Chandan Diagnostic



Age / Gender: 34/Male

Date and Time: 9th Nov 24 2:51 PM

Patient ID: C

CGKP0169992425

Patient Name: Mr.SAHANI RAHUL-22E32036



Abnormal: Sinus Rhythm, Non-specific ST/T Wave Changes. Please correlate clinically.

AUTHORIZED BY

REPORTED BY



Dr. Charit MD, DM: Cardiology

Cardiology

63382

Disclaimer: Analysis in this report is based on ECG alone and should only be used as an adjunct to clinical history, symptoms and results of other invasive and non-invasive tests and must be interpreted by a qualified physician.





NAME OF COMPANY-

NAME OF EXECUTIVE- Robbal Sahari

DATE OF BIRTH- 23/02/1990.

SEX-

HEIGHT- 176 cm

WEIGHT- 75 59

CHEST(EXPIRATION/INSPIRATION)- 98/101 Cm

ABDOMEN- 92 Ch

BLOOD PRESSUR- 116/76 mmby

PULSE-

ANY ALLERGIES- No

ANY MEDICATION- No

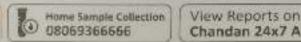
ANY SURGICAL HISTORY- No

HABITS OF ALCOBOLISM/SMOKING/TOBACCO- No

CHIEF COMPLAINTS IF ANY- No

LAB INVESTIGATION REPORT - Addacked.

EYE CHECK UP VISION &COLOR VISION- Normal -









CERTIED THAT I EXAMINED Bahw Sahawi	
S/O Rejendra Prasadi OR D/O	***

IS PRESENTLY IN GOOD HEALTH AND FREE FROM ANY CARDIO-RESPIRATORY / COMMUNICABLE AILMENT, HE/ SHE IS FIT TO JOIN ANY ORGANIZATION.

Vacundhora

Signature of Medical Examiner

Name &

Dr. Vasundhara MBBS.MD Reg. No.-68248

Qualification.....

Chandan Diagnostic Centre Near Pulse Hospital Chhaira Sangh Chauraha, Gorakhpur

Date:

09/11/2024.

