





Patient	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN			Lab No/ManualNo	4110128/	
UHIDNo/IPNO	400216251			CollectionDate	23/09/2024 10:19AM	
Age/Gender	35 Years/Male			Receiving Date	23/09/2024 11:29AM	
Bed No/Ward	OPD			Report Date	23/09/2024 4:37PM	
Referred By	PHC Department			Report Status Sample Quality	Final	
Test Name		Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method	Sample
		MediW	Biochemistr heel Full Body			
<u>*SERUM CREATI</u>	NINE					Serum
Serum - Creatinin	e	1.0	mg/dL	0.8 - 1.2	Enzymatic (Creat Amidohydrolase)	inine
response to dietar excreted mainly by creatinine excretion failure, urinary trace	and urinary creatinine exc y changes. The serum cro y glomerular filtration, with on can be used to estimate to obstruction, reduced re tration include debilitation nced malignancy.	eatinine concent n only small amo e the glomerular nal blood flow, s	ration is higher i ounts due to tubu filtration rate.Se hock,dehydratio	n men than in women. S Ilar secretion, serum cre rum creatinine is increa n, and rhabdomyolysis.	Since urinary creatinine atinine and a 24-hour i sed in acute or chronic Causes of low serum	urine
<u>*URIC ACID (SER</u>	<u>RUM)</u>					Serum
Serum Uric Acid		7.6	mg/dL	4.0 - 8.6	Uricase	
Interpretation:-						

DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY SERVICES

Uric acid is the end product of purine metabolism. Elevationsof uric acid occur in renal failure, prerenal azotemia, gout, lead poisoning, excessive cell destruction (e.g., following chemotherapy), hemolytic anemia, and congestive heart failure and after myocardial infarction. Uric acid is also increased in some endocrine disorders, acidosis, toxemia of pregnancy, hereditary gout, and glycogen storage disease type I. A low uric acidconcentration may be found following treatment by some drugs (e.g., lowdoseaspirin), with low dietary intake of purines, in the presence of renal tubulardefects, and in xanthinuria.

***LIPID PROFILE SERUM**

Note-: This report has been issued by Department of Lab Services, North East Health Care Pvt Ltd .

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Dr. Nutan Sood MD (Pathology) Senior Consultant, Laboratory Services, Regd No: HN 012481

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Page: 1 Of 15

Serum

L-Low H-High CH -Critical High CL - Critical Low

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	DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY SERVICES							
Patient UHIDNo/IPNO Age/Gender Bed No/Ward Referred By	Mr. PRATEEK JA 400216251 35 Years/Male OPD PHC Department				Lab No/ManualNo CollectionDate Receiving Date Report Date Report Status Sample Quality	23/0 23/0	0128/ 09/2024 10:19AM 09/2024 11:29AM 09/2024 4:37PM al	
Cholesterol			221	mg/dL	Method :Cholester oxidase, esterase, peroxidase Adults (>=20 Yea Desirable <200 mg Borderline200-239 mg/dL	rs) g/dL,	Cholesterol oxidase, esterase,peroxidase	
HDL Cholesterol		L	26	mg/dL	High>240 mg/dL 40 - 60		Direct measure,	
		-	20	IIIg/dE			PTA/MgCl2	
Triglycerides			154	mg/dL	Method : Enzymati Normal < 150 mg/d Borderline High 15 mg/dl, High 200-499 mg/d Very High>=500 m	dl, 50-199 dl,	Enzymatic method	
Cholesterol VLDL			30.8	mg/dL	0 - 40		Calculated	
Cholesterol / HDL	Ratio		8.5				Calculated	
LDL		н	164.2	mg/dL	0 - 100		Calculated	

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Calculated

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LDL/HDL Ratio

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VID Dood Cumphati 701.036 Accom India

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DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY SERVICES					
	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN	Lab No/ManualNo	4110128/		
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nder	35 Years/Male	Receiving Date	23/09/2024 11:29AM		
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d By	PHC Department	Report Status Sample Quality	Final		

NCEP Guidelines:

Patient UHIDNo// Age/Gen Bed No/V Referred

Lipid	Desirable	Borderline High	High	Very High
Total Cholesterol LDL Cholesterol HDL Cholesterol	< 200 < 100 > 60	200-239 130-159 < 40 (Risk factor)	> 240 160-189	> 190
Triglycerides	< 150	150-199	200-499	> 500

