



34/2, NEW PALASIA, NEAR OM SHANTI BHAWAN CIRCLE, BEHIND

CLIENT CODE : C000138355

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DI DELHI 880046

SOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156	INDUSTRY HOUSE INDORE, 452001 MADHYA PRADESH, INDIA Tel : 9111591115, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email : customercare.indore@srl.in				
PATIENT NAME : SANGITA SILAV	VAT		PATIENT ID :	SANGF0408697	
ACCESSION NO : 0007VJ001274	AGE : 53 Years SEX : Female	Э	ABHA NO :		
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 08/10/2022 10:55:	05	REPORTED : 10/10/202	2 12:30:00	
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. ACROFEM	I HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL])	CLIENT PATIENT ID	: BOB14372	
Test Report Status Final	Results		Biological Reference I	nterval Units	
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLO					
HEMOGLOBIN	14.7		12.0 - 15.0	g/dL	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRIC					
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT	5.35	High	3.8 - 4.8	mil/µL	
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE					
WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT	8.00		4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL	
PLATELET COUNT	178		150 - 410	thou/µL	
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE					
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES					
HEMATOCRIT	43.8		36 - 46	%	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER					
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL	82.0	Low	83 - 101	fL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER					
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB.	27.4		27.0 - 32.0	pg	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER					
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	33.5		31.5 - 34.5	g/dL	
MENTZER INDEX	15.3				
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	17.7	High	11.6 - 14.0	%	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER					
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	9.9		6.8 - 10.9	fL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER					
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLF	2				
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS	65		40 - 80	%	
METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY					
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	5.2		2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER					
LYMPHOCYTES	24		20 - 40	%	
METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY					
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.92		1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER					

2.7

SRL Ltd

INDUSTRY HOUSE

NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)

METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER









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DIFFERENTIAL COUNT PERFORMED ON:

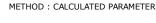
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PATIENT NAME : SANGITA SILAWAT PATIENT ID : SANGF0408697 ACCESSION NO : 0007VJ001274 AGE : 53 Years SEX : Female ABHA NO: RECEIVED : 08/10/2022 10:55:05 10/10/2022 12:30:00 **REPORTED** : DRAWN : REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) CLIENT PATIENT ID : BOB14372 **Test Report Status** Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units **Final** EOSINOPHILS 03 1 - 6 % METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 0.24 0.02 - 0.50 thou/µL METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER MONOCYTES 08 2 - 10 % METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 0.64 0.2 - 1.0 thou/µL METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

Comments

Please note that : The Automatic analyzer used to estimate Complete Blo correlated manually with microscopic picture. ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD	ood Counts (Blood cell I	ndices & counts	:) is "ABX PENTRA XL 80" (HORIB	A); the values are
SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)	19		0 - 20	mm at 1 hr
METHOD : WESTERGREN METHOD				
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOL	E BLOOD			
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)	8.0	High	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0	%
METHOD : HPLC				
MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE	182.9	High	< 116.0	mg/dL

EDTA SMEAR













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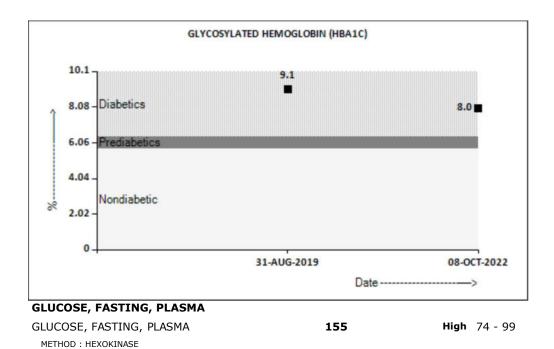
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Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
	<u>i mar</u>			••



mg/dL











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160

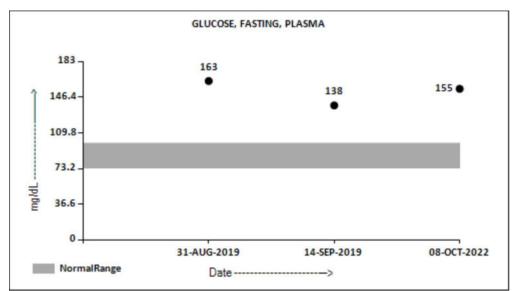
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REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

CLIENT PATIENT ID : BOB14372

10/10/2022 12:30:00

Test Report Status	Final	Results Biological Reference	Interval	Units
rest Report Status	гша	Results Diological Reference	Interval	Units



GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

METHOD : HEXOKINASE

High Normal: < 140, mg/dL Impaired Glucose Tolerance:140-199 Diabetic > or = 200











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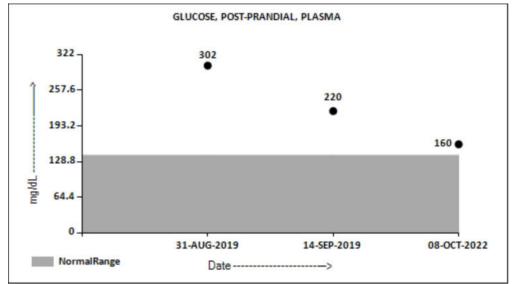
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Results



CLIENT PATIENT ID : BOB14372



CORONARY RISK PROFILE, SERUM

,				
CHOLESTEROL	203	High	Desirable: <200 BorderlineHigh : 200-239 High : > or = 240	mg/dL
METHOD : OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE				
TRIGLYCERIDES	268	High	Desirable: < 150 Borderline High: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High : > or = 500	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY				
HDL CHOLESTEROL	32	Low	< 40 Low > or = 60 High	mg/dL
CHOLESTEROL LDL	117	High	Adult levels: Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above optimal:	mg/dL 100-

129 Borderline high: 130-159 High : 160-189 Very high : = 190









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NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	171	High	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	6.3			
LDL/HDL RATIO	3.7	High	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate >6.0 High Risk	Risk
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	53.6		-	mg/dL
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	0.31		0.0 - 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD : DIAZOTIZATION	0.13		0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.18		0.00 - 1.00	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : BIURET	7.8		6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD : BROMOCRESOL PURPLE	4.6		3.50 - 5.20	g/dL
GLOBULIN	3.2		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.4		1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) METHOD : UV WITH PSP	20		UPTO 32	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD : UV WITH P5P	18		UPTO 34	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD : PNPP	76		35 - 104	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD : G-GLUTAMYL-CARBOXY-NITROANILIDE	31		5 - 36	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD : ENZYMATIC LACTATE - PYRUVATE(IFCC)	177		135 - 214	U/L
SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN METHOD : UREASE KINETIC	6		6 - 20	mg/dL



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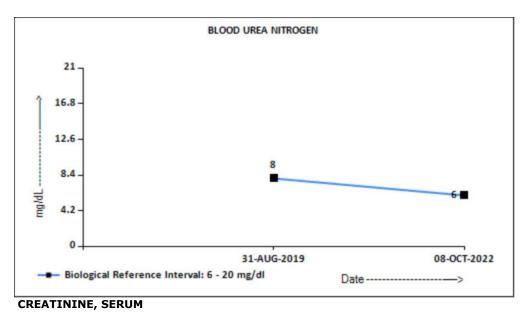
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Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
	<u>1 11191</u>			



CREATININE

METHOD : ALKALINE PICRATE-KINETIC

0.78

0.50 - 0.90





mg/dL







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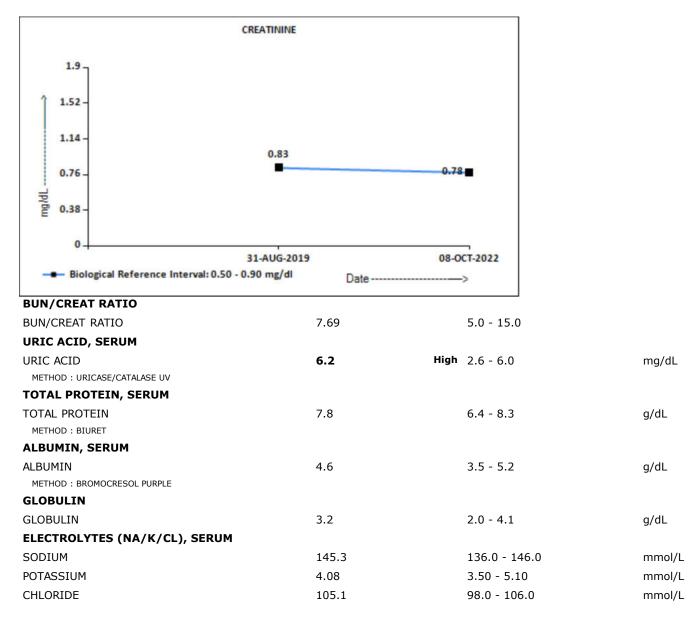
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10/10/2022 12:30:00

