# DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTIC SERVICE PVT LTD

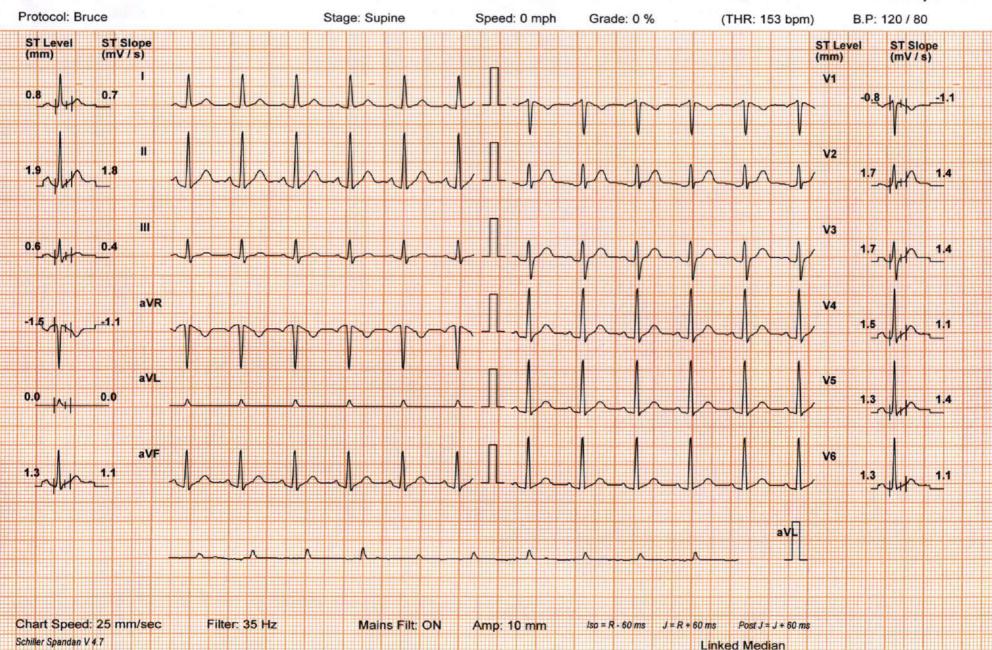
**Test Report** 



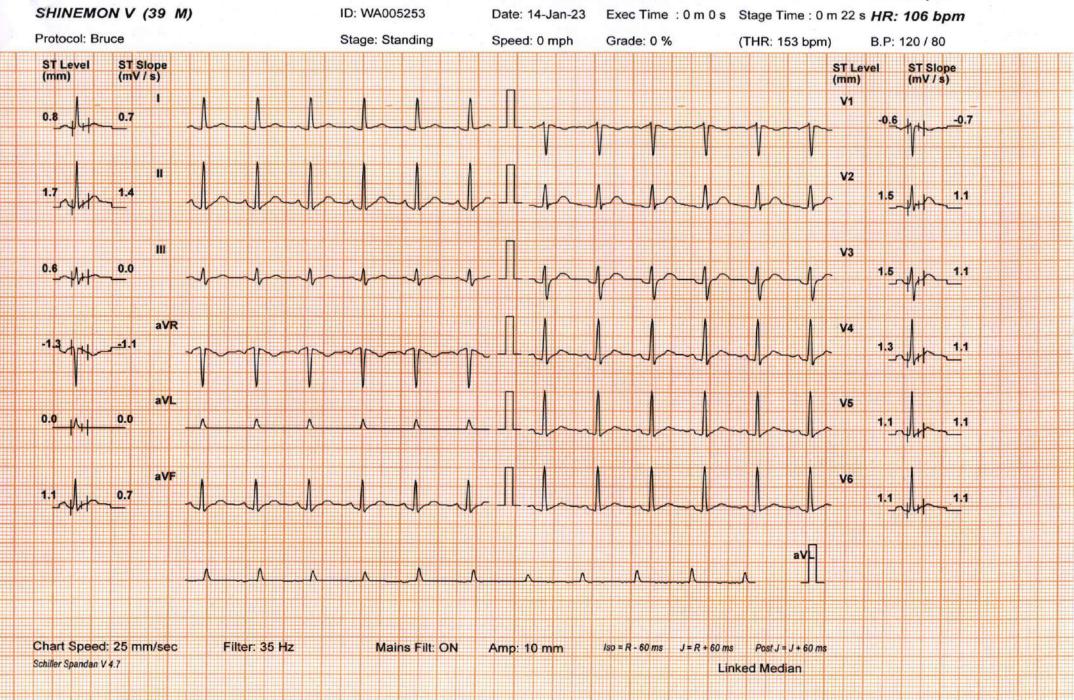
ID: WA005253

Date: 14-Jan-23

Exec Time: 0 m 0 s Stage Time: 0 m 36 s HR: 103 bpm







### DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTIC SERVICE PVT LTD

**Test Report** 

SHINEMON V (39 M)

Schiller Spandan V 4.7

ID: WA005253

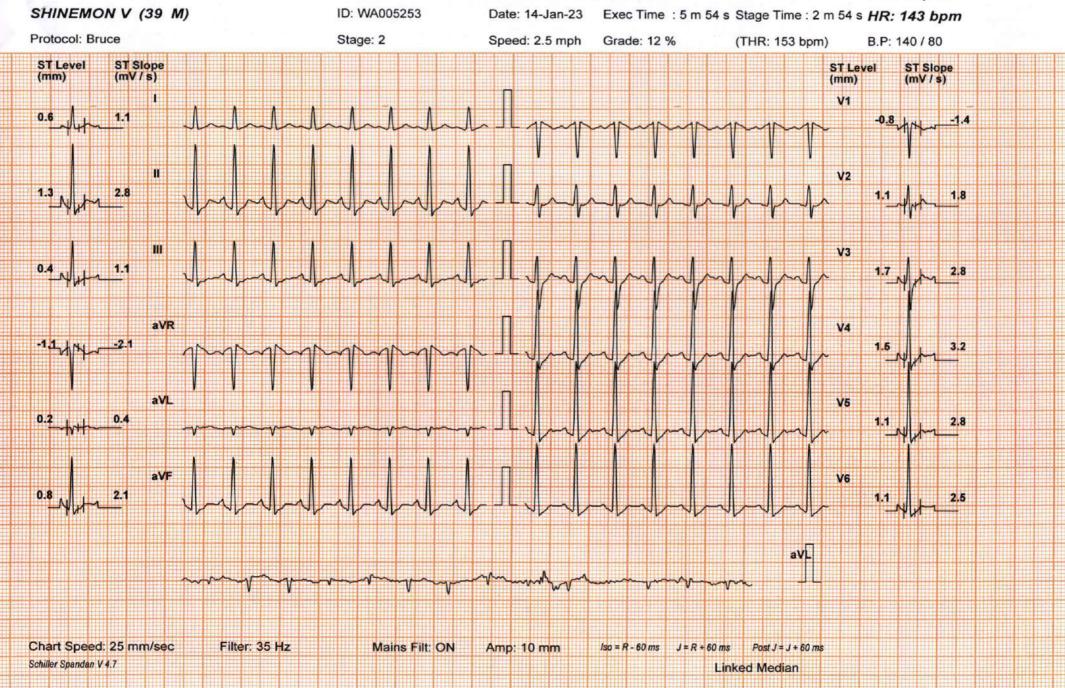
Date: 14-Jan-23

Exec Time: 2 m 54 s Stage Time: 2 m 54 s HR: 129 bpm

Linked Median

Protocol: Bruce Stage: 1 Speed: 1.7 mph Grade: 10 % (THR: 153 bpm) B.P: 130 / 80 ST Slope (mV / s) ST Level ST Level (mm) ST Slope (mV / s) (mm) V1 -0.8 L V2 1.3 V3 1.7 1.8 aVR V4 -1.3 1.7 2.1 aVL V5 2.1 0.0 0.0 1.5 V6 2.1 1.3 aVL Chart Speed: 25 mm/sec Filter: 35 Hz Mains Filt: ON Post J = J + 60 msAmp: 10 mm Iso = R - 60 ms  $J = R + 60 \, \text{ms}$ 





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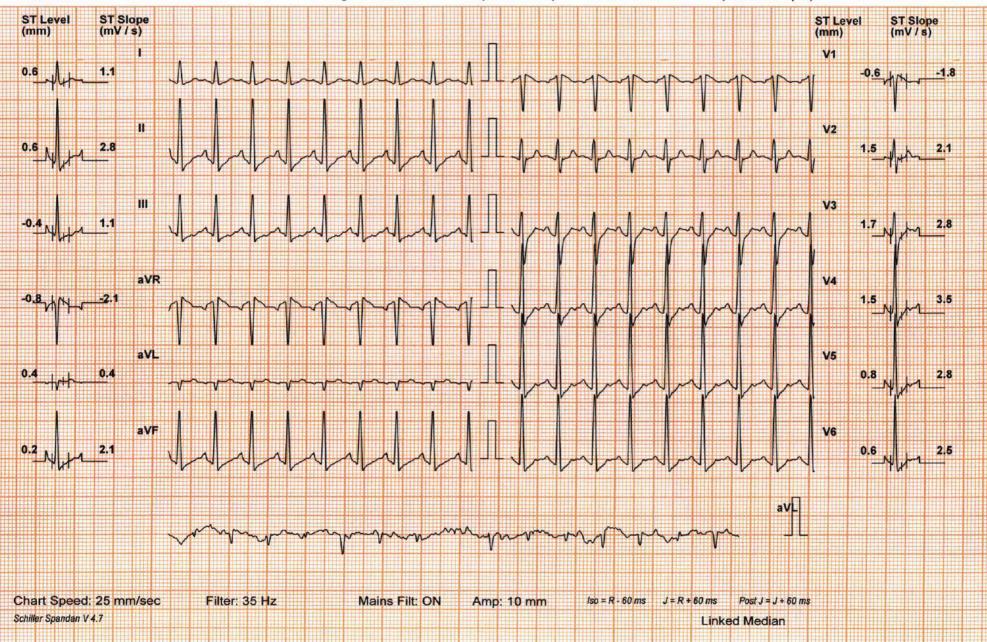
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ID: WA005253