Place: GORAKHPUR

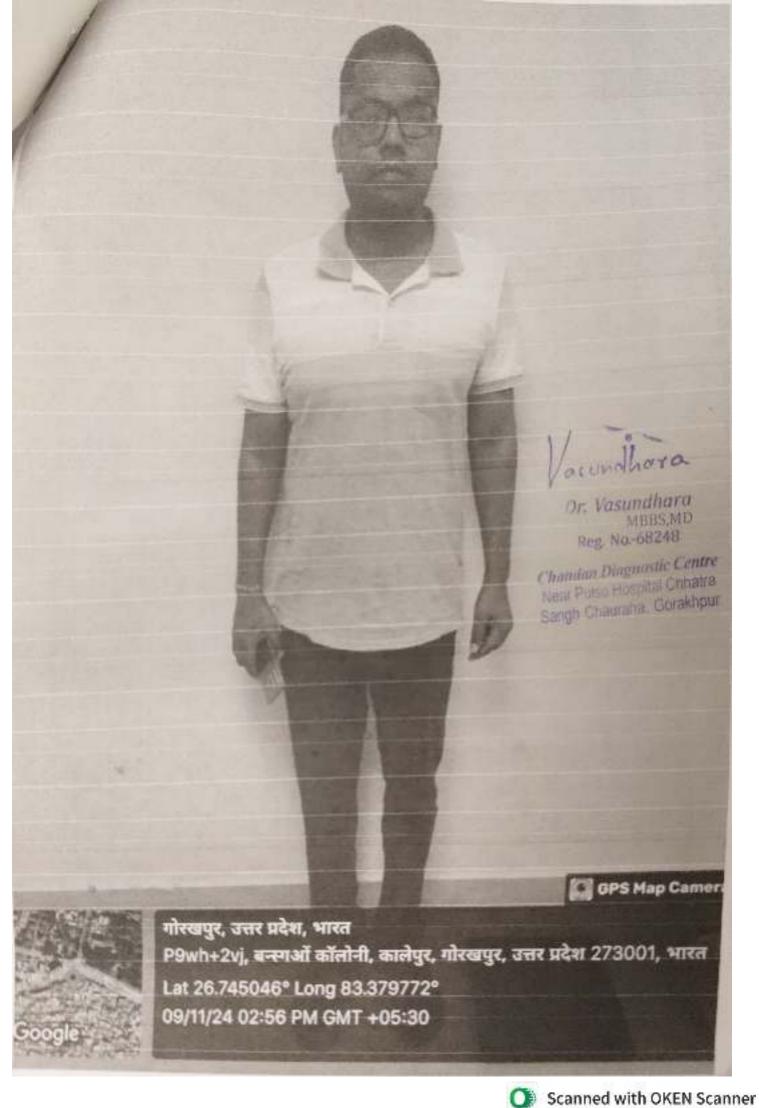
Rabulcatai



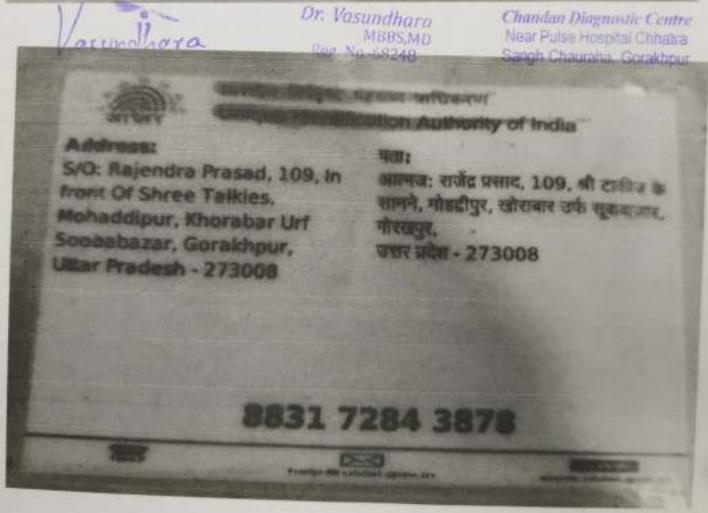
















CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

Add: Near Pulse Hospital, Chatra Sangh Chauraha, Gorakhpur (U.P)

Ph: 7232903044,9161222228 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mr.SAHANI RAHUL-22E32036 Registered On : 09/Nov/2024 10:19:07 Age/Gender Collected : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /M : 09/Nov/2024 10:27:09 UHID/MR NO : CGKP.0000041417 Received : 09/Nov/2024 10:27:56 Visit ID : CGKP0169992425 Reported : 09/Nov/2024 13:21:32

Ref Doctor : Final Report Status : Dr.Mediwheel gkp -

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing), Blood				
Blood Group	А			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Rh (Anti-D)	POSITIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC), Whole Blood				
Haemoglobin	13.50	g/dl	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	COLORIMETRIC METHOD (CYANIDE-FREE REAGENT)
TLC (WBC) <u>DLC</u>	5,800.00	/Cu mm	4000-10000	IMPEDANCE METHOD
Polymorphs (Neutrophils)	66.00	%	40-80	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Lymphocytes	28.00	%	20-40	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Monocytes	4.00	%	2-10	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Eosinophils	2.00	%	1-6	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Basophils ESR	0.00	%	< 1-2	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Observed	20.00	MM/1H	10-19 Yr 8.0 20-29 Yr 10.8 30-39 Yr 10.4 40-49 Yr 13.6 50-59 Yr 14.2 60-69 Yr 16.0 70-79 Yr 16.5 80-91 Yr 15.8	









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Status

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
			Pregnancy Early gestation - 48 (62 if anaemic) Leter gestation - 70 (95 if anaemic)	
Corrected	4.00	Mm for 1st hr.	<9	
PCV (HCT)	43.80	%	40-54	
Platelet count				
Platelet Count	1.50	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width)	16.50	fL	9-17	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)	54.60	%	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.19	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)	13.00	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBC Count				
RBC Count	5.08	Mill./cu mm	4.2-5.5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)				
MCV	86.20	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCH	26.60	pg	27-32	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCHC	30.90	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	14.00	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	44.00	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3,828.00	/cu mm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	116.00	/cu mm	40-440	

