



CID : 2409016953
Name : MR.SATVINDER SINGH
Age / Gender : 58 Years / Male
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Malad West (Main Centre)

Collected : 30-Mar-2024 / 09:41
Reported : 30-Mar-2024 / 13:56

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO

CBC (Complete Blood Count), Blood

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
<u>RBC PARAMETERS</u>			
Haemoglobin	14.4	13.0-17.0 g/dL	Spectrophotometric
RBC	6.10	4.5-5.5 mil/cmm	Elect. Impedance
PCV	44.2	40-50 %	Calculated
MCV	72.4	80-100 fl	Measured
MCH	23.6	27-32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	32.6	31.5-34.5 g/dL	Calculated
RDW	17.7	11.6-14.0 %	Calculated
<u>WBC PARAMETERS</u>			
WBC Total Count	9060	4000-10000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
<u>WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND ABSOLUTE COUNTS</u>			
Lymphocytes	20.4	20-40 %	
Absolute Lymphocytes	1848.2	1000-3000 /cmm	Calculated
Monocytes	6.7	2-10 %	
Absolute Monocytes	607.0	200-1000 /cmm	Calculated
Neutrophils	67.9	40-80 %	
Absolute Neutrophils	6151.7	2000-7000 /cmm	Calculated
Eosinophils	4.0	1-6 %	
Absolute Eosinophils	362.4	20-500 /cmm	Calculated
Basophils	1.0	0.1-2 %	
Absolute Basophils	90.6	20-100 /cmm	Calculated
Immature Leukocytes	-		

WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.

PLATELET PARAMETERS

Platelet Count	313000	150000-400000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
MPV	9.9	6-11 fl	Measured
PDW	23.6	11-18 %	Calculated

RBC MORPHOLOGY

Hypochromia	Mild
Microcytosis	Mild



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Macrocytosis	-
Anisocytosis	Mild
Poikilocytosis	Mild
Polychromasia	-
Target Cells	-
Basophilic Stippling	-
Normoblasts	-
Others	Elliptocytes-occasional
WBC MORPHOLOGY	-
PLATELET MORPHOLOGY	-
COMMENT	-

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR 7 2-20 mm at 1 hr. Sedimentation

Clinical Significance: The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a period of time.

Interpretation:

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

Limitations:

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

Reflex Test: C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

Reference:

- Pack Insert
- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West

*** End Of Report ***



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Dr. JYOT THAKKER
M.D. (PATH), DPB



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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING, Fluoride Plasma	137.8	Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose: 100-125 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl	Hexokinase
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride Plasma PP/R	248.7	Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl Impaired Glucose Tolerance: 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl	Hexokinase
Urine Sugar (Fasting)	Absent	Absent	
Urine Ketones (Fasting)	Absent	Absent	
Urine Sugar (PP)	+++	Absent	
Urine Ketones (PP)	Absent	Absent	

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO
KIDNEY FUNCTION TESTS

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
BLOOD UREA, Serum	18.3	12.8-42.8 mg/dl	Kinetic
BUN, Serum	8.5	6-20 mg/dl	Calculated
CREATININE, Serum	1.11	0.67-1.17 mg/dl	Enzymatic
eGFR, Serum	77	(ml/min/1.73sqm) Normal or High: Above 90 Mild decrease: 60-89 Mild to moderate decrease: 45-59 Moderate to severe decrease: 30-44 Severe decrease: 15-29 Kidney failure: <15	Calculated

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation w.e.f 16-08-2023

TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.3	6.4-8.3 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.3	3.5-5.2 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	3.0	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.4	1 - 2	Calculated
URIC ACID, Serum	3.6	3.5-7.2 mg/dl	Enzymatic
PHOSPHORUS, Serum	2.6	2.7-4.5 mg/dl	Molybdate UV
CALCIUM, Serum	9.1	8.6-10.0 mg/dl	N-BAPTA
SODIUM, Serum	140	135-148 mmol/l	ISE
POTASSIUM, Serum	4.9	3.5-5.3 mmol/l	ISE
CHLORIDE, Serum	101	98-107 mmol/l	ISE

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC	7.8	Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 % Diabetic Level: >= 6.5 %	HPLC
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG), EDTA WB - CC	177.2	mg/dl	Calculated

Note: Variant window (32.4%) detected.
Advice: Hb electrophoresis for confirmation of abnormal hemoglo

Intended use:

- In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year
- In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

Clinical Significance:

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

Test Interpretation:

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

Decreased in: Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

Reflex tests: Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO
PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA)

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
TOTAL PSA, Serum	8.233	<4.0 ng/ml	CLIA

Kindly note change in platform w.e.f. 24-01-2024



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Clinical Significance:

- PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hyper-plastic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- Monitoring patients with a history of prostate cancer as an early indicator of recurrence and response to treatment.
- Prostate cancer screening 4. The percentage of Free PSA (FPSA) in serum is described as being significantly higher in patients with BPH than in patients with prostate cancer. 5. Calculation of % free PSA (ie. FPSA/TPSA x 100), has been suggested as way of improving the differentiation of BPH and Prostate cancer.

