Credit RO Kota [Union Bank of India]

From:

yogesh sharma real estate guru <yogeshsharmaubi@gmail.com>

Sent:

20 March 2024 18:31

To:

Credit RO Kota [Union Bank of India]

Subject:

Health Check up Booking Confirmed Request(UBOIE4554), Package Code-PKG10000440,

Beneficiary Code-311639

कृप<mark>या सावधानी बरतें एवं ध्यान दें:</mark> यह ई- मेल बाहर से प्राप्त हुई है. कृपया प्रेषक के ई-मेल पते को पूर्ण रूप से जाँचे (केवल प्रेषक का नाम ही नही). प्रेषक की पहचान किए बिना लिंक पर क्लिक न करें एवं संलग्न को न खोले और पहचाने की दी गई सामग्री सुरक्षित है अथवा नहीं. संदिग्ध मेल के संबंध में, कृपया antiphishing[Dot]ciso[At the rate]unionbankofindia[Dot]bank पर रिपोर्ट करें

<u>CAUTION AND ATTENTION PLEASE:</u> This is an external email. Please check the sender's full email address (not just the sender name) .Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe. In case of any suspicious email, please report it to antiphishing[Dot]ciso[At the rate]unionbankofindia[Dot]bank

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Mediwheel <wellness@mediwheel.in>

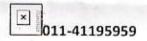
Date: Wed, 20 Mar, 2024, 4:21 pm

Subject: Health Check up Booking Confirmed Request(UBOIE4554), Package Code-PKG10000440, Beneficiary Code-

311639

To: <<u>vogeshsharmaubi@gmail.com</u>> Cc: <<u>customercare@mediwheel.in</u>>





Dear SHARMA YOGESH KUMAR,

We are pleased to confirm your health checkup booking request with the following details.

Hospital Package

Name

: Mediwheel Full Body Plus Annual Check Advanced With Vitamin Male

Patient Package Name: Executive Health Checkup Male

Name of

Diagnostic/Hospital

: MSM Hospital

Address of

Diagnostic/Hospital-

: Talwandi Rd, Rama Krishna Puram, Kota, Rajasthan 324010

City

: Kota

State

.

Pincode

: 324010

Tests included in this Package

- Bmi Check
- · Ent Consultation
- · Dietician Consultation
- Thyroid Profile
- · EST
- Blood Glucose (Fasting)
- · General Physician Consultation
- TMT OR 2D ECHO
- · Stood Group
- Blood Glucose (Post Prandial)
- Chest X-ray
- · ECG
- VSG Whole Abdomen
- Eye Check-up consultation
- Vitamin B12
- Vitamin D
- Urine Sugar Fasting
- Urine Sugar PP
- · Dental Consultation
- Urine analysis
- ✓ CBC
- / HbAlc
- ▶ Lipid Profile
- Kidney Profile
- Liver profile
- Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA Male)
- Phosphatase

Thanks,

Mediwheel Team

Please Download Mediwheel App



×

You have received this mail because your e-mail D is registered with Arcofemi Healthcare Limited This is a system-generated e-mail please don't reply to this message.

Please visit to our Terms & Conditions for more information. Click here to unsubscribe.

New Window | Personalize Pag

Health checkup at tie-up Ctr

HealthChkup Authorisatn letter

efforcial da (D) Union Bank

Union Bank of India

To.

RO - KOTA UBI VIJAYNAGAR BRANCH 1ST FLOOR, PRINCE PLAZA, NEAR ALKARIM RESTAURANT, KOTA- 0

The Chief Medical Officer

M/S Mediwheel https://mediwheel.in/signup011-41195959(A brand name of Arcofemi Healthcare Ltd), Mumbai400021

Tie-up arrangement for Health Checkup under Health Checkup

Executive Male 35+

Shri/Smt./Kum.

SHARMA, YOGESH KUMAR

P.F. No. 481343

Designation:

CHIEF MANAGER

Checkup for Financial Year

4000.00

Approved Charges Rs. 2023-

2024
The above mentioned staff member of our Branch/Office desires to undergo Health Checkup(for Executives) at your Hospital/Centre/Clinic, under the tie-up arrangement entered into with you, by our bank

Please send the receipt of the above payment and the relevant reports to our above address.

