Patient Name UHID	Mrs. PRIYANKA 40009829	Lab No Collection Date	4021883 30/01/2024 10:13AM	
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	30/01/2024 10:20AM	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	30/01/2024 3:26PM	
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final	
Mobile No.	6376957679			
BIOCHEMISTRY				

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)				Sample: Fl. Plasma
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)	96.0	mg/dl	74 - 106	
Method: Hexokinase assay.	treatment in diab	etes mellitus and eva	aluation of carbohydrate metaboli	sm in

Interpret ation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP)				Sample: PLASMA
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP)	101.5	mg/dl	Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl	

Method: Hexokinase assay. Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH				Sample: Serum
ТЗ	1.720 H	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
Τ4	10.30	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
TSH	2.10	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



Patient Name	Mrs. PRIYANKA
UHID	40009829
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Female
IP/OP Location	O-OPD
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT
Mobile No.	6376957679

Lab No Collection Date Receiving Date Report Date Report Status 4021883 30/01/2024 10:13AM 30/01/2024 10:20AM 30/01/2024 3:26PM Final

BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in theconcentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater oppositechanges in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)

BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.99	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.77	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.22	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40
SGOT	46.2 H	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT	61.9 H	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.4	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	5.2	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	2.2		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	65.2	U/L	42 - 98
A/G RATIO	2.4	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	28.2	U/L	6.0 - 38.0

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

Patient Name	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Lab No	4021883
UHID	40009829	Collection Date	30/01/2024 10:13AM
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	30/01/2024 10:20AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	30/01/2024 3:26PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	6376957679		

BIOCHEMISTRY

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status. ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	171		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	39.4		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	94.0		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	47	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	234.3		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	4.3	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AlbinayVen

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Lab No	4021883
UHID	40009829	Collection Date	30/01/2024 10:13AM
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	30/01/2024 10:20AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	30/01/2024 3:26PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	6376957679		

BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease.

LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver.

CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation:-High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

UREA 8.00 L mg/dl 16.60 - 48.50 BUN 3.7 L mg/dl 6 - 20 CREATININE 0.42 L mg/dl 0.50 - 0.90 SODIUM 137.6 mmol/L 136 - 145 POTASSIUM 3.95 mmol/L 3.50 - 5.50 CHLORIDE 98 - 107 102.7 mmol/L URIC ACID 3.7 mg/dl 2.6 - 6.0 CALCIUM 9.80 mg/dl 8.60 - 10.30

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

Patient Name	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Lab No	4021883
UHID	40009829	Collection Date	30/01/2024 10:13AM
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	30/01/2024 10:20AM
IP/OP Location	Q-QPD	Report Date	30/01/2024 3:26PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	6376957679		

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume. SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the

kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption. **POTASSIUM** :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting renal failure. High level: Debydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure. **CHLORIDE - SERUM** :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Patient Name Mrs. PRIYANK	A	Lab No	4021883
UHID 40009829		Collection Date	30/01/2024 10:13AM
Age/Gender 31 Yrs/Female		Receiving Date	30/01/2024 10:20AM
IP/OP Location O-OPD		Report Date	30/01/2024 3:26PM
Referred By Dr. EHS CONS	JLTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No. 6376957679			

BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
BLOOD GROUPING	"O" Rh Positive		

BLOOD GROUPING

Note :

Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Lab No	4021883
UHID	40009829	Collection Date	30/01/2024 10:13AM
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	30/01/2024 10:20AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	30/01/2024 3:26PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	6376957679		

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	20	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
РН	7.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.000		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	2-3	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AbunayVana

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Lab No	4021883
UHID	40009829	Collection Date	30/01/2024 10:13AM
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	30/01/2024 10:20AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	30/01/2024 3:26PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	6376957679		

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

BACTERIA	NIL	NIL
OHTERS	NIL	NIL

Methodology:-

Methodology:-Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Lab No	4021883
UHID	40009829	Collection Date	30/01/2024 10:13AM
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	30/01/2024 10:20AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	30/01/2024 3:26PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	6376957679		

HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)			Sa	ample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	12.3	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	38.2	%	36.0 - 46.0	
MCV	84.7	fl	82 - 92	
МСН	27.3	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	32.2	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.51	millions/cu.mm	3.80 - 4.80	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	7.03	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	59.9	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	32.3	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	3.7	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	3.7	%	2 - 10	
BASOPHIL	0.4 L	%	1 - 2	
PLATELET COUNT	1.88	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia,High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WEC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry.Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

20 H

mm/1st hr 0 - 15

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AlerinaryVan

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Lab No Collection Date	4021883 30/01/2024 10:13AM
UHID Age/Gender	40009829 31 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	30/01/2024 10:15AM 30/01/2024 10:20AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	30/01/2024 3:26PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	6376957679		

Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Patient Name	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Lab No	4021883	
UHID	40009829	Collection Date	30/01/2024 10:13AM	
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	30/01/2024 10:20AM	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	30/01/2024 3:26PM	
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final	
Mobile No.	6376957679			
X Ray				

Test NameResultUnitBiological Ref. Range

X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both CP angles are clear.

Both hemi-diaphragms are normal in shape and outlines.

Cardiac shadow is within normal limits.

Visualized bony thorax is unremarkable.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Rundad

Dr. RENU JADIYA MBBS, DNB RADIOLOGIST

Page: 11 Of 11

Referred By Mobile No.	Dr. EHCC Consultant 9773349797	Report S	tatus	Final	MC-2561
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report D	ate	30/01/2024 12:54PM	MC-2561
Age/Gender	31 Yrs/Female	Receiving		30/01/2024 12:13PM	нин
Patient Name UHID	Mrs. PRIYANKA 337146	Lab No Collectio	n Date	616300 30/01/2024 12:09PM	

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HBA1C	5.3	%	< 5.7% Nondiabetic 5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes
			Known Diabetic Patients
			< 7 % Excellent Control
			7 - 8 % Good Control
			> 8 % Poor Control

Method : - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbAlC and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : Dr. SURENDRA SINGH

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH **CONSULTANT & HOD** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY



Dr. ASHISH SHARMA **CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY

	Patient Name	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Lab No	4021883
Prescribed By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT Bed No / Ward OPD Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT Report Status Final Company Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd. Eeport Status Final CYTOLOGY* Mediwheel - Arcofemi Error Satisfactory for evaluation. No. of smears examined Two Satisfactory for evaluation. Adequacy Adequate Seen Inflammation Mild acute inflammation Mild acute inflammation Organisms Not seen Not seen	IHID	40009829	Sample Date	30/01/2024 12:26PM
Referred By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT Report Status Final Company Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd. Final Final CYTOLOGY* CYTOLOGY* Pap smear (Conventional) CYTOLOGY* Two Satisfactory for evaluation. Adequacy Adequate Adequate Endocervical cells Seen Inflammation Organisms Not seen Not seen	ge/Gender	31 Yrs/Female	Report Date	30/01/2024 1:17PM
Company Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd. CYTOLOGY* CYTOLOGY* Type of Specimen Pap smear (Conventional) No. of smears examined Two Satisfactory for evaluation. Satisfactory for evaluation. Adequacy Adequate Endocervical cells Seen Inflammation Mild acute inflammation Organisms Not seen Epithelial cell abnormality Not seen	rescribed By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Bed No / Ward	OPD
Health Care Ltd. CYTOLOGY* Type of Specimen Pap smear (Conventional) No. of smears examined Two Satisfactory for evaluation. Satisfactory for evaluation. Adequacy Adequate Endocervical cells Seen Inflammation Mild acute inflammation Organisms Not seen Epithelial cell abnormality Not seen	eferred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
CYTOLOGY*Pap smear (Conventional)Type of SpecimenTwoNo. of smears examinedTwoSatisfactory for evaluation.Satisfactory for evaluation.AdequacyAdequateEndocervical cellsSeenInflammationMild acute inflammationOrganismsNot seenEpithelial cell abnormalityNot seen	ompany			
Type of SpecimenPap smear (Conventional)No. of smears examinedTwo Satisfactory for evaluation.AdequacyAdequateEndocervical cellsSeenInflammationMild acute inflammationOrganismsNot seenEpithelial cell abnormalityNot seen		С	YTOLOGY	
No. of smears examined Two Satisfactory for evaluation. Adequacy Adequate Endocervical cells Seen Inflammation Mild acute inflammation Organisms Not seen Epithelial cell abnormality Not seen	YTOLOGY*			
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AdequacyAdequateEndocervical cellsSeenInflammationMild acute inflammationOrganismsNot seenEpithelial cell abnormalityNot seen	o. of smears examined		Тwo	
Endocervical cellsSeennflammationMild acute inflammationOrganismsNot seenEpithelial cell abnormalityNot seen			Satisfactory for evaluation.	
nflammationMild acute inflammationOrganismsNot seenEpithelial cell abnormalityNot seen	dequacy		Adequate	
OrganismsNot seenEpithelial cell abnormalityNot seen	ndocervical cells		Seen	
Epithelial cell abnormality Not seen	flammation		Mild acute inflammation	
	rganisms		Not seen	
Others -	pithelial cell abnormality		Not seen	
	thers		-	
Impression Negative for intraepithelial lesion / malignancy.	pression		Negative for intraepithelial le	sion / malignancy.

-----** End Of Report **-----

Ven Abrinary

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA MBBS|MD|INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40009829 (2445)	RISNo./Status :	4021883/
Patient Name :	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Age/Gender :	31 Y/F
Referred By :	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	30/01/2024 9:54AM/ OPSCR23- 24/11983	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	30/01/2024 11:13AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

USG REPORT - ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER:

Is enlarged in size (16.5cm) and shows diffuse increased echotexture.

No obvious focal lesion seen. No intra hepatic biliary radical dilatation seen.

GALL BLADDER:

Partially distended. Visualized lumen is clear.

PANCREAS:

Appears normal in size and shows uniform echo texture. The pancreatic duct is normal. No calcifications are seen.

SPLEEN:

Appears normal in size and it shows uniform echo texture.

RIGHT KIDNEY:

The shape, size and contour of the right kidney appear normal.

Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

LEFT KIDNEY:

The shape, size and contour of the left kidney appear normal.

Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

URINARY BLADDER:

Is normal in contour. No intraluminal echoes are seen. No calculus or diverticulum is seen.

UTERUS:

Uterus measures ~ , 39x51x75mm anteverted. Endometrial thickness measures ~ 12 mm. No focal lesion noted.

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40009829 (2445)	RISNo./Status :	4021883/
Patient Name :	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Age/Gender :	31 Y/F
Referred By :	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	30/01/2024 9:54AM/ OPSCR23- 24/11983	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	30/01/2024 11:13AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

OVARIES:

Both ovaries appear bulky in size and show multiple (more than 12 in number) peripherally arranged sub-centimeter follicles (4 to 6 mm) and increased echogenicity of stroma. No obvious dominant follicle is seen on either side.

Right ovary measures ~ 28x25x29 mm (11cc in volume).

Left ovary measures ~ 26x29x30 mm (9cc in volume).

No focal fluid collections seen.

IMPRESSION:

Mild hepatomegaly with grade-II fatty liver.

Bilateral bulky ovaries with peripherally arranged small follicles as described, giving polycystic ovarian morphology appearance – correlation with hormonal assay is suggested to rule out polycystic ovarian disease.

Rem Jadiys

DR. RENU JADIYA Consultant – Radiology MBBS, DNB

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40009829 (2445)	RISNo./Status :	4021883/
Patient Name :	Mrs. PRIYANKA	Age/Gender :	31 Y/F
Referred By :	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	30/01/2024 9:54AM/ OPSCR23- 24/11983	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	30/01/2024 11:11AM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH CHECKUP

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

Normal							Normal		
IVSD	9.6	6-12mm		LVIDS	25.5	20-40mm			
LVIDD	37.6	32-57mm		LVPWS	16.4	mm			
LVPWD	9.6	6-12mm		AO	31.8	19-37mm			
IVSS	15.4	mm		LA	28.4	19-40mm			
LVEF	60-62	>55%		RA	-	mm			
DOPPLER MEASUREMENTS & CALCULATIONS:									
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)		GRADIENT		REGURGITATION			
					(mmHg)				
MITRAL	NORMAL	Ε	0.92	e'	-	-		NIL	
VALVE		Α	0.53	E/e'	-				
TRICUSPID	NORMAL	E 0.78		-		NIL			
VALVE		A 0.56							
		A 0.56							
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.16			-		NIL		
VALVE									
PULMONARY	NORMAL	0.70				NIL			
VALVE					-				

COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS

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