*BLOOD UREA

Serum - Urea	20	mg/dL	19 - 43	Urease with indicator dye

Interpretation:-

The major pathway of nitrogen excretion is in the form of urea that is synthesized in the liver, released into the blood, and cleared by the kidneys. A high serum urea nitrogen occurs in glomerulonephritis, shock, urinary tract obstruction, pyelonephritis, and other causes of acute and chronic renal failure. Severe congestive heart failure, hyperalimentation, diabetic ketoacidosis, dehydration, and bleeding from the gastrointestinal tract elevate urea nitrogen. Low urea nitrogen often occurs in normal pregnancy, with decreased protein intake, in acute liver failure, and with intravenous fluid administration.

<u>*FT3 + FT4 + TSH</u>

Free T3	3.20	pg/mL	2.77 - 5.27	Chemiluminescence
Free T4	1.41	ng/dL	0.78 - 2.19	Chemiluminescence
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	2.47	mIU/L	0.46 - 4.68	Chemiluminescence
TSH Interpretation				

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L-Low H-High CH -Critical High CL - Critical Low

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Serum

Serum







		Sample Quality		
Referred By	PHC Department	Report Status	Final	
Bed No/Ward	OPD	Report Date	23/09/2024 4:37PM	
Age/Gender	35 Years/Male	Receiving Date	23/09/2024 11:29AM	
UHIDNo/IPNO	400216251	CollectionDate	23/09/2024 10:19AM	
Patient	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN	Lab No/ManualNo	4110128/	

Interpretation :

Elevated free triiodothyronine (FT3) values are associated with thyrotoxicosis or excess thyroid hormone replacement. Useful for : It provides further confirmation of hyperthyroidism, supplementing the tetraiodothyronine (T4), sensitive thyrotropin (S TSH), and total T3 assays Evaluating clinically euthyroid patients who have an altered distribution of binding proteins Monitoring thyroid hormone replacement therapy Free trilodothyronine(FT3) is not a sensitive test for hypothyroidism. Elevated values suggest hyperthyroidism or exogenous thyroxine (T4).

Decreased values suggest hypothyroidism.

The test generally is used as a second-line test after thyroid- stimulating hormone (TSH) to help evaluate TSH changes.

The free thyroxine value, combined with the TSH value, gives a more accurate picture of the thyroid status in patients with abnormal thyroid-binding globulin levels such as those who are pregnant or those who are receiving treatment with estrogens, androgens, phenytoin, or salicylates.

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Referred By	PHC Department	Report Status	Final
-		Sample Quality	

Note

1. TSH levels are subject to circadian variation. Levels may vary during different time intervals .

2. Drugs which can lower TSH without inducting thyroid dysfunction are

* Glucocorticoids in high dose during initial treatment or prolonged exposure of glucocorticoid therapy

* Dopamine or Dobutamine

* Octreotide

NEONATAL BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE RANGE

Test I	Name Ag	ge Ur	nit Biol	ogical Ref. Range
FT3:	0- 1 mont	h pg/r	ml (3	.0 - 6.0)
	1month - 23 i	month pg/	ml (3	3.28- 5.19)
	24month - 12	years pg/i	ml (3.34 - 4.80)
FT4:	0- 03 day	s ng/c	IL (2	.0 - 5.0)
	03days - 01 r	nonth ng/a	dL (0.9- 2.2)
	01month - 18	years ng/o	dL (C).8 - 2.0)
TSH:	0- 03days	s mlL	I/L (*	1.0- 20.0)
	03days - 01	month mll	J/L	(0.5- 6.5)
0	1month - 18 y	ears mIU/L	. (0.5	5 - 6.0)

*GLUCOSE (FASTING).

Glucose F

93.00

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70.00 - 100.00

mg/dL

Glucose oxidase ,hydrogen Peroxidase

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PLASMA(FLUORIDE)







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Bed No/Ward	OPD	Report Date	23/09/2024 4:37PM	
Referred By	PHC Department	Report Status Sample Quality	Final	

Interpretation:-

Glucose is a primary cellular energy source. Fasting plasma glucose concentrations and tolerance to a dose of glucose are used to establish the diagnosis of diabetes mellitus and disorders of carbohydrate metabolism. Glucose measurements are used to monitor therapy in diabetics and in patients with dehydration, coma, hypoglycemia, insulinoma, acidosis, and ketoacidosis.

