यूनियन बैंक Union Bank of india





नाम : रणवीर सिंह मंगाबा Name : Ranveer Singh Mangawa कर्मचारी क्र. / Employee No.: 686913 जन्म तिथि / Blith Date : 30-06-1977

रक्त समूह / Blood Group : B+

हस्तक्षर/Signature जारी करने का स्थान - क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, उदयपुर

Place of Issue : R.O., Udaipur

जारी करने की तिथि Date of Tsque



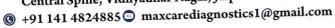
Dr. PIYUSH GOYAL MBBS, DMRD (Radiologist) RMC No.-037041



P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank
 Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023



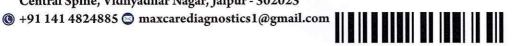


General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 23 03 2024
Name: Rynveer Singh Mangorus Age: 46 DOB: 30/6/1977 Sex: Male
Referred By: Union Bank
Photo ID: Rank Id ID#: 686913
Ht: 175 (cm) Wt: 76 (Kg)
Chest (Expiration):(cm)
Blood Pressure: 120 / 80 mm Hg PR: 7-9 / min RR: 18 / min Temp: Afeblic
BMI 24
Eye Examination:
Other:
On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes / No
Signature Of Examine: Name of Examinee: RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA
Signature Medical Examiner: PTV H GOYA Name Medical Examiner - PIYUSH GOYAC MBBS, DMRD (Radiologist) RMC No037041



O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days Age :-

Sex :-Male Patient ID: -12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

HAEMOGARAM

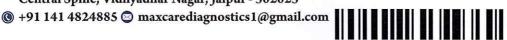
HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40	MALE		
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	16.5	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	8.90	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	40.0	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	51.0 H	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	3.0	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	6.0	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.0	%	0.0 - 2.0
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	5.39	x10^6/uL	4.50 - 5.50
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	49.40	%	40.00 - 50.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	92.0	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	30.6	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	33.4	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	194	x10^3/uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV	13.3	%	11.6 - 14.0

Technologist MGR Page No: 1 of 16



O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

Age :-

Sex :-

46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Patient ID: -12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

HAEMATOLOGY

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

mm in 1st hr

00 - 15

The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR or sed rate) is a relatively simple, inexpensive, non-specific test that has been used for many years to help detect inflammation associated with conditions such as infections, cancers, and autoimmune diseases.ESR is said to be a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other tests, such as C-reactive protein. ESR is used to help diagnose certain specific inflammatory diseases, including temporal arteritis, systemic vasculitis and polymyalgia rheumatica. (For more on these, read the article on Vasculitis.) A significantly elevated ESR is one of the main test results used to support the diagnosis. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as



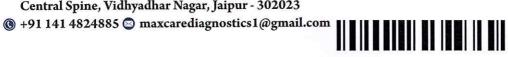
Technologist MGR Page No: 2 of 16

DR.TANU RUNGTA MD (Pathology)

RMC No. 17226



O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





NAME: - Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days Age :-

Sex :-Male Patient ID: -12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp:-

Company:-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

(CBC): Methodology: TLC,DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method,TRBC,PCV,PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH,MCV,MCHC,MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L,Japan



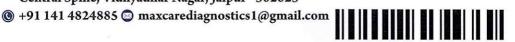
MGR Page No: 3 of 16



Age :-Sex :-

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Patient ID: -12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

BIOCHEMISTRY

	DIOCI			
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval	
FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Methord:- GOD POD	94.5	mg/dl	70.0 - 115.0	
Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)		111 - 125 mg/dL		
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 126 mg/dL			

Instrument Name: HORIBA CA60 Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic

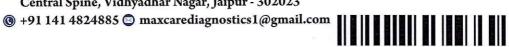
hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin

therapy or various liver diseases.

