Patient Name Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA Lab No 4027565 UHID 40011786 **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 9:35AM 18/03/2024 9:53AM Age/Gender 52 Yrs/Male **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 18/03/2024 2:09PM

Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT Report Status Final

Mobile No. 9928703172

BIOCHEMISTRY

 Test Name
 Result
 Unit
 Biological Ref. Range

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 Sample: Fl. Plasma

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 112 H
 mg/dl
 71 - 109

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation: -Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) Sample: PLASMA

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) 112 mg/dl Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl

Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl

Method: Hexokinase assay.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH Sample: Serum

Т3	1.280	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690
T4	8.63	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00
TSH	2.41	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05

RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA	Lab No	4027565
UHID	40011786	Collection Date	18/03/2024 9:35AM
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	52 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	18/03/2024 9:53AM
	O-OPD	Report Date	18/03/2024 2:09PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9928703172		

BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in thediagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages ofhyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

1.8

40.0

Interpretation: - The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)				Sample: Serum
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.40	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.24	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00	
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.16	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.30	
SGOT	19.0	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
SGPT	17.9	U/L	0.0 - 41.0	
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.2	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7	
ALBUMIN	4.6	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2	
GLOBULIN	2.6		1.8 - 3.6	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	98	U/L	40 - 129	

Ratio

U/L

1.5 - 2.5

10.0 - 60.0

RESULT ENTERED BY: NEETU SHARMA

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

A/G RATIO

GGTP

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Page: 2 Of 10

Patient Name Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA Lab No 4027565 UHID **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 9:35AM 40011786 18/03/2024 9:53AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 52 Yrs/Male Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 18/03/2024 2:09PM

Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT Report Status Final

Mobile No. 9928703172

BIOCHEMISTRY

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS: - Method: Bivret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder.

ALBUMIN: - Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: - Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE: - Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	199		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	48.0		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	119.5		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	38	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	188		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	4	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA Lab No 4027565 UHID 40011786 **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 9:35AM 18/03/2024 9:53AM **Receiving Date** Age/Gender 52 Yrs/Male **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 18/03/2024 2:09PM

Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9928703172

BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation: -HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver.
CHOLESTEROL VLDL: - Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation: -High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

Sample: Serum

UREA	38.30	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	18	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	1.01	mg/dl	0.70 - 1.20
SODIUM	132 L	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.62	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	97.6 L	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	5.6	mg/dl	3.4 - 7.0
CALCIUM	10.08 H	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.00

RESULT ENTERED BY: NEETU SHARMA

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA Lab No 4027565 UHID **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 9:35AM 40011786 18/03/2024 9:53AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 52 Yrs/Male Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 18/03/2024 2:09PM

Referred ByDr. EHS CONSULTANTReport StatusFinal

Mobile No. 9928703172

BIOCHEMISTRY

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method: Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease.
URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM: - Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation: -Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL: - Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usually associated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also be observed in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

HBA1C 6.0 % < 5.7% Nondiabetic

5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes

Known Diabetic Patients
< 7 % Excellent Control
7 - 8 % Good Control
> 8 % Poor Control

 ${\tt Method: - Turbidimetric\ inhibition\ immunoassay\ (TINIA)}$

Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Page: 5 Of 10

Patient Name Lab No 4027565 Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 9:35AM UHID 40011786 18/03/2024 9:53AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 52 Yrs/Male **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 18/03/2024 2:09PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9928703172

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	20	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
PH	6.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.010		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	0-2	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA Lab No 4027565 UHID 40011786 **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 9:35AM 18/03/2024 9:53AM Age/Gender 52 Yrs/Male **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 18/03/2024 2:09PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

NIL **BACTERIA** NIL **OHTERS** NIL NIL

9928703172

Methodology:-

Mobile No.

Methodology:Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific
Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue
(Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method.
interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY: NEETU SHARMA

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA Lab No 4027565 UHID 40011786 **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 9:35AM 18/03/2024 9:53AM Age/Gender 52 Yrs/Male **Receiving Date** Report Date **IP/OP Location** O-OPD 18/03/2024 2:09PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9928703172

HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Rar	nge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	14.2	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	42.6	%	40.0 - 50.0	
MCV	102.4 H	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	34.1 H	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	33.3	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.16 L	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	5.17	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	50.1	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	41.4 H	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	2.1	%	1 - 6	
BASOPHIL	0.4 L	%	1 - 2	
MONOCYTES	6.0	%	2 - 10	
PLATELET COUNT	2.42	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCH: - Method: - Calculation bysysmex.
MCHC: - Method: - Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: -Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: -High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry LYMPHOCYTS : - Method: Optical detectorblock based on FlowcytometryEOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE) 10 mm/1st hr 0 - 15

RESULT ENTERED BY: NEETU SHARMA

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Lab No Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA 4027565 UHID 40011786 **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 9:35AM 18/03/2024 9:53AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 52 Yrs/Male **Report Date** O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 18/03/2024 2:09PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9928703172

Method:-Modified Westergrens.
Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA

Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA **Patient Name** Lab No 4027565 UHID 40011786 **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 9:35AM 18/03/2024 9:53AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 52 Yrs/Male **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 18/03/2024 2:09PM **Referred By** Dr. EHS CONSULTANT **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9928703172

X Ray

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both CP angles are clear.