Interpretation:

Increased In- Prostate diseases, Cancer, Prostatitis, Benign prostatic hyperplasia, Prostatic ischemia, Acute urinary retention, Manipulations like Prostatic massage, Cystoscopy, Needle biopsy, Transurethral resection, Digital rectal examination, Radiation therapy, Indwelling catheter, Vigorous bicycle exercise, Drugs (e.g., testosterone), Physiologic fluctuations. Also found in small amounts in other cancers (sweat and salivary glands, breast, colon, lung, ovary) and in Skene glands of female urethra and in term placenta, Acute renal failure, Acute myocardial infarction,

Decreased In- Ejaculation within 24-48 hours, Castration, Antiandrogen drugs (e.g., finasteride), Radiation therapy, Prostatectomy, PSA falls 17% in 3 days after lying in hospital, Artfactual (e.g., improper specimen collection; very high PSA levels). Finasteride (5- α -reductase inhibitor) reduces PSA by 50% after 6 months in men without cancer.

Reflex Tests: % FREE PSA , USG Prostate

Limitations:

- tPSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be the cause of erroneous medical interpretations. If there is a change in the tPSA assay procedure used while monitoring therapy, then the tPSA values obtained upon changing over to the new procedure must be confirmed by parallel measurements with both methods. Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massage, indwelling catheterization, ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recommended as they falsely elevate levels.
- Patients who have been regularly exposed to animals or have received immunotherapy or diagnostic procedures utilizing immunoglobulins or immunoglobulin fragments may produce antibodies, e.g. HAMA, that interferes with immunoassays.
- PSA results should be interpreted in light of the total clinical presentation of the patient, including: symptoms, clinical history, data from additional tests, and other appropriate information.
- Serum PSA concentrations should not be interpreted as absolute evidence for the presence or absence of prostate cancer.

Note : The concentration of PSA in a given specimen, determined with assay from different manufacturers, may not be comparable due to differences in assay methods and reagent specificity.

Reference:

- Wallach's Interpretation of diagnostic tests
- Total PSA Pack insert

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab

*** End Of Report ***



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Biochemist



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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO
EXAMINATION OF FAECES

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
<u>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION</u>			
Colour	Brown	Brown	-
Form and Consistency	Semi Solid	Semi Solid	-
Mucus	Absent	Absent	-
Blood	Absent	Absent	-
<u>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</u>			
Reaction (pH)	Acidic (6.5)	-	pH Indicator
Occult Blood	Absent	Absent	Guaiaac
<u>MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION</u>			
Protozoa	Absent	Absent	-
Flagellates	Absent	Absent	-
Ciliates	Absent	Absent	-
Parasites	Absent	Absent	-
Macrophages	Absent	Absent	-
Mucus Strands	Absent	Absent	-
Fat Globules	Absent	Absent	-
RBC/hpf	Absent	Absent	-
WBC/hpf	Absent	Absent	-
Yeast Cells	Occasional	Absent	-
Undigested Particles	Present ++	-	-
Concentration Method (for ova)	No ova detected	Absent	-
Reducing Substances	-	Absent	Benedicts

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**MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO
URINE EXAMINATION REPORT**

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
Color	Yellow	Pale Yellow	-
Reaction (pH)	6.0	4.5 - 8.0	Chemical Indicator
Specific Gravity	1.015	1.001-1.030	Chemical Indicator
Transparency	Slight hazy	Clear	-
Volume (ml)	20	-	-
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
Proteins	1+	Absent	pH Indicator
Glucose	Absent	Absent	GOD-POD
Ketones	Absent	Absent	Legals Test
Blood	Absent	Absent	Peroxidase
Bilirubin	Absent	Absent	Diazonium Salt
Urobilinogen	Normal	Normal	Diazonium Salt
Nitrite	Absent	Absent	Griess Test
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
Leukocytes(Pus cells)/hpf	1-2	0-5/hpf	
Red Blood Cells / hpf	Absent	0-2/hpf	
Epithelial Cells / hpf	0-1		
Casts	Absent	Absent	
Crystals	Absent	Absent	
Amorphous debris	Absent	Absent	
Bacteria / hpf	2-3	Less than 20/hpf	
Others	-		

Interpretation: The concentration values of Chemical analytes corresponding to the grading given in the report are as follows:

- Protein (1+ = 25 mg/dl , 2+ =75 mg/dl , 3+ = 150 mg/dl , 4+ = 500 mg/dl)
- Glucose(1+ = 50 mg/dl , 2+ =100 mg/dl , 3+ =300 mg/dl ,4+ =1000 mg/dl)
- Ketone (1+ =5 mg/dl , 2+ = 15 mg/dl , 3+= 50 mg/dl , 4+ = 150 mg/dl)

Reference: Pack inert

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**MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO
BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING**

PARAMETER	RESULTS
ABO GROUP	B
Rh TYPING	POSITIVE

NOTE: Test performed by automated column agglutination technology (CAT) which is more sensitive than conventional methods.

