

Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Near Metro Pillar No. 109-110, New Sanganer Road,
Sodala, Jaipur-302019

Tele : 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.dr.goyalpathlab.com | E-mail: dr.goyalpiyush@gmail.com

General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 31-01-24

Name: Basant Singh Rathore Age: 34 Sex: Male

DOB: 28.09.1989

Referred By: DR. B.

Photo ID: Aadhar ID #: attached

Ht: 187 (cm)

Wt: 91 (Kg)

Chest (Expiration): 100 (cm)

Abdomen Circumference: 104 (cm)

Blood Pressure: 122 / 85 mm Hg PR: 80 / min

BMI 26.0

Eye Examination: VISION normal G/G N/G.

NO cataract blindness.

Other: Not significant.

On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes / No

Signature Of Examinee : Basant Singh Rathore Name of Examinee: _____

Signature Medical Examiner : Piyush Goyal Name Medical Examiner _____

Piyush Goyal
M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D.
RizC Reg. No.-017898



Dr. Piyush Goyal
M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D.
M.C. Reg. No.-017996

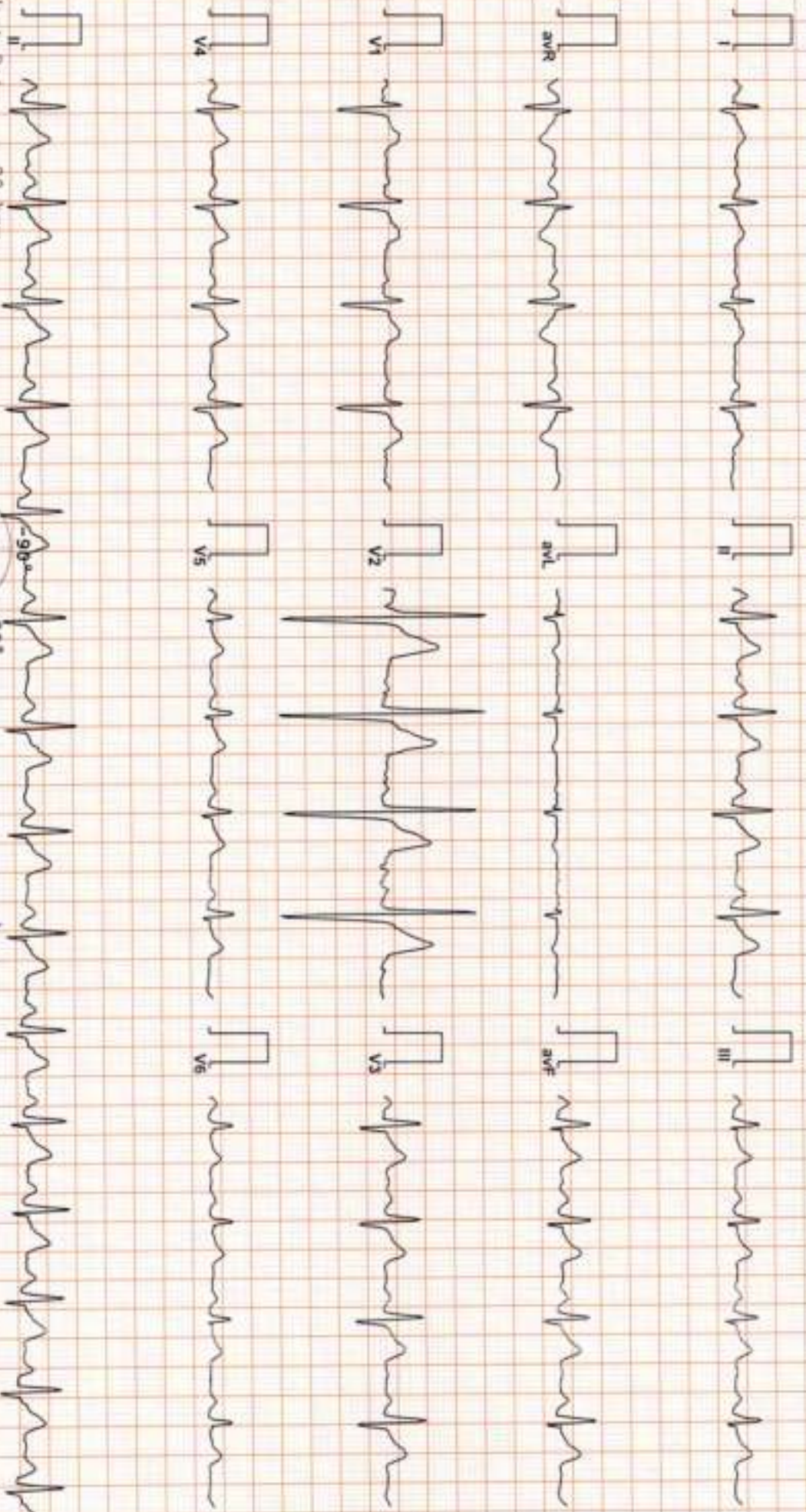


Basant

DR. GOYAL PATH LAB

ECG

3923 / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M/ Non Smoker
Heart Rate : 89 bpm / Tested On : 31-Jan-24 09:49:33 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 35 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s
/ Reid By: BOB



Vent Rate : 89 bpm
PR Interval : 152 ms
QRS Duration : 82 ms
QT/QTc Int : 348/399 ms
P-QRS-T axis: 67.00° 74.00° 70.00°



Turb

Allergent ECG (Phases)/P15216210312)

Reported By:

Dr Naresh Kumar Mohanta
RAC by
MBBS, Dip. Cardiac Electrophysiology (ACCORTS)
JEM (REGP-UK)

DR. GOYALS PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTRE

SODALA JAIPUR RAJ. EMAIL:

685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / NonSmoker
 Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM Refd By : BOB Examined By:

Report



Stage	Time	Duration	Speed(mph)	Elevation	METs	Rate	% THR	BP	RPP	PVC	Comments
Supine	01:04	1:04	01.1	00.0	01.0	088	47%	126/86	110	00	
Standing	02:07	1:03	01.1	00.0	01.0	112	60%	126/86	141	00	
HV	03:21	1:14	01.1	00.0	01.0	111	60%	126/86	139	00	
Warm Up	04:07	0:46	01.1	00.0	01.0	120	65%	126/86	151	00	
ExStart	04:11	0:04	01.7	10.0	01.1	131	70%	126/86	165	00	
BRUCE Stage 1	07:11	3:00	01.7	10.0	04.7	162	87%	136/86	220	00	
PeakX	10:05	2:54	02.5	12.0	07.0	180	97%	156/90	280	00	
Recovery	11:05	1:00	00.0	00.0	01.0	173	93%	156/90	269	00	
Recovery	12:05	2:00	00.0	00.0	01.0	140	75%	150/90	210	00	
Recovery	13:05	3:00	00.0	00.0	01.0	129	69%	150/90	193	00	
Recovery	14:05	4:00	00.0	00.0	01.0	118	63%	136/86	160	00	
Recovery	15:05	5:00	00.0	00.0	01.0	115	62%	126/86	144	00	
Recovery	15:51	5:46	00.0	00.0	01.0	117	63%	126/86	147	00	

FINDINGS :

Exercise Time : 05:54
 Max HR Attained : 180 bpm 97% of Target 186
 Max BP Attained : 156/90 (mm/Hg)
 Max WorkLoad Attained : 7 Fair response to induced stress
 Test End Reasons : Test Complete, Heart Rate Achieved

TMT is Negative for RMT

REPORT :

Dr. Naresh Kumar Mohanka
 RMO No. 85703
 MBBS, DIP. (ESCORTS)
 D.E.M. (P.G.P.-UK)