Thanking you,

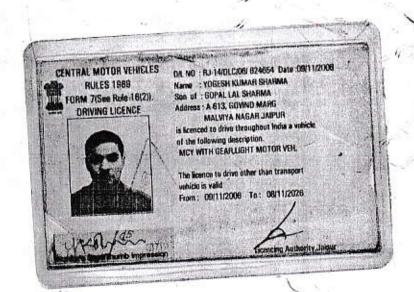
sture of the Employee)

Yours Faithfully

PS. : Status of the application- Sanctioned

Health checkup at lie-up Ctr | HealthChkup Authorisatn letter







R 20, Sector A, R. K. Puram, Kota - 324 010 Mob.: 7375945769

Name:

Yogesh Sharma

44Year

Age: 2024-03-21 09:42:00 AM ID:

000000000000

Male

2024-03-21 04:47:09 PM

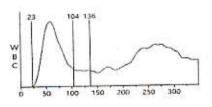
Test Time: 2024-0	3-21 07.42	.UU AIVI	TIME I	IIIICI	
Item	Result	Unit	Range	Hit	
WBC (WBC)	4.6	10^3/uL	4.0~11.0		
LYM% (LYM%)	31.0	%	20.0~40.0		
MID% (MID%)	5.6	%	3.0~10.0		
GRAN% (GRAN%)	63.4	%	50.0~70.0		
LYM# (LYM#)	1.40	10^3/uL	0.80~4.00		
MID# (MID#)	0.20	10^3/uL	0.12~1.20		
GRAN# (GRAN#)	3.00	10^3/uL	2.00~7.00		
RBC (RBC)	4.70	10^6/uL	3.50~5.80		
HGB (HGB)	12.4	g/dL	13.0~18.0	L	
HCT (HCT)	44.0	%	36.0~51.0		
MCV (MCV)	93.8	fL.	82.0~100.0		
MCH (MCH)	26.3	pg	27.0~34.0	L.	
MCHC (MCHC)	28.1	g/dL	32.0~36.0	L	
RDW_SD (RDW_SD)	47.0	fL	37.0~54.0		
RDW_CV (RDW_CV)	12.9	%	11.5~14.5		
PLT (PLT)	172	10^3/uL	150~450		
MPV (MPV)	9.5	fL	7.4~10.4		
PDW (PDW)	14.2	ſL	10.0~17.0		
PCT (PCT)	0.16	%	0.10-0.28		
P LCR (P_LCR)	29.30	%	13.00~43.00		
Selection for					

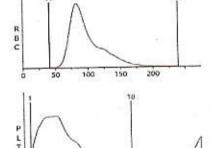
10^3/uL

50

P LCC (P_LCC)

13~129





Sender:



MSM HOSPITAL

20, Sector A, R. K. Puram, Kota - 324 010 Mob.: 7375945769

Name Mr. YOGESH KUMAR SHARMA

Visit Date & Time

21/03/2024 15:58:34

PATIENT ID 322361501

44 Yrs Age

Sex

Male

Sample Accepted at: 21/03/2024 15:59:07

Ref. Lab

Phaiya Diagonstic Center

Test Authenticated at : 21/03/2024 16:41:20

Ref. By



BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value Sta	itus Unit	Biological Ref Interval	
HBA1C HAEMOGLOBIN GLYCOSYLATED BLOOD Method: H.P.L.C. with EDTA Blood	5.70	%	SEE BELOW	

HBA1c (%) Interpretation

Below 6.0% - Normal Value 6.0% - 7.0% - Good Control 7.0% - 8.0% - Fair Control 8.0% - 10% - Unsatisfactory Control above 10% - Poor Control

Method- Fully Automated H.P.L.C. Method using Bidirectional, NGSP Certified.

Clinical Information:

In vitro quantitative determination of HbAlc in whole blood is utilized in long term monitoring of glycemia. The HbAlc level correlates with the mean glucose concentration prevailing in the course of the patient's recent history (approx - 6-8 weeks) and therefore provides much more reliable information for glycemia monitoring than do determinations of blood glucose or urinary glucose. It is recommended that the determination of HbA1c be performed at intervals of 4-6 weeks during Diabetes Mellitus therapy. Results of HbAlc should be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical story, clinical examinations and other findings.