End Of Report

Note-: This report has been issued by Department of Lab Services, North East Health Care Pvt Ltd .

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helpdesk@marengoasia.com CIN No. U85110AS2010PTC010063







	DEP	ARTMENT	OF LABC	RATORY SERVICI	ES	
Patient	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN			Lab No/ManualNo	4110128/	
UHIDNo/IPNO	400216251			CollectionDate	23/09/2024 10:19	AM
Age/Gender	35 Years/Male			Receiving Date	23/09/2024 2:11	PM
Bed No/Ward	OPD			Report Date	23/09/2024 4:37	PM
Referred By	PHC Department			Report Status Sample Quality	Final	
Test Name		Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method	Sample
		MediW	Biochemi heel Full Bod	stry ly Annual Plus		
<u>*GLUCOSE (PP)</u>				-		PLASMA(FLUORIDE)

Glucose - Post Prandial (PPBS)	H 149	mg/dL 40 - 140	Glucose oxidase ,hydrogen Peroxidase
----------------------------------	-------	----------------	---

Interpretation:-

Glucose is a primary cellular energy source. Fasting plasma glucose concentrations and tolerance to a dose of glucose are used to establish the diagnosis of diabetes mellitus and disorders of carbohydrate metabolism. Glucose measurements are used to monitor therapy in diabetics and in patients with dehydration, coma, hypoglycemia, insulinoma, acidosis, and ketoacidosis.

End Of Report

Note-: This report has been issued by Department of Lab Services, North East Health Care Pvt Ltd .

Dr. Renu Madan MD Pathology,PDCC (Oncopathology) Senior Consultant & HOD,Laboratory Services, Regd No: MCI 9576

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Alternative Address: Marengoasia.com CIN No. U85110AS2010PTC010063







	DEP	ARTMENT	OF LABO	RATORY SERVICI	ES	
Patient UHIDNo/IPNO	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN 400216251			Lab No/ManualNo CollectionDate	4110128/ 23/09/2024 10:19AM	
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Referred By	PHC Department			Report Status Sample Quality	Final	
Test Name		Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method	Sample
	TED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) sylated Hemoglobin)		Biochemis heel Full Body		HPLC	EDTA Blood
Biological Ref. Hb A1c (%) <5.6% 5.7% to 6.4% >=6.5% <7% >8%	 Degree of Glucose control Normal 	I				

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	DEP	ARTMENT	OF LABO	RATORY SERVICE	S	
Patient	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN			Lab No/ManualNo	4110128/	
UHIDNo/IPNO 400216251				CollectionDate	23/09/2024 10:19AM	
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Bed No/Ward	OPD			Report Date	23/09/2024 4:37PM	
Referred By	PHC Department			Report Status Sample Quality	Final	
Test Name		Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method	Sample
		MediWh	Biochemis	s try y Annual Plus		
*LIVER FUNCTION	I TEST (LFT) SERUM	Wedi wii	cerrun bou	y Annual I lus		Serum
Serum -Total Prote	in	8.0	g/dL	6.3 - 8.2	Biuret Method	
Serum - Albumin		4.0	g/dL	3.5 - 5.0	BCG	
Globulin		4	g/dL	2 - 5	Calculated	
AG Ratio		1		1 - 2	Calculated	
Serum - SGOT / A Transferase)	ST (Aspartate Amino	41	U/L	17 - 59	Kinetic(leuco dye) pyridoxal 5 phospl	
Serum - SGPT / Al Transferase)	TV (Alanine Amino H	52	U/L	10 - 40	Reflectance spectrophotometry with pyridoxal -5- phosphate	// kinetic
Serum- GGT		19	U/L	15 - 73	L-G-glutamyl-p-nit	roanilide
Serum - Alkaline P	hosphatase	80	U/L	38 - 126	P-nitrophenyl phos	sphate
Bilirubin Total		0.7	mg/dL	0.2 - 1.3	Diphylline,Diazoni	um Salt
Bilirubin Direct		0.3	mg/dL		Calculated	
				Calculated		
				Neonate Ref. Rang 0 - 30 Days - (0.0 -(mg/dL Adult Ref. Range. >30 Days - (0.0-0.3 mg/dL	0.6)	
Bilirubin Indirect		0.4	mg/dL	0.0 - 1.1	Dual wavelength	