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Test Report Status
                                                  Results
                                                                         Biological Reference Interval Units
                     Final
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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interva	l Units
DEVELOAL EVANIMATION LIDINE			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
COLOR	PALE YELLOW		
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		
	1 020	1 002 1 025	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.020	1.003 - 1.035	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
PH	5.5	4.7 - 7.5	
METHOD : PH INDICATOR AND REFLECTANCE			
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : PROTEIN ERROR OF INDICATORS WITH REFLECTANCE			
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDASE			
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : ROTHERA'S WITH REFLECTANCE			
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : PEROXIDASE METHOD WITH REFLECTANCE			
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIAZOTIZED WITH REFLECTANCE			
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
METHOD : EHRLICH REACTION REFLECTANCE			
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIAZOTIZED WITH REFLECTANCE			
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE			
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	2-3	0-5	/HPF
METHOD : ESTERASES METHOD WITH REFLECTANCE			
EPITHELIAL CELLS	3-5	0-5	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
ERYTHROCYTES (RBC'S)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		

NOT DETECTED



CRYSTALS

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

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BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
REMARKS	Please note that all the uri	nary findings are confirmed manu	ually as well.
THYROID PANEL, SERUM			
Т3	118.7	80.00 - 200.00	ng/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY			
Τ4	8.46	5.10 - 14.10	µg/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY			
TSH 3RD GENERATION	1.820	0.270 - 4.200	µIU/mL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY			
PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR			
TEST METHOD	CONVENTIONAL GYNEC CY	TOLOGY	
SPECIMEN TYPE	TWO UNSTAINED CERVICA	L SMEARS RECEIVED	
REPORTING SYSTEM	2014 BETHESDA SYSTEM	FOR REPORTING CERVICAL CYTO	LOGY
SPECIMEN ADEQUACY	SATISFACTORY FOR EVALUATION WITH PRESENCE OF ENDOCERVICAL TRANSFORMATION ZONE COMPONENT		
MICROSCOPY	SMEARS SHOW SCATTERED AND SHEETS OF INTERMEDIATE AND PARABASAL CELLS ALONGWITH FEW SOUAMOUS METAPLASTIC CELLS AND FEW INFLAMMATORY CELLS.		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	FLW SQUAMOUS METAPLA	STIC CLEES AND FEW INFLAMMA	IORI CLLLS.
INTERPRETATION / RESULT	NEGATIVE FOR INTRAEPIT	HELIAL LESION OR MALIGNANCY	
ENDOMETRIAL CELLS (IN A WOMAN >/= 45 YRS)	ABSENT		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			

TYPE O

POSITIVE

Comments

Advised clinical correlation and repeat after proper antibiotic treatment/local treatment. Advised cervical biopsy to confirm diagnosis.

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION RH TYPE METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION

XRAY-CHEST

»»

BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS ARE CLEAR











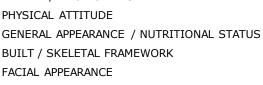
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»»	BOTH THE COSTOP	HRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR		
»»	BOTH THE HILA ARE	NORMAL		
»»	CARDIAC AND AORT	IC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL		
»»	BOTH THE DOMES (OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL		
»»	VISUALIZED BONY	VISUALIZED BONY THORAX IS NORMAL		
IMPRESSION	NO ABNORMALITY D	DETECTED		
TMT OR ECHO				
TMT OR ECHO	NEGATIVE			
ECG				
ECG	SINUS TACHYCARDI	A, LEFT ATRIAL ABNORMALITY		
MAMOGRAPHY (BOTH BREASTS)				
MAMOGRAPHY BOTH BREASTS	IMPRESSION : - Nor	rmal sonographic appearance of bilateral breasts.		
MEDICAL HISTORY				
RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY	HTN/DM - 2-3 YEAR	S		
RELEVANT PAST HISTORY	LSCS 1993,1994			
RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT			
RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY	HTN - PARENTS			
OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT			
HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS	NOT SIGNIFICANT			
ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI				
HEIGHT IN METERS	1.55	mts		
WEIGHT IN KGS.	61	Kgs		
ВМІ	25	BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese		
GENERAL EXAMINATION				
MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE	NORMAL			
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL			