DR VASUNDHARA MD PATHOLOGIST











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: Dr.Mediwheel gkp -Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method

GLUCOSE FASTING, Plasma

Glucose Fasting 83.00 mg/dl < 100 Normal **GOD POD**

> 100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ 126 Diabetes

Interpretation:

- a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.
- b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.
- c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE:- Glucose is the major source of energy in the body. Lack of insulin or resistance to it section at the cellular level causes diabetes. Therefore, the blood glucose levels are very high. Elevated serum glucose levels are observed in diabetes mellitus and may be associated with pancreatitis, pituitary or thyroid dysfunction and liver disease. Hypoglycaemia occurs most frequently due to over dosage of insulin.

Glucose PP 145.30 mg/dl **GOD POD** <140 Normal Sample:Plasma After Meal 140-199 Pre-diabetes >200 Diabetes

Interpretation:

- a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.
- b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.
- c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA BLOOD

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	6.20	% NGSP	HPLC (NGSP)
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	44.50	mmol/mol/IFCC	
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	132	mg/dl	

Interpretation:

NOTE:-

• eAG is directly related to A1c.













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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

st Name Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
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- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	Degree of Glucose Control Unit
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level

^{*}High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

Clinical Implications:

- *Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.
- *With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.
- *A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated *Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy
- c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity
- *Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss
- *Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:
- *Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.

BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen) *Sample:Serum*

9.10

mg/dL

7.0-23.0

CALCULATED









^{**}Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.





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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Unit Method Result Bio. Ref. Interval

Interpretation:

Note: Elevated BUN levels can be seen in the following:

: Dr.Mediwheel gkp -

High-protein diet, Dehydration, Aging, Certain medications, Burns, Gastrointestimal (GI) bleeding.

Low BUN levels can be seen in the following:

Low-protein diet, overhydration, Liver disease.

0.92 0.7-1.30 Creatinine mg/dl **MODIFIED JAFFES**

Sample:Serum

Interpretation:

The significance of single creatinine value must be interpreted in light of the patients muscle mass. A patient with a greater muscle mass will have a higher creatinine concentration. The trend of serum creatinine concentrations over time is more important than absolute creatinine concentration. Serum creatinine concentrations may increase when an ACE inhibitor (ACE) is taken. The assay could be affected mildly and may result in anomalous values if serum samples have heterophilic antibodies, hemolyzed, icteric or lipemic.

Uric Acid 5.61 mg/dl 3.4-7.0 **URICASE**

Sample:Serum

Interpretation:

Note:-

Elevated uric acid levels can be seen in the following:

Drugs, Diet (high-protein diet, alcohol), Chronic kidney disease, Hypertension, Obesity.

LFT (WITH GAMMA GT), Serum

SGOT / Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST)	26.40	U/L	< 35	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
SGPT / Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT)	20.90	U/L	< 40	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
Gamma GT (GGT)	32.00	IU/L	11-50	OPTIMIZED SZAZING
Protein	5.99	gm/dl	6.2-8.0	BIURET
Albumin	4.09	gm/dl	3.4-5.4	B.C.G.
Globulin	1.90	gm/dl	1.8-3.6	CALCULATED
A:G Ratio	2.15		1.1-2.0	CALCULATED







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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	U	Init Bio. Ref. Interv	val Method
Alkaline Phosphatase (Total)	107.69	U/L	42.0-165.0	PNP/AMP KINETIC
Bilirubin (Total)	0.72	mg/dl	0.3-1.2	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.25	mg/dl	< 0.30	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.47	mg/dl	< 0.8	JENDRASSIK & GROF
LIPID PROFILE (MINI) , Serum				
Cholesterol (Total)	170.00	mg/dl	<200 Desirable 200-239 Borderline Hig > 240 High	CHOD-PAP h
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	78.20	mg/dl	30-70	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	77	mg/dl	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr. Optimal/Above Optim 130-159 Borderline Hig 160-189 High > 190 Very High	
VLDL	14.91	mg/dl	10-33	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	74.54	mg/dl	< 150 Normal 150-199 Borderline Hig 200-499 High >500 Very High	GPO-PAP h

