glut-<br>3-carboxy-4 |
| (GGT)-Serum                               |        |      | Female: 5.0-55.0 | nitro                        |

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Comments: Gamma-glutamyltransferase (GGT) is primarily present in kidney, liver, and pancreatic cells. Small amounts are present in other tissues. Even though renal tissue has the highest level of GGT, the enzyme present in the serum appears to originate primarily from the hepatobiliary system, and GGT activity is elevated in any and all forms of liver disease. It is highest in cases of intra- or posthepatic biliary obstruction, reaching levels some 5 to 30 times normal. GGT is more sensitive than alkaline phosphatase (ALP), leucine aminopeptidase, aspartate transaminase, and alanine aminotransferase in detecting obstructive jaundice, cholangitis, and cholecystitis; its rise occurs earlier than with these other enzymes and persists longer. Only modest elevations (2-5 times normal) occur in infectious hepatitis, and in this condition, GGT determinations are less useful diagnostically than are measurements of the transaminases. High elevations of GGT are also observed in patients with either primary or secondary (metastatic) neoplasms. Elevated levels of GGT are noted not only in the sera of patients with alcoholic cirrhosis but also in the majority of sera from persons who are heavy drinkers. Studies have emphasized the value of serum GGT levels in detecting alcohol-induced liver disease. Elevated serum values are also seen in patients receiving drugs such as phenytoin and phenobarbital, and this is thought to reflect induction of new enzyme activity.



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Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist

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Age / Gender : 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1301240018 C/o : Apollo Clinic UHID : 1301240018

1301240018

Bill Date : 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM Sample Col. Date: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

Result Date : 13-Jan-2024 12:06 PM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name                                      | Result | Unit  | Reference Value       | Method                                  |
|--|--------|-------|-----------------------|---|
| LFT-Liver Function Test -Seru                  | m      |       |                       |   |
| Bilirubin Total-Serum                          | 1.33   | mg/dL | 0.2-1.0               | Caffeine<br>Benzoate                    |
| Bilirubin Direct-Serum                         | 0.23   | mg/dL | 0.0-0.2               | Diazotised<br>Sulphanilic<br>Acid       |
| Bilirubin Indirect-Serum                       | 1.10   | mg/dL | 0.0-1.10              | Direct Measure                          |
| Aspartate Aminotransferase<br>(AST/SGOT)-Serum | 52.00  | U/L   | 15.0-37.0             | UV with<br>Pyridoxal - 5 -<br>Phosphate |
| Alanine Aminotransferase                       | 26.00  | U/L   | Male:16.0-63.0        | UV with                                 |
| (ALT/SGPT)-Serum                               |        |       | Female:14.0-59.0      | Pyridoxal - 5 -<br>Phosphate            |
| Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP)-<br>Serum           | 101.00 | U/L   | Adult: 45.0-117.0     | PNPP,AMP-<br>Buffer                     |
|  |        |       | Children: 48.0-445.0  |   |
|  |        |       | Infants: 81.90-350.30 |   |
| Protein, Total-Serum                           | 7.22   | g/dL  | 6.40-8.20             | Biuret/Endpoint-<br>With Blank          |
| Albumin-Serum                                  | 4.61   | g/dL  | 3.40-5.00             | Bromocresol<br>Purple                   |
| Globulin-Serum                                 | 2.61   | g/dL  | 2.0-3.50              | Calculated                              |
| Albumin/Globulin Ratio-Serui                   | m 1.77 | Ratio | 0.80-1.20             | Calculated                              |



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Age / Gender : 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1301240018 C/o : Apollo Clinic UHID : 1301240018

