



FORTIS MOHALI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # MOHALI,

MOHALI 160062 7087030817 ACCESSION NO: **0006XC018720**PATIENT ID: FH.13038555
CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13038555

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX :35 Years Male
DRAWN :18/03/2024 10:28:00
RECEIVED :18/03/2024 15:24:53
REPORTED :18/03/2024 17:43:29

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:13038555 REQNO-1678413

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-10021240PCS004542 BILLNO-10021240PCS004542

1				
Test Report Status	<u>Preliminary</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

HAEMATOLOGY - CBC			
CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD: SLS- HEMOGLOBIN DETECTION METHOD	16.0	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD: HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING	5.72 High	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY	9.66	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT METHOD: HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING METHOD / MICROSCOPY	274	150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD: HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING	51.4 High	40.0 - 50.0	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	89.9	83.0 - 101.0	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	28.0	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	31.1 Low	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	12.9	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	15.7		
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	11.5 High	6.8 - 10.9	fL

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

Dr. Subhijit kaur (MD, Pathology) Senior Resident, 49300 Dr. Shafira Garg (MD, Pathology) Attending Consultant,47150 Dr. Irneet Mundi (MD,DNB

Dr. Irneet Mundi (MD,DNB Pathology) Associate Consultant, 34080





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Subhijit Kow

CLINICAL LABORATORY
Fortis Heart Institute & Multispeciality Hospital, Sector 62,Phase Viii, Mohali, 160062

Punjab, India

Tel: 0172-469-2222 Extn. 6726, 6727), 0172-469-2221 - CIN -







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NEUTROPHILS		70	40.0 - 80.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETE	RY+LEISHMAIN STAIN+MICROSCOPY			
LYMPHOCYTES		21	20.0 - 40.0	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETE	RY+LEISHMAIN STAIN+MICROSCOPY			
MONOCYTES		5	2.0 - 10.0	%
METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETE	RY+LEISHMAIN STAIN+MICROSCOPY			
EOSINOPHILS		4	1 - 6	%
	RY+LEISHMAIN STAIN+MICROSCOPY			
BASOPHILS		0	0 - 2	%
	RY+LEISHMAIN STAIN+MICROSCOPY			
ABSOLUTE NEUTRO		6.76	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR				
ABSOLUTE LYMPHO		2.03	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR		0.40	0.3.1.0	*! / !
ABSOLUTE MONOCY		0.48	0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR		0.20	0.03.0.50	thou/ul
ABSOLUTE EOSINO		0.39	0.02 - 0.50	thou/μL
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR		2.2		
	HOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	3.3		
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR	RAMETER			

Interpretation(s)

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR <

3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease. (Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

Dr. Subhijit kaur (MD, Pathology) Senior Resident, 49300

Dr. Shafira Garg (MD, Pathology) Attending Consultant, 47150

Dr. Irneet Mundi (MD,DNB Pathology) Associate Consultant, 34080





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L85110DL1996PLC076704

Email: lab.mohali@fortishealthcare.com







REF. DOCTOR: SELF PATIENT NAME: GEET SURI

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HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD

0 - 14mm at 1 hr E.S.R

METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C 5.2 Non-diabetic: < 5.7 %

> Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)

METHOD: HPLC

mg/dL 102.5 ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) < 116.0

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc.), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine,

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Dr. Shafira Garg (MD, Pathology) Attending Consultant, 47150

Dr. Irneet Mundi (MD,DNB Pathology)

Associate Consultant, 34080



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PERFORMED AT: CLINICAL LABORATORY

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- 1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition. GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**Used For**:
- 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
- 2. Diagnosing diabetes.

3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

- eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

- 1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
- 2. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin. 3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism,chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates
- addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

 4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in
- a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
- b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c) HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

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	BIOCHEMISTRY		
IVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM			
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.58	UPTO 1.2	mg/dL
METHOD : DIAZONIUM ION, BLANKED (ROCHE) BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.18	0.00 - 0.30	mg/dL
METHOD : DIAZOTIZATION			
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.40	0.00 - 0.60	mg/dL
OTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET	7.2	6.6 - 8.7	g/dL
ALBUMIN	4.6	3.97 - 4.94	g/dL
METHOD: BROMOCRESOL GREEN	2.6	2.0 - 4.0	g/dL
GLOBULIN	2.0	2.0 - 4.0 Neonates -	g/uL
		Pre Mature:	
		0.29 - 1.04	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.8	1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE(AST/SGOT)	15	0 - 40	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD: UV WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL-5 PHOSPHATE	12	0 - 41	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD: PNPP - AMP BUFFER	140 High	40 - 129	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYLCARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE	16	8 - 61	U/L
ACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	154	135 - 225	U/L

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) 82 74 - 106 mg/dL

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

Ritu Pantay

Dr. Ritu Pankaj (MD,Pathology), PDCC

Additional Director, 30897

Monny

Ms. Hardeep Kaur, M.Sc. Biochemistry Meenahshi Malhotra

Dr. Meenakshi Malhotra (MD, Pathology) Senior Consultant,48159





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Test Report Status <u>Preliminary</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 10 6 - 20 mg/dL

METHOD: UREASE - UV

URIC ACID, SERUM

URIC ACID 6.1 3.4 - 7.0 mg/dL

METHOD: URICASE, COLORIMETRIC

CREATININE EGFR

CREATININE 0.80 0.70 - 1.20 mg/dL

METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE-KINETIC

AGE 35 years

GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (MALE) 118 GFR of +90

normal or minimal kidney

damage with normal GFR

89- 60

mild decrease

59-30

moderate decrease

29-15

severe decrease < 15 kidney failure

(units: mL/min/1.73mSq.)

