20/80





Nabanita Roy Barui



**SATYAM CLINIC @ OM TOWER** Opp. of Rabindra Bharati University

Nabanita Roy Barist

I don't want to do Stool, Entand Parksman Swill do it lator and Eye checkup.

Nabanita Roy Barui











### SATYAM CLINIC @ OM TOWER

Opp. of Rabindra Bharati University

NAME: Mrs.NABANITA ROY BARUI	MR NO: FSIN-0000	DATE: 12.01.2024
AGE: 23 YRS	SEX: FEMALE	REF BY: SELF

#### **ECG REPORT**

HR

92 b/min

**AXIS** 

**NORMAL** 

**RHYTHM** 

**SINUS** 

PR INTERVAL

0.14 sec

**QT INTERVAL** 

0.284 sec

**QRS DURATION** 

0.064 sec

**T-WAVE** 

**NORMAL** 

#### **IMPRESSION:**

RESTING ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

Shita Porta uporation

DR.S.P.UPADHYAY MBBS,DTDC,MD Physician & Chest specialist









#### SATYAM CLINIC @ OM TOWER

Opp. of Rabindra Bharati University

PATIENTS NAME

: MS. NABANITA ROY BARUI

**ADDRESS** 

ORGAN SCANNED

: WHOLE ABDOMEN

REFERRED BY

: SELF

AGE: 23 YRS.

SEX: FEMALE

DATE: 12.1.24

M.No.: /1-24

REPORT :-

LIVER:-

Liver is enlarged in size (16.9 cm), echotexture is normal. The Intrahepatic tubular structures are normal. No focal area of altered echogenicity is noted. The porta hepatis is normal. The common bile duct at porta measures 0.4 cm. in diameter. The portal vein measures 1.0 cm. at porta

#### **GALL BLADDER:-**

Gall bladder is distended. Wall is normal. No calculus or mass is seen within the gall bladder.

PANCREAS:-It is normal in size, shape, outline and echotexture. Pancreatic duct is not dilated

SPLEEN:- It is normal in size (9.0 cm), shape, outline and echotexture. No parenchymal lesion is noted

#### KIDNEYS:-

They are normal in position, size, shape, outline and echotexture. The cortico medullary differentiation is maintained. No calculus or hypronephrosis is seen. Right kidney measures 11.0 cm. and left kidney measures 10.8 cm.

#### **URETER:-**

Ureter is not visualised

#### **URINARY BLADDER:-**

It is well distended with normal wall thickness. No calculus or mass is seen within the urinary bladder. The post void residual volume of urine is 10 cc.

Uterus is normal in size, shape and echotexture. It is anteverted. No SOL is seen in the myometrium. Uterine cavity is empty. Endometrial thickness is normal.

They are normal in size, shape, outline and echotexture. Right ovary measures 2.2 cm. & Left ovary measures 2.5 cm.

REMARKS : HEPATOMEGALY

Sonologist

Dr. Ajoy K. Roy.

MBBS., Dip BMSc. DTM&H(Cal) Certificate on CBET Abdomino Pelvic USG (WBHSU)

SATYAM CLINIC @ OM TOWER Opp. of Rabindra Bharati University 36C, B.T. Road, Kolkata - 700 002

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**SATYAM CLINIC @ OM TOWER** 

Opp. of Rabindra Bharati University

Age/Gender: 23 Years/ Female OP Visit No.: FSINOPV28702 Reported on: 12.01.2024

Specimen: BLOOD

Patient Name: MRS. NABANITA ROY BARUI

UHID/MR No.: FSIN.0000056681

Visit Date: 12.01.2024

Sample collected on: 12.01.2024

**Ref Doctor: SELF** 

#### **DEPARTMENT OF SEROLOGICAL EXAMINATION**

**TEST NAME** 

**RESULT** 

Blood Group (A, B & O) & Rh factor

**BLOOD GROUP RH TYPE** 

"A"

POSITIVE (+Ve)

\*\*\* End of the report \*\*\*

DR. KRISTI CHATTERJEE MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY) **CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST** 

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#### **SATYAM CLINIC @ OM TOWER**

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#### **DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY**

TEST NAME	RESULT	BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE	UNIT
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT			
HEMOGLOBIN	12.6	Female 11.5-14.5	gm%
Method: Cyanmethemoglobin		Male 12.5-16.5	
RBC COUNT	4.27	Female 3.8-4.8	mill/Cumn
Method: Electronic Impedance		Male 4.5-5.5	
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	38.7	Female 36-46	96
(IEMPACOCIAI (I CV)	2011	Male 42-52	
	20.0	83-101 fl	fl
MCV	90.6	82-101 ()	""
Method: Calculated			ng
MCH	29.5	27-32 pg	pg
Method: Calculated			%
MCHC	32.5	31.5-34.5	70
Method: Calculated		8 = a = 1 11 <i>t</i>	Lakhs/cumm
PLATELET COUNT	1.87	1.5-4.5 lakhs/cu mm	Lakns/cumm
Method: Electronic Impedance			/summ
TOTAL WBC COUNT (TC)	13,500	4,000-11,000	/cumm
Method: Electronic Impedance			
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT (DC)			
Method: Microscopy	75	40-70	%
NEUTROPHIL	75 22	20-45	%
LYMPHOCYTE	01	2-43	%
MONOCYTE	02	1-4	%
EOSINOPHIL	00	<1-2	%
BASOPHIL	24	Male: 12	mm/hr
ESR Mathed westergroup	4	Female: 19	
Method: westergreen  Note: RBC are normocytic with norm	nochromic	. ciliates as	
INSTRUMENT USED:	nocmonne.		
SYSMEX (XP 100)			

SYSMEX (XP 100) \*Please correlate with clinical conditions.