Vasundhara

DR VASUNDHARA MD PATHOLOGIST











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Ph: 7232903044,9161222228 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mr.SAHANI RAHUL-22E32036 Registered On : 09/Nov/2024 10:19:07 Age/Gender Collected : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /M : 09/Nov/2024 14:59:07 UHID/MR NO : CGKP.0000041417 Received : 09/Nov/2024 15:02:27 Visit ID : CGKP0169992425 Reported : 09/Nov/2024 15:34:53

Ref Doctor : Dr.Mediwheel gkp - Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE, Urine				
Color	LIGHT YELLOW			
Specific Gravity	1.020			
Reaction PH	Acidic (6.5)			DIPSTICK
Appearance	CLEAR			
Protein	ABSENT	mg %	< 10 Absent 10-40 (+) 40-200 (++) 200-500 (+++) > 500 (++++)	DIPSTICK
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	< 0.5 (+) 0.5-1.0 (++) 1-2 (+++) > 2 (++++)	DIPSTICK
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	Serum-0.1-3.0 Urine-0.0-14.0	BIOCHEMISTRY
Bile Salts	ABSENT			
Bile Pigments	ABSENT			
Bilirubin	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Leucocyte Esterase	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution)	ABSENT			
Nitrite	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Blood	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Microscopic Examination:				
Epithelial cells	0-2/h.p.f			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Pus cells	0-1/h.p.f			
RBCs	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC
				EXAMINATION
Cast	ABSENT			
Crystals	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Others	ABSENT			
ABSENT				









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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

SUGAR, PP STAGE, Urine

Sugar, PP Stage ABSENT

Interpretation:

(+) < 0.5 gms%

(++) 0.5-1.0 gms%

(+++) 1-2 gms%

(++++) > 2 gms%

Vasundhata

DR VASUNDHARA MD PATHOLOGIST

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CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mr.SAHANI RAHUL-22E32036 : 09/Nov/2024 10:19:08 Registered On Age/Gender : 09/Nov/2024 10:27:09 : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /M Collected UHID/MR NO : CGKP.0000041417 Received : 10/Nov/2024 13:11:29 Visit ID : CGKP0169992425 Reported : 10/Nov/2024 14:52:20

Ref Doctor : Dr.Mediwheel gkp - Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen), Total **	0.27	ng/mL	<4.1	CLIA	
Sample:Serum	0.27			CLII (

Interpretation:

- 1. PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hypertrophic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- 2. Measurement of serum PSA levels is not recommended as a screening procedure for the diagnosis of cancer because elevated PSA levels also are observed in patients with benign prostatic hypertrophy. However, studies suggest that the measurement of PSA in conjunction with digital rectal examination (DRE) and ultrasound provide a better method of detecting prostate cancer than DRE alone.
- 3. PSA levels increase in men with cancer of the prostate, and after radical prostatectomy PSA levels routinely fall to the undetectable range.
- 4. If prostatic tissue remains after surgery or metastasis has occurred, PSA appears to be useful in detecting residual and early recurrence of tumor.
- 5. Therefore, serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy, and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy, and in the monitoring of the effectiveness of therapy.

Bring

Dr. Anupam Singh (MBBS MD Pathology)













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DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL , Serum				
T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	140.00	ng/dl	84.61-201.7	CLIA
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	8.73	ug/dl	3.2-12.6	CLIA
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	3.330	μIU/mL	0.27 - 5.5	CLIA
Interpretation:				
•		0.3-4.5 μIU/m	L First Trimes	ter
		0.5-4.6 µIU/m	L Second Trim	nester
		0.8-5.2 μ IU/m	L Third Trimes	ster
		0.5-8.9 μIU/m		55-87 Years
		0.7-27 μIU/m		28-36 Week
		2.3-13.2 μIU/m		
		0.7-64 μIU/m 1-39 μIU/n	,	
		1-39 μIU/1 1.7-9.1 μIU/m		0-4 Days 2-20 Week
		1., 7.1 μιο/πι	L Cima	2 20 Week