Technologist MGR Page No: 4 of 16



O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Sex :-

Age :-

Patient ID: -12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HI Methord - CAPILLARY with EDTA	bA1C) 5.6	mg%	Non-Diabetic < 6.0 Good Control 6.0-7.0 Weak Control 7.0-8.0 Poor control > 8.0
MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE Methord:- Calculated Parameter	110	mg/dL	68 - 125

INTERPRETATION

AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA) Reference Group HbA1c in % Non diabetic adults >=18 years < 5.7 At risk (Prediabetes) 5.7 - 6.4 Diagnosing Diabetes >= 6.5

CLINICAL NOTES

In vitro quantitative determination of HbA1c in whole blood is utilized in long term monitoring of glycemia. The HbA1c level correlates with the mean glucose concentration prevailing in the course of the patient's recent history (approx - 6-8 weeks) and therefore provides much more reliable information for glycemia monitoring than do determinations of blood glucose or urinary glucose. It is recommended that the determination of HbA1c be performed at intervals of 4-6 weeks during Diabetes Mellitus Therapy. Results of HbA1c should be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings. Some of the factors that influence HbA1c and its measurement [Adapted from Gallagher et al]

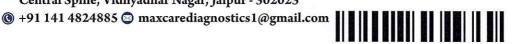
- 1. Erythropoiesis
- Increased HbA1c: iron, vitamin B12 deficiency, decreased erythropoiesis.
 Decreased HbA1c: administration of erythropoietin, iron, vitamin B12, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease.
- 2 Altered Haemoglobin-Genetic or chemical alterations in hemoglobin; hemoglobinopathies, HbF, methemoglobin, may increase or decrease HbA1c.
- 3. Glycation
- Increased HbA1c; alcoholism, chronic renal failure, decreased intraerythrocytic pH
- Decreased HbA1c: certain hemoglobinopathies, increased intra-erythrocyte pH
- 4. Erythrocyte destruction
- Increased HbA1c increased erythrocyte life span: Splenectomy
- Decreased A1c. decreased RBC life span: hemoglobinopathies, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs such as antiretrovirals, ribavirin & dapsone.
- 5. Others
- Increased HbA1c: hyperbilirubinemia, carbamylated hemoglobin, alcoholism, large doses of aspirin, chronic opiate use,chronic renal failure

- Decreased HbA1c: hypertriglyceridemia, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease, aspirin, vitamin C and E, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs

Technologist MGR Page No 5 of 16



O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

Age :-

Sex :-

46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Patient ID: -12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

HAEMATOLOGY

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methord:- Haemagglutination reaction "B" POSITIVE



Technologist MGR Page No: 6 of 16



HEALTH SOLUTIONS I

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023

⊕ +91 141 4824885 ⊕ maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

Patient ID: -12234950

Date: - 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Age :-46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Sex :-

Lab/Hosp:-Company:-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval	
LIPID PROFILE TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Methord: CHOD-PAP methodology	198.00	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239	
High> 240 InstrumentName: MISPA PLUS Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.				
TRIGLYCERIDES Methord:- GPO-PAP	147.00	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499	
Very high >500 InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.				
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Methord:- Direct clearance Method	46.50	mg/dl		
			MALE- 30-70 FEMALE - 30-85	

Instrument Name Rx Daytona plus Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement

gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods LDL CHOLESTEROL 127.0 127.00 mg/dl Methord:- Calculated Method VLDL CHOLESTEROL 29.40 mg/dl

Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190 0.00 - 80.00

T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Methord - Calculated

4.26

0.00 - 4.90

LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO

2.73

0.00 - 3.50

Methord: - Calculated TOTAL LIPID Methord: - CALCULATED

Methord - Calculated

613.90

mg/dl

400.00 - 1000.00

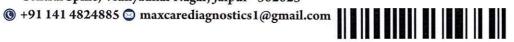
1 Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serialsamples I week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL& LDL Cholesterol