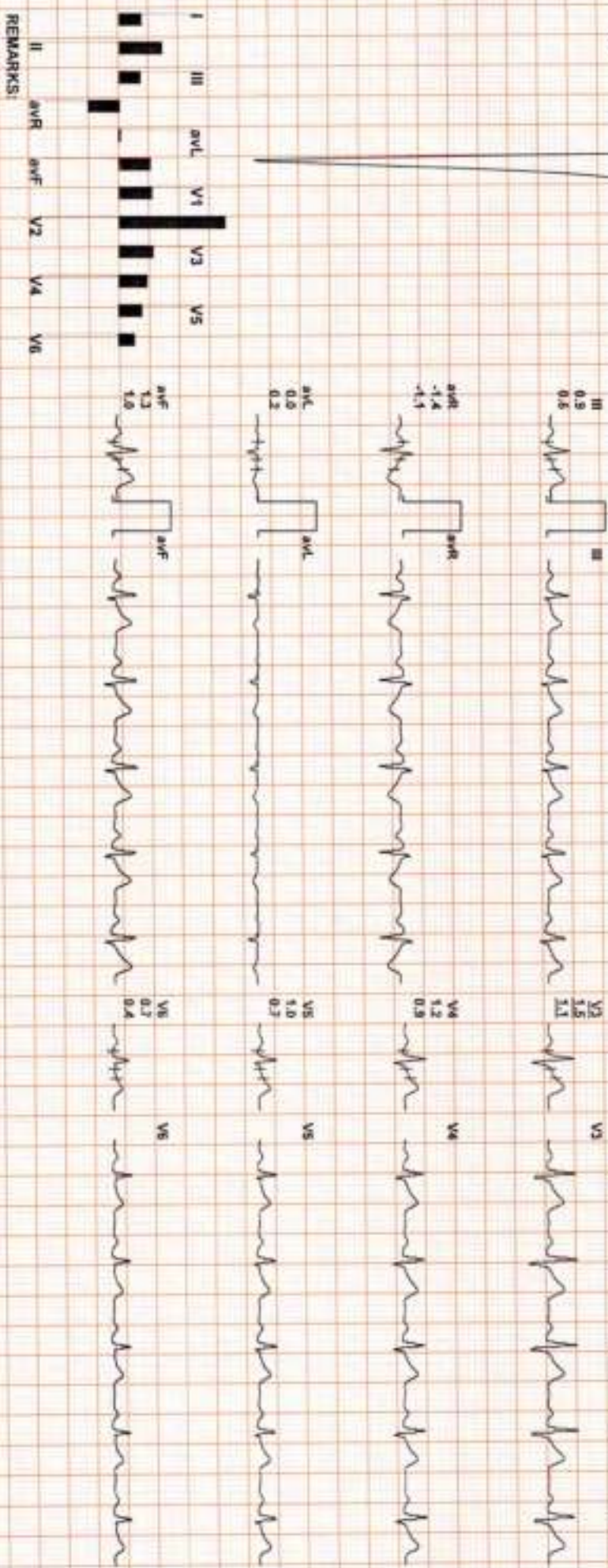
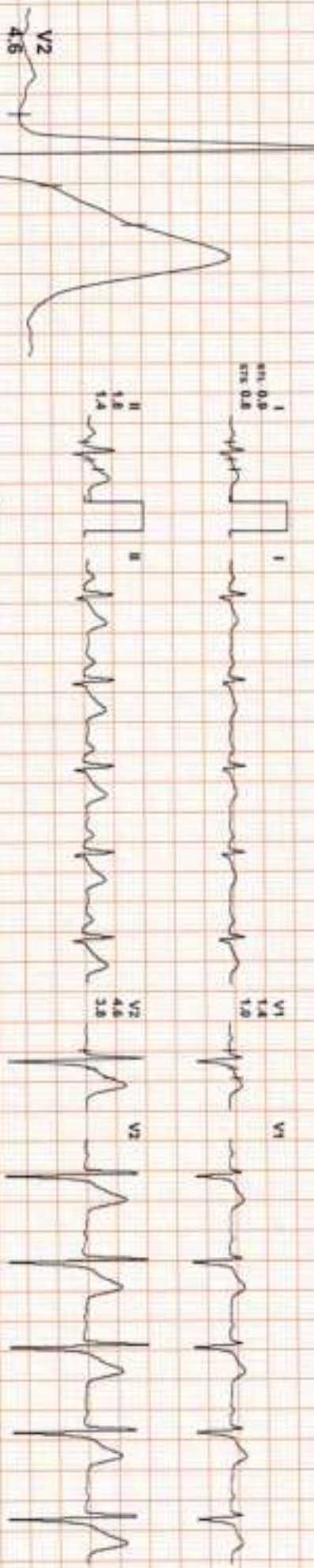
685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 88

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 1.07 88 bpm 47% of THR BP: 125/85 mmHg Combined Medication/ BLC Or/ Notch Or/ HF 0.05 Hz/ LF 35 Hz

ExTime: 00:00 1.1 mph, 0.0%

4X 80 ms/Div 1

25 mm/Sec - 1.8 Cm/Div



REMARKS:

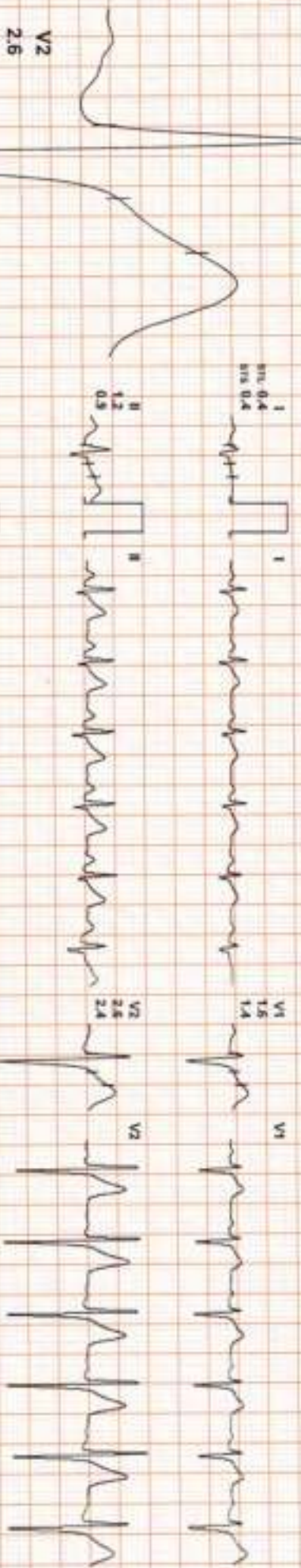


685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / O Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 112

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 1.00 112 bpm 60% of THR BP: 128/86 mmHg Combined Medians/ BLC Ov/ Notch Ov/ H₂ 0.05 HzLF 35 Hz

4X 80 mm Post J

25 mm/Sec - 1.8 Cm/Div



REMARKS:



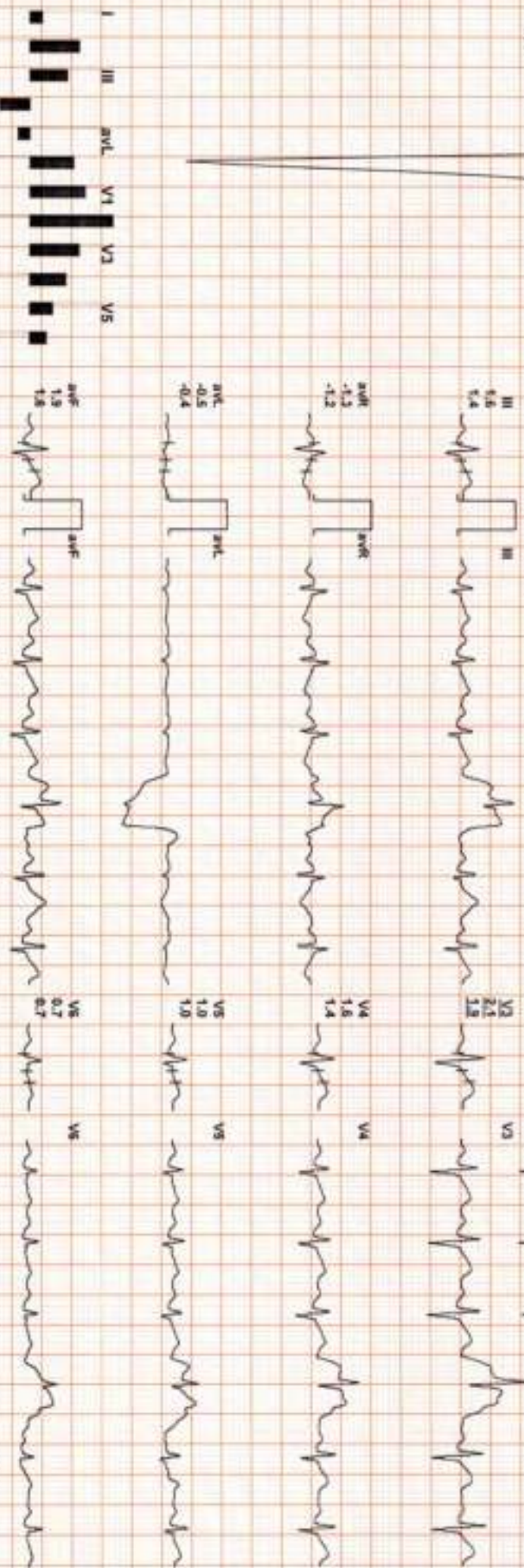
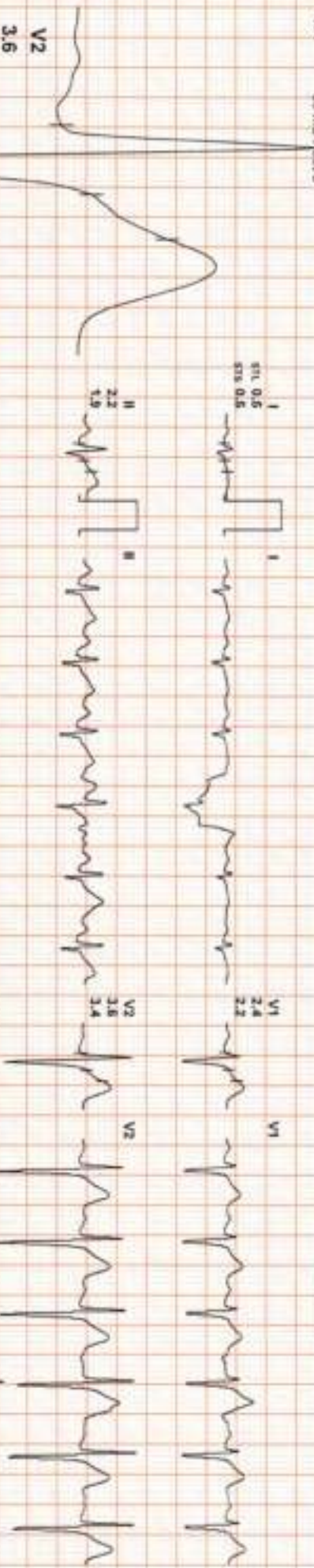
685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / O Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 111