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Bill Date

: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM : 13-Jan-2024 01:33 PM

Result Date Report Status : Final

| Test Name  | Result   | Unit        | Reference Value          | Method                  |
|--|----------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Complete Haemogram-Whole B                       | ood EDTA |             |                          |                         |
| Haemoglobin (HB)                                 | 15.50    | g/dL        | Male: 14.0-17.0          | Spectrophotmeter        |
|  |          |             | Female:12.0-15.0         |                         |
|  |          |             | Newborn:16.50 - 19.50    |                         |
| Red Blood Cell (RBC)                             | 5.11     | million/cum | m3.50 - 5.50             | Volumetric<br>Impedance |
| Packed Cell Volume (PCV)                         | 44.10    | %           | Male: 42.0-51.0          | Electronic Pulse        |
|  |          |             | Female: 36.0-45.0        |                         |
| Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)                    | 86.20    | fL          | 78.0- 94.0               | Calculated              |
| Mean corpuscular hemoglobin (MCH)                | 30.30    | pg          | 27.50-32.20              | Calculated              |
| Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (MCHC) | 35.10    | %           | 33.00-35.50              | Calculated              |
| Red Blood Cell Distribution<br>Width SD (RDW-SD) | 43.10    | fL          | 40.0-55.0                | Volumetric<br>Impedance |
| Red Blood Cell Distribution<br>CV (RDW-CV)       | 15.30    | %           | Male: 11.80-14.50        | Volumetric<br>Impedance |
|  |          |             | Female:12.20-16.10       | Pelling                 |
| Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)                       | 11.10    | fL          | 8.0-15.0                 | Volumetric<br>Impedance |
| Platelet   | 1.81     | lakh/cumm   | 1.50-4.50                | Volumetric<br>Impedance |
| Platelet Distribution Width (PDW)                | 21.90    | %           | 8.30 - 56.60             | Volumetric<br>Impedance |
| White Blood cell Count (WBC)                     | 6730.00  | cells/cumm  | Male: 4000.0-11000.0     | Volumetric              |
|  |          |             | Female 4000.0-11000.0    | Impedance               |
|  |          |             | Children: 6000.0-17500.0 |                         |

Infants: 9000.0-30000.0









Age / Gender : 45 years / Male Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

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Report Status : Final

| Test Name                               | Result | Unit       | Reference Value  | Method                     |
|---|--------|------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Neutrophils                             | 68.60  | %          | 40.0-75.0        | Light<br>scattering/Manual |
| Lymphocytes                             | 24.40  | %          | 20.0-40.0        | Light                      |
|   |        |            |                  | scattering/Manual          |
| Eosinophils                             | 3.50   | %          | 0.0-8.0          | Light                      |
|   |        |            |                  | scattering/Manual          |
| Monocytes                               | 3.50   | 0/0        | 0.0-10.0         | Light                      |
|   |        |            |                  | scattering/Manual          |
| Basophils                               | 0.00   | %          | 0.0-1.0          | Light                      |
|   |        |            |                  | scattering/Manual          |
| Absolute Neutrophil Count               | 4.62   | 10^3/uL    | 2.0- 7.0         | Calculated                 |
| Absolute Lymphocyte Count               | 1.64   | 10^3/uL    | 1.0-3.0          | Calculated                 |
| Absolute Monocyte Count                 | 0.24   | 10^3/uL    | 0.20-1.00        | Calculated                 |
| Absolute Eosinophil Count               | 230.00 | cells/cumm | 40-440           | Calculated                 |
| Absolute Basophil Count                 | 0.00   | 10^3/uL    | 0.0-0.10         | Calculated                 |
| Erythrocyte Sedimentation<br>Rate (ESR) | 3.0    | mm/hr      | Female: 0.0-20.0 | Westergren                 |
|   |        |            | Male: 0.0-10.0   |                            |

## Peripheral Smear Examination-Whole Blood EDTA

Method: (Microscopy-Manual)

RBC'S : Normocytic Normochromic.

WBC'S : Are normal in total number, morphology and distribution.

Platelets : Adequate in number and normal in morphology.

No abnormal cells or hemoparasites are present.