2 As per NCEP guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is

Technologist MGR Page No: 7 of 16



O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Sex :-Male

Age :-

Patient ID :-12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

BIOCHEMISTRY

3 Low HDL levels are associated with Coronary Heart Disease due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated fromperipheral tissues



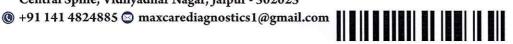
Technologist MGR Page No: 8 of 16



P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Sex :-

Age :-

Patient ID: -12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-Company :-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

BIOCHEMISTRY

LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Methord:- DMSO/Diazo	0.95	mg/dL	Infants : 0.2-8.0 mg/dL Adult - Up to - 1.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Methord:- DMSO/Diazo	0.26	mg/dL	Up to 0.40 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Methord:- Calculated	0.69	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Methord:- IFCC	22.6	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT Methord:- IFCC	29.6	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Methord - DGKC - SCE	96.30	U/L	80.00 - 306.00

InstrumentName: MISPA PLUS Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease

SERUM GAMMA GT

Methord:- Szasz methodology Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola

25.60

U/L

10.00 - 45.00

Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and

metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)are observed with infectious hepatitis.

SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Methord:- Direct Biuret Reagent	6.98	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
SERUM ALBUMIN Methord:- Bromocresol Green	4.25	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
SERUM GLOBULIN Methord:- CALCULATION	2.73	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.56		1.30 - 2.50

Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

Note: These are group of tests that can be used to detect the presence of liver disease, distinguish among different types of liver disorders, gauge the extent of known liver damage, and monitor the response to treatment. Most liver diseases cause only mild symptoms initially, but these diseases must be detected early. Some tests are associated with functionality (e.g., albumin), some with cellular integrity (e.g., transaminase), and some with conditions linked to the biliary tract (gamma-glutamyl transferase and alkaline phosphatase). Conditions with elevated levels of ALT and AST include hepatitis A,B ,C ,paracetamol toxicity etc. Several biochemical tests are useful in the evaluation and management of patients with hepatic dysfunction. Some or all of these measurements are also carried out (usually about twice a year for routine cases) on those individuals taking certain medications, such as

Technologist MGR Page No: 9 of 16



B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023

(® +91 141 4824885 (\$\sigma\$ maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

Age :-46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Sex :-

Patient ID: -12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp:-

Company :-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

BIOCHEMISTRY

RFT / KFT WITH ELECTROLYTES

SERUM UREA Methord:- Urease/GLDH 26.30

mg/dl

10.00 - 50.00

InstrumentName: HORIBA CA 60 Interpretation: Urea measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain renal and metabolic

diseases

SERUM CREATININE Methord:- Jaffe's Method

0.72

mg/dl

Males: 0.6-1.50 mg/dl

Females: 0.6 -1.40 mg/dl

Interpretation:

Creatinine is measured primarily to assess kidney function and has certain advantages over the measurement of urea. The plasma level of creatinine is relatively independent of protein ingestion, water intake, rate of urine production and exercise. Depressed levels of plasma creatinine are rare and not

clinically significant. SERUM URIC ACID

mg/dl

2.40 - 7.00

InstrumentName HORIBA YUMIZEN CA60 Daytona plus Interpretation: Elevated Urate: High purine diet, Alcohol Renal insufficiency, Drugs, Polycythaemia vera, Malignancies, Hypothyroidism, Rare enzyme defects, Downs syndrome, Metabolie syndrome, Pregnancy, Gout.

SODIUM Methord - ISF	138.5	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM Methord:- ISE	4.01	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE Methord:- ISE	99.7	mmol/L	94.0 - 110.0
SERUM CALCIUM Methord:- Arsenazo III Method	8.96	mg/dL	8.80 - 10.20

InstrumentName: MISPA PLUS Interpretation: Serum calcium levels are believed to be controlled by parathyroid hormone and vitamin D. Increases in serum PTH or vitamin D are usually associated with hypercalcemia. Hypocalcemia may be observed in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis and pancreatitis.

SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Methord:- Direct Biuret Reagent	6.98	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
SERUM ALBUMIN Methord:- Bromocresol Green	4.25	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
SERUM GLOBULIN Methord - CALCULATION	2.73	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.56		1.30 - 2.50

Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of dis

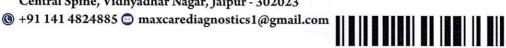
" 'iver, kidney and

Technologist CR Page No: 10 of 16

MD (Pathology) RMC No. 17226



O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

Age :-46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Sex :-

Patient ID: -12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

BIOCHEMISTRY

bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders

INTERPRETATION

Kidney function tests are group of tests that can be used to evaluate how well the kidneys are functioning. Creatinine is a waste product that comes from protein in the diet and also comes from the normal wear and tear of muscles of the body. In blood, it is a marker of GFR in urine, it can remove the need for 24-hourcollections for many analytes or be used as a quality assurance tool to assess the accuracy of a 24-hour collection Higher levels may be a sign that the kidneys are not working properly. As kidney disease progresses, the level of creatinine and urea in the bloodingreases. Certain drugs are nephrotoxic hence KFT is done before and after initiation of treatment with these drugs

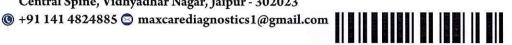
Low serum creatinine values are rare, they almost always reflect low muscle mass

Apart from renal failure Blood Urea can increase in dehydration and GI bleed



Technologist MGR Page No: 11 of 16

O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

Age :-46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Sex :-Male Patient ID :-12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil



Technologist MGR Page No: 13 of 16



P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023

⊕ +91 141 4824885
⊕ maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

Age:- 46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Sex :- Male

Patient ID: -12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
PSA (PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN) -TOTAL Methord:- Methodology: CLIA	1.205	ng/mL	0.00-4.00

CLINICAL NOTES:- Prostate-specific antigen (PSA)is a 34-kD glycoprotein produced almost exclusively by the prostate gland.

PSA is normally present in the blood at very low levels. Increased levels of PSA may suggest the presence of prostate cancer.

1.Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massage, indwelling catheterization, ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recommended as they falsely elevate levels

2. PSA values regardless of levels should not be interpreted as absolute evidence of the presence or absence of disease. All values should be correlated with clinical findings and other investigations

3. Physiological decrease in PSA level by 18% has been observed in sedentary patients either due to supine position or suspended sexual activity

Clinical Use

- An aid in the early detection of Prostate cancer when used in conjunction with Digital rectal examination in males more than 50 years of age and in those with two or more affected first degree relatives.
- Follow up and management of Prostate cancer patients
- Detect metastatic or persistent disease in patients following surgical or medical treatment of Prostate cancer

NOTE

PSA levels can be also increased by prostatitis, irritation, benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH), and recent ejaculation, producing a false positive result. Digital rectal examination (DRE) has been shown in several studies to produce an increase in PSA. However, the effect is clinically insignificant, since DRE causes the most substantial increases in patients with PSA levels already elevated over 4.0 ng/mL.

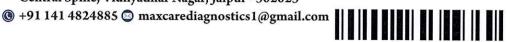
Obesity has been reported to reduce serum PSA levels. Delayed early detection may partially explain worse outcomes in obese men with early prostate cancer. Aftertreatment, higher BMI also correlates to higher risk of recurrence.