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

Clinical significance:
ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

Limitations:

- ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

References:

1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
2. AABB technical manual

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO
LIPID PROFILE

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
CHOLESTEROL, Serum	138.3	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-POD
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum	140.2	Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl	GPO-POD
HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	48.8	Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl	Homogeneous enzymatic colorimetric assay
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	89.5	Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl	Calculated
LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	62.0	Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl	Calculated
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	27.5	< /= 30 mg/dl	Calculated
CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	2.8	0-4.5 Ratio	Calculated
LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	1.3	0-3.5 Ratio	Calculated

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO
THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
Free T3, Serum	4.5	3.5-6.5 pmol/L	ECLIA
Free T4, Serum	15.7	11.5-22.7 pmol/L	ECLIA
sensitiveTSH, Serum	1.62	0.35-5.5 microIU/ml	ECLIA



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Interpretation:

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

Clinical Significance:

- 1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto15 microU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological factors can give falsely high TSH.
- 2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuae of non thyroidal illness like severe infections,liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

TSH	FT4 / T4	FT3 / T3	Interpretation
High	Normal	Normal	Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.
High	Low	Low	Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism.
Low	High	High	Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)
Low	Normal	Normal	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.
Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.
High	High	High	Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti epileptics.

Diurnal Variation:TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am , and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests:Anti thyroid Antibodies,USG Thyroid ,TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

Limitations:

1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.
2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

Reference:

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3.Tietz ,Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4.Biological Variation:From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO
LIVER FUNCTION TESTS

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum	0.90	0.1-1.2 mg/dl	Colorimetric
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum	0.29	0-0.3 mg/dl	Diazo
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum	0.61	0.1-1.0 mg/dl	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.3	6.4-8.3 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.3	3.5-5.2 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	3.0	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	1.4	1 - 2	Calculated
SGOT (AST), Serum	24.5	5-40 U/L	NADH (w/o P-5-P)
SGPT (ALT), Serum	23.7	5-45 U/L	NADH (w/o P-5-P)
GAMMA GT, Serum	16.4	3-60 U/L	Enzymatic
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum	134.1	40-130 U/L	Colorimetric

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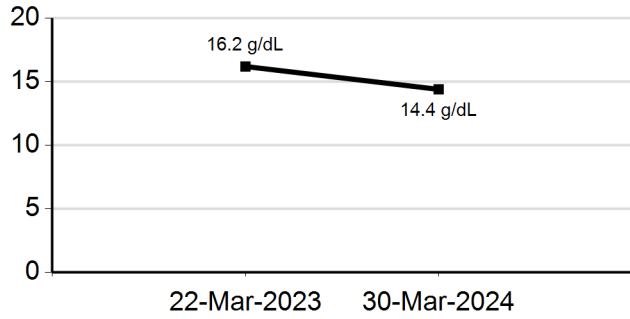
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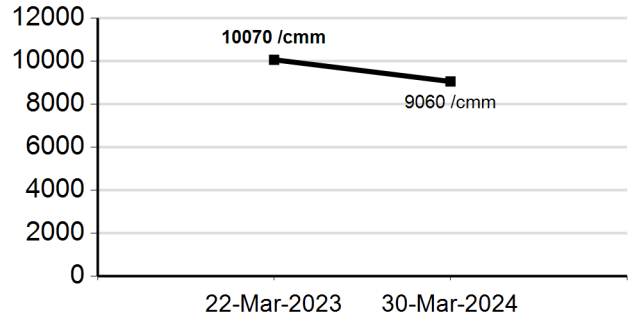
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CID : 2409016953
Name : MR.SATVINDER SINGH
Age / Gender : 58 Years / Male
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Malad West (Main Centre)

