Arcofemi Healthcare Pvt Ltd (Formerly known as Arcofemi Healthcare Ltd)

È-701A, Lado Sarai, Mehrauli, New Delhi - 110030 Email: wellness@mediwheel.in, Website: www.mediwheel.in Tel: +91-11-41195959, Fax: +91-11-29523020 CIN: U24240DL2011PTC216307

# MEDICAL FITNESS CERTIFICATE

(To be signed by a registered medical practitioner holding a Medical degree)

This is to certify that <u>Mr. Rahul Prashad</u> aged,<u>23yr</u>.Based on the examination, I certify that he is in good mental and physical health and it is free from any physical defects such as deafness, colour blindness, and any chronic or contagious diseases.

Place: Mumbai

Date: 06/06/2024

.Your wellness partner

Dr. Nitesh Kumar R 47093

Name & Signature of

**Medical officer** 

Patient Name	: Mr. RAHUL PRASAD	Age/Sex	: 23 Year(s) / Male
UHID	: SHHM.96363	Order Date	: 06/06/2024 08:56
Episode	: OP		
Ref. Doctor	: self	Mobile No	: 7045642331
		DOB	: 23/02/2001
		Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL, MUMBAI

## **Blood Bank**

Test Name		Result						
Sample No: 00336328A	Collection Date :	06/06/24 09:03	Ack Date :	06/06/2024 13:17	Report Date :	06/06/24 16:15		
BLOOD GROUPING/ CROSS-MATCHING BY SEMI AUTOMATION								
BLOOD GROUP (ABO)		' C	, '					
Rh Type Method - Column Agglutinatio	n	PC	SITIVE					
	DEMARK' THE DEDORTED DESLITTS DEDTAIN TO THE SAMPLE DECEIVED AT THE PLOOD CENTRE							

REMARK: THE REPORTED RESULTS PERTAIN TO THE SAMPLE RECEIVED AT THE BLOOD CENTRE.

#### Interpretation:

Blood typing is used to determine an individual's blood group, to establish whether a person is blood group A, B, AB, or O and whether he or she is Rh positive or Rh negative. Blood typing has the following significance,

• Ensure compatibility between the blood type of a person who requires a transfusion of blood or blood components and the ABO and Rh type of the unit of blood that will be transfused.

• Determine compatibility between a pregnant woman and her developing baby (fetus). Rh typing is especially important during pregnancy because a mother and her fetus could be incompatible.

• Determine the blood group of potential blood donors at a collection facility.

• Determine the blood group of potential donors and recipients of organs, tissues, or bone marrow, as part of a workup for a transplant procedure.

End of Report

Dr.Pooja Vinod Mishra MD Pathology Jr Consultant Pathologist, MMC Reg No. 2017052191 RegNo: 2017/05/2191



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## HAEMATOLOGY

st Name			Result		Unit	Bio	ological Reference Interva	
Sample No :	O0336328A	Collection Date :	06/06/24 09:03	Ack Date :	06/06/2024 09:26	Report Date :	06/06/24 11:07	
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC) - EDTA WHOLE BLOOD								
Total WBC	Count		10.3	<b>6</b> ▲ (H)		x10^3/ul	4.00 - 10.00	
Neutrophils			58.8			%	40.00 - 80.00	
Lymphocyte	es		30.1			%	20.00 - 40.00	
Eosinophils			6.2	▲ (H)		%	1.00 - 6.00	
Monocytes			4.7			%	2.00 - 10.00	
Basophils			0.2	V (L)		%	1.00 - 2.00	
Absolute Ne	eutrophil Count		6.09	.,		x10^3/ul	2.00 - 7.00	
Absolute Ly	mphocyte Count		3.11			x10^3/ul	0.80 - 4.00	
Absolute Ec	osinophil Count			▲ (H)		x10^3/ul	0.02 - 0.50	
Absolute Mo	onocyte Count		0.49			x10^3/ul	0.12 - 1.20	
Absolute Ba	asophil Count		0.02			x10^3/ul	0.00 - 0.10	
RBCs			4.92			x10^6/ul	4.50 - 5.50	
Hemoglobir	1		13.5			gm/dl	13.00 - 17.00	
Hematocrit				▼ (L)		%	40.00 - 50.00	
MCV			80.5			fl	83.00 - 101.00	
МСН			27.4	▼ (Ľ)		pg	27.00 - 32.00	