Technologist MGR Page No: 15 of 16 DR.TANU RUNGTA

MD (Pathology) RMC No. 17226



O B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023





09:01:20

NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Sex :-

Age :-

Patient ID:-12234950

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-Company :-

Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

IMMUNOASSAY

TOTAL	THYROD	DDOEHE

THYROID-TRIIODOTHYRONINE T3 Methord: - ECLIA

0.94

ng/mL

0.70 - 2.04

Date :- 23/03/2024

THYROID - THYROXINE (T4)

5.40

ug/dl

5.10 - 14.10

Methord:- ECLIA

Methord:- ECLIA

1.382

μIU/mL

0.350 - 5.500

4th Generation Assay, Reference ranges vary between laboratories

PREGNANCY - REFERENCE RANGE for TSH IN ulU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)

1st Trimester: 0.10-2.50 uIU/mL 2nd Trimester: 0.20-3.00 uIU/mL 3rd Trimester: 0.30-3.00 uIU/mL

The production, circulation, and disintegration of thyroid hormones are altered throughout the stages of pregnancy.

NOTE-TSH levels are subject to circardian variation reaching peak levels between 2-4 AM and min between 6-10 PM. The variation is the order of 50% hence time of the day has influence on the measures serum TSH concentration. Dose and time of drug intake also influence the test result.

INTERPRETATION

- 1.Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by †serum T3 & T4 values along with ‡ TSH level.
- 2.Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by | serum T3 and T4 values & †serum TSH levels
- 3.Normal T4 levels accompanied by ↑ T3 levels and low TSH are seen in patients with T3 Thyrotoxicosis
- 4.Normal or ↓ T3 & ↑T4 levels indicate T4 Thyrotoxicosis (problem is conversion of T4 to T3)
- 5. Normal T3 & T4 along with | TSH indicate mild / Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
- . COMMENTS: Assay results should be interpreted in context to the clinical condition and associated results of other investigations. Previous treatment with corticosteroid therapy may result in lower TSH levels while thyroid hormone levels are normal. Results are invalidated if the client has undergone a radionuclide scan within 7-14 days before the test.

Disclaimer-TSH is an important marker for the diagnosis of thyroid dysfunction. Recent studies have shown that the TSH distribution progressively shifts to a higher concentration with age ,and it is debatable whether this is due to a real change with age or an increasing proportion of unrecognized thyroid disease in the elderly

. Reference ranges are from Teitz fundamental of clinical chemistry 8th ed (2018

Test performed by Instrument: Beckman coulter Dxi 800

Note The result obtained relate only to the sample given/ received & tested. A single test result is not always indicative of a disease, it has to be correlated with clinical data for interpretation.

*** End of Report ***

Technologist e No: 16 of 16

DR.TANU RUNGTA MD (Pathology)

RMC No. 17226



P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023

(® +91 141 4824885 (♥) maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com





NAME :- Mr. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA

Age:- 46 Yrs 8 Mon 24 Days

Sex :- Male

Patient ID :-12234950

Date :- 23/03/2024

09:01:20

Ref. By Doctor:-UNION BANK

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication: 24/03/2024 14:14:22

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION	DALEVELLO	W.	DALEVELLOW
COLOUR	PALE YELLO	W	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION(PH)	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.015		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE	A A	NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT	97	ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		

Technologist MGR Page No: 12 of 16



 B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023

⊕ +91 141 4824885 ⊕ maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



MR. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA	46 Y/M				
Registration Date: 23/03/2024	Ref. by: UNION BANK	ı			

CHEST-X RAY (PA VIEW)

Bilateral lung fields appear clear.

Bilateral costo-phrenic angles appear clear.

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Thoracic soft tissue and skeletal system appear unremarkable.

Soft tissue shadows appear normal.

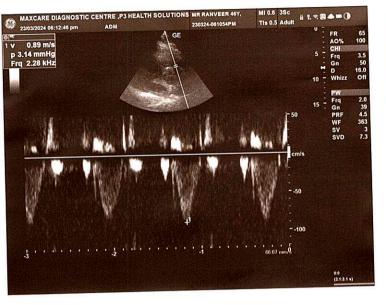
IMPRESSION: No significant abnormality is detected.