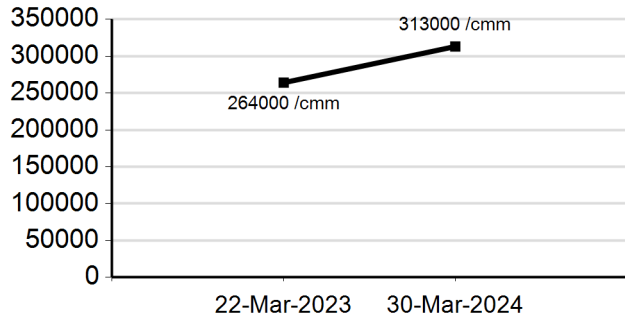
Haemoglobin



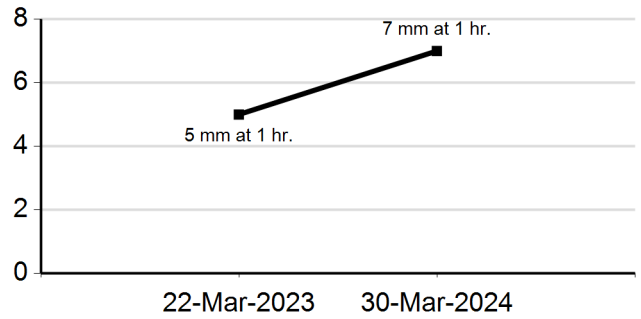
WBC Total Count



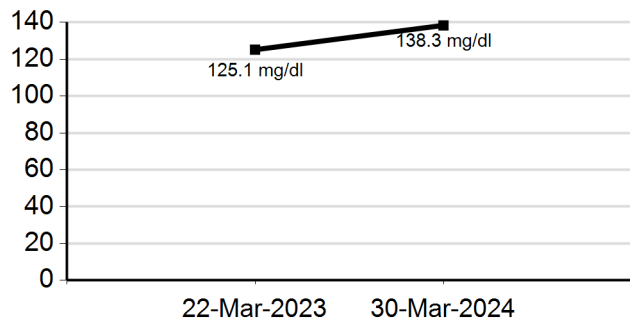
Platelet Count



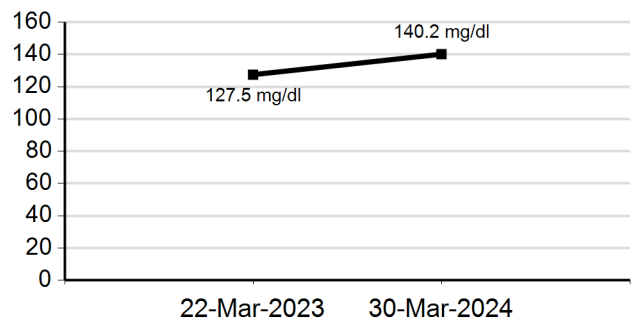
ESR



CHOLESTEROL



TRIGLYCERIDES

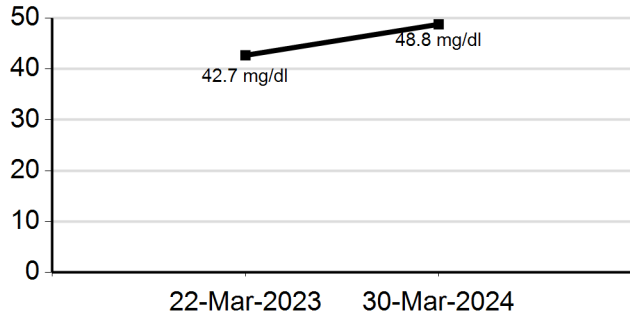




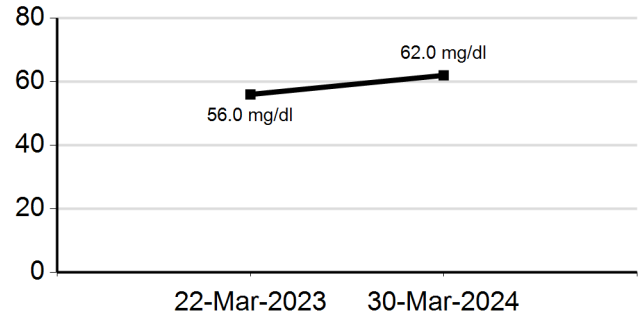
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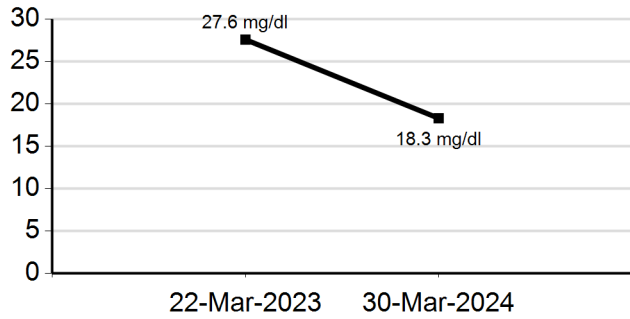
HDL CHOLESTEROL