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Bed No/Ward	OPD	Report Date	23/09/2024 4:37PM
Referred By	PHC Department	Report Status Sample Quality	Final

Interpretation:-

Total bilirubin in serum and plasma is the sum of unconjugated bilirubin (Bu), mono- and di-glucuronide conjugated bilirubin (Bc)?, and delta bilirubin (DELB), a bilirubin fraction covalently bound to albumin. With the exception of anicteric jaundice, total serum bilirubin is invariably increased in jaundice. Causes of jaundice are prehepatic, resulting from various hemolytic diseases; hepatic, resulting from hepatocellular injury or obstruction; and posthepatic, resulting from obstruction of the hepatic or common bile ducts.

Jaundice has been classified as unconjugated and conjugated hyperbilirubinemia. Increased plasma-unconjugated bilirubin is commonly seen in hemolytic disorders, Gilbert's syndrome, Crigler-Najjar syndrome, neonatal jaundice, and ineffective erythropoiesis and in the presence of drugs competing for glucuronide. Increased plasma-conjugated bilirubin occurs with hepatobiliary disorders, including intrahepatic and extrahepatic biliary tree obstruction, liver cell damage, Dubin-Johnson syndrome, and Rotor syndrome.Neonatal bilirubin, the sum of Bu and Bc, is increased in erythroblastosis fetalis (hemolytic disease of the newborn), which causes jaundice in the first two days of life. Other causes of neonatal jaundice include physiologic jaundice, hematoma/hemorrhage, hypothyroidism, and obstructive jaundice.

Aspartate aminotransferase is present in high activity in heart, skeletal muscle, and liver. Increased serum AST activity commonly follows myocardial infarction, pulmonary emboli, skeletal muscle trauma, alcoholic cirrhosis, viral hepatitis, and drug-induced hepatitis.

Alanine aminotransferase is present in high activity in liver, skeletal muscle, heart, and kidney. Serum ALT increases rapidly in liver cell necrosis, hepatitis, hepatic cirrhosis, liver tumors, obstructive jaundice, Reye's syndrome, extensive trauma to skeletal muscle, myositis, myocarditis, and myocardial infarction.

Alkaline phosphatase is present mainly in bone, liver, kidney, intestine, placenta, and lung. Serum alkaline phosphatase may be elevated in increased bone metabolism, for example, in adolescents and during the healing of a fracture; primary and secondary hyperparathyroidism; Paget's disease of bone; carcinoma metastatic to bone; osteogenic sarcoma; and Hodgkin's disease if bones are invaded. Hepatobiliary diseases involving cholestasis, inflammation, or cirrhosis increase alkaline phosphatase activity; alkaline phosphatase activity may be increased in renal infarction and failure and in the complications of pregnancy. Low alkaline phosphatase activity may occasionally be seen in hypothyroidism.

Serum proteins transport drugs and metabolites and maintain plasma osmotic pressure. Most serum proteins are synthesized in the liver, with the exception of gamma globulins. One of the most important serum proteins produced in the liver is albumin. Total serum protein concentration can be used for evaluation of nutritional status. Causes of high total serum protein concentration, Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia, multiple myeloma, hyperglobulinemia, granulomatous diseases, and some tropical diseases. Total protein concentration is occasionally increased in collagen diseases, lupus erythematosus, and other instances of chronic infection or inflammation. Causes of low total serum protein concentration include pregnancy, excessive intravenous fluid administration, cirrhosis or other liver diseases, chronic alcoholism, heart failure, nephrotic syndrome, glomerulonephritis, neoplasia, protein-losing enteropathies, malabsorption, and severe malnutrition.