Interpretation(s)

Ritu Pantay

Dr. Ritu Pankaj (MD,Pathology), PDCC

Additional Director, 30897

Was in a second of the second

Ms. Hardeep Kaur, M.Sc. Biochemistry Meenahahi Malhotra

Dr. Meenakshi Malhotra (MD, Pathology) Senior Consultant,48159





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GLUCOSE POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

141 High PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR) Non-Diabetes mg/dL 70 - 140

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

Interpretation(s)

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. **Elevated levels** results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease. **GGT** is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain

and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, billiary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

Total Protein also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease, Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

Albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA-**TEST DESCRIPTION**

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the

Increased in:Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in:Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency,hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease,

malignancy(adrenocortical,stomach,fibrosarcoma),infant of a diabetic mother,enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g.galactosemia),Drugs-insulin,ethanol,propranolol;sulfonylureas,tolbutamide,and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals.Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic

index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc

Ritu Pankay

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Results **Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval** Units **Preliminary**

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism) Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

URIC ACID, SERUM-**Causes of Increased levels**:-Dietary(High Protein Intake,Prolonged Fasting,Rapid weight loss),Gout,Lesch nyhan syndrome,Type 2 DM,Metabolic syndrome **Causes of decreased levels**-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis GLUCOSE POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-Spectrophotometry Hexokinase

Ritu Pantay

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Meenahsh Malhotra

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BIOCHEMISTRY - LIPID				
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM				
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	200	< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >/= 240 High	mg/dL	
METHOD: CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE				
TRIGLYCERIDES	143	< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >/= 500 Very High	mg/dL	
METHOD: ENZYMATIC ASSAY				
HDL CHOLESTEROL	43	< 40 Low >/=60 High	mg/dL	
METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE - PEG				
LDL CHOLESTEROL, DIRECT	145 High	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above optimal 130 - 160 Borderline High 161 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High	mg/dL	
METHOD: CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE				
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	157 High	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL	
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	28.6	Desirable value : 10 - 35	mg/dL	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
CHOL/HDL RATIO	4.7 High	3.3-4.4 Low Risk 4.5-7.0 Average Risk 7.1-11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk		

Ms. Hardeep Kaur, M.Sc. **Biochemistry**

Meenahahi Malhotra

Dr. Meenakshi Malhotra (MD, Pathology) Senior Consultant, 48159

Ritu Pantay

Dr. Ritu Pankaj (MD, Pathology), **PDCC** Additional Director, 30897





Page 9 Of 14

PERFORMED AT:

Fortis Heart Institute & Multispeciality Hospital, Sector 62, Phase Viii,

Tel: 0172-469-2222 Extn. 6726, 6727), 0172-469-2221 - CIN -

L85110DL1996PLC076704 Email: lab.mohali@fortishealthcare.com



CLINICAL LABORATORY

Mohali, 160062 Punjab, India



>6.0 High Risk



PATIENT NAME: GEET SURI REF. DOCTOR: SELF

FORTIS MOHALI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # MOHALI,

MOHALI 160062 7087030817 ACCESSION NO: **0006XC018720**PATIENT ID: FH.13038555

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13038555

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX :35 Years Male
DRAWN :18/03/2024 10:28:00
RECEIVED :18/03/2024 15:24:53
REPORTED :18/03/2024 17:43:29

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:13038555 REQNO-1678413 CORP-OPD

BILLNO-10021240PCS004542 BILLNO-10021240PCS004542

Test Report Status	<u>Preliminary</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
LDL/HDL RATIO		3.4 High	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

Interpretation(s)

Ms. Hardeep Kaur, M.Sc. Biochemistry Meenahahi Malhotra

Dr. Meenakshi Malhotra (MD, Pathology) Senior Consultant,48159 Ritu Pambay

Dr. Ritu Pankaj (MD,Pathology), PDCC Additional Director, 30897





View Details

View Report



CLINICAL LABORATORY
Fortis Heart Institute & Multispeciality Hospital, Sector 62,Phase Viii, Mohali, 160062

Punjab, India

Tel: 0172-469-2222 Extn. 6726, 6727), 0172-469-2221 - CIN -







FORTIS MOHALI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # MOHALI,

MOHALI 160062 7087030817

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ABHA NO

AGE/SEX : 35 Years Male :18/03/2024 10:28:00 RECEIVED: 18/03/2024 15:24:53

REPORTED :18/03/2024 17:43:29

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:13038555 REQNO-1678413

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1002124OPCS004542 BILLNO-1002124OPCS004542

Results **Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval** Units **Preliminary**

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

URINALYSIS

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR LT. YELLOW

METHOD: MANUAL EXAMINATION

APPEARANCE CLEAR

METHOD: MANUAL EXAMINATION

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

7.0 4.7 - 7.5PH

METHOD: DOUBLE INDICATOR PRINCIPLE

SPECIFIC GRAVITY <=1.005 1.003 - 1.035

METHOD: REFLECTANCE PHOTOMETRY (IONIC CONCENTRATION)

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTION PHOTOMETRY (PROTEIN ERROR INDICATOR)

GLUCOSE NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE PHOTOMETRY (GLUCOSE OXIDASE METHOD)

NOT DETECTED KFTONES NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTION PHOTOMETRY (NITROPRUSSIDE)

BLOOD NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE PHOTOMETRY (BENZIDINE REACTION)

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED BILIRUBIN

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (DIAZO REACTION)

UROBILINOGEN NORMAL **NORMAL**

METHOD: REFLECTANCE PHOTOMETRY (EHRLICH'S REACTION)

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NITRITE

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (DIAZO REACTION)

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

Dr. Shafira Garg (MD, Pathology) Attending Consultant, 47150

Dr. Irneet Mundi (MD,DNB Pathology) Associate Consultant, 34080 Ritu Pankay

Dr. Ritu Pankaj (MD, Pathology),

Additional Director, 30897







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CLINICAL LABORATORY Fortis Heart Institute & Multispeciality Hospital, Sector 62, Phase Viii, Mohali, 160062

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CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:13038555 REQNO-1678413

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1002124OPCS004542 BILLNO-10021240PCS004542