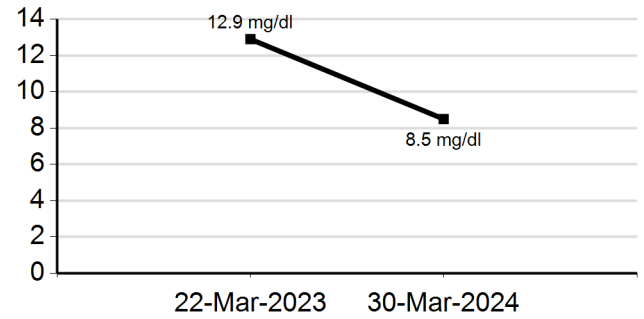
LDL CHOLESTEROL



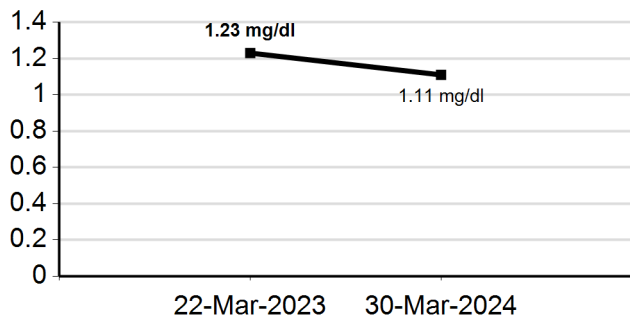
BLOOD UREA



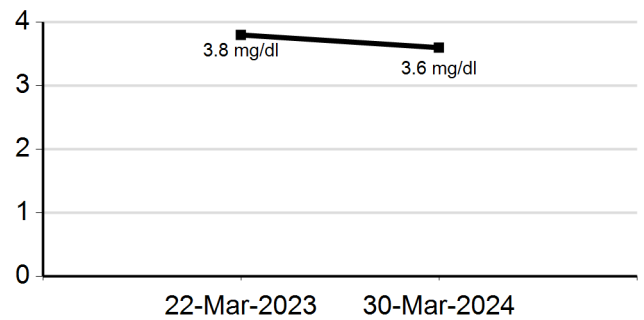
BUN



CREATININE



URIC ACID

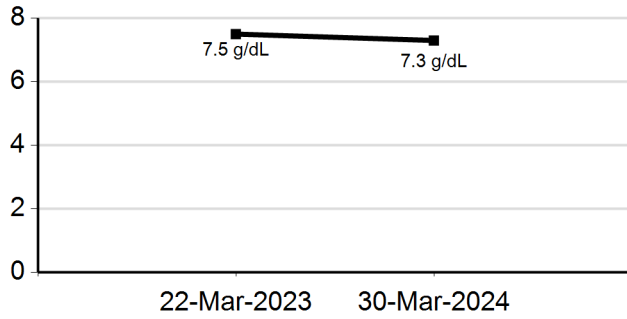




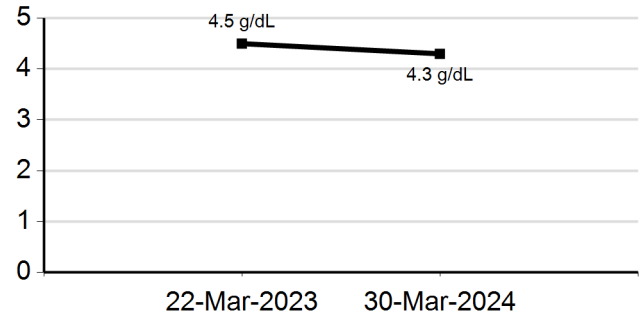
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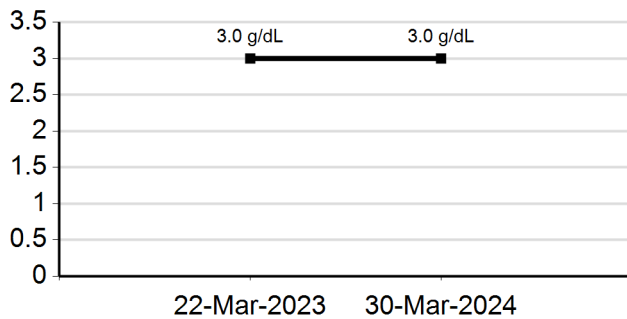
TOTAL PROTEINS