End Of Report

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	DEP	ARTMENT O	F LABO	RATORY SERVICI	ES	
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UHIDNo/IPNO	400216251			CollectionDate	23/09/2024 10:19AM	
Age/Gender	35 Years/Male			Receiving Date	23/09/2024 11:56AM	
Bed No/Ward	OPD			Report Date	23/09/2024 3:00PM	
Referred By	PHC Department			Report Status Sample Quality	Final	
Test Name		Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method	Sample
			inical Path el Full Bod	ology y Annual Plus		
*URINE ROUTINE	EXAMINATION			<i>j</i> - initial - 145		Urine
Physical Examin	ation					
Volume		20	mL		Physical Examina	tion
Colour		Yellow		Pale Yellow	Physical Examina	
Appearence:		Clear			Physical Examina	tion
Chemical Exami	nation:					
рН		5.0		4.6 - 8.0	Indicator Test	
Specific Gravity		1.025		1.000 - 1.035	Ion Exchange	
Protein		Nil			Protein Error of In Sulphosalicylic Ac	
Glucose		Nil			Glucose Oxidase Benedict's Metho	
Ketone		Nil			Nitroprusside Rea Method	action / Rothera's
Bilirubin		Absent			Diazonium Metho Method	d/ Fouchet's
Urobilinogen		Normal			Ehrlich's Reactior	/ Ehrlich's Reagent
Nitrite:		Negative		Negative	Diazotization Rea	ction
Blood :		Nil			Peroxidase React	tion
Microscopic Exa	amination:					
Casts		Nil		Nil	Microscopy	
Epithelial cells		0-2	/HPF	0 - 1	Microscopy	
Pus Cells		0-2	/HPF	0 - 5	Microscopy	
RBC		0-2	/HPF	0 - 2	Microscopy	
Crystals		Amorphous		Nil	Microscopy	

Note-: This report has been issued by Department of Lab Services, North East Health Care Pvt Ltd .

W

Dr. Kriti Ganguly MD,Microbiology,Consultant(Lab Services) DMC Regd No: 63478

L-Low H-High CH -Critical High CL - Critical Low

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Bed No/Ward	OPD	Report Date	23/09/2024 3:00PM
Referred By	PHC Department	Report Status Sample Quality	Final

Interpretation:-

Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic, urological, kidney and liver disorders. **Protein:** Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urinary tract infections and acute illness with fever. Protein reported in urine as Negative(<15 mg/dl), 1+(>=30 mg/dl), 2+(>=100 mg/dl) & 3+(>=500 mg/dl).

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine. Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications. Glucose reported in urine as Negative (<25 mg/dl), 1+(>=50 mg/dl), 2+(>=100 mg/dl), 3+(>=300 mg/dl), 4+(>=1000 mg/dl).

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine. Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or hemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys. Most common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high.Positive nitrite test suggestive of 105 or more organism in 1 ml of urine specimen.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/ alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decreased specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetis insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in cases of hemolytic anemia.

End Of Report

Note-: This report has been issued by Department of Lab Services, North East Health Care Pvt Ltd .

Dr. Kriti Ganguly MD,Microbiology,Consultant(Lab Services) DMC Regd No: 63478





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DEF	PARTMENT	OF LABC	RATORY SERVIC	ES	
Mr. PRATEEK JAIN			Lab No/ManualNo	4110128/	
400216251			CollectionDate	23/09/2024 10:19AM	
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OPD			Report Date	23/09/2024 1:25PM	
PHC Department			Report Status Sample Quality	Final	
	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method	Sample
	MediW				
SEDIMENTATION RATE	<u>(ESR)</u>				EDTA Blood
	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN 400216251 35 Years/Male OPD PHC Department	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN 400216251 35 Years/Male OPD PHC Department Result	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN 400216251 35 Years/Male OPD PHC Department Result Unit Haematole MediWheel Full Bod	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN Lab No/ManualNo 400216251 CollectionDate 35 Years/Male Receiving Date OPD Report Date PHC Department Report Status Sample Quality Image: Comparison of the system of the sy	400216251CollectionDate23/09/2024 10:19AM35 Years/MaleReceiving Date23/09/2024 11:29AMOPDReport Date23/09/2024 11:25PMPHC DepartmentReport Status Sample QualityFinalVertexMethodHaematologyMethod

mm/hr

0 - 15

Interpretation:-

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post-partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT(CBC) EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

Haemoglobin	14.5	g/dL	13.5 - 18.0	Spectrophotometry (Cyanide free method)
Hematocrit/PCV	43.3	%	42.0 - 52.0	Derived from RBC pulse hieght detection
RBC COUNT	4.71	10^6/µL	4.70 - 6.00	Electrical Impedance
MCV	92.0	fl	78.0 - 100.0	Calculated
МСН	30.7	pg	27.0 - 31.0	Calculated
MCHC	33.4	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	12.6	%	11.5 - 14.0	Calculated
Platelet count	230	10^3/µL	150 - 450	Electrical Impedance
Total Leucocyte Count (TLC)	6.66	10^3/µL	4.00 - 10.50	Double Hydrodynamic Sequential System

Differential Leucocyte Count

Note-: This report has been issued by Department of Lab Services, North East Health Care Pvt Ltd .

lutan

Modified westergren

Method

Dr. Nutan Sood MD (Pathology) Senior Consultant, Laboratory Services, Regd No: HN 012481

(DHSS)

Printed at 24/09/2024 09:08



L-Low H-High CH -Critical High CL - Critical Low

Prepared By MAH002618 North East Health Care Pvt Ltd

Registered Address: Pratiksha Hospital, Borbari, VIP Road, Guwahati 781 036, Assam, India Correspondence Address: Marengo Asia Hospitals, Golf Course Ext. Road, Sushant Lok-2, Sector 56, Gurugram, Haryana - 12201

EDTA Blood







4110128/ Lab No/ManualNo Patient Mr. PRATEEK JAIN UHIDNo/IPNO CollectionDate 400216251 23/09/2024 10:19AM Age/Gender 35 Years/Male **Receiving Date** 23/09/2024 11:29AM **Bed No/Ward** OPD **Report Date** 23/09/2024 1:25PM PHC Department **Report Status** Final **Referred By** Sample Quality % 40 - 80 Flow Cytometry 61.4 Neutrophils Lymphocytes 32 % 20 - 40 Flow Cytometry Monocytes 5.3 % 2 - 10 Flow Cytometry Flow Cytometry 1.2 % 1 - 6 Eosinophils Basophils 0.1 % 0 - 1 Flow Cytometry **Absolute Leucocyte Count** Absolute Neutrophil Count 4.09 10^3/µL 1.50 - 6.60 Calculated Calculated 2.13 10^3/µL 1.50 - 3.50 Absolute Lymphocyte Count Calculated Absolute Monocyte Count 0.35 10^3/µL 0.00 - 1.00 Calculated Absolute Eosinophil Count 0.08 10^3/µL 0.00 - 0.70 0.01 10^3/µL Calculated Absolute Basophil Count 0.00 - 1.00

DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY SERVICES

End Of Report

Note-: This report has been issued by Department of Lab Services, North East Health Care Pvt Ltd .

Nutan

Dr. Nutan Sood MD (Pathology) Senior Consultant,Laboratory Services, Regd No: HN 012481

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Page: 14 Of 15

L-Low H-High CH -Critical High CL - Critical Low Prepared By MAH002618









Test Name		Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method	Sample
,				Sample Quality		
Referred By	PHC Department			Report Status	Final	
Bed No/Ward	OPD			Report Date	23/09/2024 2:15PM	
Age/Gender	35 Years/Male			Receiving Date	23/09/2024 11:29AM	l
UHIDNo/IPNO	400216251			CollectionDate	23/09/2024 10:19AM	l
Patient	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN		Lab No/ManualNo		4110128/	

***BLOOD GROUPING**

ABO GROUP 'B' RH Type POSITIVE

Interpretation:-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

End Of Report

Note-: This report has been issued by Department of Lab Services, North East Health Care Pvt Ltd .

North East Health Care Pvt Ltd

Nutan

Tube Agglutination Method

Dr. Nutan Sood MD (Pathology) Senior Consultant,Laboratory Services, Regd No: HN 012481

L-Low H-High CH -Critical High CL - Critical Low Prepared By MAH002618

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EDTA Blood

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ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY REPORT

Name	:	Mr. PRATEEK JAIN	UHID	: ,400216251
Age/Sex	:	35 Years / Male	UNID	.,1002.02
Referring Physician	۱:	SELF	Dete	: 23/09/2024
Indication	:	R/o CAD	Date	. 20/00/202 :

M-Mode/2-D Description:

Doppin	<u>Pulmonary valve</u>		Aortic valve			
1 20		95	Max velocity	98		
Max velocity		90	Mean Velocity			
	TIME TO-CO	Chac clou Yesenti	Max PG			
	C BOOMS	TH BILD WITH BOTTH	Mean PG			
	NA:4r	al valve	Tricuspid valve			
		Max PG =	Max Velocity	51		
E	80	Max PG -	TAPSE (> 1.5)	~		
A	66	Max Velocity =	E/E' (< 6)			
DT		Mean PG =	E/E (< 0)			
E/E		Mean Velocity =	1 m.			