\*\*\*End of the report\*\*\*

Anshte Chattyn DR. KRISTI CHATTERJEE MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

**CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST** 

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#### DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE

**BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE** UNITS RESULT **TEST NAME INTERVALS** mg/dl 70.0-110.0 **GLUCOSE- (FASTING)** 85.7

Method: (GOD-POD)

This measures your blood sugar after an overnight fast (not eating). A fasting blood sugar level of 99 mg/dL or lower is normal, 100 to 125 mg/dL indicates you have prediabetes, and 126 mg/dL or higher indicates you have diabetes. It is your body's main source of energy. A hormone called insulin helps move glucose from your bloodstream into your cells.

**GLUCOSE- (POST PRANDIAL)** 

103.8

80.0-140.0

mg/dl

Method: (GOD-POD)

This is a blood test to check for diabetes. If you have diabetes, your body doesn't make enough insulin to keep your blood sugar in check. This means your blood sugar levels are too high, and over time this can lead to serious health problems including heart, nerve, kidney, and eye damage.

Postprandial means after a meal. This test is done to see how your body responds to sugar and starch after you eat a meal. As you digest the food in your stomach, blood glucose, or blood sugar, levels rise sharply. In response, your pancreas releases insulin to help move these sugars from the blood into the cells of muscles and other tissues to be used for fuel. Within two hours of eating, your insulin and blood glucose levels should return to normal. If your blood glucose levels remain high, you may have diabetes.

> End of the report Results are to be correlate clinically

> > DR. KRISTI CHATTERJEE MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY) CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

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Age/Gender: 23 Years/ Female OP Visit No.: FSINOPV28702 Reported on: 12.01.2024

Specimen: BLOOD

### DEPARTMENT OF SPECIAL BIOCHEMISTRY

### REPORT PREPARED ON PATHOLOGY

	Value	Unit	Normal Range
Test Name Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c), HPLC	5.1	%	Excellent Control: <4 Good Control: 4-6 Fair Control: >6-7 Action Suggested: >7-8
Methodology: HPLC Instrument Used: Bio-Rad D-10			Poor Control : >8
Estimated Average Glucose (EAG)	115.0	mg/dl	Excellent Control: 90-120 Good Control: 120-150 Fair Control: > 150-180 Action Suggested: 181-210 Panic Value: >211

#### Comment

- 1. For patients with Hb variant diseases there may be lowering of HbA1c due to low HBA synthesis.
- 2. EAG is value calculated from HbA1c & indicates average glucose level over past three months.

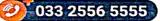
Genetic variants (e.g. Hbs trait, HbC trait), elevated fetal hemoglobin Factors that interfere with HbA1c Measurement: (HbF) and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin (e.g. carbamylated Hb in patients with renal failure) can affect the accuracy of HbA1c measurements. The effects very depending on the specific Hb variant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean Factors that affect interpretation of HbA1c Results: erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results regardless of the assay method used.

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### **DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE**

TEST NAME	RESULT	BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVALS	<u>UNITS</u>
LIPID PROFILE  Triglyceride  Method: GPO-POD	163.0	<200	mg/dl
Cholesterol Method: CHO - POD	187.0	Desirable blood cholesterol :< 220 Borderline High: 170.0-199.0 High: > 199.0 mg/dl	mg/dl mg/dl
HDL CHOLESTEROL [DIRECT] Method: PVS and PEGME Coupled	42.0	30-80mg/dl	mg/dl
LDL CHOLESTEROL [DIRECT] Method: PVS and PEGME Coupled	112.4	<130.0 mg/dl	mg/dl
VLDL CHOLESTEROL	32.6	20-35 mg/dl	mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL: HDL RATIO	4.4		
LDL: HDL RATIO	2.6		

End of the report

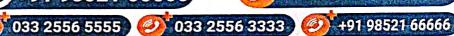
Results are to be correlate clinically

Sent Chatting DR. KRISTI CHATTERJEE

MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY) CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST









TYAM CLINIC

patient Name: MRS. NABANITA ROY BARUI

UHID/MR No.: FSIN.0000056681

Visit Date: 12.01.2024

Sample collected on: 12.01.2024

**Ref Doctor: SELF** 

# Satyam Clinic

#### SATYAM CLINIC @ OM TOWER

Agd/Ogndefla28/Years/iFerntilUniversity

OP Visit No.: FSINOPV28702 Reported on: 12.01.2024

Specimen: BLOOD

#### DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE

TEST NAME	RESULT	BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE	UNITS
TEST WAVE	NESOLI	INTERVALS	
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (PACKAGE)		* , ,	ma/dl
BILIRUBIN- TOTAL	0.70	1.1 Adult	mg/dl
Method: Daizo			mg/dl
BILIRUBIN- DIRECT	0.14	Adult & Children: <0.25	
Method: Daizo with DPD	0.56	0.1-1.0	mg/dl
BILIRUBIN- INDIRECT	0.56	0.1-1.0	
Method: calculated			
TOTAL- PROTIEN	6.90	Adult: 6.6-8.8	gms/dl
Method: Photometric UV test			1.11
ALBUMIN	4.10	3.5-5.2	gms/dl
Method: BCG			gms/dl
GLOBULIN	2.80	1.8-3.0	g1113/ G1
Method: calculated	4.45.4		
A:G Ratio	1.46:1		
COT/AST	19.6	up to 45	U/L
SGOT/AST Method: IFCC WITHOUT P5P			11/1
SGPT/ALT	24.3	up to 40	U/L
Method: IFCC WITHOUT P5P			
	07.9	Adult: 20-220	U/L
ALKA-PHOS	97.8	Child: 104-380	-
Method: PNPP- AMP BUFFER			

<sup>\*</sup>Please correlate with clinical conditions.

\*\*\*End of the report\*\*\*

DR. KRISTI CHATTERJEE MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY) CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

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SATYAM CLINIC @ OM TOWER

Opp. of Rabindra Bharati University

Age/Gender: 23 Years/ Female OP Visit No.: FSINOPV28702 Reported on: 12.01.2024

Specimen: BLOOD

patient Name: MRS. NABANITA ROY BARUI

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Ref Doctor: SELF

### DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE

TEST NAME	RESULT	BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVALS	UNITS
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN) Method: Calculated	11.68	8 - 20	mg/ dl
Method. Calculated			mg/dl
	0.80	Male: 0.7-1.4	
CREATININE	0.50	Female: 0.6-1.2	
Methodology: Jaffe Reaction		Newborn: 0.3-1.0	
Instrument Used: FULLY AUTOMATED	ANALYZER EM-200	Infant: 0.2-0.4	

Child: 0.3-0.7

Adolescent: 0.5-1.0

BUN: CREATININE RATIO

14.60

Method: Calculated

**URIC ACID** 

Method: Uricase

4.70

Female: 2.6 - 6.0

Male: 3.4 - 7.0

mg/dl

End of the report Results are to be correlate clinically

> Jen hts Chattim DR. KRISTI CHATTERIEE MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY) CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST











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#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE**

TEST NAME	RESULT	BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVALS	<u>UNIT</u>
TSH: THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE-SERUM Method: CLIA	3.91	0.35-5.50	μIU/ml
TOTAL T3: TRI IODOTHYRONINE – SERUM Method: CLIA	1.24	0.87 - 1.78	ng/dl
TOTAL T4: THYROXINE – SERUM Method: CLIA	9.89	8.09 – 14.03	μg/Dl

Comment:

Note:>1. TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2 - 4.a.m. and at

a minimum between 6-10 pm . The variation is of the order of 50% . hence time of the day has

influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations

> 2. Values < 0.03 µIU/mL need to be clinically correlated due to presence of a rare TSH variant in some

Clinical Use:> Primary Hypothyroidism > Hyperthyroidism > Hypothalamic – Pituitary hypothyroidism

> Inappropriate TSH secretion > Nonthyroidal illness > Autoimmune thyroid disease

>Pregnancy associated thyroid disorders > Thyroid dysfunction in infancy and early childhood.

Results are to be correlate clinically.

\*\*\*End of the report\*\*\*

Jenshte Chatter DR. KRISTI CHATTERJEE MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY) CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST







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patient Name: MRS. NABANITA ROY BARUI

UHID/MR No.: FSIN.0000056681

Visit Date: 12.01.2024

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**Ref Doctor: SELF** 

Age/Gender: 23 Years/ Female OP Visit No.: FSINOPV28702 Reported on: 12.01.2024

Specimen: URINE

#### CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY				
URINE FOR ROUTINE EXAMINATION				
Test Name	Result	Unit	Method	
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION QUANTITY COLOUR APPEARANCE REACTION SPECIFIC GRAVITY	40 Pale yellow Slightly hazy Acidic 1.015	ml	Container Measurement Naked Eye Observation Naked Eye Observation Multiple Reagent Strip Multiple Reagent Strip	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION BLOOD ALBUMIN BILE PIGMENT BILE SALT KETONE BODIES SUGAR	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil		Multiple Reagent Strip Multiple Reagent Strip / Heat & Acetic Acid Fuchet's Test Hey's Sulphur Test Multiple Reagent Strip / Rothera Test Multiple Reagent Strip / Benedict	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION PUS CELL RBC EPITHELIAL CELL MICRO ORGANISM Others	2-3 Not found 3-4 Present (+) Not found	/HPF /HPF /HPF	Light Microscopy Light Microscopy Light Microscopy	
Note: Any Abnormal Chemical Analysis Rechecked By Respective Manual Method  *** End of Report***				

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