NORMAL NORMAL OVERWEIGHT AVERAGE NORMAL









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Results

REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

Final

Final	Results Diological Reference Interval Onits
SKIN	NORMAL
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL
NECK	NORMAL
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED
CAROTID PULSATION	NORMAL
TEMPERATURE	AFEBRILE
PULSE	94/MIN REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID BRUIT HEARD
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM	
BP	130/84 mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL
APEX BEAT	NORMAL
HEART SOUNDS	S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY
MURMURS	ABSENT
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	
SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST	NORMAL
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST	SYMMETRICAL
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY	NORMAL
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY	VESICULAR (NORMAL)
ADDED SOUNDS	ABSENT
PER ABDOMEN	
APPEARANCE	NORMAL
VENOUS PROMINENCE	ABSENT
LIVER	NOT PALPABLE
SPLEEN	NOT PALPABLE
HERNIA	ABSENT
CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM	
HIGHER FUNCTIONS	NORMAL
CRANIAL NERVES	NORMAL









CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156

SRL Ltd
34/2, NEW PALASIA, NEAR OM SHANTI BHAWAN CIRCLE, BEHIND
INDUSTRY HOUSE
INDORE, 452001
MADHYA PRADESH, INDIA
Tel : 9111591115,
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : customercare.indore@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : SANGITA SILAWAT

PATIENT NAME : SANGITA SILAWAT PATIENT ID : SANGF0408697			
ACCESSION NO : 0007VJ001274	AGE : 53 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :	
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 08/10/2022 10:55:05	REPORTED : 10/10/2022 12:30:00	
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. ACROFEMI	HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)	CLIENT PATIENT ID : BOB14372	

REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIO	NS	NORMAL		
SENSORY SYSTEM		NORMAL		
MOTOR SYSTEM		NORMAL		
REFLEXES		NORMAL		
MUSCULOSKELETAL	SYSTEM			
SPINE		NORMAL		
JOINTS		NORMAL		
BASIC EYE EXAMINA	TION			
CONJUNCTIVA		NORMAL		
EYELIDS		NORMAL		
EYE MOVEMENTS		NORMAL		
CORNEA		NORMAL		
DISTANT VISION RIGH	IT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/18 VISUAL ACU	TY FOR CORRECTION	
DISTANT VISION LEFT	EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6 WITHIN NORM	1AL LIMIT	
DISTANT VISION RIGH	IT EYE WITH GLASSES	6/6 WITHIN NORM	1AL LIMIT	
DISTANT VISION LEFT	EYE WITH GLASSES	6/6 WITHIN NORM	1AL LIMIT	
NEAR VISION RIGHT E	YE WITHOUT GLASSES	N/18 VISUAL ACU	ITY FOR CORRECTION	
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE	E WITHOUT GLASSES	N/10 VISUAL ACU	ITY FOR CORRECTION	
NEAR VISION RIGHT E	YE WITH GLASSES	N/6 WITHIN NORM	1AL LIMIT	
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE	E WITH GLASSES	N/6 WITHIN NORM	1AL LIMIT	
COLOUR VISION		NORMAL		
BASIC ENT EXAMINA	ATION			
EXTERNAL EAR CANAL		HEAVY WITHIN NO	DRMAL LIMIT	
TYMPANIC MEMBRANE		NORMAL		
NOSE		NO ABNORMALITY	DETECTED	
SINUSES		CLEAR		
THROAT		NO ABNORMALITY	DETECTED	
TONSILS		NOT ENLARGED		
SUMMARY				
RELEVANT HISTORY		NOT SIGNIFICANT	-	
RELEVANT GP EXAMIN	ATION FINDINGS	OVERWEIGHT		
REMARKS / RECOMME	NDATIONS			



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REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. ACROFEM	I HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)	CLIENT PATIENT ID : BOB14372
		ن ا

Test Report Status Final Results Biological Reference Interval	Units
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Comments

CLINICAL FINDINGS :-OVER WEIGHT STATUS. DERANGED GLUCOSE METABOLISM DYSLIPIDEMIA.

FITNESS STATUS :-

FITNESS STATUS : FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS) .

ADVICE : WEIGHT REDUCTION, LOW FAT& CARBOHYDRATE DIET AND REGULAR PHYSICAL EXERCISE FOR OVERWEIGHT STATUS .

NEED PHYSICIAN CONSULTATION FOR PROPER EVALUATION AND MANAGEMENT

FITNESS STATUS

FITNESS STATUS

FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)











CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI **NEW DELHT 110030** DELHI INDIA 8800465156

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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

DEONE

Comments

USG-IMPRESSION- MILD SPLEENOMEGALY

Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-

Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope. ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non - specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants. The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Reference :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th Edition" GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood,

the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks. Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased glycated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy may exhibit increased glycated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells. Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia,

increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of testing such as glycated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered.