BILLINO-10021240FC3004342					
Test Report Status	<u>Preliminary</u>	Results	Biological Reference I	nterval Units	
•					
RED BLOOD CELLS		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF	
PUS CELL (WBC'S)		NOT DETECTED	0-5	/HPF	
EPITHELIAL CELLS		NOT DETECTED	0-5	/HPF	
CASTS		NOT DETECTED			
CRYSTALS		NOT DETECTED			
BACTERIA	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD: REFLECTANCE SP YEAST	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		

Interpretation(s)

Dr. Shafira Garg (MD, Pathology) Attending Consultant,47150

Dr. Irneet Mundi (MD,DNB Pathology) Associate Consultant, 34080 Ritu Pantay

Dr. Ritu Pankaj (MD, Pathology), **PDCC**

Additional Director, 30897





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View Report



CLINICAL LABORATORY Fortis Heart Institute & Multispeciality Hospital, Sector 62, Phase Viii, Mohali, 160062 Punjab, India

Tel: 0172-469-2222 Extn. 6726, 6727), 0172-469-2221 - CIN -L85110DL1996PLC076704

Email: lab.mohali@fortishealthcare.com







FORTIS MOHALI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # MOHALI,

MOHALI 160062 7087030817

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CLINICAL INFORMATION:

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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1002124OPCS004542 BILLNO-1002124OPCS004542

Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units **Preliminary**

CLINICAL PATH - STOOL ANALYSIS

RESULT PENDING STOOL: OVA & PARASITE PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL RESULT PENDING CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL **RESULT PENDING** MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, STOOL **RESULT PENDING**

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CLINICAL LABORATORY Fortis Heart Institute & Multispeciality Hospital, Sector 62, Phase Viii, Mohali, 160062

Punjab, India

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FORTIS MOHALI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # MOHALI,

MOHALI 160062 7087030817

ACCESSION NO: 0006XC018720 PATIENT ID : FH.13038555

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:13038555 ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :35 Years DRAWN :18/03/2024 10:28:00 RECEIVED: 18/03/2024 15:24:53 REPORTED :18/03/2024 17:43:29

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:13038555 REQNO-1678413

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1002124OPCS004542 BILLNO-10021240PCS004542

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE			
THYROID PANEL, SERUM			
Т3	95.3	80.00 - 200.00	ng/dL
T4	5.62	5.10 - 14.10	μg/dL
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	2.230	0.270 - 4.200	μIU/mL

End Of Report Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

Meenahshi Malhotra

Dr. Meenakshi Malhotra (MD,

Dr. Ritu Pankaj (MD,Pathology),

Ritu Pantay

PDCC

Additional Director, 30897





View Report



Senior Consultant, 48159

CLINICAL LABORATORY Fortis Heart Institute & Multispeciality Hospital, Sector 62, Phase Viii, Mohali, 160062

Punjab, India

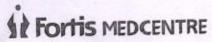
Pathology)

Tel: 0172-469-2222 Extn. 6726, 6727), 0172-469-2221 - CIN -

L85110DL1996PLC076704 Email: lab.mohali@fortishealthcare.com



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CHANDIGARH
(A unit of Fortis Hospital Mohali)
SCO 11, Sector 11-D, Chandigarh - 160011

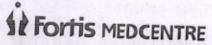
Name	Mr. Geet	Suri	
	: 13038555	Date :	18/03/21
	. 25	Gender :	M

Nursing Assessment

Nulsing A	4336351116111
Pro	ofile
Height (cm): 1720m	Waist Circumference (cm): 3416601
Weight (Kg.): 7.3KG	Body Mass Index : 23.9/69/m
Occupation: Paison Tolo	Marital Status Single Married
	l Signs
Pulse Rate (min): 635/mintsiccos	Respiratory Rate (/min): 20.5/min +
Blood Pressure (mmHg): 120/hommyc	Temperature (if febrile): A. febrile
	History
Hypertension:	Diabetes :
Heart disease :	Dyslipidemia :
Asthma:	Tuberculosis :
Allergies :	
, For \	Women
LMP:	Last Pap smear done in
Menopause Yes No	Last Mammography done in
Consent for X-ray & Mammography	
Current	Medications
<u> </u>	1117

Signature, Name and Emp. ID of the Nurse :

Rec-50



CHANDIGARH
(A unit of Fortis Hospital Mohali)
SCO 11, Sector 11-D, Chandigarh - 160011

Name ______ C/cof Scur O

UHID : 13038555 Date: 18/03/29

Age : 35/ccuy Gender: mc/c

Internal Medicine Consultation

Relevant History	:	Diagnosis:	
	2		
F			
Examination Find	ngs:	. Advice / Treat	ment Plan:
		-	
vestigations:			

Fortis MEDCENTRE

CHANDIGARH
(A unit of Fortis Hospital Mohali)
SCO 11, Sector 11-D, Chandigarh - 160011

Ophthalmology Consultation

History:

Visual acuity Visual acuity with glasses R 6/6 Colour Vision R L SIFC	WALL
Slit Lamp Examination RE	
Down (1)	
Fundus Examination	
RE O	

Diagnosis:

Treatment"

Spectacle prescription:

Right eye

	SPH	CYL	AXIS	VA
Distance	3-00	土	-	616
Near		-		116

Left eye

	SPH	CYL	AXIS	VA
Distance	2.75	士		6/1
Near		-		116
11100			1-1-1-1	

Signature and stamp of the Ophthalmologist:



Fortis Medcentre

SCO-11, Sector-11-D, Chandigarh - 160 011 (India)

Telephone : 0172 506 1222 / 505 5441

: 0172-5055440

E-mail : contactus.fmc@fortishealthcare.com Website : www.fortishealthcare.com

DEPARTMENT OF FMC-RADIOLOGY LAB

Date: 18/Mar/2024

Name: Mr. Geet Suri

Age | Sex: 35 YEAR(S) | Male

Order Station: FRONTOFFICE-FMC

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No : 13038555 | 3662/24/10021

Order No | Order Date: 10021/PN/OP/2403/9343 | 18-Mar-2024

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 18-Mar-2024 11:29:58

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

CHEST X-RAY (PA VIEW)

Both the domes of diaphragm are normal.