Impression: Normocytic Normochromic Blood picture.



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Age / Gender : 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

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Bill Date : 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM Result Date : 13-Jan-2024 11:27 AM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name                            | Result | Unit  | Reference Value | Method      |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Fasting Blood Sugar (FBS)-<br>Plasma | 83     | mg/dL | 60.0-110.0      | Hexo Kinase |

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula  $C_6H_{12}O_6$ . It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high. Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

Note: Additional tests available for Diabetic control are Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), Fructosamine & Microalbumin urine

Comments: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying & brisk glucose absorption.

Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol , Dietary – Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index? Exercise in between samples? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total Gastrectomy.

Post prandial Blood Glucose 90 mg/dL 70-140 Hexo Kinase (PPBS)-Plasma

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula  $C_6H_{12}O_6$ . It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high. Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

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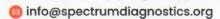
Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol , Dietary – Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index? Exercise in between samples? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total Gastrectomy.

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)-Whole Blood EDTA













Age / Gender : 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1301240018 C/o : Apollo Clinic

UHID : 1301240018

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: 13-Jan-2024 11:27 AM

| Report Status | : Final |
|---------------|---------|
|---------------|---------|

Result Date

| Test Name                         | Result | Unit  | Reference Value  | Method     |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|--|------------|
| Glycosylated Haemoglobin          | 5.20   | %     | Non diabetic adults :<5.7                                  | HPLC       |
| (HbA1c)                           |        |       | At risk (Prediabetes): 5.7 - 6.4                           |            |
|                                   |        |       | Diagnosing Diabetes :>= 6.5                                |            |
|                                   |        |       | Diabetes   |            |
|                                   |        |       | Excellent Control : 6-7                                    |            |
|                                   |        |       | Fair to good Control : 7-8<br>Unsatisfactory Control :8-10 |            |
|                                   |        |       | Poor Control :>10  |            |
| Estimated Average<br>Glucose(eAG) | 102.53 | mg/dL | Tool Comol. To   | Calculated |

Note: 1. Since HbA1c reflects long term fluctuations in the blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who is recently under good control may still have a high concentration of HbAIc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

2. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0 % may not be appropriate.

Comments: HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.



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Age / Gender : 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1301240018 C/o : Apollo Clinic UHID : 1301240018

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1301240018 Rep

Bill Date : 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

**Sample Col. Date**: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM **Result Date** : 13-Jan-2024 11:27 AM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name                           | Result | Unit   | Reference Value   | Method   |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|--|
| KFT ( Kidney Function Test )        | :      |        |                   |  |
| Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)-<br>Serum | 7.25   | mg/dL  | 7.0-18.0          | GLDH,Kinetic<br>Assay                                |
| Creatinine-Serum                    | 0.67   | mg/dL  | Male: 0.70-1.30   | Modified kinetic Jaffe                               |
|                                     |        |        | Female: 0.55-1.02 |  |
| Uric Acid-Serum                     | 7.42   | mg/dL  | Male: 3.50-7.20   | Uricase PAP  |
|                                     |        |        | Female: 2.60-6.00 |  |
| Sodium (Na+)-Serum                  | 139.7  | mmol/L | 135.0-145.0       | Ion-Selective<br>Electrodes (ISE)                    |
| Potassium (K+)-Serum                | 3.76   | mmol/L | 3.5 to 5.5        | Ion-Selective Electrodes (ISE)                       |
| Chloride(Cl-)-Serum                 | 99.30  | mmol/L | 94.0-110.0        | Ion-Selective<br>Electrodes (ISE)                    |
| Calcium, Total- Serum               | 9.20   | mg/dL  | 8.50-10.10        | Spectrophotometry (O-<br>Cresolphthalein complexone) |



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Villam.

Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist







: MR. RAJESH KUMAR Name

Age / Gender : 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1301240018 C/o : Apollo Clinic : 1301240018

1301240018

Bill Date : 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM Sample Col. Date: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

Result Date : 13-Jan-2024 11:27 AM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name                                | Result    | Unit   | Reference Value    | Method                                     |
|--|-----------|--------|--------------------|--|
| Thyroid function tests (TF7<br>Serum     | Γ)-       |        |                    |  |
| Tri-Iodo Thyronine (T3)-Se               | erum 1.52 | ng/mL  | Male: 0.60 - 1.81  | Chemiluminescence<br>Immunoassay<br>(CLIA) |
| Thyroxine (T4)-Serum                     | 9.50      | μg/dL  | Male: 5.50 - 12.10 | Chemiluminescence<br>Immunoassay<br>(CLIA) |
| Thyroid Stimulating Hormo<br>(TSH)-Serum | one 3.26  | μIU/mL | Male: 0.35 - 5.50  | Chemiluminescence<br>Immunoassay<br>(CLIA) |

Comments: Triiodothyronine (T3) assay is a useful test for hyperthyroidism in patients with low TSH and normal T4 levels. It is also used for the diagnosis of T3 toxicosis. It is not a reliable marker for Hypothyroidism. This test is not recommended for general screening of the population without a clinical suspicion of hyperthyroidism.

Reference range: Cord: (37 Weeks): 0.5-1.41, Children:1-3 Days: 1.0-7.40,1-11 Months: 1.05-2.45,1-5 Years: 1.05-2.69,6-10 Years: 0.94-2.41,11-15 Years: 0.82-2.13, Adolescents (16-20 Years): 0.80-2.10

Reference range: Adults: 20-50 Years: 0.70-2.04, 50-90 Years: 0.40-1.81,

Reference range in Pregnancy: First Trimester: 0.81-1.90,Second Trimester: 1.0-2.60

Increased Levels: Pregnancy, Graves disease, T3 thyrotoxicosis, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism, increased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG). Decreased Levels: Nonthyroidal illness, hypothyroidism, nutritional deficiency, systemic illness, decreased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG).

Comments: Total T4 levels offer a good index of thyroid function when TBG is normal and non-thyroidal illness is not present. This assay is useful for monitoring treatment with synthetic hormones (synthetic T3 will cause low total T4). It also helps to monitor treatment of Hyperthyroidism with Thiouracil or other anti-thyroid drugs.

Reference Range: Males: 4.6-10.5, Females: 5.5-11.0, 60 Years: 5.0-10.70, Cord: 7.40-13.10, Children: 1-3 Days: 11.80-22.60, 1-2 Weeks: 9.90-16.60,1-4 Months: 7.20-14.40,1-5 Years: 7.30-15.0,5-10 Years: 6.4-13.3

1-15 Years: 5.60-11.70, Newborn Screen: 1-5 Days: >7.5,6 Days : >6.5

Increased Levels: Hyperthyroidism, increased TBG, familial dysalbuminemic hyperthyroxinemia, Increased transthyretin, estrogen therapy, pregnancy. Decreased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, pituitary TSH deficiency, hypothalamic TRH deficiency, non thyroidal illness, decreased TBG.

Comments: TSH is a glycoprotein hormone secreted by the anterior pituitary. TSH is a labile hormone & is secreted in a pulsatile manner throughout the day and is subject to several non-thyroidal pituitary influences. Significant variations in TSH can occur with circadian rhythm, hormonal status, stress, sleep deprivation, caloric intake, medication & circulating antibodies. It is important to confirm any TSH abnormality in a fresh specimen drawn after ~ 3 weeks before assigning a diagnosis, as the cause of an isolated TSH abnormality.

Reference range in Pregnancy: I- trimester:0.1-2.5; II -trimester:0.2-3.0; III- trimester:0.3-3.0

Reference range in Newborns: 0-4 days: 1.0-39.0; 2-20 Weeks:1.7-9.1

Increased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, Subelinical hypothyroidism, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism and Thyroid hormone resistance. Decreased Levels: Graves disease, Autonomous thyroid hormone secretion, TSH deficiency.