Regurgitation

eguigitation		TR		
MF		Severity	Trace	
Severity	Trace	PASP	23 mmHg	
Max Velocity		FASI	PR	
AR		Severity	Nil	
Severity	Nil	Geventy	Unical Direct.	

Measurements (mm):

	Obse	rved Va	ues		Normal Values	
Aortic root diameter		32 mm			36 (22mm/M ²)	-
Aortic Valve Opening	,	mn		15- 19-		-
Left Atrium size		34 mn	n End	1	Normal Values	-
	Dia	stole	Systo		(ED= 37-56)	
Left Ventricle size	42	mm	21 11		(ED= 6-12)	
Interventricular Septun	n 11	mm			(ED= 5-10)	Sector Sector
Posterior Wall Thickne	SS 10		00%		55%-80%	
LV Ejection Fraction (%	0)	00.	0070			H-2019-0

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PRATEEK JAIN,400216251

Final Interpretation:-

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Study done at HR of ~68 bpm

- I No LV Regional wall motion abnormality, LVEF ~ 55%
- I Normal RV systolic function.
- I Normal Cardiac chamber dimensions.
- I Trace MR, No MS, No AS/AR.
- Trace TR with (RVSP~23 mmHg), No PS/PR.
- I Normal mitral inflow pattern.
- No intra-cardiac clot/ Vegetation / Pericardial effusion seen.
- IVC normal in size with normal respiratory variation (RAP ~ 3 mmHg).

Dr. Anshul Goyal MD, Medicine Attending consultant- Cardiology Dr. Yogendra Singh Rajput MBBS, MD, DM FSCAI Interventional Cardiologist Associate Clinical Director-Cardiology



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Name Mx Pxgteek Jain				Date	23-09-24		
Age/Gender	35 481		UHID	400216251			
Presenting Com	plaints:		K/c	of ten	D	ands dim	
Past History: DI	VITHITCAD				, sun ge	Near the	
OP: Right Eye:	mmHg	Left Eye:	mmHg	POG RE:	4	3	
с о с		r		LE:			
Spectacles	Sphere	Cylinder	Axis	Vision	Near add	Vision	
Right Eye				Ph+			
Left Eye				PLP			
Clinical Feature	s:	TO	be e	sheld	1 dur	bory Epu	les(Non
Diagnosis:	0				8		
Advice:	5,0	s dula	ntel	retual	esic		
				retual Ors foto			
			e lo	mb Oct	60		
					l		
8							

Dr Shibal Bhartiya

Clinical Director, Ophthalmology | Program Director, Community Outreach & Wellness HN-15650



For Appointments: 8882638735 | For Clinical queries: +91 9818700269 | www.drshibalbhartiya.com Registered Address: Plot No 67/1, Opposite Panchamrut Bunglows, Near Shukan Mall, OFF Science City Road,



Patient ID :	400216251		
		Paient Name :	Prateek Jain
Age :	025 YRS	Sex :	M
Ref Physician :		Modality/Study :	US
Study Date :	23-Sep-2024	Reported Date :	
Study :		heported bate .	23-Sep-2024

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER is enlarged in size (17.3 cm) and shows diffusely increased echotexture. No evidence of any focal lesion or IHBR dilation is present. Portal vein and CBD are not dilated.

GALL BLADDER is partially distended and lumen is echofree. Wall thickness is normal. No pericholecystic fluid is seen.

SPLEEN is normal in size (11.9 cm) and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

PANCREAS is normal in size and echotexture. Peripancreatic fat planes are clear.

RIGHT KIDNEY: is normal in size (10.3 x 4.1 cm) and position and outline corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. There is no evidence of any focal lesion / calculus / backpressure changes.

LEFT KIDNEY: is normal in size (10.6 x 4.8 cm) and position and outline corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. There is no evidence of any focal lesion / calculus / backpressure changes.

URINARY BLADDER is partially distended and visualized lumen is echofree.

PROSTATE is normal in size and. It has normal echotexture and there is no evidence of focal lesion.

No free fluid is seen in the abdomen

IMPRESSION:

Hepatomegaly with grade II fatty liver.

Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Řushil Jain Consultant Dept. of Radiology ^{MT-A}



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