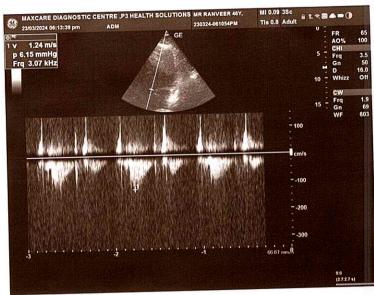
Shallni

DR.SHALINI GOEL

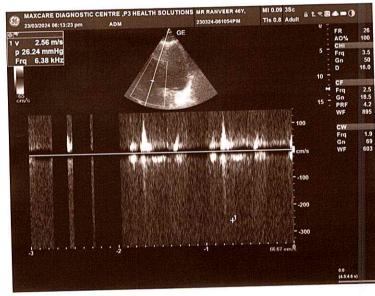
M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)

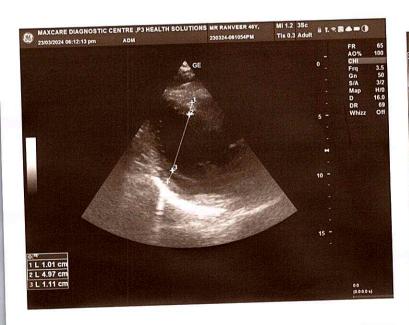
RMC no.: 21954

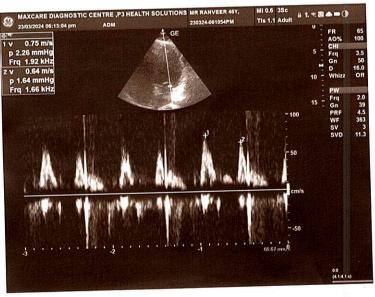














MAXCARE DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE DO

P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLF

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023

⊕ +91 141 4824885 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



MR. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA	46Y/M			
Registration Date: 23/03/2024	Ref. by: UNION BANK			

<u>2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:</u> FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALV	NORMAL NORMAL				TRIC		NORMAL			
AORTIC VALV	/E	NO	RMAL		PULN	PULMONARY VALVE			NORMAL	
				M.MO	DE EXAMITATION	ON:				
AO	3.3	Cm	LA		3.1	cm	IVS-D	1.0	cm	
IVS-S	1.3	cm	LVI	D	4.9	cm	LVSD	3.9	cm	
LVPW-D	1.1	cm	LVF	PW-S	1.3	cm	RV		cm	
RVWT		cm	EDV			MI	LVVS		ml	
LVEF	55-60%				RWMA		ABSENT			
				9	CHAMBERS:					
LA	NORM	NORMAL		RA			NORMAL			
LV	NORM	NORMAL		RV	RV			NORMAL		
PERICARDIU	M			NORMA	\L	- 137°				
			A	COL	OUR DOPPLER					
		MITRA	LVALVE			A.				
E VELOCITY 0.75).75	m/sec PE		PEAK GRADIENT			Mm/hg	3	
A VELOCITY 0.64 m/se		C MEAN GRADIENT				Mm/hg	3			
MVA BY PHT Cm2		MV	MVA BY PLANIMETRY			Cm2				
MITRAL REGI	URGITATION		1			ABSENT	+			
		AORTIC	VALVE	guero (124	Side of the last		2			
PEAK VELOCITY 1.24		TEL I	m/sec	PEAK GRA	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/ł	ng		
AR VMAX		188 18.		m/sec MEAN GRADIENT			mm/hg			

MVA BY PHT	1880	Cm2	MVA	BY PLANIM	ETRY SEE S	Cr	n2	
MITRAL REGURGITATION	v Ø	5			ABSENT			
	AORTIC V	ALVE		Marina 1				
PEAK VELOCITY	1.24	m/	sec	PEAK GF	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg	
AR VMAX		m/	sec	MEAN G	MEAN GRADIENT		nm/hg	
AORTIC REGURGITATION	1			ABSENT				
	TRICUSPID	VALVE	SAME					
PEAK VELOCITY	1		m/sec	PEAK G	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg	
MEAN VELOCITY		The T	m/sec	MEAN	MEAN GRADIENT		mm/hg	
VMax VELOCITY		48	1	8 w	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE			
			The same of the sa	W-PENNSON	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE			
TRICUSPID REGURGITATION			MILD					
	PULMON	ARY VAL	.VE					
PEAK VELOCITY		0.89		M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg	