Both costophrenic angles are normal.

Both lung fields are clear.

Cardiac size and silhouette are normal.

Both hila and mediastinum are normal

Bony cage and soft tissues are normal.

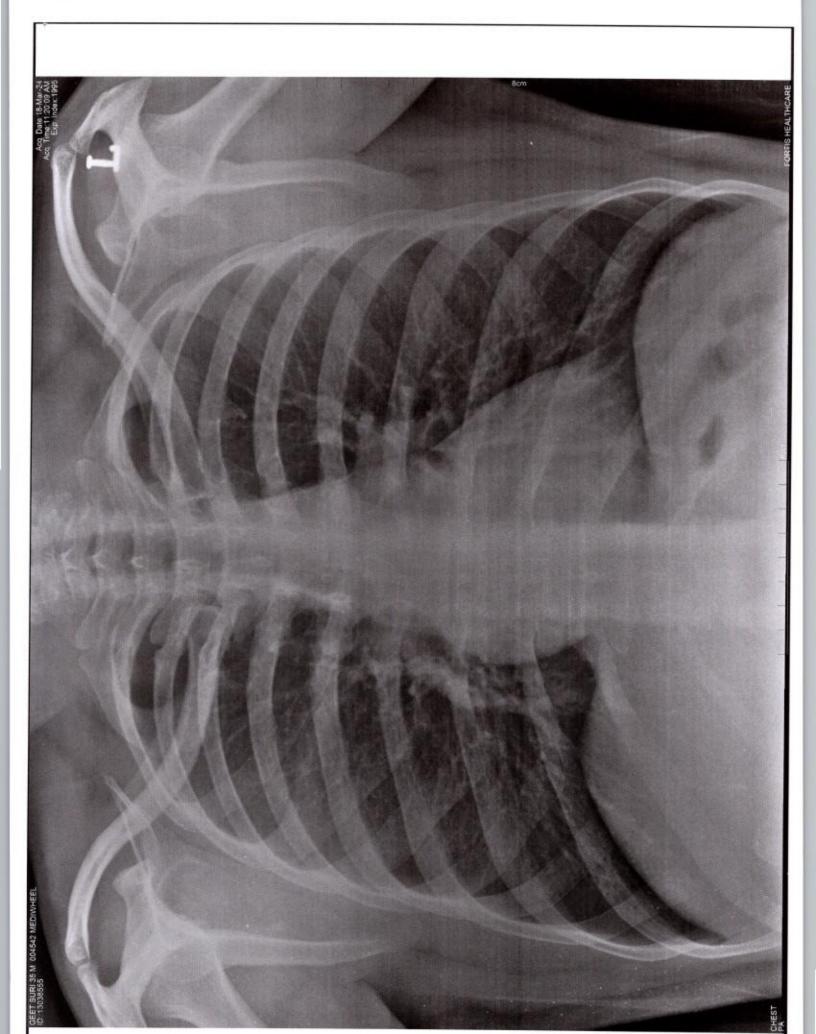
IMPRESSION: NORMAL STUDY.

Please correlate clinically and with other relevant investigations.

Dr. ADITI PANWAR

PMC - 41230

Consultant Radiologist





Fortis Medcentre

5CO-11, Sector-11-D,

Chandigarh - 160 011 (India)

Telephone : 0172 506 1222 / 505 5441 Fax : 0172-5055440

Fax

E-mail : contactus.fmc@fortishealthcare.com Website : www.fortishealthcare.com

NAME: MR. GEET SURI AGE AND SEX: 35Y/M UHID NO: 13038555

DATE:18/03/2024

ROI: WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is normal in size, outline and echogenicity. No focal lesion seen. IHBR's are not dilated. Portal vein and hepatic veins are normal.

Gall bladder is normally distended with anechoic lumen. Wall thickness is normal. No calculus / focal lesion seen. No pericholecystic fluid / collection seen. CBD is normal.

Pancreas is visualized in region of head and proximal body and is normal in size, shape, outline and echotexture. No focal lesion seen. Distal body and tail are obscured by bowel gases.

Spleen is normal in size, outline and echotexture. No focal lesion seen.

Right kidney is normal in size, outline and echogenicity. Cortico-medullary differentiation is maintained. No hydronephrosis / calculus is seen.

Left kidney is normal in size, outline and echogenicity. Cortico-medullary differentiation is maintained. No hydronephrosis / calculus is seen.

Retroperitoneum is normal.

The urinary bladder is fully distended and is normal in outline and wall thickness. No calculi or growth seen.

Prostate is normal in size and shows normal outline and echo pattern. No focal lesion seen.

No free fluid is seen.

Opinion: Normal study

Suggested clinical correlation.

Dr. ADITI PANWAR

PMC - 41230

Consultant Radiologist

GEET SURI 35 M

Accession #:

Study Date: 18/03/2024

Patient ID: 13038555

Age:

Gender: M Ht:

Wt:

BSA:

Alt ID:

Institution: Fortis MEDCENTRE, Chandigarh

Referring Physician:

Physician of Record:

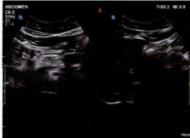
Performed By:

Comments:

Images

DOB:











Signature

Signature:

Name(Print):

Date:

Station Telephone:

EXERCISE STRESS TEST REPORT

Patient Name: suri, Geet Patient ID: 13038555 Height: 172 cm Weight: 71 kg

Study Date: 18.03.2024

Test Type: --Protocol: BRUCE DOB: 12.10.1988 Age: 35yrs Gender: Male Race: Indian

Referring Physician: --

Attending Physician: DR MANJEET/DR VIJAY HARJAI

Medications:

--

Medical History:

--

Reason for Exercise Test:

Exercise Test Summary

Phase Name	Stage Name	Time in Stage	Speed (km/h)	Grade (%)	HR (bpm)	BP (mmHg)	Comment
PRETEST	SUPINE STANDING	00:25 00:02	0.00	0.00 7.50	83	110/60	
HYPERV. WARM-UP	00:07 00:36	0.00	7.40	83 84			
EXERCISE	STAGE 1 STAGE 2	03:00 03:00	2.70 4.00	10.00	100 117	130/60	
	STAGE 3	03:00	5.50	12.00 14.00	131 150	130/60 140/80	
RECOVERY	STAGE 4	00:38 03:17	6.80 0.00	16.00 7.40	164 114	140/80 110/80	

The patient exercised according to the BRUCE for 9:37 min:s, achieving a work level of Max. METS: 12.20. The resting heart rate of 83 bpm rose to a maximal heart rate of 166 bpm. This value represents 89 % of the maximal, age-predicted heart rate. The resting blood pressure of 110/60 mmHg, rose to a maximum blood pressure of 140/80 mmHg. The exercise test was stopped due to Target heart rate achieved.

Interpretation

Summary: Resting ECG: normal. Functional Capacity: normal.

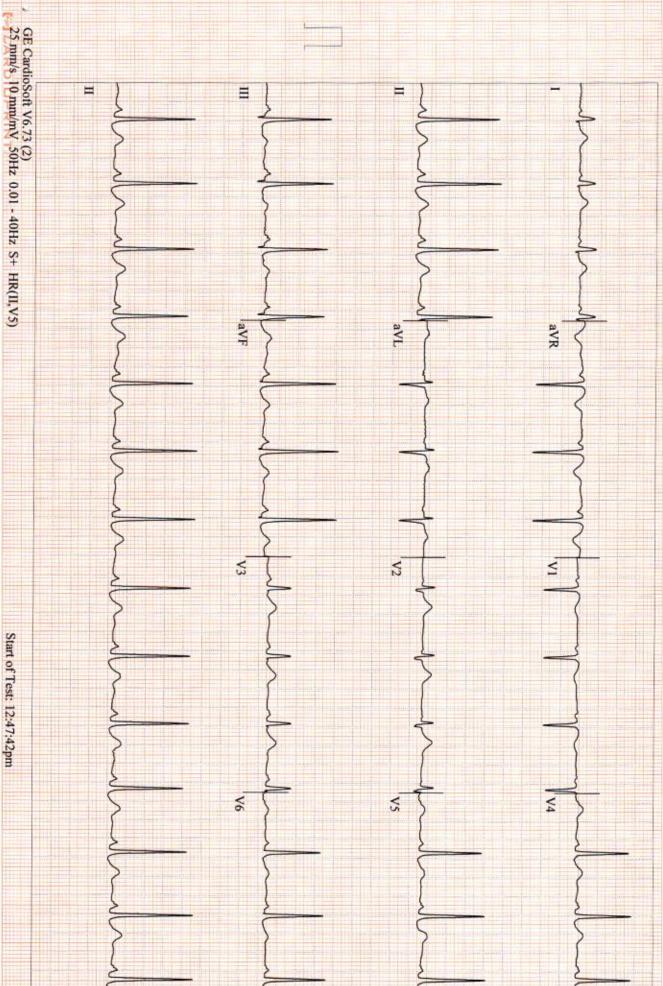
HR Response to Exercise: appropriate.

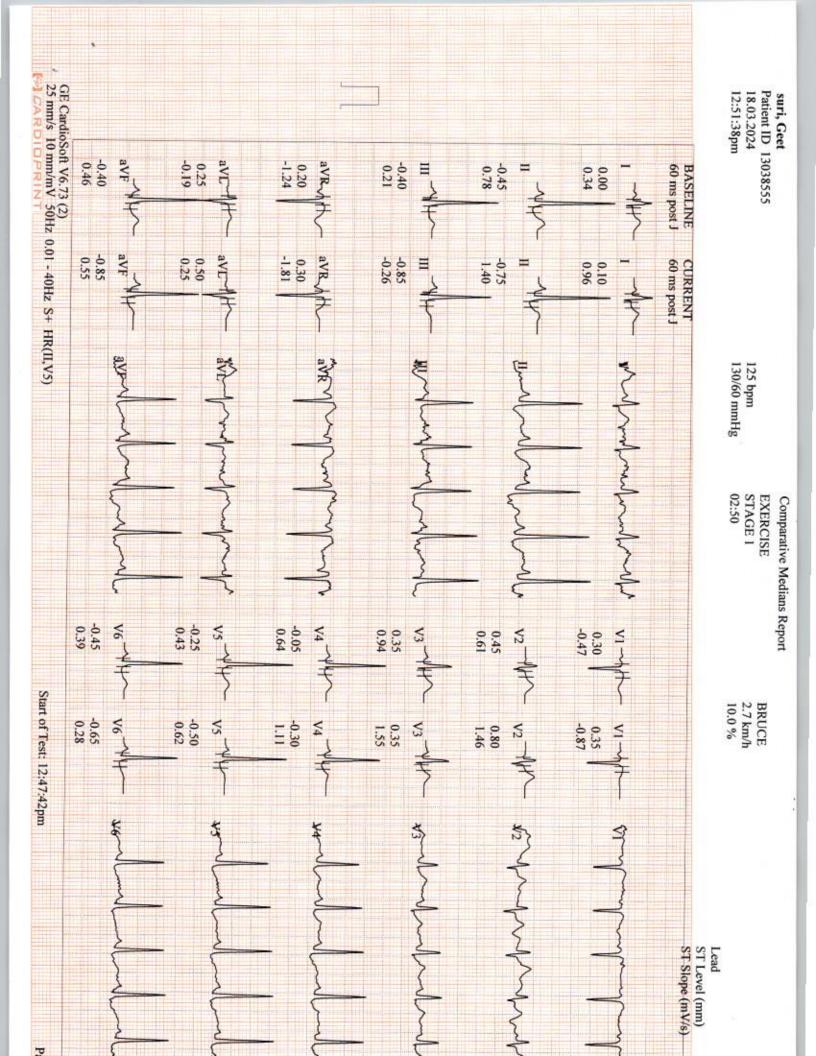
BP Response to Exercise: normal resting BP - appropriate response.