AVERAGE BLOOD GLUCOSE

117

90 - 120 Very Good Control 121 - 150 Adequate Control 151 - 180 Sub-optimal Control 181 - 210 Poor Control Very Poor Control > 211



Dr. G P Shukla

M.D. Pathology R.M.C. No: 15151

Technologist

Abbreviations Meaning: H - High, L-Low, HH -Critically High, LL- Critically Low, @ -Repeat Test(s) performed on collected sample(s) received, please correlate with clinical finding & other related investigation. Subject to jaipur jurisdict





20, Sector A, R. K. Puram, Kota - 324 010 Mob.: 7375945769

Name Mr. YOGESH KUMAR SHARMA

Visit Date & Time 21/03/2024 15:58:34

PATIENT ID 322361501

44 Yrs Age

Male

Sex

Sample Accepted at: 21/03/2024 15:59:07

Ref. Lab Phaiya Diagonstic Center

Test Authenticated at : 21/03/2024 16:41:20

Ref. By



HORMONES& MARKERS

Test Name	Value Sta	tus Unit	Biological Ref Inte	erva
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE				
THYROID-TRIIODOTIIYRONINE (T3) Method : Chemiluminescence	1.02	ng/ml	0.6 - 1.78	
THYROID - THYROXINE (T4) Method : Chemiluminescence	8.55	ug/dl	5.5 - 12.23	
THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TS Uttra Sensitive Method : Chemiluminescence with serum	H) 2.60	uIU/ml	0.35 - 5.6	
NOTE: In pregnancy total T3,T4 increase to 1.5 time Reference Range (T3)	es the normal range.		,	
Premature Infants 26-30 Weeks ,3-4 days	0.24 - 1.32 ng/ml			
Full-Term Infants 1-3 days	0.89 - 4.05 ng/ml			
1 Week	0.91 - 3.00 ng/ml 0.85 - 2.50 ng/ml			
1- 11 Months				

Premature Infants 26-30 weeks ,3-4 days 2.60 - 14.0 ug/dl Full -Term Infants 1-3 days 8.20 - 19.9 ug/dl 6.0 - 15.9 ug/dl 1 weeks 6.1 - 14.9 ug/dl 1-11 Months Prepubertal children 12 months-2yrs 6.8 - 13.5 ug/dl

5.5 - 12.8 ug/dl prepubertal children 3-9 yrs

Reference Ranges (TSH)

Premature Infants 26-32 weeks ,3-4 Days 0.8 - 6.9 uIU/ml Full Term Infants 4 Days 1.36 - 16 uIU/ml

Newborns : TSH surges within the first 15-60 Minutes of life reaching peak levels between 25- 60 uIU/ml at about 30 minutes. Values then deline repidly and after one week are within the adult normal range.

1 - 11 Months

0.90 - 7.70 uIU/ml 0.60 - 5.50 uIU/ml

Prepubertal children

Primary malfunction of the thyroid gland may result in excessive (hyper) or low(hypo) release of T3 or T4.In additional, as T5H directly affect

thyroid function, malfunction of the pituitary or the hypothalamus influences the thyroid gland activity. Disease in any portion of the thyroidpituitary-hypothalamus system may influence the level of T3 and T4 in the blood, in Primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyrodism, TSH levels may be low. IN addition, In Euthyroid sick Syndrom, multiple alterations in serum thyroid function test findings have been recognized.