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 1.0 / 111 bpm 60% of THR BP: 126/86 mmHg Combined Medication/ BLC On/ Notch On/ HF 0.05 Hz/LF 36 Hz

EXTime: 00:00 1.1 mgh, 0.0%

4X 80 mS Paper J

25 mm/Sec - 1.8 Cm/mV



REMARKS:

I II III aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6

I 0.6 0.6 0.5
 II 2.2 1.9
 III 5.6 5.6 5.4
 aVR -1.2 -1.2
 aVL -0.5 -0.4
 aVF 1.8 1.8
 V1 2.4 2.2
 V2 2.8 3.4
 V3 2.2 2.1 1.8
 V4 1.6 1.4
 V5 1.0 1.0
 V6 0.7 0.7



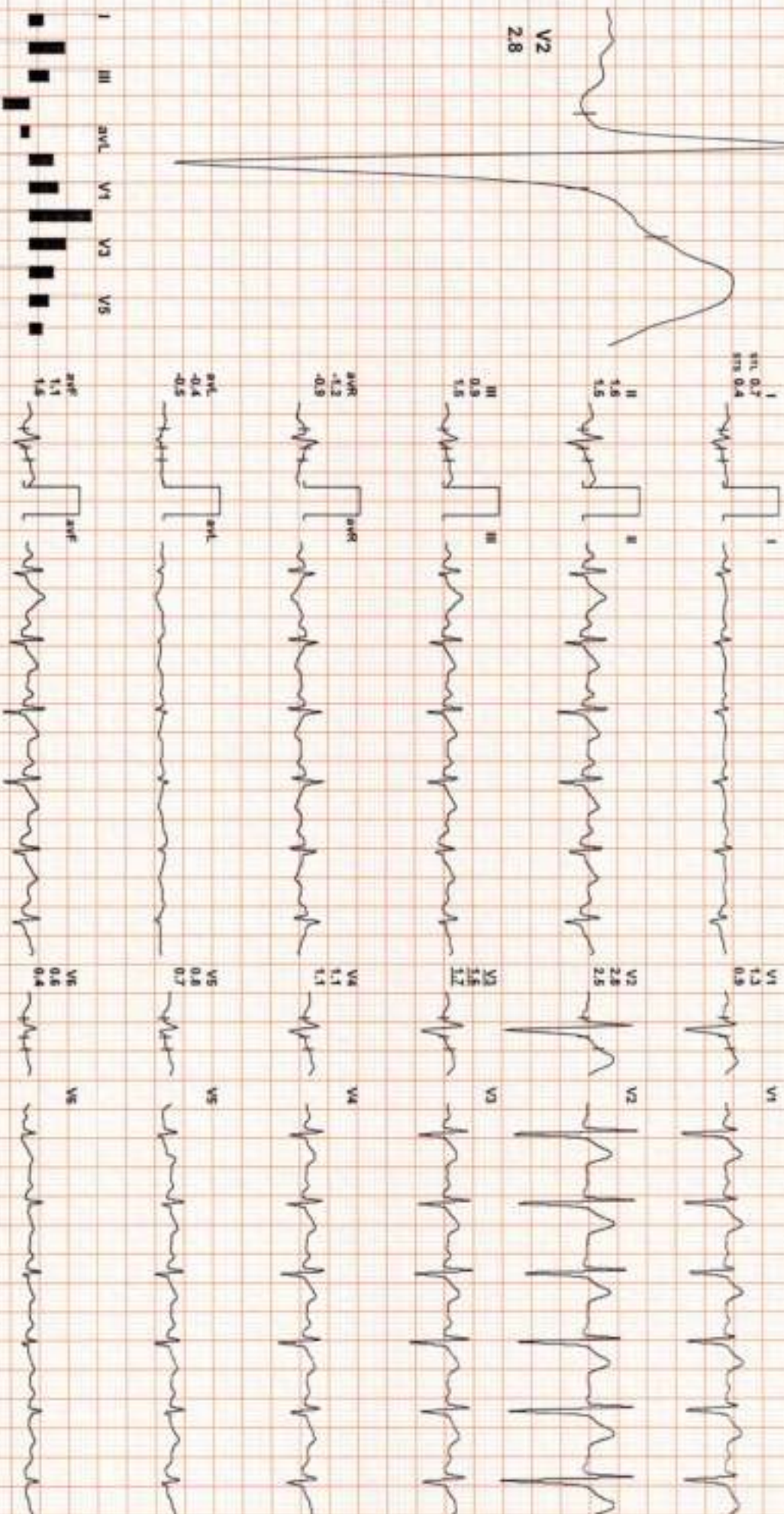
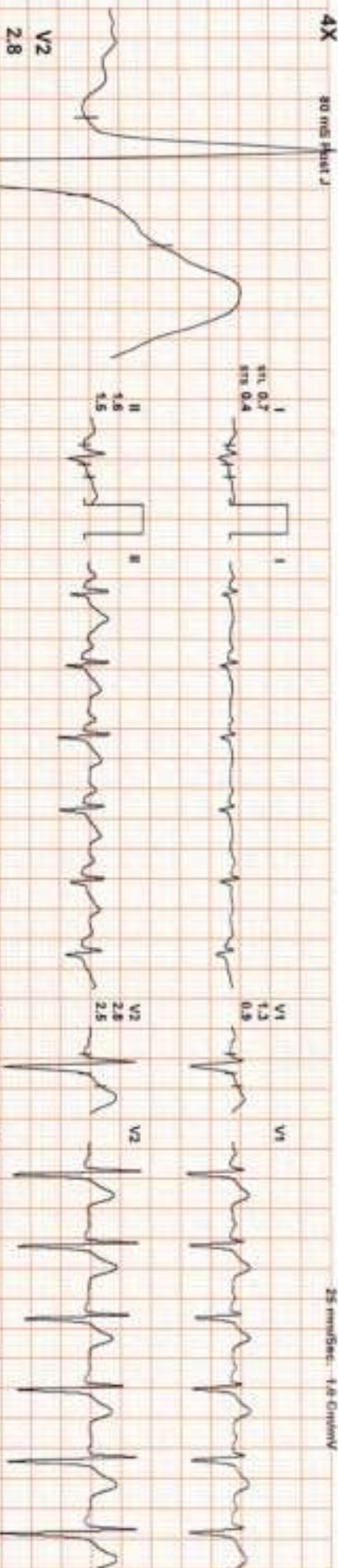
685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 120

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 1.0/ 120 bpm 65% of THR BP: 126/86 mmHg Combined Mediana/ SINC On/ Notch On/ HF: 0.05 Hz/ LF: 35 Hz

EXTime: 00:00 1.1 mph 0.0%

4X 20 ms/Div 2

25 mm/Sec - 1.8 Oriented



REMARKS: II aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6



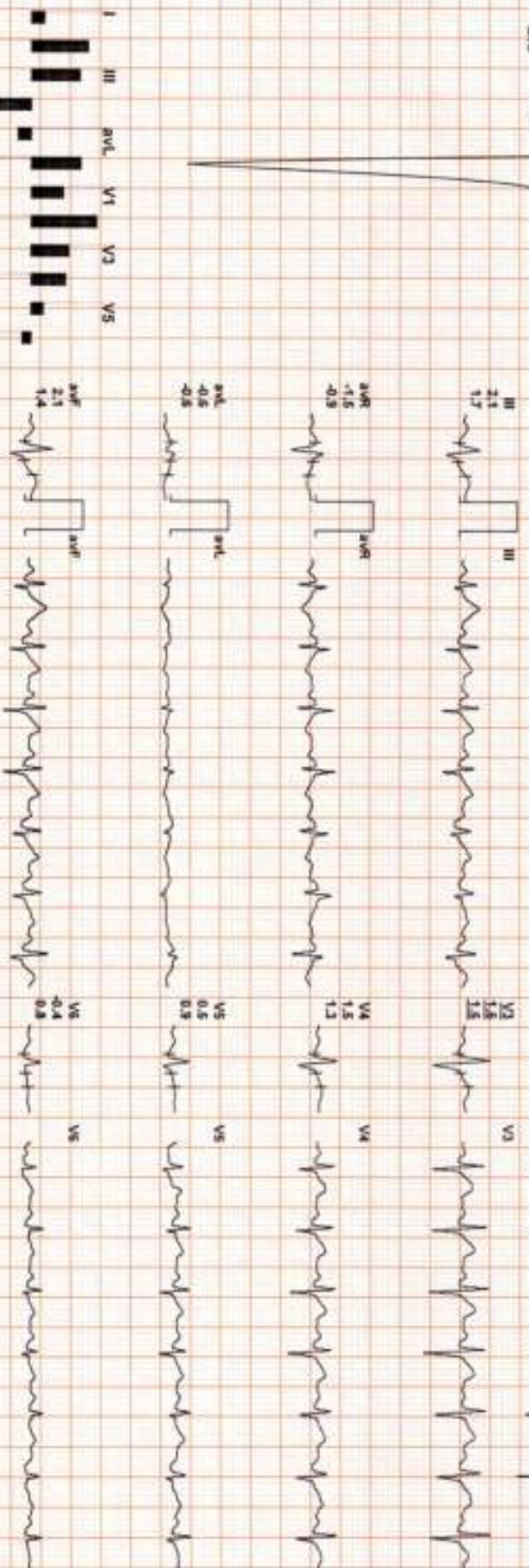
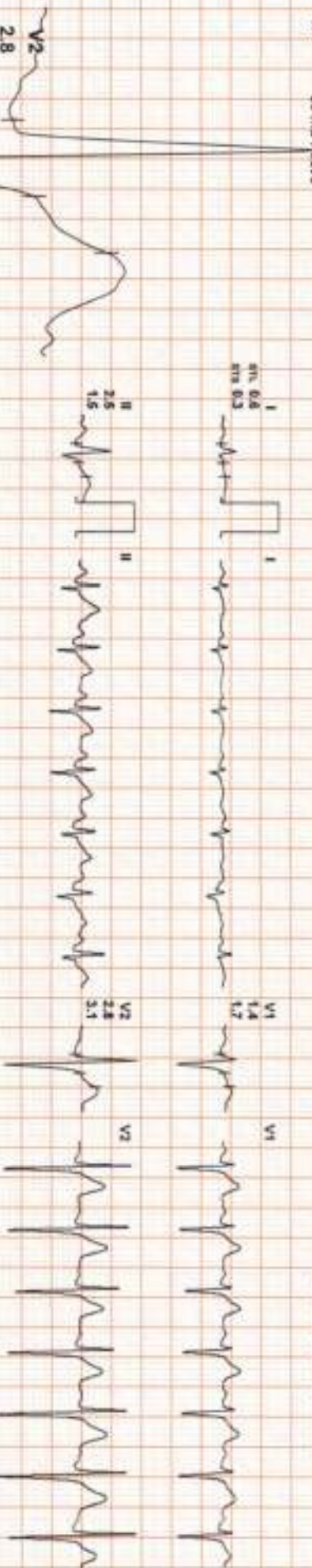
685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 131