Patient Name UHID Episode	: Mr. RAHUL PRASAD : SHHM.96363 : OP		Age/Sex Order Date	: 23 Year(s) / Male : 06/06/2024 08:56			
Ref. Doctor	: self		Mobile No DOB Facility	: 7045642331 : 23/02/2001 : SEVENHILLS H			
MCHC		34.0		gm/dl	31.50 - 34.50		
RED CELL DIS	TRIBUTION WIDTH-CV (RDW-CV)	13.8		%	11.00 - 16.00		
RED CELL DIS	TRIBUTION WIDTH-SD (RDW-SD)	42.5		fl	35.00 - 56.00		
Platelet		323		x10^3/ul	150.00 - 410.00		
Mean Platelet	Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)			fl	6.78 - 13.46		
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)		15.8		%	9.00 - 17.00		
PLATELETCRIT	- (PCT)	<b>0.297</b> ▲ (H)		%	0.11 - 0.28		

Method:-

HB Colorimetric Method. RBC/PLT Electrical Impedance Method. WBC data Flow Cytometry by Laser Method. MCV,MCH,MCHC,RDW and rest parameters - Calculated. All Abnormal Haemograms are reviewed confirmed microscopically.

NOTE: Wallach's Interpretation of Diagnostic Tests. 11th Ed, Editors: Rao LV. 2021

### NOTE :-

The International Council for Standardization in Haematology (ICSH) recommends reporting of absolute counts of various WBC subsets for clinical decision making. This test has been performed on a fully automated 5 part differential cell counter which counts over 10,000 WBCs to derive differential counts. A complete blood count is a blood panel that gives information about the cells in a patient's blood, such as the cell count for each cell type and the concentrations of Hemoglobin and platelets. The cells that circulate in the bloodstream are generally divided into three types: white blood cells (leukocytes), red blood cells (erythrocytes), and platelets (thrombocytes). Abnormally high or low counts may be physiological or may indicate disease conditions, and hence need to be interpreted clinically.

End of Report



Dr.Ritesh Kharche MD, PGD-HM



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Consultant Pathologist and Director of Laboratory Services RegNo: 2006/03/1680





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### HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Result			lt	Unit Biological Reference		logical Reference Interval	
Sample No :	O0336328A	Collection Date :	06/06/24 09	:03 Ack Date :	06/06/2024 09:26	Report Date :	06/06/24 12:09
ERYTHROC	ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)						
ESR		<b>25</b> ▲ (H)		mm/hr	0 - 20		

Method: Westergren Method

#### INTERPRETATION :-

ESR is a non-specific phenomenon, its measurement is clinically useful in disorders associated with an increased production of acute-phase proteins. It provides an index of progress of the disease in rheumatoid arthritis or tuberculosis, and it is of considerable value in diagnosis of temporal arteritis and polymyalgia rheumatica. It is often used if multiple myeloma is suspected, but when the myeloma is non-secretory or light chain, a normal ESR does not exclude this diagnosis.

An elevated ESR may occur as an early feature in myocardial infarction. Although a normal ESR cannot be taken to exclude the presence of organic disease, the vast majority of acute or chronic infections and most neoplastic and degenerative diseases are associated with changes in the plasma proteins that increased ESR values.

The ESR is influenced by age, stage of the menstrual cycle and medications taken (corticosteroids, contraceptive pills). It is especially low (0–1 mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenaemia and congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis, or sickle cells. In cases of performance enhancing drug intake by athletes the ESR values are generally lower than the usual value for the individual and as a result of the increase in haemoglobin (i.e. the effect of secondary polycythaemia).