PULMONARY VALVE

PEAK VELOCITY 0.89 M/sec. PEAK GRADIENT Mm/hg

MEAN VALOCITY MEAN GRADIENT Mm/hg

PULMONARY REGURGITATION ABSENT

Impression—

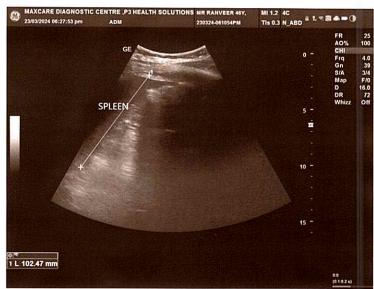
- NORMAL LV SIZE & CONTRACTILITY.
- NO RWMA, LVEF 55-60%.
- MILD TR/ PAH (RVSP 26 MMHG+ RAP).
- NORMAL DIASTOLIC FUNCTION.
- NO CLOT, NO VEGETATION, NO PERICARDIAL EFFUSION.

Dr. WOTI AGARWAL Dr. WOTI AGARWAL M.B. W. Cardiologist V. 17255



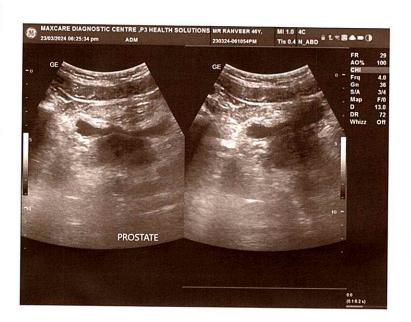
















P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

- B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023
- ⊕ +91 141 4824885 ⊕ maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



MR. RANVEER SINGH MANGAWA	46 Y/M				
Registration Date: 23/03/2024	Ref. by: UNION BANK				

ULTRASOUND OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size (13.3 cm) with increased echotexture. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intrahepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is partially distended. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape (10.2 cm). Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. Collecting system does not show any calculus or dilatation.

Right kidney is measuring approx. 11.6 x 5.1 cm.

Left kidney is measuring approx. 12.1 x 4.9 cm.

Urinary bladder is minimally distended and does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is normal in size with normal echotexture and outline.

No enlarged nodes are visualized. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified. No significant free fluid is seen in pelvis.

IMPRESSION:

- Grade I fatty liver.
- Rest no significant abnormality is detected.

Shallni

DR.SHALINI GOEL
M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)

RMC no.: 21954

\ef.: UNION BANK Test Date: 23-Mar-2024(18:37:16) 128541925461275/Ranveer Singh Mangawa #P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP B-14, Vidhyadhar nahar , Jaipur iems (r) Lta P-QRS-T axis: 40 • 56 • 26 • (Deg) Comments: Vent Rate: 56 bpm; PR Interval: 108 ms; QRS Duration: 114 ms; QT/QTc Int: 411/399 ms FINDINGS: Abnormal ECG with Indication of Sinus Bradycardia avR 46Yrs-11Months/Male Notch: 50Hz 0.05Hz - 35Hz avE avL ****2 \leq Kgs/ Cms 10mm/mV 25mm/Sec BP: mmHg HR: 56 ррм Boadealance 5 **√**5 **Y**4 8 PR Interval: 108 ms
QRS Duration: 114 ms
M QT/QTc: 411/399ms
P-QRS-T Axis: 40 - 56 - 26 (Deg) Sings bood reading DIP CARDIO (ESCORTS D.E.M. (RCGP-UK) RMC No., 35708 ial Ka