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 1.1 / 131 bpm 70% of THR BP: 126/86 mmHg Combined Medianv BLC Onv Notch Onv HF: 0.05 HzOLF 35 Hz

ExTime: 00:00 1.7 mgn, 10.0%

4X 80 ms Post J

25 mm/Sec - 1.8 Cm/mV



REMARKS:

I II aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5

0.6 0.8 0.3 2.5 1.5 2.1 2.1 1.7 2.5 1.5 2.8 2.8 3.1 1.4 1.4 1.7 0.4 0.4 0.8 0.5 0.5 0.3



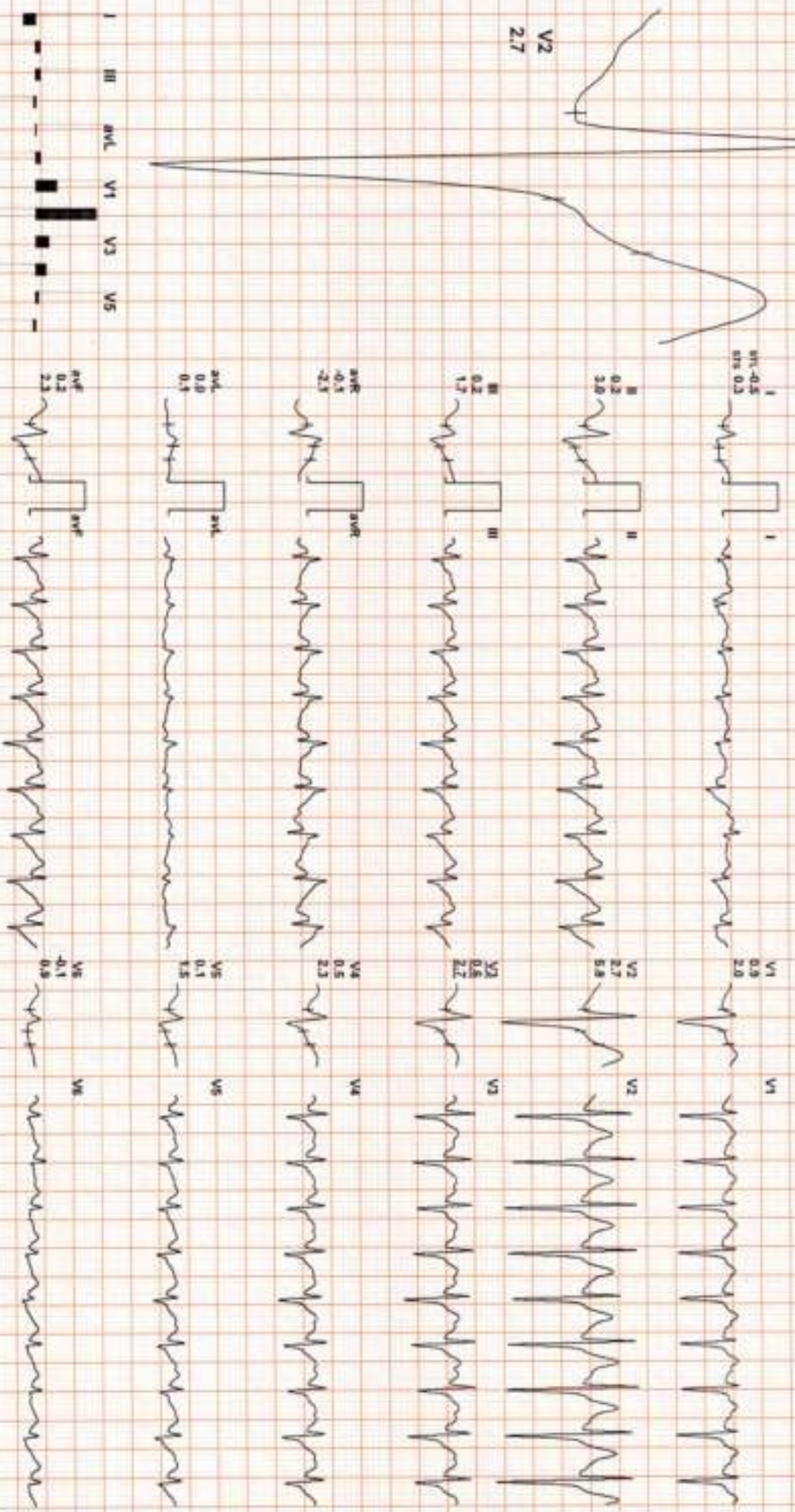
685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / O Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 162

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 4.71 162 bpm 87% of THR BP: 136/86 mmHg Combined Medians/ BLC On/ Noth On/ HF 0.05 HOLF 35 Hz

EXTime: 03:00 1.7 mph, 10.0%

4X 60 mm Front J

25 mm/Sec - 1.5 cm/mV



REMARKS: I II aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6

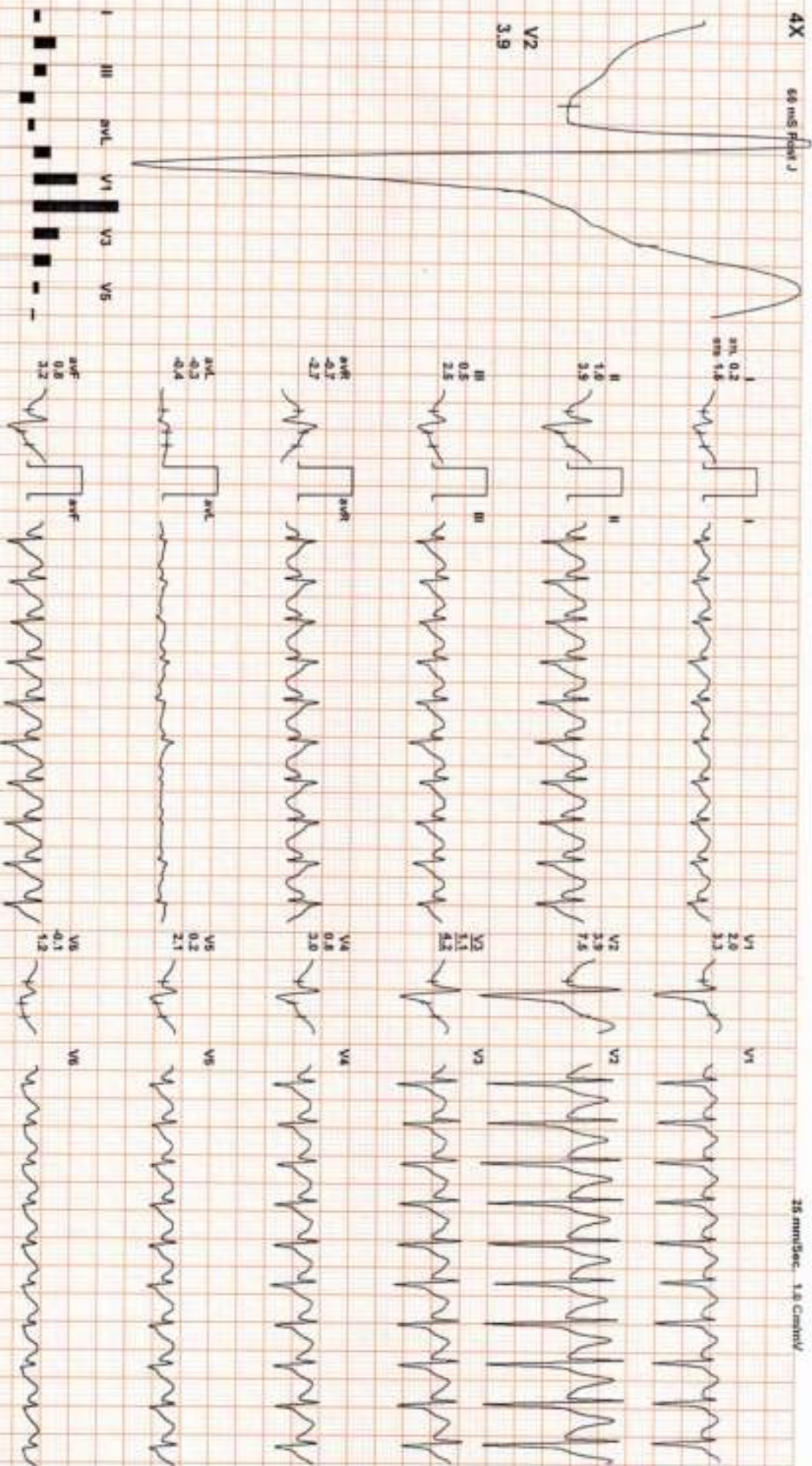
685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 180