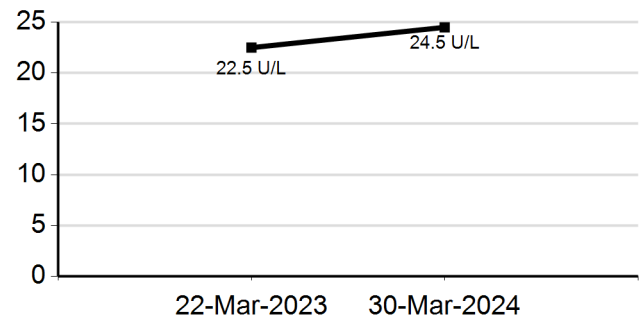
ALBUMIN



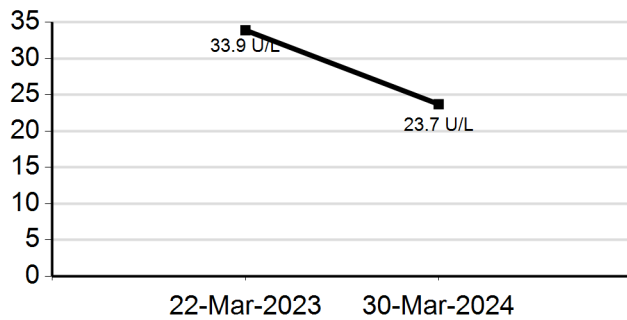
GLOBULIN



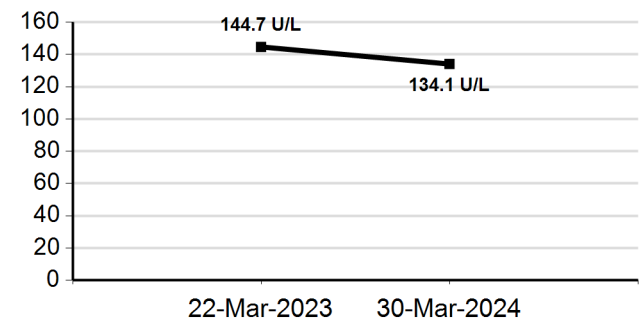
SGOT (AST)



SGPT (ALT)



ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE

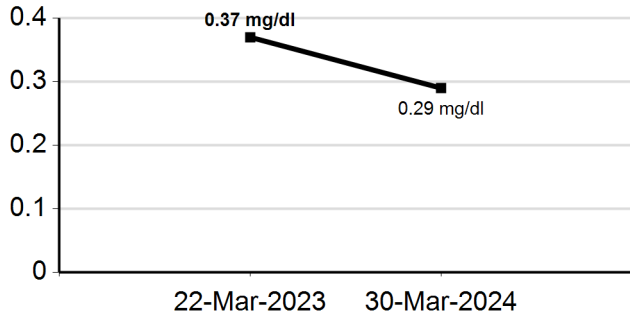




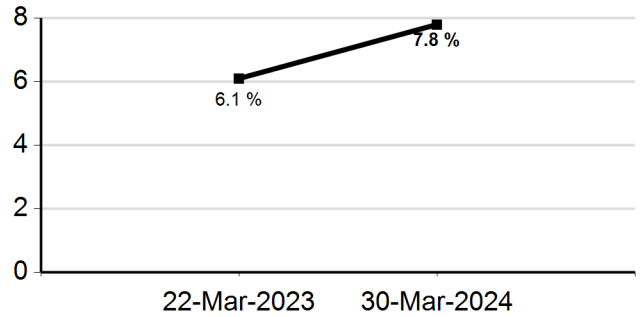
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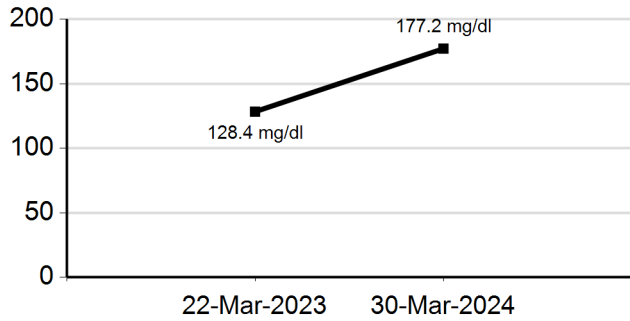
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT)