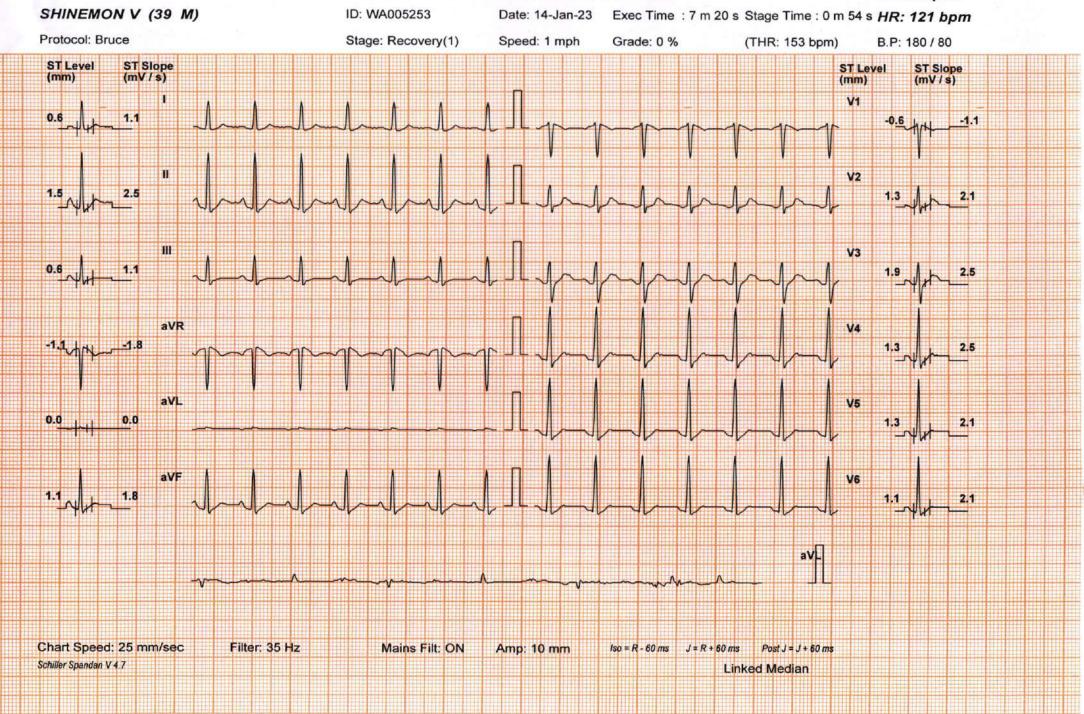
Date: 14-Jan-23

Exec Time: 7 m 14 s Stage Time: 1 m 14 s HR: 153 bpm

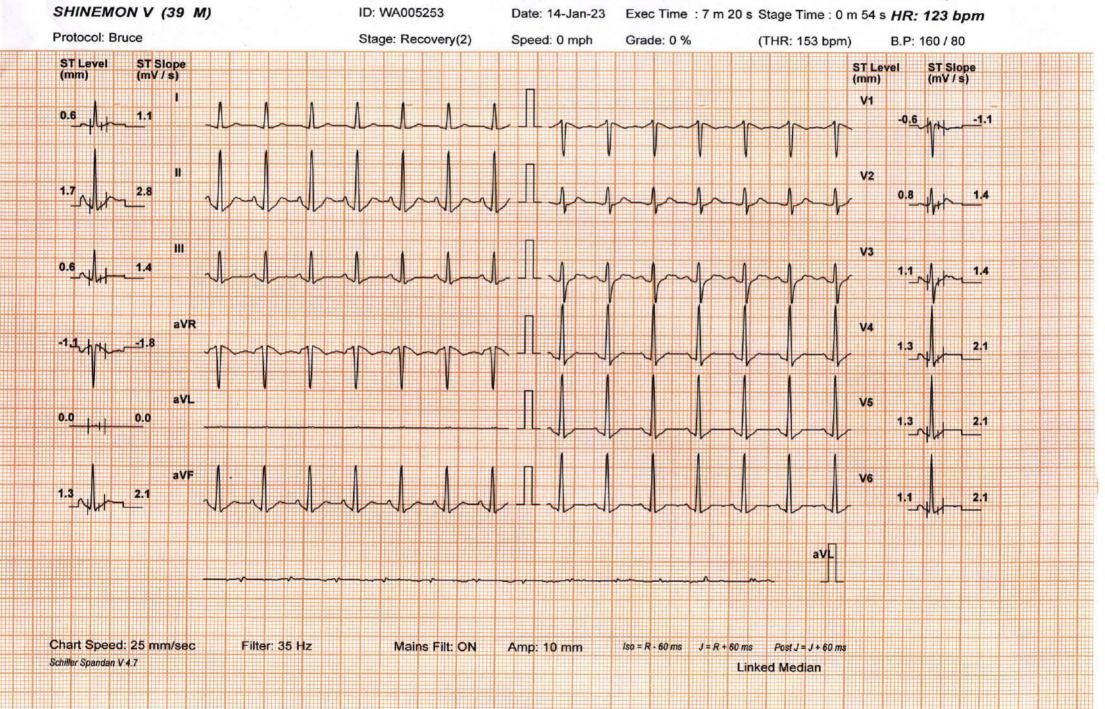
Protocol: Bruce Stage: Peak Ex Speed: 3.4 mph Grade: 14 % (THR: 153 bpm) B.P: 150 / 80