- End of Report -

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## **Biochemistry**

Test Name			Resu	llt		Unit	Bio	logical Reference Interval
Sample No :	O0336328B	Collection Date :	06/06/24 09	:03 Ad	ck Date :	06/06/2024 09:27	Report Date :	06/06/24 14:29
Blood Sug	ar FBS							
FBS Method - Hexc	okinase			95.78			mg/dl	70 - 100
GLUCOSE-	PLASMA POST	PRANDIAL						
Glucose,Pos	st Prandial			111			mg/dl	70 - 140

American Diabetes Association Reference Range :

FASTING:-Normal : < 100 mg/dl Impaired fasting glucose(Prediabetes) : 100 - 126 mg/dl Diabetes : >= 126 mg/dl

Post-Prandial Blood Glucose: Non- Diabetic: Up to 140mg/dL Pre-Diabetic: 140-199 mg/dL Diabetic :>200 mg/dL

References:

Pack Insert of Bio system
Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molecular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Editors: Rifai et al. 2018

Interpretation :-

Conditions that can result in an elevated blood glucose level include: Acromegaly, Acute stress (response to trauma, heart attack, and stroke for instance), Chronic kidney disease, Cushing syndrome, Excessive consumption of food, Hyperthyroidism, Pancreatitis.

A low level of glucose may indicate hypoglycemia, a condition characterized by a drop in blood glucose to a level where first it causes nervous system symptoms (sweating, palpitations, hunger, trembling, and anxiety), then begins to affect the brain (causing confusion, hallucinations, blurred vision, and sometimes even coma and death). A low blood glucose level (hypoglycemia) may be



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seen with:Adrenal insufficiency, Drinking excessive alcohol, Severe liver disease, Hypopituitarism, Hypothyroidism, Severe infections, Severe heart failure, Chronic kidney (renal) failure, Insulin overdose, Tumors that produce insulin (insulinomas),Starvation.

SGPT (Alanine Transaminase) - SERUM Method - IFCC	23.12	IU/L	0 - 45
References : 1)Pack Insert of Bio system 2)  Tietz Textbook Of Clinical Chemistry And Molec	ular Diagnostics, 6th Ed, Ed	ditors: Rifai et al. 2018	
Total Bilirubin - SERUM Method - Diazo	0.67	mg/dl	0 - 2
Direct Bilirubin SERUM Method - Diazotization	0.14	mg/dl	0 - 0.4
Indirect Bilirubin - Calculated Method - Calculated	0.53	mg/dl	
BUN-SERUM			
BUN - SERUM Method - Urease-GLDH	9.13	mg/dl	4 - 18

- End of Report



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# Urinalysis

est Name		Result	:	Unit	Bio	logical Reference Interva
Sample No: 00336328D	Collection Date :	06/06/24 09:0	O3 Ack Date :	06/06/2024 09:27	Report Date :	06/06/24 12:03
Physical Examination						
QUANTITY			30		ml	
Colour			Pale Yellow			
Appearance			Clear			
DEPOSIT			Absent			Absent
рН			Acidic			
Specific Gravity			1.020			
Chemical Examination						
Protein			Absent			Absent
Glucose			Absent			Absent
ketones			Absent			Absent
Blood			NEGATIVE			Negative
Bilirubin			Negative			
Urobilinogen			normal			Normal
NITRATE			Absent			Absent
LEUKOCYTES			Absent			Absent
Microscopic Examination						

tient Name	: Mr. RAHUL PRASAD		Age/Sex	: 23 Year(s) /	Male
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			Facility	: SEVENHILLS	HOSPITAL, MUMBAI
Pus cells		4-6		/HPF	
Epithelial Cells		8-10		/HPF	
RBC		absent		/HPF	Absent
Cast		absent		/LPF	Absent
Crystal		absent		/HPF	Absent
Amorphous Ma	terials	Absent			Absent
Yeast		Absent			Absent
Bacteria		Absent			Absent

End of Report

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Patient Name Aqe/Sex UHID	: Mr. RAHUL PRASAD : 23 Year(s)/Male : SHHM.96363	Order Date Report Date	<ul><li>06/06/2024 08:56</li><li>07/06/2024 10:50</li></ul>
Ref. Doctor	: self	Facility	: SEVENHILLS HOSPITAL,
Address	<sup>1</sup> JUHU, JUHU LANE, Mumbai, Maharastra, 400058	Mobile	MUMBAI : 7045642331

# **DIAGNOSTICS REPORT**

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lungs are clear.

The frontal cardiac dimensions are normal.

The pleural spaces are clear.

Both hilar shadows are normal in position and density.

No diaphragmatic abnormality is seen.

The soft tissues and bony thorax are normal.

IMPRESSION: No pleuroparenchymal lesion is seen.

Kulo

Dr.Bhujang Pai MBBS,MD

Consultant RegNo: 49380