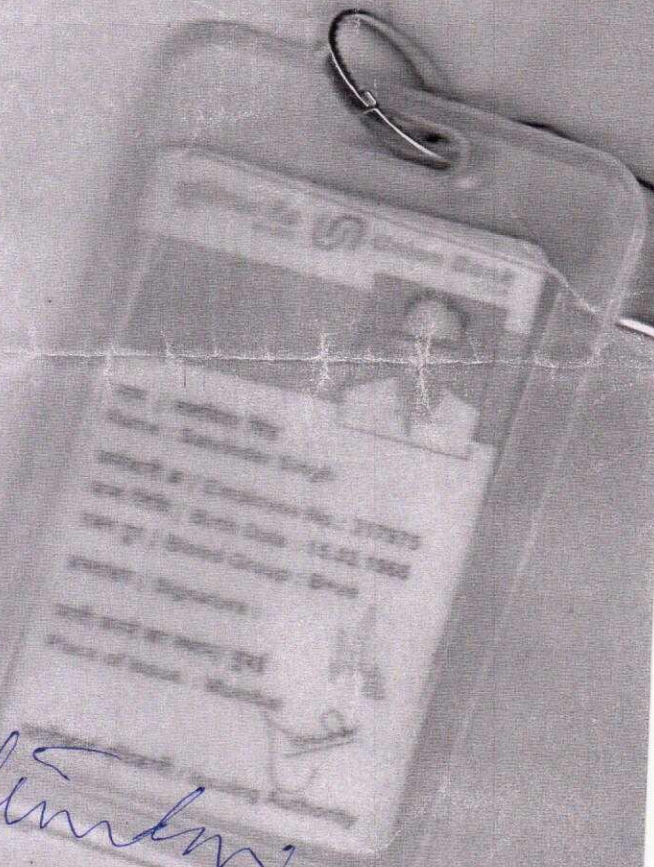
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)



Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)