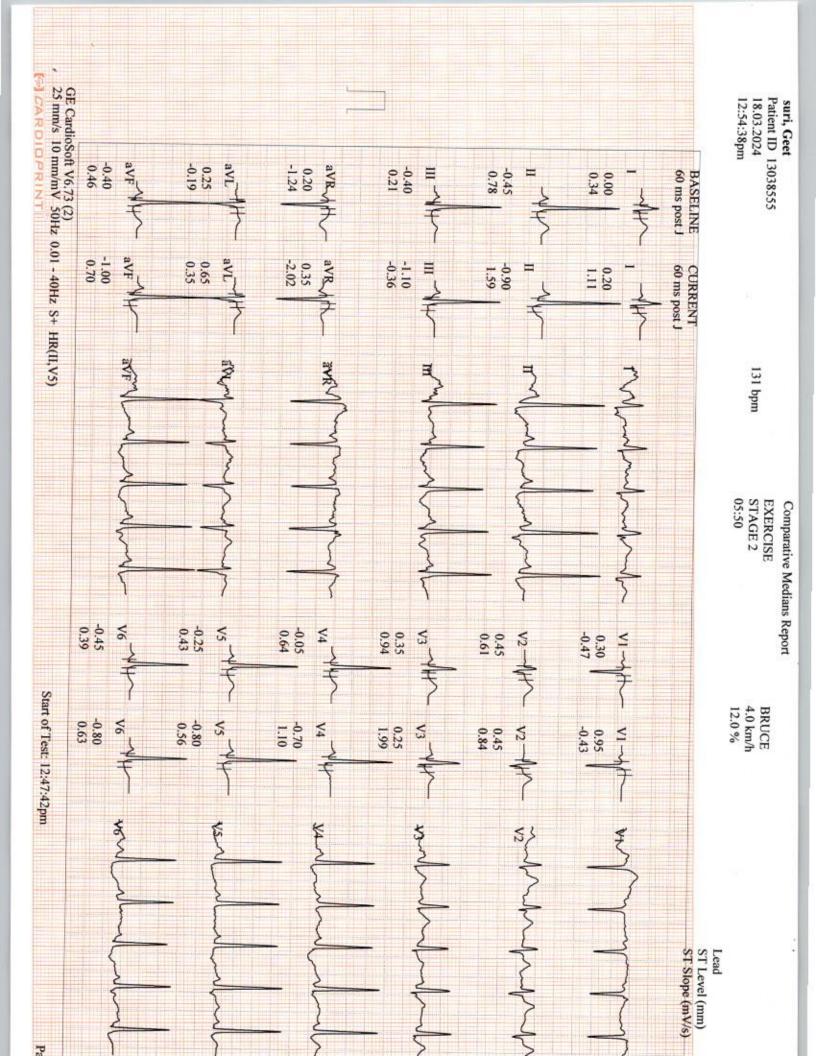
Chest Pain: none. Arrhythmias: none.