Dr. G P Shukla

M.D. Pathology R.M.C. No : 15151

Technologist

Abbreviations Meaning: H - High, L-Low, HH -Critically High, LL- Critically Low, @ -Repeat Test(s) performed on collected sample(s) received, please correlate with clinical finding & other related investigation. Subject to jaipur jurisdic



MSM HOSPITAL

20, Sector A. R. K. Puram, Kota - 324 010 Mob.: 7375945769

Name Mr. YOGESH KUMAR SHARMA

Visit Date & Time

21/03/2024 15:58:34

PATIENT ID 322361501

44 Yrs Age

Sex

Male

Sample Accepted at: 21/03/2024 15:59:07

Ref. Lab

Phaiya Diagonstic Center

Test Authenticated at : 21/03/2024 16:41:20

Ref. By



CANCER MARKER

Test Name	Value Status Unit			Biological Ref Interval	

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA) TOTAL Method: Tech.: ECLIA/Cobas e411

2.73 ng/ml

Distribution of PSA assay Values:

. Non-Malignant Conditions which can give values higher than 4 ng/ml. BPH, Prostatitis, Genitourinary diseases, Renal disease & Cirrhosis.

Malignant Disease of Prostate Cancer can also give PSA values less than 4.0 ng/ml Stage A & Stage B cancer, Few case of even Stage C & D.

COMMENTS:

Total PSA immunoassay, a quantitative in vitro diagnostic test for total (free + complexed) prostate-specific antigen (tPSA) in human serum abd plasma, is indicated for the measurement of total PSA in conjuction with digital rectal examination (DRE) as an aid in the detection of prostate cancer in men aged 50 years or older. Prostate biopsy is required for diagnosis of prostate cancer.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Elevated concentrations of PSA in serum are generally indicative of a patho-logic condition of the prostate (prostatis, benign hyperplasia or carcinoma). As PSA is also present in para-urethral and anal glands, as well as in breast tissue or with breast cancer, low levels of PSA can also be detected in sera from women. The main areas in which PSA determinations are employed are the monitoring of progress and efficiency of therapy in patients with prostate carcinoma or receiving hormonal therapy. The steepness of the rate of fall in PSA down to no-longer detectable levels following radiotherapy, normonal therapy or radical surgical removal of the prostate provides information on the success of therapy. An inflammation or trauma of the prostate (e.g. in cases of urinary retention or following rectal examination, cyctoscopy, coloscopy, transurethral biopsy, laser treatment or ergometry) can lead to PSA elevations of varying duration and magnitude.

*** End of Report ***



Dr. G P Shukla

M.D. Pathology R.M.C. No : 15151

Technologist

Abbreviations Meaning: H - High, L-Low, HH -Critically High, LL- Critically Low, @ -Repeat Test(s) performed on collected sample(s) received, please correlate with clinical finding & other related investigation. Subject to jaipur jurisdict



20, Sector A, R. K. Puram, Kota - 324 010 Mob.: 7375945769

Lab No.

: 210324-002

Date

:21-Mar-2024

Patient's Name : MR. YOGESH KUMAR SHARMA

Age/Sex: 44 Y/M

Referred By

: C/O MSM HOSPITAL KOTA

Consultant Dr. : SELF

LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORTS

Test

Patient's Value

Reference Value

URINE

URINE SUGAR Fasting

Absent

Absent

HAEMATOLOGY

E.S.R

(WINTROBES METHOD)

18 mm 1st hour

0 - 9 mm 1st hour

Blood Group

Rh (D) Factor

"O"

Positive

BIOCHEMISTRY

URIC ACID

3.4 mg\dl

3.5 - 7.2 mg\dl

Uric acid:- Uric acid is a metabolite found in purines, nucleic acid and nucleoprotiens. Uric acid is excreted to a large degree by the kidneys and to a smaller degree in the intestinal tract by microbial degradation. Serum uric acid concentration varies from individual to indevisual depending on several factors viz., sex ,diet, ethenic origin, genetic constitution and pregnancy. Increased levels are found in gout, arthritis, impaired renal renal function and

Decreased level are found in Wilsons disease, Fanconis syndrome and yellow atrophy of the liver.

J, Sector A, R. K. Puram, Kota - 324 010 Mob.: 7375945769

Lab No.