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Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist

www.spectrumdiagnostics.org







Age / Gender : 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1301240018 C/o : Apollo Clinic Bill Date

: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

Result Date

: 13-Jan-2024 01:26 PM

Report Status : Final

| Test Name                     | Result      | Unit | Reference Value | Method                      |
|-------------------------------|-------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| Urine Routine Examinati       | on-Urine    |      |                 |                             |
| Physical Examination          |             |      |                 |                             |
| Colour                        | Pale Yellow |      | Pale Yellow     | Visual                      |
| Appearance                    | Clear       |      | Clear           | Visual                      |
| Reaction (pH)                 | 5.5         |      | 5.0-7.5         | Dipstick                    |
| Specific Gravity              | 1.020       |      | 1.000-1.030     | Dipstick                    |
| <b>Biochemical Examinatio</b> | n           |      |                 | Бірянск                     |
| Albumin                       | Negative    |      | Negative        | Dipstick/Precipitation      |
| Glucose                       | Negative    |      | Negative        | Dipstick/Benedicts          |
| Bilirubin                     | Negative    |      | Negative        | Dipstick/Fouchets           |
| Ketone Bodies                 | Negative    |      | Negative        | Dipstick/Rotheras           |
| Urobilinogen                  | Normal      |      | Normal          | Dipstick/Ehrlichs           |
| Nitrite                       | Negative    |      | Negative        | Dipstick Emiliens  Dipstick |
| Microscopic Examinatio        |             |      | rioganivo       | Dipstick                    |
| Pus Cells                     | 1-2         | hpf  | 0.0-5.0         | Microscopy                  |
| Epithelial Cells              | 2-3         | hpf  | 0.0-10.0        | Microscopy                  |
| RBCs                          | Absent      | hpf  | Absent          | Microscopy                  |
| Casts                         | Absent      |      | Absent          | Microscopy                  |
| Crystals                      | Absent      |      | Absent          | Microscopy                  |
| Others                        | Absent      |      | Absent          | Microscopy                  |

UHID

: 1301240018

1301240018

Comments: The kidneys help infiltration of the blood by eliminating waste out of the body through urine. They also regulate water in the body by conserving electrolytes, proteins, and other compounds. But due to some conditions and abnormalities in kidney function, the urine may encompass some abnormal constituents, which are not normally present. A complete urine examination helps in detecting such abnormal constituents in urine. Several disorders can be detected by identifying and measuring the levels of such substances. Blood cells, bilirubin, bacteria, pus cells, epithelial cells may be present in urine due to kidney disease or infection. Routine urine examination helps to diagnose kidney diseases, urinary tract infections, diabetes and other metabolic disorders.



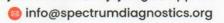
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Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist

Tejas Arcade, #9/1, 1st Main Road, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Rajajinagar, Opp. St. Theresa Hospital, Bengaluru - 560010 www.spectrumdiagnostics.org









Name

: MR. RAJESH KUMAR

Age / Gender

: 45 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. Reg. No.

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

C/o

: 1301240018 : Apollo Clinic UHID

: 1301240018

1301240018

Bill Date

: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM

Sample Col. Date: 13-Jan-2024 08:20 AM Result Date

: 13-Jan-2024 03:45 PM Report Status : Final

Test Name

Result

Unit

Reference Value

Method

Blood Group & Rh Typing-Whole Blood EDTA

Blood Group

Rh Type

Positive

Slide/Tube

agglutination

Slide/Tube

agglutination

Note: Confirm by tube or gel method.

Comments: ABO blood group system, the classification of human blood based on the inherited properties of red blood cells (erythrocytes) as determined by the presence or absence of the antigens A and B, which are carried on the surface of the red cells. Persons may thus have type A, type B, type O, or type AB blood.



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