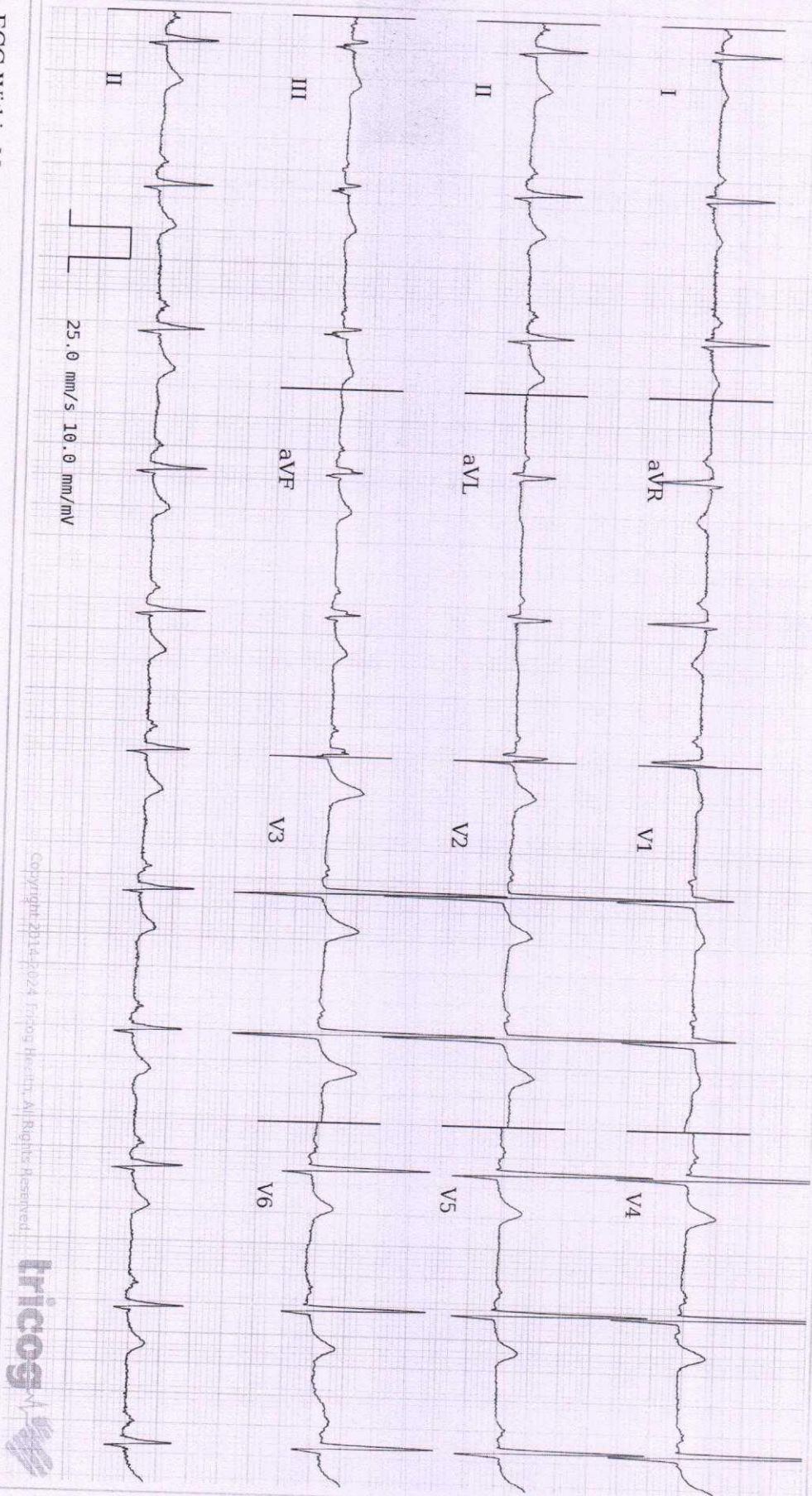
Salim



Patient Name: SATVINDER SINGH
Patient ID: 2409016953

SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS - MALAD WEST

Date and Time: 30th Mar 24 12:53 PM



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Age **58** NA
years months

Gender **Male**

Heart Rate **66bpm**

Patient Vitals

BP: 130/80 mmHg
Weight: 75 kg
Height: 173 cm
Pulse: NA
SpO2: NA
Resp: NA
Others:

Measurements

QRSD: 78ms
QT: 392ms
QTcB: 410ms
PR: 156ms
P-R-T: 37° 22° 66°

ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm. Please correlate clinically.

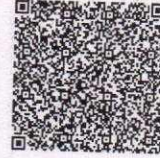
REPORTED BY

[Signature]

DR SONALI HONRAO
MD (General Medicine)
2001/04/1882

Disclaimer: 1) Analysis in this report is based on ECG alone and should be used as an adjunct to clinical history, symptoms, and results of other invasive and non-invasive tests and must be interpreted by a qualified physician. 2) Patient vitals are as entered by the clinician and not derived from the ECG.

Authenticity Check



Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2409016953
Name : Mr SATVINDER SINGH
Age / Sex : 58 Years/Male
Ref. Dr :
Reg. Location : Malad West Main Centre

Reg. Date : 30-Mar-2024
Reported : 30-Mar-2024 / 14:13

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Intact sternal sutures are seen in the mid line.

Both lung fields are clear.

Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.

The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.

The skeleton under review appears normal.

IMPRESSION:

NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.

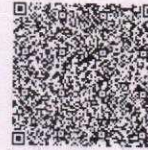
Kindly correlate clinically.

Note: Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. X-ray is known to have inter-observer variations. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests further / follow-up imaging may be needed in some case for confirmation of findings. Please interpret accordingly.

-----End of Report-----

DR. Akash Chhari
MBBS. MD. Radio-Diagnosis Mumbai
MMC REG NO - 2011/08/2862

Click here to view images <http://3.111.232.119/iRISViewer/NeoradViewer?AccessionNo=2024033009081172>



CID : 2409016953
Name : Mr Satvinder Singh
Age / Sex : 58 Years/Male
Ref. Dr :
Reg. Location : Malad West Main Centre

Reg. Date : 30-Mar-2024
Reported : 30-Mar-2024 / 11:16

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER:

The liver is normal in size, shape and smooth margins. It shows normal parenchymal echo pattern. The intra hepatic biliary and portal radical appear normal. No evidence of any intra hepatic cystic or solid lesion seen. The main portal vein and CBD appears normal.

GALL BLADDER:

The gall bladder is physiologically distended and appears normal. No evidence of gall stones or mass lesions seen.

PANCREAS:

The pancreas is well visualised and appears normal. No evidence of solid or cystic mass lesion.

KIDNEYS:

Both the kidneys are normal in size, shape and echotexture.
No evidence of any calculus, hydronephrosis or mass lesion seen.
Right kidney measures 9.4 x 4.1 cm.
Left kidney measures 9.8 x 4.4 cm.

SPLEEN:

The spleen is normal in size and echotexture. No evidence of focal lesion is noted.
There is no evidence of any lymphadenopathy or ascites.

URINARY BLADDER:

The urinary bladder is distended. Mild diffuse wall thickening and mucosal edema noted.
Max. thickness is 5.5 mm.
Prevoid volume - 160 cc, Postvoid residue - 25 cc.

PROSTATE:

The prostate is mild enlarged, it measures 4.7 x 4.4 x 3.7 cm and volume is 41.6 cc. No focal lesion seen.

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Authenticity Check



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Reg. Date : 30-Mar-2024
Reported : 30-Mar-2024 / 11:16

IMPRESSION:

*Mild prostatomegaly (vol. 41.6 cc).
Mild diffuse urinary bladder wall thickening and mucosal edema noted suggest changes of
cystitis.*

Suggestion: Clinicopathological correlation.

Note: Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. USG is known to have inter-observer variations. Further / Follow-up imaging may be needed in some case for confirmation of findings. Patient has been explained in detail about the USG findings including its limitations and need for further imaging if clinically indicated. Please interpret accordingly. All the possible precaution have been taken under covid-19 pandemic.

-----End of Report-----

Dr. Sunil Bhutka
DMRD DNB
MMC REG NO:2011051101

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