Targets should be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals should be individualized based on duration of diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations."

References

Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R.Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006, 879-884.

2. Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus: A rational plan for management. Postgrad Med 1982, 71,139-154.



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PATIENT NAME :	SANGITA SILAV	VAT		PA	TIENT ID :	SANGF0408697
ACCESSION NO :	0007VJ001274	AGE : 53 Years	SEX : Female	ABHA NO :		
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REFERRING DOCTO	R: DR. ACROFEM	I HEALTHCARE LTD	(MEDIWHEEL)	CLIEN	T PATIENT ID) : BOB14372
Test Report Stat	us Final		Results			Units

3. Mayer TK. Freedman ZR: Protein alvcosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184. GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-

ADA 2021 guidelines for adults, after 8 hrs fasting is as follows: Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 mg/dL Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-ADA Guidelines for 2hr post prandial glucose levels is only after ingestion of 75grams of glucose in 300 ml water, over a period of 5 minutes LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give velow bis coloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis,sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity.Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver,biliary system and pancreas.Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease,high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.Serum total protein,also known as total protein is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C,Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN-

Causes of Increased levels

Pre renal

High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal
 Renal Failure

Post Renal

Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism

Causes of decreased levels

Liver disease

STADH

CREATININE, SERUM-

Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
 Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- · Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers

• Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

 Myasthenia Gravis
 Muscular dystrophy URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels

Dietary

High Protein Intake.
Prolonged Fasting,

Rapid weight loss.



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ACCESSION NO :	0007VJ001274	AGE : 53 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
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Test Report Status Results Units Final

Gout Lesch nyhan syndrome. Type 2 DM. Metabolic syndrome.

Causes of decreased levels

 Low Zinc Intake OCP's

Multiple Sclerosis

Nutritional tips to manage increased Uric acid levels

 Drink plenty of fluids Limit animal proteins

High Fibre foods

Vit C Intake

Antioxidant rich foods

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and alobulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. ALBUMIN, SERUM-

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM-Sodium levels are Increased in dehydration, cushing's syndrome, aldosteronism & decreased in Addison's disease, hypopituitarism, liver disease. Hypokalemia (low K) is common in vomiting, diarrhea, alcoholism, folic acid deficiency and primary aldosteronism. Hyperkalemia may be seen in end-stage renal failure, hemolysis, trauma, Addison's disease, metabolic acidosis, acute starvation, dehydration, and with rapid K infusion.Chloride is increased in dehydration, renal tubular acidosis (hyperchloremia metabolic acidosis), acute renal failure, metabolic acidosis associated with prolonged diarrhea and loss of sodium bicarbonate, diabetes insipidus, adrenocortical hyperfuction, salicylate intoxication and with excessive infusion of isotonic saline or extremely high dietary intake of salt. Chloride is decreased in overhydration, chronic respiratory acidosis, salt-losing nephritis, metabolic alkalosis, congestive heart failure, Addisonian crisis, certain types of metabolic acidosis, persistent gastric secretion and prolonged vomiting, MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE-

Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic, urological, kidney and liver disorders

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urinary tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine. Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine. Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise. Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys. Most common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection. Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration during infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/ alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decreased specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus. Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in cases of hemolytic anemia THYROID PANEL, SERUM-

Trilodo track, bettern by the base of the concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH. Thyroxine T4, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is

hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3



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Test Report Status Results Units <u>Final</u>

Levels in	TOTAL T4	TSH3G	TOTAL T3	
Pregnancy	(µg/dL)	(µIU/mL)	(ng/dL)	
First Trimester	6.6 - 12.4	0.1 - 2.5	81 - 190	
2nd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.2 - 3.0	100 - 260	
3rd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.3 - 3.0	100 - 260	
Below mentioned a	are the guidelines fo	r age related refere	ence ranges for T3 and T	4.
Т3		T4		
(ng/dL)	(µg/dL)		
New Born: 75 - 26		y: 8.2 - 19.9		
	1 Week:	6.0 - 15.9		

NOTE: TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group. Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

Reference:

1. Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R. Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition.

Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition.
 Behrman R.E. Kilegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

MEDICAL

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

FITNESS STATUS-

Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for .These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job. Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

• Fit (As per requested panel of tests) - SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.

• Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) - This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary

Iffestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job.
Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) - Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly blood pressive. elevated blood sugars, etc.
Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) - An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color

blindness in color related jobs.

End Of Report

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession











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Test Report Status Final

Results

Units

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist