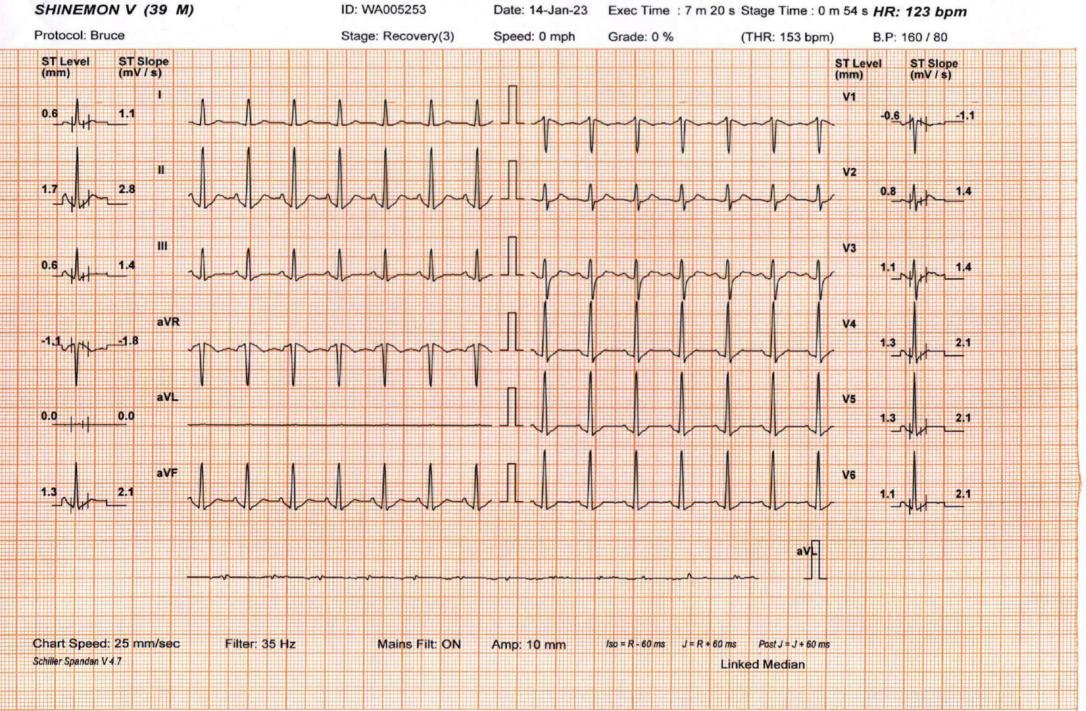












#### DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTIC SERVICE PVT LTD

Patient Details Date: 14-Jan-23 Time: 14:28:41

Name: SHINEMON V ID: WA005253

Age: 39 y Sex: M Height: 165 cms Weight: 67 Kgs

Clinical History: NIL

Medications: NIL

**Test Details** 

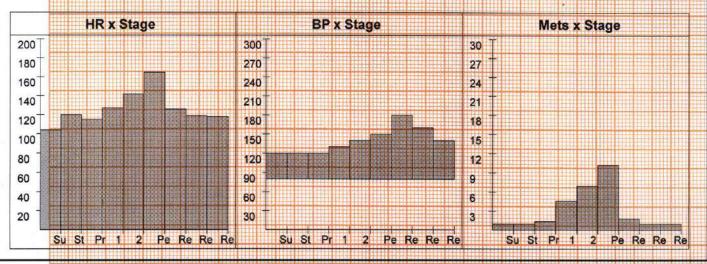
Protocol: Bruce Pr.MHR: 181 bpm THR: 153 (85 % of Pr.MHR) bpm

Total Exec. Time: 7 m 20 s Max. HR: 165 ( 91% of Pr.MHR )bpm Max. Mets: 10.20

Test Termination Criteria: Target HR attained

#### **Protocol Details**

Stage Name	Stage Time	Mets	Speed	Grade	Heart	Max. BP	Max. ST	Max. ST
	(min : sec)	(mph)	(%)	Rate (bpm)	(mm/Hg)	Level (mm)	Slope (mV/s)	
Supine	0:42	1.0	0	0	104	120 / 80	-1.49 aVR	1.77 V4
Standing	0:28	1.0	0	0	120	120 / 80	-1.49 aVR	1.77
1	3:0	4.6	1.7	10	127	130 / 80	-1.70 aVR	2.83
2	3:0	7.0	2.5	12	142	140 / 80	-1.27 aVR	3.54 11
Peak Ex	1:20	10.2	3.4	14	165	150 / 80	-1.27 aVR	3.54 11
Recovery(1)	1:0	1.8	1	0	126	180 / 80	-1.49 aVR	3.54 11
Recovery(2)	1:0	1.0	0	0	119	160 / 80	-1.27 aVR	4.60 11
Recovery(3)	0:11	1.0	0	0	118	140 / 80	-1.06 aVR	2.48



# DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTIC SERVICE PVT LTD

Patient Details Date: 14-Jan-23 Time: 14:28:41

Name: SHINEMON V ID: WA005253

Age: 39 y Sex: M Height: 165 cms Weight: 67 Kgs

Interpretation

The patient exercised according to the Bruce protocol for 7 m 20 s achieving a work level of Max. METS: 10.20. Resting heart rate initially 104 bpm, rose to a max. heart rate of 165 ( 91% of Pr.MHR ) bpm. Resting blood Pressure 120 / 80 mmHg, rose to a maximum blood pressure of 180 / 80 mmHg, No Angina, No Arrhythmia.

No significant ST changes

Test negative for juducible ischemia

Dr. George Thomas MD,FGSI,FIAE Cardiologist



Ref. Doctor: MEDIWHEEL

Doctor: ----

(Summary Report edited by user)





## MEDICAL EXAMINATION REPORT (MER)

If the examinee is suffering from an acute life threatening situation, you may be obliged to disclose the result of the medical examination to the examinee.

Name of the examinee	: Mr./Mrs./Ms. SHINEMON V
2. Mark of Identification	: (Mole/Scar/any other (specify location)):
3. Age/Date of Birth	: 29-11-1983 Gender: 1KM
<ol><li>Photo ID Checked</li></ol>	: (Passport/Election Card/PAN Card/Driving Licence/Company ID)

#### PHYSICAL DETAILS:

a. Height	b. Weight	c. Girth of Abdomen9.2 (cms)  Systolic 120 Diastolic 80
	1 <sup>st</sup> Reading	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Reading	in superior, pulso personal facilitation acceptant to the

#### FAMILY HISTORY:

Relation	Age if Living	Health Status	If deceased, age at the time and cause
Father		1	
Mother	, u- ,	/ .	5. 8. 78 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Brother(s)		/NS	
Sister(s)		answeet TPG	One ITU SULADIFUIA A seasest mainsuby o

**HABITS & ADDICTIONS:** Does the examinee consume any of the following?

Tobacco in any form	Sedative	Alcohol Alcohol
hadnes identify and one first in the sector	syc pulividual <u>affictive</u> rffication is	rely continued in a last contract the above

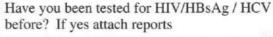
#### PERSONAL HISTORY

- a. Are you presently in good health and entirely free from any mental or Physical impairment or deformity.
   If No, please attach details.
- b. Have you undergone/been advised any surgical procedure?
- c. During the last 5 years have you been medically examined, received any advice or treatment or admitted to any hospital?
- d. Have you lost or gained weight in past 12 months?

#### Have you ever suffered from any of the following?

- Psychological Disorders or any kind of disorders of the Nervous System?
- · Any disorders of Respiratory system?
- Any Cardiac or Circulatory Disorders?
- Enlarged glands or any form of Cancer/Tumour?
- · Any Musculoskeletal disorder?

- Any disorder of Gastrointestinal System?
- Unexplained recurrent or persistent fever, and/or weight loss



· Are you presently taking medication of any kind?







Corp. Office: DDRC SRL Tower, G- 131, Panampilly Nagar, Ernakulam - 682 036 Ph No. 0484-2318223, 2318222, e-mail: info@ddrcsrl.com, web: www.ddrcsrl.com

<ul> <li>Any disorders of Urinary System?</li> </ul>	YN	<ul> <li>Any disorder of the Eyes, Ears, Nose, Thr Mouth &amp; Skin</li> </ul>	oat or
FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES ONLY NA			19 36
a. Is there any history of diseases of breast/genital organs?	Y/N	<ul> <li>d. Do you have any history of miscarriage/ abortion or MTP</li> </ul>	Y/N
b. Is there any history of abnormal PAP Smear/Mammogram/USG of Pelvis or any other tests? (If yes attach reports)	r Y/N	<ul> <li>e. For Parous Women, were there any completuring pregnancy such as gestational diable hypertension etc</li> </ul>	
c. Do you suspect any disease of Uterus, Cervix or Ovaries?	Y/N	f. Are you now pregnant? If yes, how many	months? Y/N
CONFIDENTAIL COMMENTS FROM MEDIC	AL EXA	MINER	
➤ Was the examinee co-operative?		65 news n want 20	Y/N
Is there anything about the examine's health, life his/her job?	estyle tha	at might affect him/her in the near future with	regard to Y/N
> Are there any points on which you suggest furth	ner inform	nation be obtained?	Y/N
➤ Based on your clinical impression, please provide	de your s	suggestions and recommendations below;	
Med	lical	Censor Wall	
Lauren de la company de la com		X-1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	heilu
			- Hillian
➤ Do you think he/she is MEDICALLY FIT or UN	NFIT for	employment.	
FIT	hara afta a	The second of th	
MEDICAL EXAMINER'S DECLARATION			
I hereby confirm that I have examined the above indiabove are true and correct to the best of my knowled		fter verification of his/her identity and the find	dings stated
		YROTELL	
Name & Signature of the Medical Examiner :	30	Strict down a time not and how in Almose expenses to home to be a close to the contract of the	
	Dr. GE	ORGE THOMAS	
Seal of Medical Examiner :		MD, FCSI, FIAE CAL EXAMINER Reg: 86614	
		GNOS	

# **DDRC SRL** Diagnostics Private Limited

Name & Seal of DDRC SRL Branch

Date & Time



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SEMMORTHORIS / CHESTIN / AGE : 731

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ADDRESS : \$1/24 | Palepparambli, Varanam P

O, Chorthala 688555

Date: 22/10/2013, ELECTORAL REGISTRATION OFFICER services all plantoma.astrues : 103, Salabores Control of Control









CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :

MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 **DELHI INDIA** 8800465156

DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTICS DDRC SRL Tower, G-131,Panampilly Nagar, PANAMPALLY NAGAR, 682036 KERALA, INDIA Tel: 93334 93334

Email: customercare.ddrc@srl.in

PATIENT NAME: MR. SHINEMON.V

REFERRING DOCTOR: DR. BANK OF BARODA

PATIENT ID :

SHINM1401844126

ACCESSION NO: 4126WA005253 AGE: 39 Years

SEX: Male

ABHA NO:

REPORTED: 14/01/2023 23:18

DRAWN:

RECEIVED: 14/01/2023 09:48

CLIENT PATIENT ID :

**Test Report Status** 

**Preliminary** 

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

## MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHEKUP BELOW 40(M)TMT

\* TREADMILL TEST

TREADMILL TEST

COMPLETED



CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI,

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**Preliminary** 

Results

Units

# MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHEKUP BELOW 40(M)TMT

BUN/	CREAT RATIO	
------	-------------	--

BUN	CREAT	RATIO

8.97

#### CREATININE, SERUM

0.78

133

87

18 - 60 yrs: 0.9 - 1.3

mg/dL

mg/dL

CREATININE METHOD: JAFFE KINETIC METHOD

## GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

mg/dL Diabetes Mellitus: > or = 200. Impaired Glucose tolerance/

Prediabetes: 140 - 199. Hypoglycemia: < 55.

## GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA

Diabetes Mellitus : > or = 126.

Impaired fasting Glucose/ Prediabetes: 101 - 125. Hypoglycemia : < 55.

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

# GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE

BLOOD

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 5.8

Normal

: 4.0 - 5.6%. %

Non-diabetic level : < 5.7%. : >6.5% Diabetic

Glycemic control goal

More stringent goal : < 6.5 %. : < 7%. General goal Less stringent goal : < 8%.

Glycemic targets in CKD :-

If eGFR > 60: < 7%.

If eGFR < 60: 7 - 8.5%. High < 116.0

mg/dL

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

151

119.8

Desirable: < 200

mg/dL

CHOLESTEROL

34

Borderline: 200-239 : >or= 240 High

METHOD : CHOD-POD

HDL CHOLESTEROL

125

Normal

: < 150

mg/dL

TRIGLYCERIDES

High

: 150-199 Hypertriglyceridemia: 200-499

Very High: > 499

mg/dL

Low General range: 40-60

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回溯與深回

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METHOD: DIRECT ENZYME CLEARANCE DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL	108	Optimum : < 100 Above Optimum : 100-139 Borderline High : 130-159 High : 160-189 Very High : >or= 190	mg/dL
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	117	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	4.4	3.3-4.4 Low Risk 4.5-7.0 Average Risk 7.1-11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
LDL/HDL RATIO	3.2	High 0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate >6.0 High Risk	
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	25.0	Desirable value : 10 - 35	mg/dL
LIVER FUNCTION TEST WITH GGT			(a)
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.59	General Range : < 1.1	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD: DIAZO METHOD	0.20	General Range : < 0.3	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.39	0.00 - 0.60	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.1	Ambulatory: 6.4 - 8.3 Recumbant: 6 - 7.8	g/dL
ALBUMIN	4.2	20-60yrs : 3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
GLOBULIN	2.9	2.0 - 4.0 Neonates - Pre Mature: 0.29 - 1.04	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.5	1.00 - 2.00	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE	33	Adults: < 40	U/L
(AST/SGOT) ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD: IFCC WITHOUT PDP	73	Adults: < 45	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	81	Adult(<60yrs): 40 -130	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM	53	Adult (Male): < 60	U/L

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	724		a/dl
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.1	Ambulatory: 6.4 - 8.3 Recumbant: 6 - 7.8	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET			
URIC ACID, SERUM		Adults : 3.4-7	mg/dL
URIC ACID METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	6.0		
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
ABO GROUP  METHOD : GEL CARD METHOD	TYPE B		
RH TYPE	POSITIVE		
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD		120 170	g/dL
HEMOGLOBIN METHOD: NON CYANMETHEMOGLOBIN	16.3	13.0 - 17.0	
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT METHOD: IMPEDANCE	5.44	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT METHOD: IMPEDANCE	8.13	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT METHOD: IMPEDANCE	228	150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			%
HEMATOCRIT METHOD: CALCULATED	48.0	40 - 50	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL  METHOD: DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE	88.3	83 - 101	
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB.  METHOD: CALCULATED	29.9	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION METHOD: CALCULATED	33.9	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	13.9	12.0 - 18.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	16.2		241
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME  METHOD: DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE	7.2	6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT		2000	0/
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY	50	40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES  METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY	36	20 - 40	%

回线数深回

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Test Report Status <u>Preliminary</u>	Results	794	Units	
MONOCYTES	9	2 - 10	%	
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY EOSINOPHILS	5	1 - 6	%	
METHOD: DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY  BASOPHILS	0	0 - 2	%	
METHOD: IMPEDANCE ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	4.06	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL	
METHOD: CALCULATED  ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.93	1 - 3	thou/µL	
METHOD : CALCULATED  ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.73	0.20 - 1.00	thou/μL	
METHOD : CALCULATED  ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.41	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL	
METHOD: CALCULATED  ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.00	0.00 - 0.10	thou/µL	
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),V	1.4 VHOLE			
SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD	04	0 - 14	mm at 1 hr	
* SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
THYROID PANEL, SERUM	130.70	80 - 200	ng/dL	
METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE	7.69	5.1 - 14.1	μg/dl	
METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE TSH 3RD GENERATION	1.450	21-50 yrs : 0.4 - 4.2	μIU/mL	
METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE				



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**Preliminary** 

Results

Units

#### Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary

gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low. Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, Free T4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3) Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre (3) Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4 replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	TT: -1-	Uich	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2. Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011. NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3, Free T4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4. TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

FITTS LCAL EXAMINATION OF		
COLOR	AMBER	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE		
PH	5.0	4.8 - 7.4
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025	1.015 - 1.030

回源流通

回機模深回

CIN: U85190MH2006PTC161480 (Refer to "CONDITIONS OF REPORTING" overleaf)

SHINM1401844126



CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :

MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED F701A, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI, SOUTH DELHI, DELHI, SOUTH DELHI 110030 **DELHI INDIA** 8800465156

DDRC SRL DIAGNOSTICS DDRC SRL Tower, G-131, Panampilly Nagar, PANAMPALLY NAGAR, 682036 KERALA, INDIA Tel: 93334 93334

Email: customercare.ddrc@srl.in

PATIENT NAME: MR. SHINEMON.V

ACCESSION NO: 4126WA005253 AGE:

SEX: Male 39 Years

ABHA NO:

DRAWN:

RECEIVED: 14/01/2023 09:48

REPORTED:

14/01/2023 23:18

REFERRING DOCTOR: DR. BANK OF BARODA

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status Preliminary	Results		Units
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE			
RED BLOOD CELLS	0 - 1	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
WBC	0-1	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	0-1	0-5	/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERI	<b>JM</b>		
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	7	Adult(<60 yrs): 6 to 20	mg/dL
METHOD : UREASE - UV	and the same of th		
* SUGAR URINE - FASTING			
SUGAR URINE - FASTING	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
* PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL	RESULT PENDING		
* CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL	RESULT PENDING		
* MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION,STO	OL RESULT PENDING		

Interpretation(s)
CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:
Blockage in the urinary tract
Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
Muscle problems, such as headdown of muscle fibers

Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers

Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

Myasthenia Gravis
 Muscular dystrophy

Muscular dystrophy
 GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Page 7 Of 10 回波然级

回想投灣回



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**Test Report Status** 

**Preliminary** 

Results

Units

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

#### Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus,

while random serum glucose levels correlate with nome glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide included within individuals. This glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

- Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

 Diagnosing diabetes.
 Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes). The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

- 1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

  2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.

  3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 \* HbA1c 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to:

I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates

IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a. Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b. Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c. HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

C.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HDALC.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM-Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease This test can help determine your risk of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don''''''' to cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the ""good"" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely. HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease, associated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI. accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL). NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary and secondary prevention studies.

#### Recommendations:

Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is

Page 8 Of 10 回滤器流回

回數模案回

CIN: U85190MH2006PTC161480





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**Test Report Status** 

**Preliminary** 

Results

Units

SHINM1401844126

made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom"""s disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.
URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary (High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic

syndrome

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis

Causes of decreased revers to the model of the model of the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens are found in Blood group is identified by antigens plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13)

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for

was one of the diagnosting a case of the trial trials. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease. (Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION: Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy,

Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermla vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine,

salicylates)

REFERENCE:

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference Intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.

SUGAR URINE - POST PRANDIAL-METHOD: DIPSTICK/BENEDICT"S TEST

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease. SYADH

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.
SUGAR URINE - FASTING-METHOD: DIPSTICK/BENEDICT'S TEST

Page 9 Of 10 国78%法国

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REFERRING DOCTOR: DR. BANK OF BARODA **Test Report Status** 

**Preliminary** 

Results

Units

# MEDIWHEEL HEALTH CHEKUP BELOW 40(M)TMT

\* ECG WITH REPORT

REPORT

COMPLETED

\* USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

test completed

\* CHEST X-RAY WITH REPORT

REPORT

COMPLETED

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession
TEST MARKED WITH '\*' ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