:210324-002

Date

:21-Mar-2024

Patient's Name :MR. YOGESH KUMAR SHARMA

Age/Sex :44 Y/M

Referred By :C/O MSM HOSPITAL KOTA

Consultant Dr. : SELF

LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORT

LIVER FUNCTION TEST			
Test	Patient's Value	Refrence Value	
TOTAL SERUM BILIRUBIN	0.7 mg\dl	0 - 1.8 mg\dl	
DIRECT SERUM BILIRUBIN	0.2 mg\dl	< 0.3 mg\dl	
INDIRECT S. BILIRUBIN	0.50 mg\dl	< 0.8 mg\dl	
S.G.O.T	37.2 IU\L	UP to 45 IU/L	
S.G.P.T ENZYMATIC	42.6 IU\L	UP to 40 IU/L	
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	102.1 IU\L	42 - 141 IU\L	
TOTAL PROTEIN	5.8 g/dl	6.0 to 8.5 g/dl	
ALBUMIN	3.8 g/dl	3.4 to 5.6 g/dl	
GLOBULIN	2.0 g/dl	1.9 to 3.5 g/dl	
A:G RATIO	1.90	1.2 TO 2.3	

Alkaline Phosphatase:- Serum ALP measurement of particular interest in the Hepatobiliary disease and in bone diseases. The main site of synthesis of this enzyme is hepatocytes adjacentto biliary canaliculi and active osteoblast. However, it is known that response of the liver to any form of Billiary tree obstruction is to synthesise more ALP. Increased activity:- Serum ALP is increased in disease of bone including Metastasis, Rickets, Pagets disease and in healing fractures, Intrahepatic or extrahepatic obstructions in liver Elevated levels are seen in growing children due to new bone formation (Osteoblastic activity). Increased in ALP activity may often be the first indication of Hepatotoxic action of therapeutic drugs. Marked elevation in the absence of Jaundice but in the presence of primary source may be indicative of matastasis,

Decreased activity:- Low levels of ALP are found in a rare Congenital defect, Hypophosphatasemia and in pernicious Anaemia.

Protein:- Total protein is useful for monitoring gross changes in protein levels caused by various disease states. It is usually performed in conjugation with other tests such as serum albumin, liver funtion test or protein electrophoresis. An albumin/globulin ratio is often calculated to obtain additional information. INCREASES:- in dehydration, multiple myeloma and chronic liver diseases.

DECREASES:- in renal deseases and terminal liver failure.



MSM HOSPITAL

(20, Sector A, R. K. Puram, Kota - 324 010 Mob.: 7375945769

Lab No.

:210324-002

:21-Mar-2024

Patient's Name :MR. YOGESH KUMAR SHARMA

Age/Sex :44 Y/M

Date

Referred By : C/O MSM HOSPITAL KOTA

Consultant Dr. : SELF

LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORT

	RFT MINI	
Test	Patient's Value	Refrence Value
UREA	39.2 mg\dl	15-45 mg\dl
CREATININE	1.2 mg\d1	0.5-1.4 mg\dl



30, Sector A, R. K. Puram, Kota - 324 010 Mob.: 7375945769

Lab No.

:210324-002

Date

:21-Mar-2024

Patient's Name: MR. YOGESH KUMAR SHARMA

Age/Sex:44 Y/M

Referred By

:C/O MSM HOSPITAL KOTA

Consultant Dr. : SELF

LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORT

LIPID PROFILE			
Test	Patient's Value	Refrence Value	
LIPID PROFILE	×		
S. CHOLESTROL CHOD-PAP	142.2 mg\dl	130- 250 mg\dl	
S. HDL CHOLESTROL	44.0 mg\dl	30-65 mg\d1	
S. TRIGLYCERIDE	98.6 mg\dl	40-180 mg\dl	
S. LDL CHOLESTROL	78.48 mg/dl	Upto 180 mg/dl	
S. VLDL CHOLESTROL	19.72 mg/dl	15 - 45 mg%	
CHOL / HDL RATIO	3.23 Ratio	Desirable level:<4.3 Borderline level: 4.4 - 11 High level > 11	
LDL / HDL RATIO	1.78 Ratio	Desirable level:<3.0 Borderline level: 3.0-6.0 High level >6.0	

CHOLESTEROL is a fat soluble steroid found in the animal fats and oils. It is distributed in the Blood, Brain, Liver, Kidney and the nerve fibers mylin sheaths. It is an essential component of the cell membrane development and production of Bile Acid, Adrenal Steroids and Sex hormones. Cholesterol Test detects disorders of blood lipids and indicate potential risk for atherosclerotic coronary artery disease.