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 7.0/ 180 bpm 97% of THR BP: 156/90 mmHg Combined Medians/ BLC Onv Notch Onv HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz

ExTime: 05:54 2.5 mph, 12.0%

4X 68 ms Paper J

25 mm/Sec. 1.8 Cm/mV



REMARKS:



685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 173

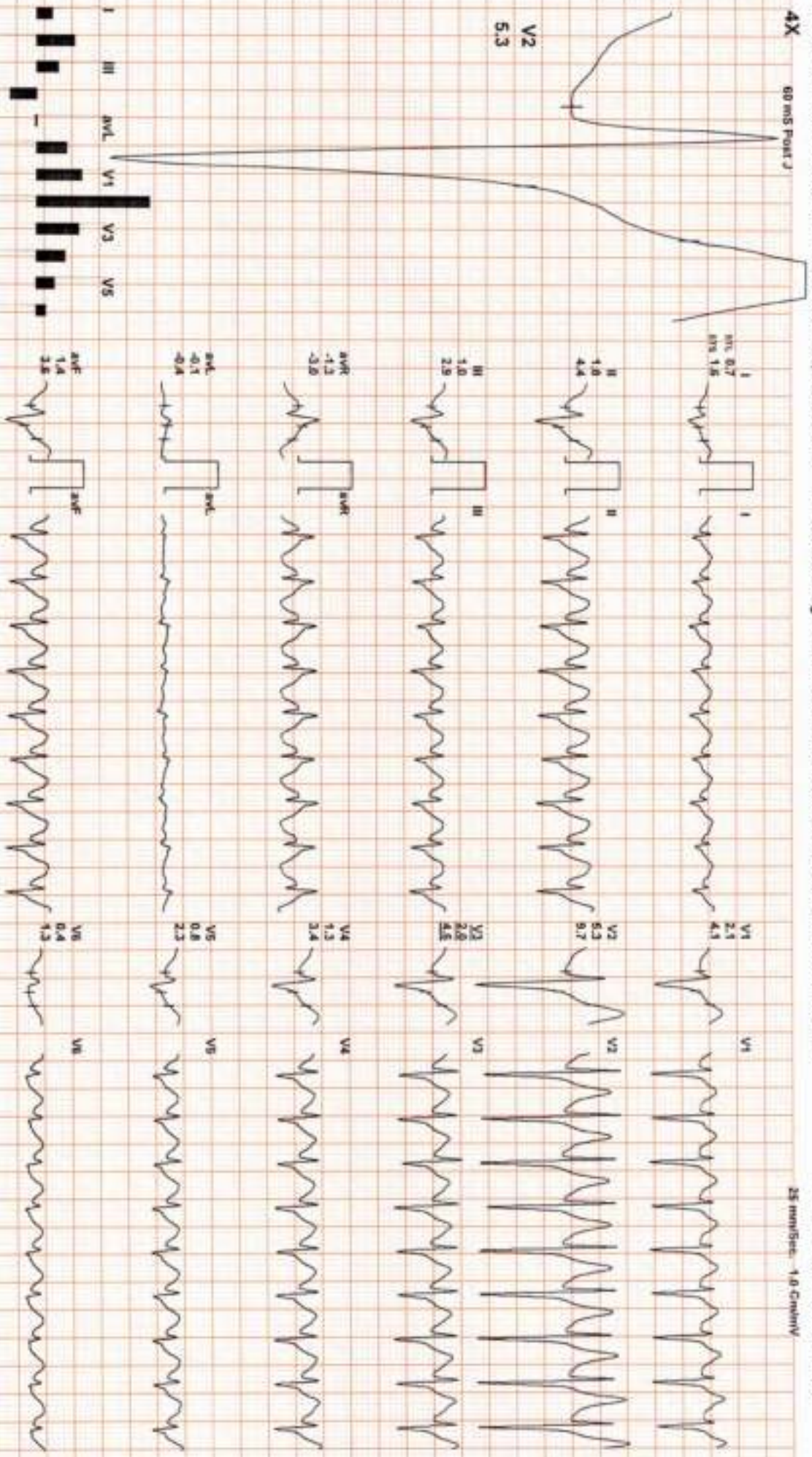
Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:20 AM METS: 1.0/ 173 bpm 93% of THR BP: 156/90 mmHg Combined Medians/ BLC On/ Natch On/ HF 0.05 HzOLF 35 Hz

ExTime: 05:54 0.0 mph 0.0%

AX 60 MS Post J

25 mm/sec - 1.0 Cm/mV

V2
5.3



REMARKS:



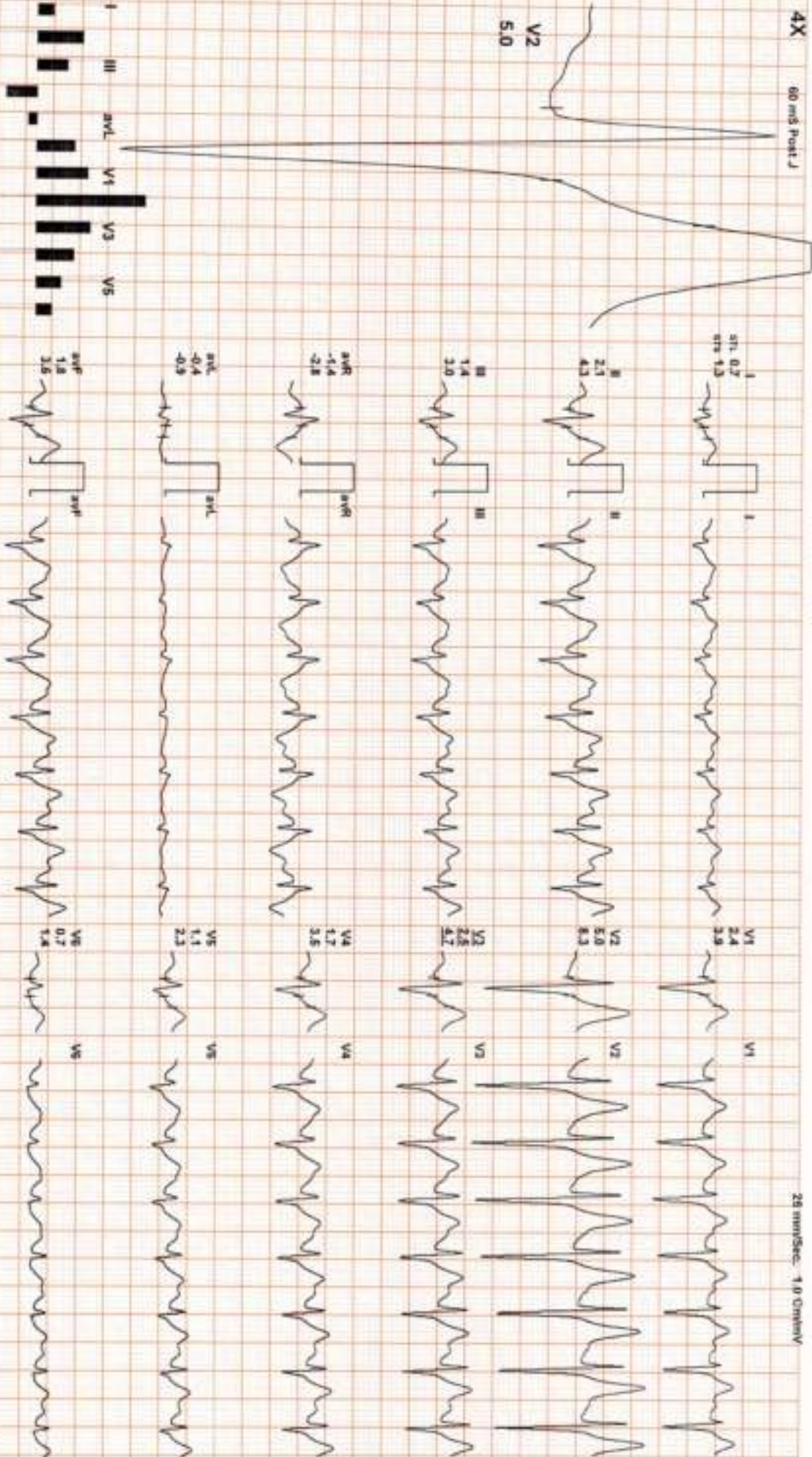
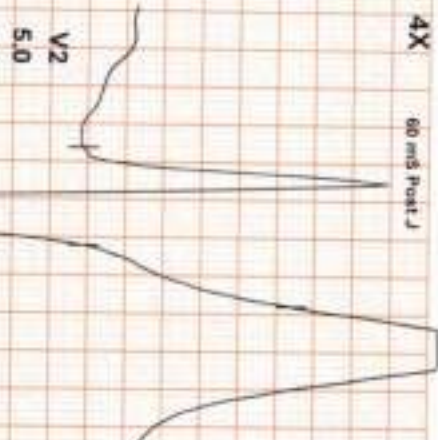
685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 YRS / M / O Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 140