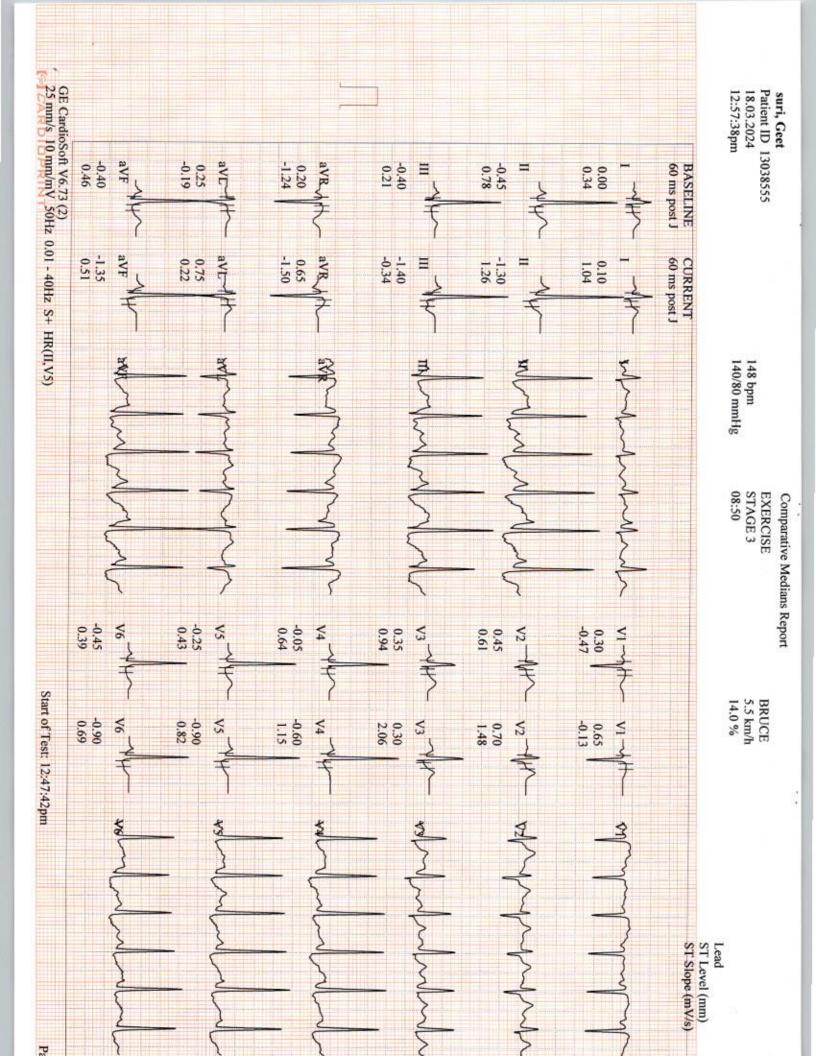
Conclusions

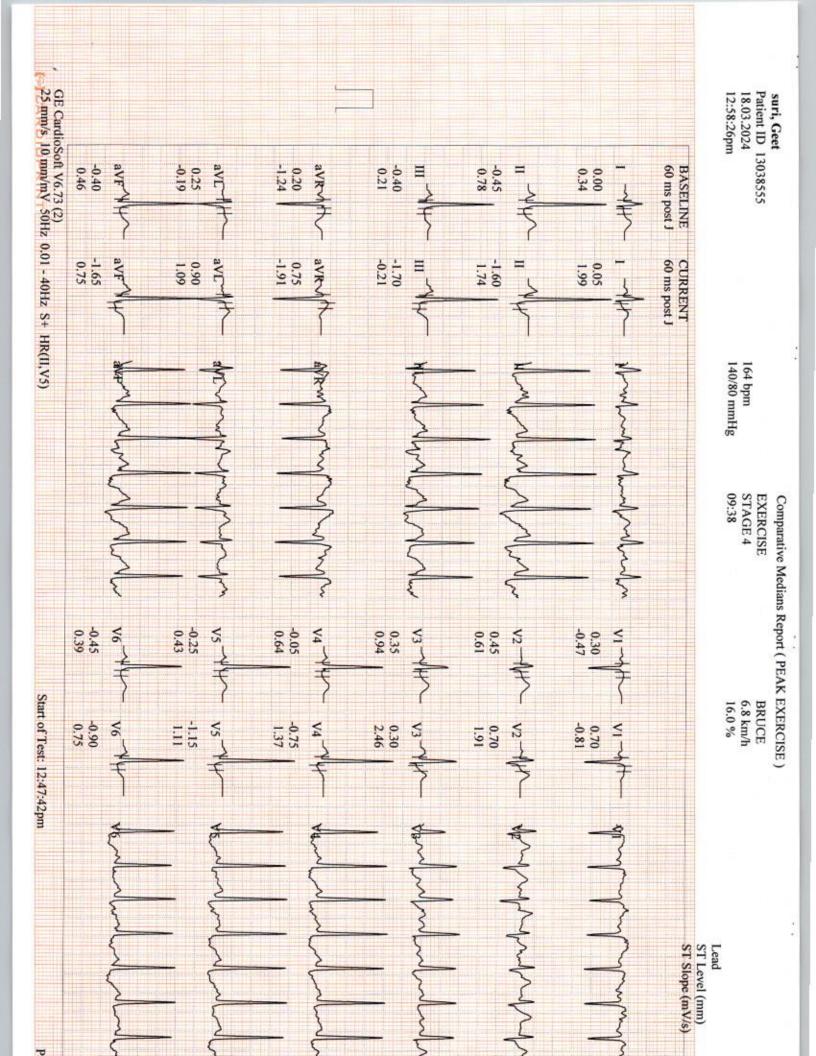
BRUCE 0.0 km/h 7.4 %

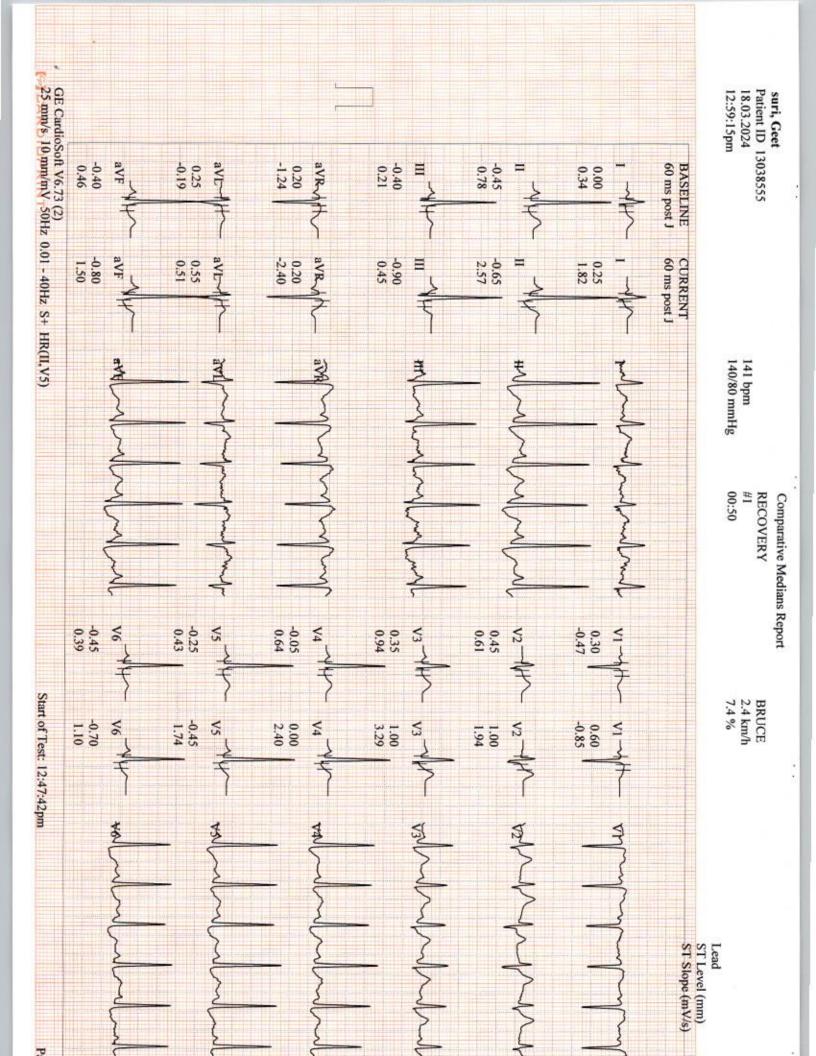


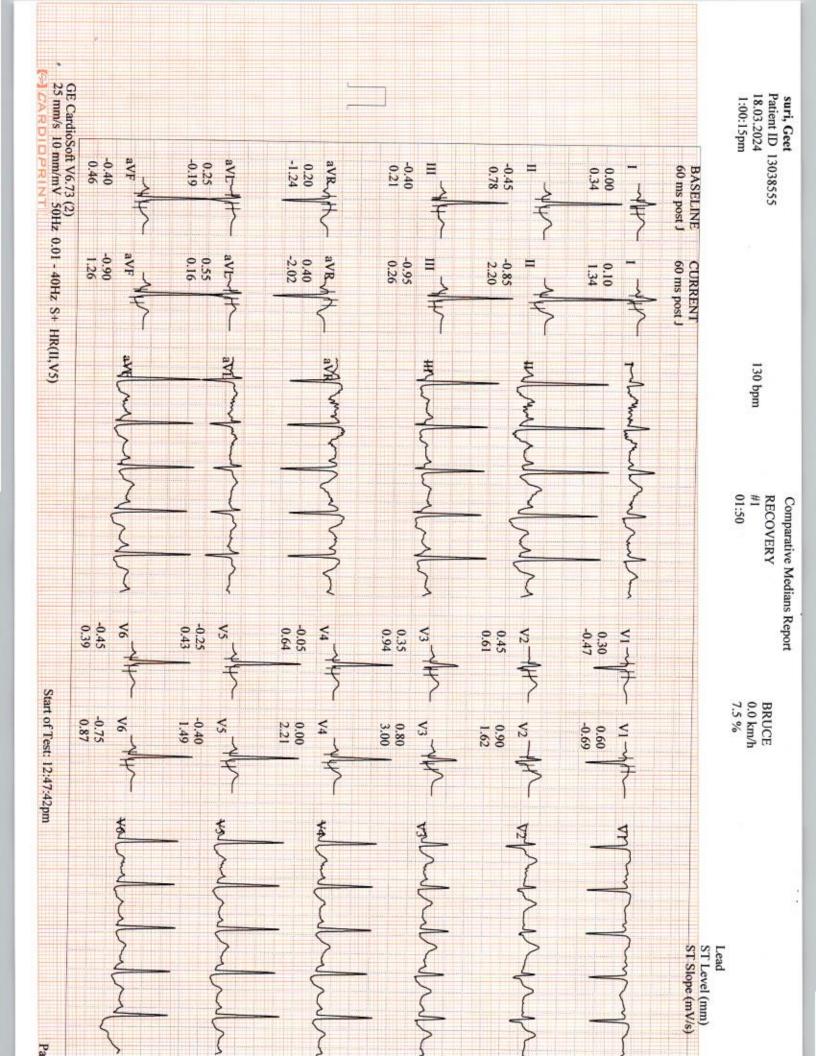


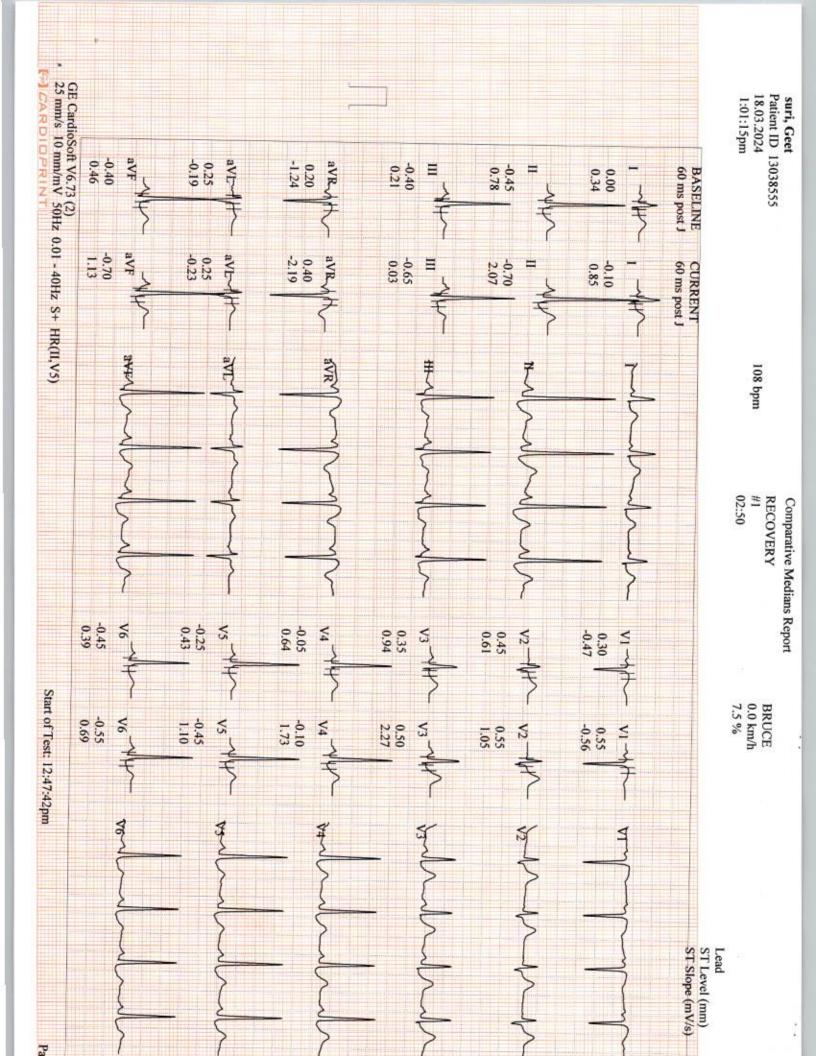












MAC600 1.02	P-R-T axes 59	RR interval 740 ms	P duration	PR interval 1	QT/QTc 360/4	QRS duration	Vent. rate	Male		ID: 0000000013038555	Geet duri
12SL [™] v239	62 72	96 ms 40 ms		18 ms 30 ms		76 ms	81 bpm			sturi.	
MAC600 1.02									Normal ECG	Normal sinus rhythm	
12SL™239											