HDL CHOLESTEROL is a class of lipoproteins produced by liver and intestines. HDL comprised of phospholipids and one or two apolipoproteins. It plays a role in the metabolism of the other lipoproteins and in cholesterol transport from peripheral tissues to the liver. Decreased HDL level are atherogenic. Elevated HDL level protect against arteriosclerosis by removing cholesterol from vessel walls and transporting it to the liver where it is removed from the body.HDL Cholesterol test assesses Coronary Artery Disease Risk and monitor persons with low HDL levels.

LDL & VLDL, The LDL Cholesterol are the cholesterol rich remanants of the VLDL lipid transport vehicle, LDL mainly catabolized in the liver and also in nonhepatic cells. The VLDL are major carriers of triglycerides. This test done to determine Coronary Heart Disease Risk. The LDLs are closely associated with increased incidence of atherosclerosis and CHD.

TRIGLYCERIDES account for more than 90% of dietary intake and comprise 95 % of fat stored in tissue. It is insoluble in water are the main plasma glycerol ester. This test evaluates suspected atherosclerosis and measures the body's ability to metabolize fat. Elevated triglycerides together with elevated cholesterol are atherosclerotic disease risk factors.





20, Sector A. R. K. Puram, Kota - 324 010 Mob.: 7375945769

Lab No.

:210324-002

Date

:21-Mar-2024

Patient's Name: MR. YOGESH KUMAR SHARMA

Age/Sex :44 Y/M

Referred By

:C/O MSM HOSPITAL KOTA

Consultant Dr. : SELF

LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORT

FASTING/POST PRANDIAL BLOOD GLUCOSE

Test	Patient's Value	Refrence Value	
Fasting Blood Glucose	78.3 mg/dl	60-110 mg/dl	
Post Prandial Blood Glucose	82.5 mg/dl	70-140mg/dl	

Blood Sugar:- Glucose estimation provides valuable information about the course, severity and therapeutic control of diabtis mallitus. Fasting glucose levels exceeding 110 mg/dl and 2 hrs Post prandial glucose levels exceeding 160mg/dl indicate a strong possibility of Diabetis mallitus. if in an oral glucose tolerance test, the plasma glucose level of 2 hrs. sample exceeds 160 mg/dl, the diagnosis of Diabetis mallitus is established. in impaired tolerance the 2 hrs. plasma glucose lies between 160mg/dl

increased concentration:- Hyperglycemia may occur in Diabetis mallitus, in patients receiving intravenous fluids containing glucose and during severe stress and cerebrovascular accident.

Decreased Concentration:- Hypoglycemia may be the result of an insulinoma, insulin administration, inborn errors of corbohydrate matabolism of fasting.



₹ 20, Sector A, R. K. Puram, Kota - 324 010 Mob.: 7375945769



Lab No.

:210324-002

Date

:21-Mar-2024

Patient's Name :MR. YOGESH KUMAR SHARMA

Age/Sex :44 Y/M

Referred By

:C/O MSM HOSPITAL KOTA

Consultant Dr. : SELF

LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORT

Test	Patient's Value	Refrence Value
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION		
Quantity	15 ml	
Colour	Pale Yellow	Pale Yellow
Appearance	Clear	Clear
Deposits	Absent	Absent
Specific Gravity	Q.N.S.	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION	Ī	
Reaction	Acidic	Acidic
Sugar	Nil	Nil.
Albumin	Nil	Nil.
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINAT	ION	
Epithelial Cells	0-1/hpf	
Pus Cells	1-2/hpf	3-5/hpf
Red Blood Cells	Nil	Nil.
Crystals	Nil	Nil.
Amorphous Material	Absent	Absent
Casts	Absent	Absent
Bacteria	Absent	Absent
Remarks:-		

Urine sugar test done by Benedict's qualitative method.

Test give positive result when Glucose, Galactose, Lactose, Fructose, Maltose, Pentose present in urine. Test give False positive result when Ascorbic acid, Homogentisic acid, Many antibiotics (Anti-tubercular drugs) Phenothiazines, Salicylates, Levodopa pesent in urine.