Both hemi-diaphragms are normal in shape and outlines.

Cardiac shadow is within normal limits.

Visualized bony thorax is unremarkable.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA

Dr. SURESH KUMAR SAINI

MBBS,MD RADIOLOGIST

Page: 10 Of 10

Patient Name Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA Lab No 651800 UHID 344530 **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 12:51PM 18/03/2024 12:59PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 52 Yrs/Male **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 18/03/2024 3:38PM **Referred By** Dr. EHCC Consultant **Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9773349797

BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Biological Ref. Range Test Name Result Unit

"B" Rh Negative **BLOOD GROUPING**

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY: Dr. NEHA GUPTA

Neha Cupts

Dr. NEHA GUPTA MBBS | DIHBT |

INCHARGE BLOOD CENTRE

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40011786 (8123)	RISNo./Status:	4027565/
Patient Name:	Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA	Age/Gender:	52 Y/M
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	18/03/2024 9:17AM/ OPSCR23- 24/15881	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	18/03/2024 10:34AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver: Normal in size & shows increased in parenchymal echotexture. No obvious

significant focal parenchymal mass lesion noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not

dilated. Portal vein is normal.

Gall Bladder: Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.

Pancreas: Normal in size & echotexture.

Spleen: Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.

Right Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or

obstructive calculus noted.

Left Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary

differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis. Calculus of

size approx. 4mm seen in lower calyx.

Urinary Bladder: Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall

thickness is normal.

Prostate: Is normal in size, measuring approx. 22 cc in volume. **Others:** No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION: USG findings are suggestive of

• Fatty liver.

Small left renal calculus.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

DR. APOORVA JETWANI

Incharge & Senior Consultant Radiology

MBBS, DMRD, DNB

Reg. No. 26466, 16307

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40011786 (8123)	RISNo./Status:	4027565/
Patient Name:	Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA	Age/Gender:	52 Y/M
Referred By:	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	18/03/2024 9:17AM/ OPSCR23- 24/15881	Scan Date :	
Report Date:	18/03/2024 1:12PM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH CHECKUP

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

Normal Normal								
IVSD	13.1	6-12mm			LVIDS	28.6	20-40mm	
LVIDD	43.1		32-	57mm		LVPWS	20.8	mm
LVPWD	13.1		6-1	2mm		AO	31.7	19-37mm
IVSS	21.3		J	mm		LA	35.4	19-40mm
LVEF	60-62		>	55%		RA	-	mm
	DOPPLEI	R MEA	SUREN	1ENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	<u>:</u>	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY		VELOC	CITY (m	/s)	GRADIENT		REGURGITATION
						(mmHg)		
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	1.05	5 e' 0.07 -			NIL	
VALVE		A	0.76	E/e'	15.0			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		E 0.68		-		NIL	
VALVE			A 0.66					
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.22			-		NIL	
VALVE								
PULMONARY VALVE	NORMAL	0.97					NIL	
VALVE					_			

COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -

- CONCENTRIC LVH, OTHER CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- GRADE I LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - CONCENTRIC LVH, GRADE I LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION, NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR SYSTOLIC FUNCTION

DR SUPRIY JAIN
MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY)
INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT
INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY

DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE
EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY
AND WELLNESS CENTRE

Patient Name Mr. RAMESH KUMAR SHARMA Lab No 651805

UHID 344530 **Collection Date** 18/03/2024 12:51PM 18/03/2024 12:59PM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 52 Yrs/Male **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 18/03/2024 2:38PM

Referred By Dr. EHCC Consultant **Report Status** Final



BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Result Unit **Biological Ref. Range**

Sample: Serum

PSA (TOTAL) 0.00 - 4.00 1.58 ng/mL

Total (Free + complexed) PSA - Prostate specific antigen (tPSA)

9773349797

Mobile No.

Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA
Interpretation:-PSA determinations are employed are the monitoring of progress and efficiency of therapy in patients with prostate carcinoma or receiving hormonal therapy.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. PANKAJ SHUKLA Sundan Sign.

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH **CONSULTANT & HOD** MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY

Dr. ASHISH SHARMA **CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY

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