- 1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.
- 2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- 3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- **4)** Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- 5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.
- **6)** In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
- 7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- **8)** Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

DR VASUNDHARA MD PATHOLOGIST











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Patient Name : Mr.SAHANI RAHUL-22E32036 : 09/Nov/2024 10:19:08 Registered On Age/Gender Collected : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /M : 2024-11-09 18:39:34 UHID/MR NO : CGKP.0000041417 Received : 2024-11-09 18:39:34 Visit ID : CGKP0169992425 Reported : 09/Nov/2024 18:41:49

Ref Doctor : Dr.Mediwheel gkp - Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA

X-RAY REPORT (500 mA COMPUTERISED UNIT SPOT FILM DEVICE) CHEST P-A VIEW

- Soft tissue shadow appears normal.
- Bony cage is normal.
- Diaphragmatic shadows are normal on both sides.
- Costo-phrenic angles are bilaterally clear.
- Trachea is central in position.
- Cardiac size & contours are normal.
- Hilar shadows are normal.
- Pulmonary vascularity & distribution are normal.
- Pulmonary parenchyma did not reveal any significant lesion.

IMPRESSION:

• NO SIGNIFICANT RADIOLOGICAL ABNORMALITY SEEN ON PRESENT STUDY.

Adv: clinico-pathological correlation and further evaluation

Dr.Dilip Yaday MBBS,DNB(Radio Diagnosis)











Add: Near Pulse Hospital, Chatra Sangh Chauraha, Gorakhpur (U.P)

Ph: 7232903044.9161222228 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

: 09/Nov/2024 10:19:08 Patient Name : Mr.SAHANI RAHUL-22E32036 Registered On Age/Gender : 34 Y 0 M 0 D /M Collected : 2024-11-09 11:27:44 UHID/MR NO : CGKP.0000041417 Received : 2024-11-09 11:27:44 Visit ID : CGKP0169992425 Reported : 09/Nov/2024 14:15:52

Ref Doctor : Dr.Mediwheel gkp -Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER)

Liver - Normal in size with homogenous echo texture. No IHBR dilatation is seen. Portal vein shows normal diameter and flow pattern. No definite focal or diffuse mass lesion noted.

Gall bladder – Adequately distended. A calculus measuring~6 mm in lumen. Wall thickness is normal.

CBD – Normal. No intra-ducal calculus is seen.

Pancreas- Head and proximal body appears normal. Rest of the pancreas is obscured of the bowel gases.

Spleen- shows normal size and parenchymal echotexture.

Right kidney- is normal in size. No pelvicalyceal calculus is seen. No backpressure changes are seen. Ureter is normal.

Left kidney- is normal in size. No pelvicalyceal calculus is seen. No backpressure changes are seen. Ureter is normal.

Urinary bladder- is adequately distended. Wall is smooth and regular. No mass or calculus seen.

Prostate – Size is normal, parenchyma is homogeneous. Margins are well defined. B/L seminal vesicles are normal.

No ascites is seen.

IMPRESSION

• Cholelithiasis.

ADV-CLINICAL CORRELATION AND FOLLOW UP STUDY.

*** End Of Report ***

(**) Test Performed at Chandan Speciality Lab.

Result/s to Follow:

STOOL, ROUTINE EXAMINATION, SUGAR, FASTING STAGE, ECG / EKG, Tread Mill Test (TMT)



This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days

Facilities: MRI, CT scan, DR X-ray, Ultrasound, Sonomammography, Digital Mammography, ECG (Bedside also), 2D Echo, TMT, Holter, OPG, EEG, NCV, EMG & BERA, Audiometry, BMD, PFT, Fibroscan, Bronchoscopy, Colonoscopy and Endoscopy, Allergy Testing, Biochemistry & Immunoassay, Hematology, Microbiology & Serology, Histopathology & Immunohistochemistry, Cytogenetics and Molecular Diagnostics and Health Checkups 365 Days Open

*Facilities Available at Select Location Page 12 of 12