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 1.0/ 140 bpm 75% of THR BP: 160/90 mmHg Combined Medians/ SLC Orv Notch Orv HF 0.05 HELLF 35 Hz

ExTime: 05:54 0.0 mph 0.0%

4X 60 ms Post J

25 mm/Sec 1.9 Cm/mV



REMARKS:



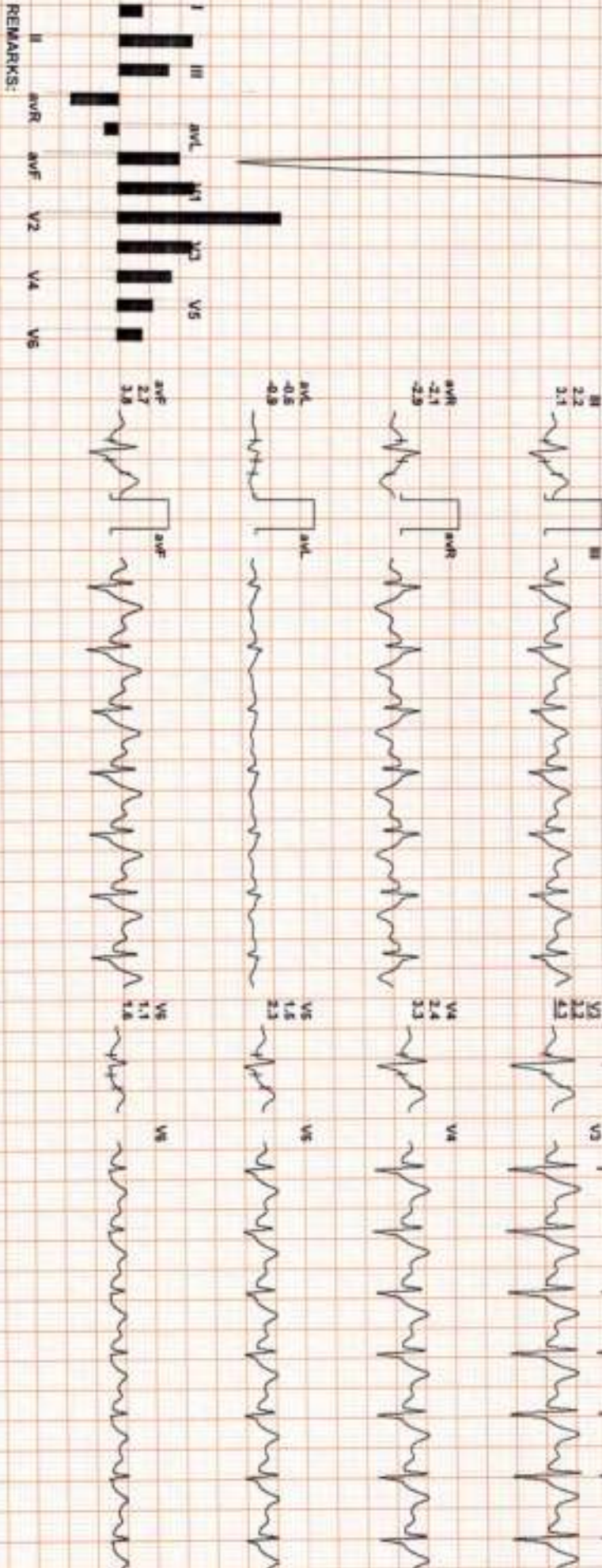
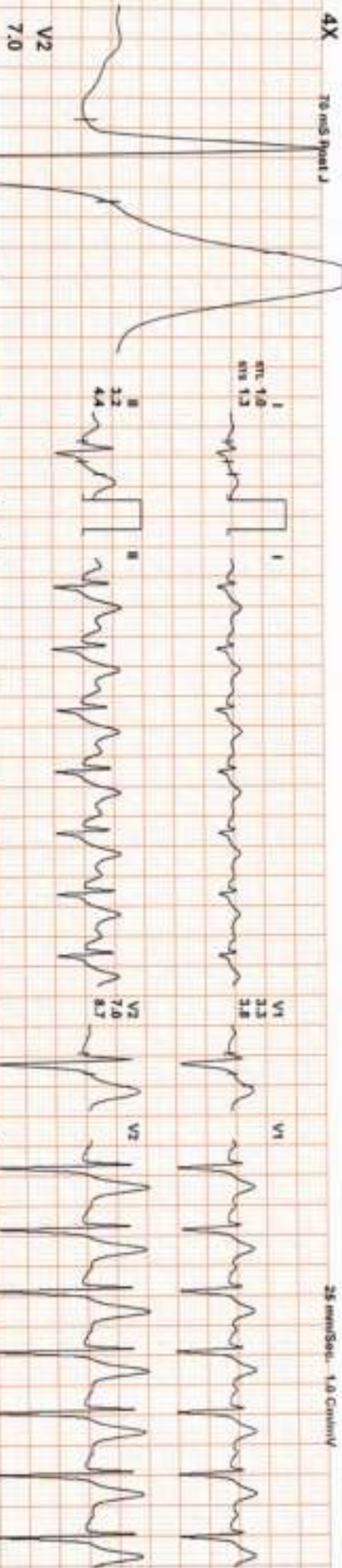
685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 129

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 1.0/ 129 bpm 69% of THR BP: 150/90 mmHg Combined Mediana/ BLC Div Notch Div HF 0.05 Hz/LF 35 Hz

EXTIME: 05:54 0.0 mph, 0.0%

25 min/Sec: 1.0 Cm/min

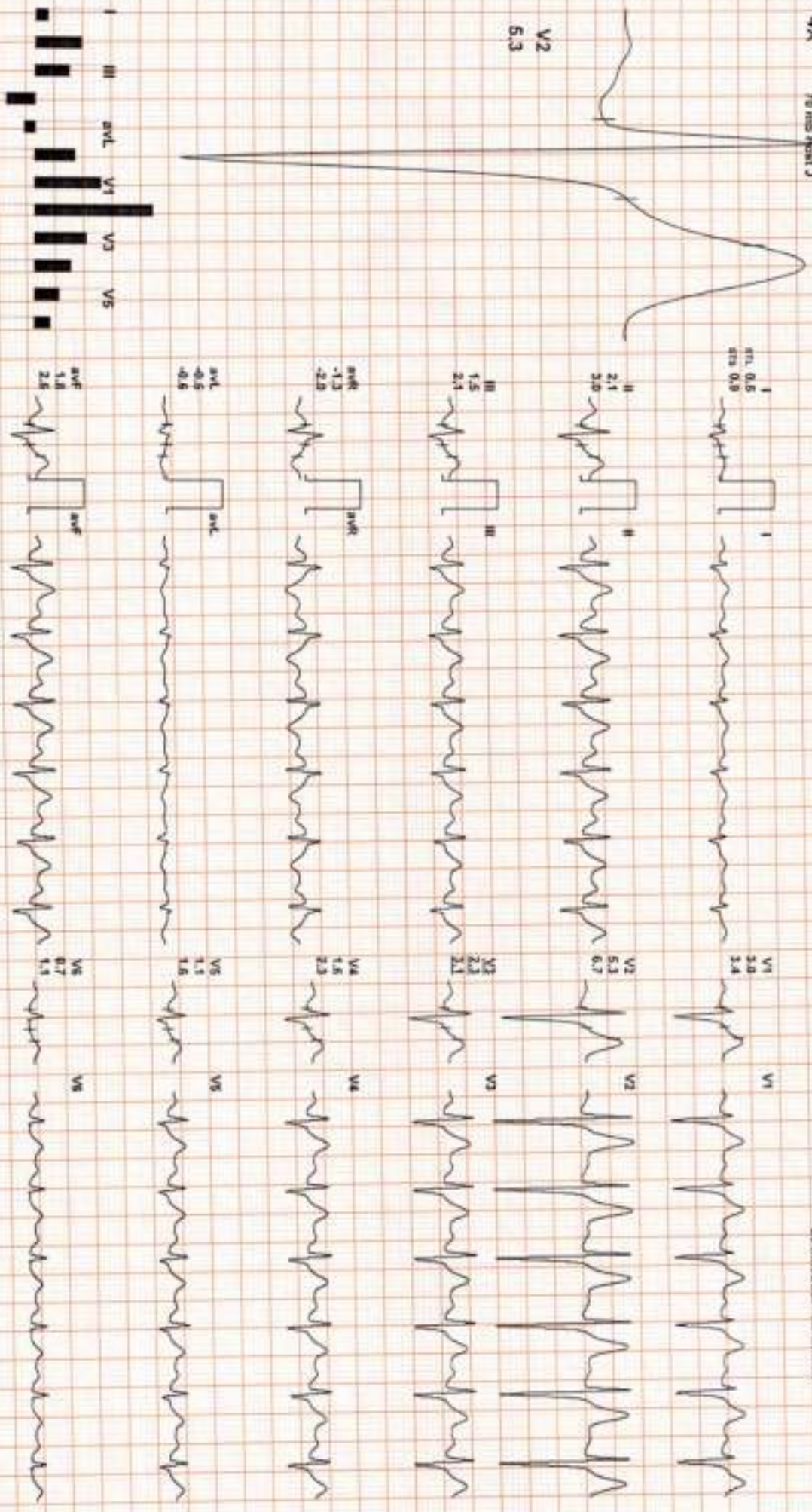
4X 70 ms Final J



REMARKS:

4X 70 ms Paper J

V2
5.3



REMARKS:

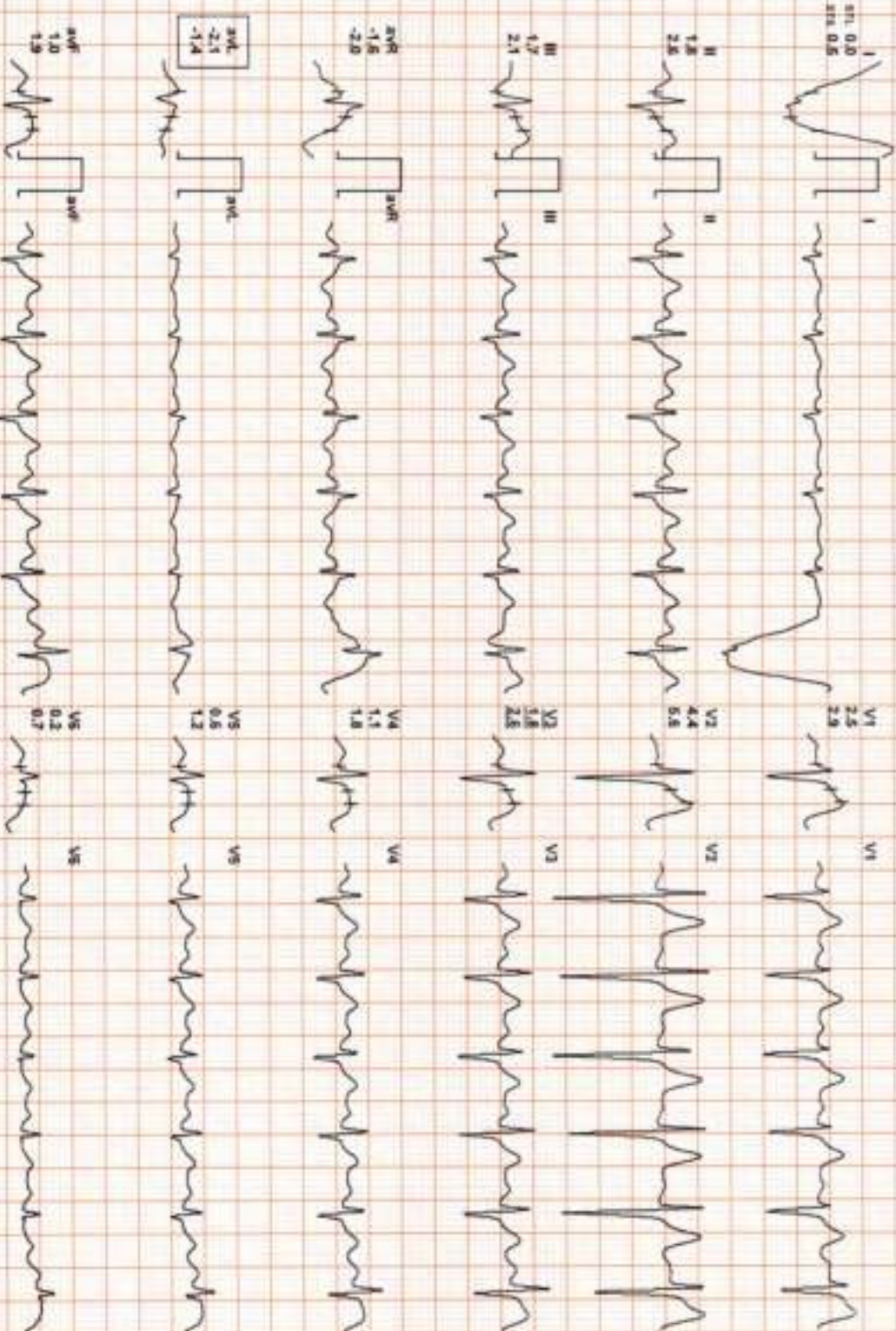
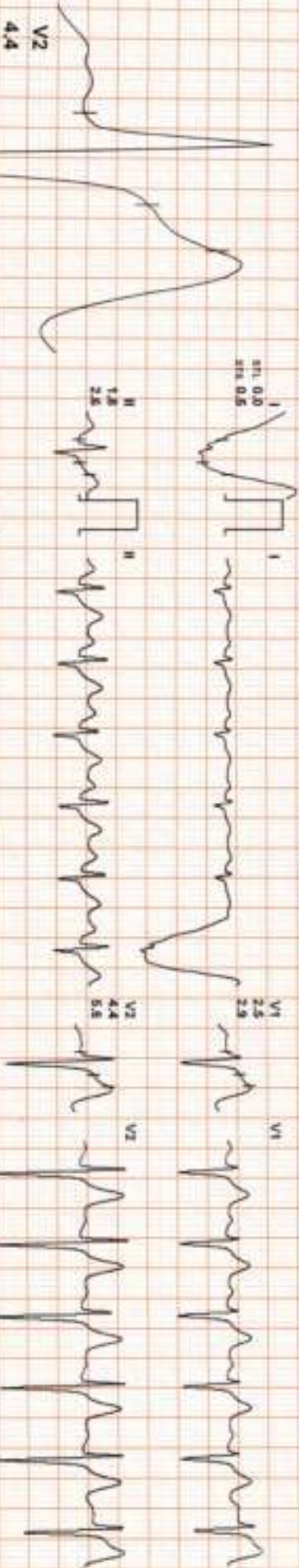


685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 115

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 1.0f 115 bpm 62% of THR BP: 126/86 mmHg Combined Medians/ BLC On/ Noctn On/ HF: 0.05 HULF: 35 Hz

ExTime: 05:54 0.0 mgh, 0.0%
25 mm/sec, 1.0 cm/mV

4X 70 ms Post J



REMARKS:

I II III aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5



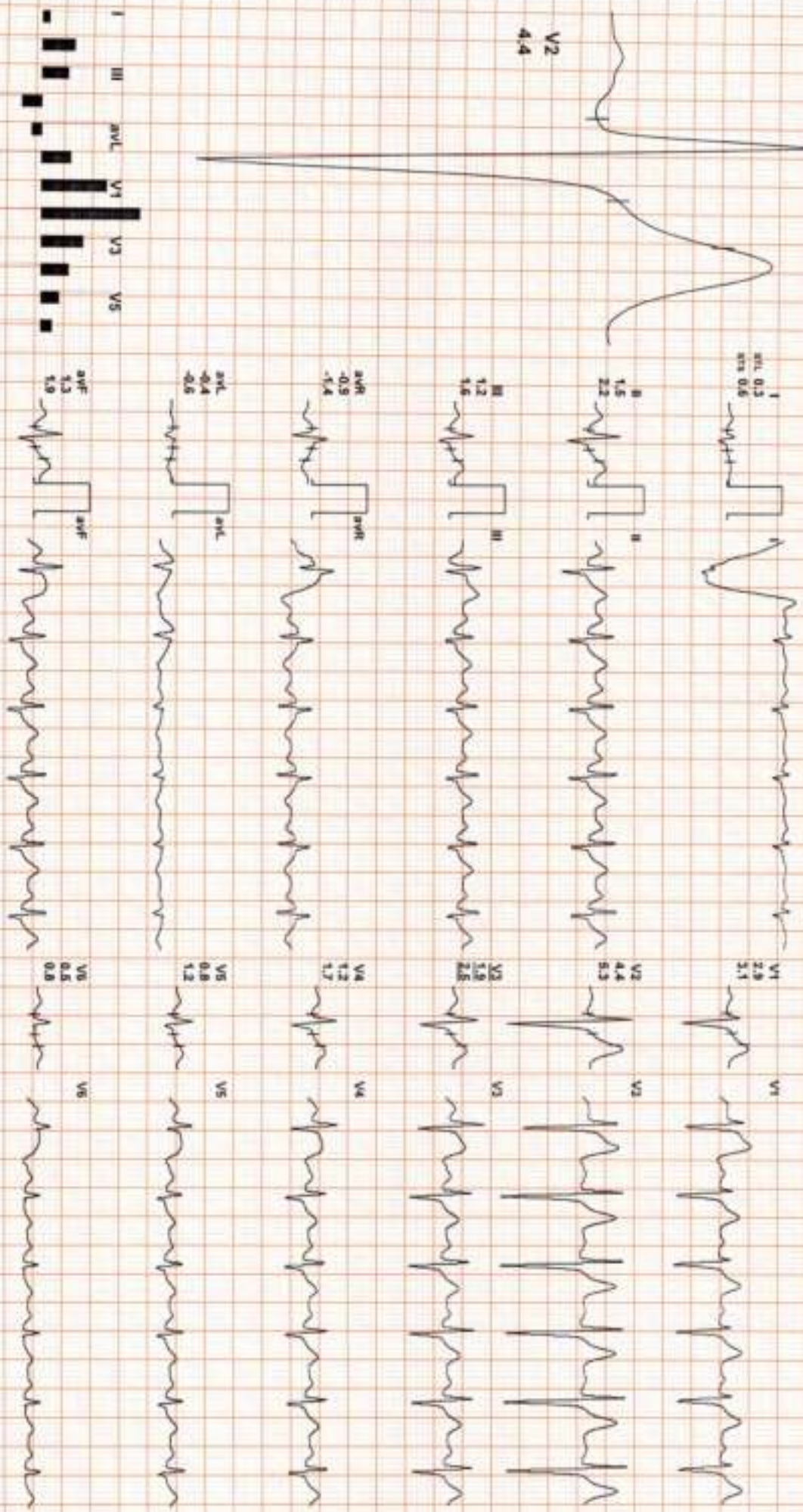
685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 117