DR.HARI SHANKAR, MBBS MD **HEAD** - Biochemistry &

**Immunology** 

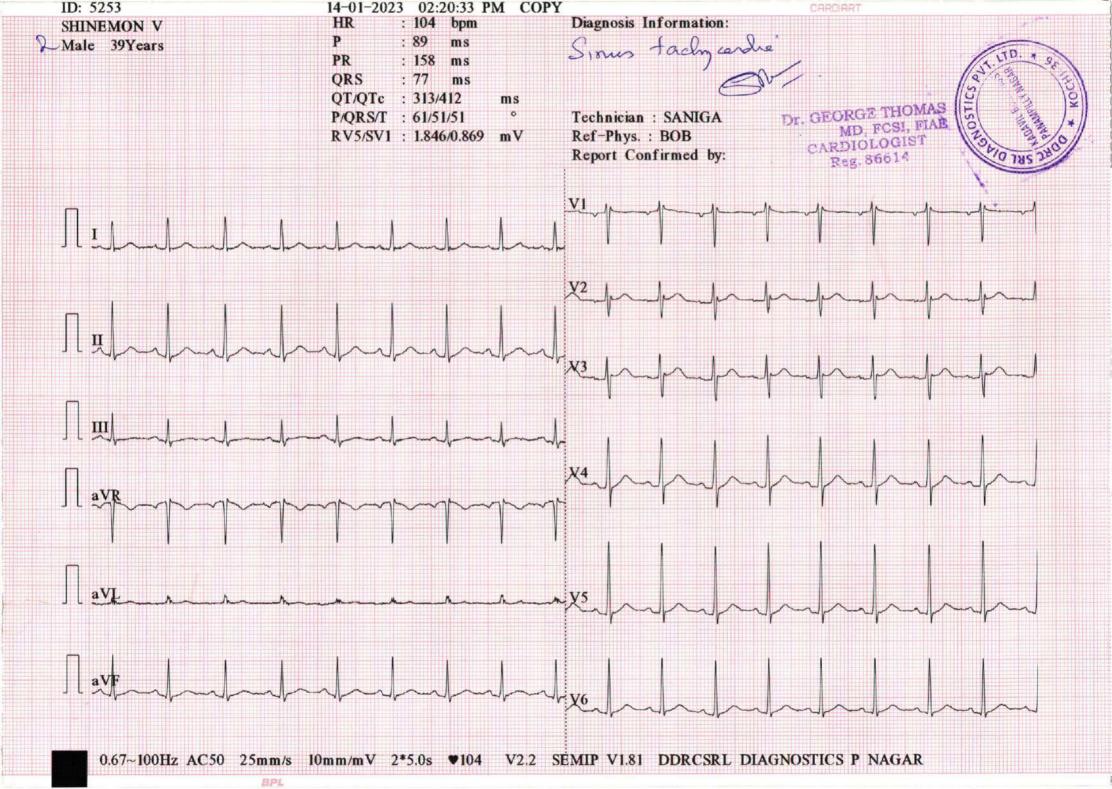
DR. VIJAY K N, MD(PATH)

HEAD-HAEMATOLOGY & CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

DR.SMITHA PAULSON, MD (PATH), DPB

LAB DIRECTOR & HEAD-**HISTOPATHOLOGY &** CYTOLOGY

> Page 10 Of 10 回滤線旋回





NAME: MR SHINEMON V	
A CONTROL OF THE CONT	STUDY DATE: 14/01/2023
AGE / SEX:39 YRS / M	REPORTING DATE: 14/01/2023
REFERRED BY : MEDIWHEEL	
	ACC NO: 4126WA005253

## X - RAY - CHEST PA VIEW

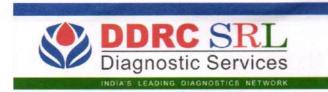
- Both the lung fields are clear.
- B/L hila and mediastinal shadows are normal.
- Cardiac silhouette appears normal.
- Cardio thoracic ratio is normal.
- Bilateral CP angles and domes of diaphragm appear normal.

IMPRESSION: NORMAL STUDY

Kindly correlate clinically

Dr. NAVNEET KAUR, MBBS,MD Consultant Radiologist.





Date 14.01-2023

# OPHTHALMOLOGY REPORT

	y that I have examined  Aged39and his / her
	ls is as follows :
Visual Acuity:	R:6\6.
For far vision	L: 616
For near vision	R:N6
Tor near vision	L:
Color Vision :	OIAGNOSTICS!
	KADAVIL BUILDINGS 3.5

Nannu Elizabeth

(Optometrist)





INDIA'S LEADING DIAGNOSTICS NETWORK

NAME	MR SHINEMON V	AGE	39 YRS
SEX	MALE	DATE	
REFERRAL	BANK OF BARODA	DATE	January 14, 2023
ADI BRICAL BANK OF BARODA	ACC NO	4126WA005253	

#### **USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS**

LIVER

Measures  $\sim$ 14.8 cm. Moderately bright echotexture.

Smooth margins and no obvious focal lesion within. No IHBR dilatation. Portal vein normal in caliber.

GB

Contracted.

SPLEEN

Measures ~ 9.3 cm, normal to visualized extent. Splenic vein normal.

PANCREAS

Normal to visualized extent. PD is not dilated.

KIDNEYS

RK:  $8.7 \times 4 \text{ cm}$ , appears normal in size and echotexture.

LK: 10.1 x 4.4 cm, appears normal in size and echotexture.

No focal lesion / calculus within.

Maintained corticomedullary differentiation and normal parenchymal thickness.

No hydroureteronephrosis.

BLADDER

Normal wall caliber, no internal echoes/calculus within.

PROSTATE

Normal in volume and echopattern.

NODES/FLUID

Nil to visualized extent.

BOWEL

Visualized bowel loops appear normal.

IMPRESSION

Grade II fatty liver.

Kindly correlate clinically.

Dr. NAVNEET KAUR MBBS . MD Consultant Radiologist

Thank you for referral. Your feedback will be appreciated.

NOTE: This report is only a professional opinion based on the real time image finding and not a diagnosis by itself. It has to be correlated and interpreted w
Review scan is advised, If this ultrasound opinion and other clinical findings / reports don't correlate.