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM METS: 1.0/ 117 bpm 63% of THR BP: 126/86 mmHg Combined Mediana/ BLC Ov/ Nitch Ov/ HF: 0.05 Hz/LF: 35 Hz

EXTime: 05:54 0.0 mph, 0.0%

4X 78 ms Post J

25 mm/Sec. 1.0 Cal/cmV

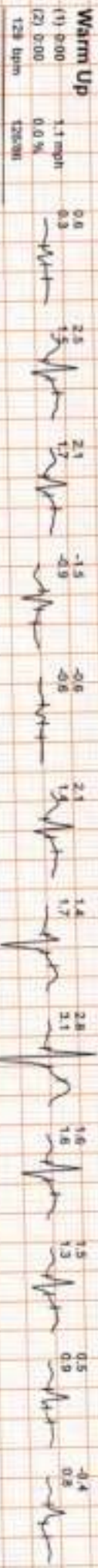
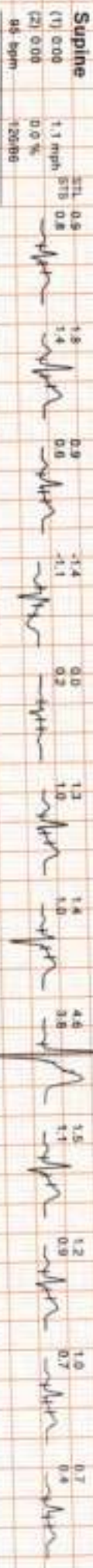


REMARKS:



685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 88

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM I II III AVR AVL AVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6





685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 88

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:28 AM I II III aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6



DR . GOYALS PATH LAB & IMGING CENTRE

Average



685 (113) / MR BASANT SINGH RATHORE / 34 Yrs / M / 0 Cms / 0 Kg / HR : 88

Date: 31 / 01 / 2024 09:51:26 AM I II III aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6





B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Near Metro Pillar No. 109-110, New Sanganer Road,

Sodala, Jaipur-302019

Tel: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drsgoyalpathlab.com & drsgoyalpryush@gmail.com

Date: 31/01/2024 08:48:53

Patient ID :- 12235528

NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time: 31/01/2024 08:49:41

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 11:35:30

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

5.6

%

Non-diabetic: < 5.7
Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4
Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher
ADA Target: 7.0
Action suggested: > 6.5

Method:- HPLC

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasma glucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHb depends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb. High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to the mean of HbA1c. Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1c measurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb variant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

114

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL
Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL
Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

Method:- Calculated Parameter

AJAYSINGH
Technologist

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Dr. Chandrika Gupta
MBBS, MD (Path)
RMC NO. 21021/008037

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Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days
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Lab/Hosp :-



Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 31/01/2024 08:49:41

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 11:35:30

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
HAEMOGARAM			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	16.4	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	6.84	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	52.4	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	41.3 H	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	3.1	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	3.0	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.2	%	0.0 - 2.0
NEUT#	3.59	10 ³ /uL	1.50 - 7.00
LYMPH#	2.83	10 ³ /uL	1.00 - 3.70
EO#	0.21	10 ³ /uL	0.00 - 0.40
MONO#	0.20	10 ³ /uL	0.00 - 0.70
BASO#	0.01	10 ³ /uL	0.00 - 0.10
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	6.56 H	x10 ⁶ /uL	4.50 - 5.50
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	51.00 H	%	40.00 - 50.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	77.7 L	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	25.1 L	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	32.3	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	284	x10 ³ /uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV	14.9 H	%	11.6 - 14.0
MENTZER INDEX	11.84		

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH
Technologist

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DATE: 31/01/2024 08:48:53
NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 31/01/2024 08:49:41

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 11:35:30

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	09	mm/hr.	00 - 13

(ESR) Methodology : Measurement of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Independent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

Interpretation : ESR test is a non-specific indicator of inflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test is used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction).

Levels are higher in pregnancy due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR" $\times >100$ value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia

(CBC) Methodology: TLC, DLC, Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused impedance and

MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. Instrument Name: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-1, Japan

AJAYSINGH
Technologist

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Date: 31/01/2024 08:48:53 Patient ID :- 12235528
NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE Ref. By Dr:- BOB
 Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days Lab/Hosp :-
 Company :- MediWheel



Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM Sample Collected Time 31/01/2024 08:49:41 Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 14:37:19

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	282.64 H	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High > 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	492.77 H	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500

Comment- (1) Serum sample is highly lipemic .

(2) In case of serum Triglyceride value > 400 mg/dl , VLDL can not be calculated

by Formula TG/5 as it leads to errors in calculated parameter. In such cases VLDL is cancelled .

DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	35.88	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	164.63 H	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	98.55 H	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	7.88 H		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	4.59 H		0.00 - 3.50

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.

DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid

AJAYSINGH, SURENDRAKHANGA

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Date :- 31/01/2024 08:48:53

Patient ID :- 12235528

NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time: 31/01/2024 08:49:41

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 14:37:19

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.
TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

AJAYSINGH, SURENDRAKHANGA

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Date :- 31/01/2024 08:48:53

Patient ID :- 12235528



NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE

Ref. By Dr.- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 31/01/2024 08:49:41

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 11:05:12

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.38	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.10	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 >- 1 month - <0.2
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.28	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	21.4	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	32.9	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- AMP Buffer	85.00	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	50.70 ^H	U/L	11.00 - 50.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	7.76	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.60	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	3.16	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.46		1.30 - 2.50

Total Bilirubin Methodology: Colorimetric method Instrument Name Random Rx Incls Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in those susceptible babies High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC Instrument Name Random Rx Incls Interpretation Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans.

ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC Instrument Name Random Rx Incls Interpretation The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminase can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer Instrument Name Random Rx Incls Interpretation Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobiliary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and metastatic disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent Instrument Name Random Rx Incls Interpretation Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green Instrument Name Random Rx Incls Interpretation Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name: Random Rx Incls Interpretation Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra- or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

SURENDRAXHANGA

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Date :- 31/01/2024 08:48:53

Patient ID :- 12235528



NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 31/01/2024 08:49:41

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 10:05:13

IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.690	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	10.880	ug/dl	5.530 - 11.000
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	1.471	μIU/mL	0.350 - 5.500

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TGB), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

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Patient ID :-12235528



NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- URINE

Sample Collected Time 31/01/2024 08:49:41

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 11:40:57

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION(PH)	6.0		5.0 - 7.5
Method:- Reagent Strip(Double indicator blue reaction)			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.020		1.010 - 1.030
Method:- Reagent Strip(bromothymol blue)			
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
Method:- Reagent Strip (Sulphosalicylic acid test)			
GLUCOSE	NIL		NIL
Method:- Reagent Strip (Glu.Oxidase Peroxidase Benedict)			
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
Method:- Reagent Strip (Azo-coupling reaction)			
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
Method:- Reagent Strip (Modified Ehrlich reaction)			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
Method:- Reagent Strip (Sodium Nitroprusside) Rother's			
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
Method:- Reagent Strip (Diazotization reaction)			
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		ABSENT

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Date: 31/01/2024 08:48:53 Patient ID :- 12235528
NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE Ref. By Dr:- BOB
Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days Lab/Hosp :-
Company :- MediWheel



Sample Type :- KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KOx/Na Glucose, Creatinine, Urea, SEBUK24 14:36:33

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 14:37:19

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP	92.2	mg/dl	75.0 - 115.0
Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)		111 - 125 mg/dL	
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)		> 126 mg/dL	
BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP	102.8	mg/dl	70.0 - 140.0
Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.			
SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	1.03	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	5.79	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

AJAYSINGH, SURENDRAKHANGA

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NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE Ref. By Dr:- BOB
Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days Lab/Hosp :-
Company :- MediWheel



Sample Type :- EDTA, URINE, URINE-PP

Sample Collected Time: 31/01/2024 08:49:41

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 11:40:57

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
BLOOD GROUP ABO	"B" POSITIVE		
BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology : Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name : Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone)			
URINE SUGAR (FASTING) Collected Sample Received	Nil		Nil
URINE SUGAR PP Collected Sample Received	Nil		Nil

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NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- Med/Wheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 31/01/2024 08:49:41

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 11:05:12

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)	9.6	mg/dl	0.0 - 23.0

*** End of Report ***

SURENDRAKHANGA

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Date :- 31/01/2024 08:48:53
NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE
Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days
Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12235528
Ref. By Doctor :- BOB
Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 11:32:27

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)



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*** End of Report ***

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(D.M.R.D.) BILAL

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Date :- 31/01/2024 08:48:53
NAME :- Mr. BASANT SINGH RATHORE
Sex / Age :- Male 34 Yrs 4 Mon 5 Days
Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :- 12235528
Ref. By Doctor :- BOB
Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication : 31/01/2024 10:54:16

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is enlarged in size (~ 14.9 cm). Echo-texture is bright No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary bladder is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is normal in size with normal echo-texture and outline.
No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified
No significant free fluid is seen in peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION:

* Mild hepatomegaly with grade I fatty changes.

Needs clinical correlation.

*** End of Report ***

