



# Aakriti Labs

3 Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod  
Tonk Road, Jaipur (Raj.) Ph.: 0141-2710661  
www.aakritilabs.com  
CIN NO.: U85195RJ2004PTC019563



Name : Mrs. AMRITA SINGH  
Age/Gender: 47 Y 7 M 15 D/Female  
Patient ID : 012402090021  
BarcodeNo : 10114315  
Referred By : Self

Registration No: 42768  
Registered : 09/Feb/2024 09:12AM  
Analysed : 09/Feb/2024 03:54PM  
Reported : 09/Feb/2024 03:54PM  
Panel : MEDI WHEEL (ARCOFEMI  
HEALTHCARE LTD)

## DIGITAL X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Soft tissue shadow and bony cages are normal.  
Trachea is central.  
Bilateral lung field and both CP angle are clear.  
Domes of diaphragm are normally placed.  
Transverse diameter of heart appears with normal limits.

**IMPRESSION:- NO OBVIOUS ABNORMALITY DETECTED.**

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

Page 1 of



Dr. Neera Mehta

M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D.

RMCNO.005807/14853



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CIN NO.: U85195RJ2004PTC019563

NAME	MS AMRITA SINGH	AGE	47Y	SEX	FEMALE
REF BY	MEDI WHEEL	DATE	09/02/2024	REG NO	

## ECHOCARDIOGRAM REPORT

WINDOW- POOR/ADEQUATE/GOODVALVE

MITRAL	NORMAL	TRICUSPID	NORMAL
AORTIC	NORMAL	PULMONARY	NORMAL

### 2D/M-MOD

IVSD mm	8.5	IVSS mm	12.2	AORTA mm	21.6
LVID mm	40.6	LVIS mm	24.4	LA mm	28.1
LVPWD mm	8.5	LVPWS mm	14.2	EF%	60%

### CHAMBERS

LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL		

### DOPPLER STUDY MITRAL

PEAK VELOCITY m/s E/A	1.27/0.78	PEAK GRADIANT MmHg	
MEAN VELOCITY m/s		MEAN GRADIANT MmHg	
MVA cm <sup>2</sup> (PLANIMETERY)		MVA cm <sup>2</sup> (PHT)	
MR			

### AORTIC

PEAK VELOCITY m/s	1.23	PEAK GRADIANT MmHg	
MEAN VELOCITY m/s		MEAN GRADIANT MmHg	
AR			

### TRICUSPID

PEAK VELOCITY m/s	0.53	PEAK GRADIANT MmHg	
MEAN VELOCITY m/s		MEAN GRADIANT MmHg	
TR		PASP mmHg	

### PULMONARY

PEAK VELOCITY m/s	0.96	PEAK GRADIANT MmHg	
MEAN VELOCITY m/s		MEAN GRADIANT MmHg	
PR		RVEDP mmHg	

## IMPRESSION

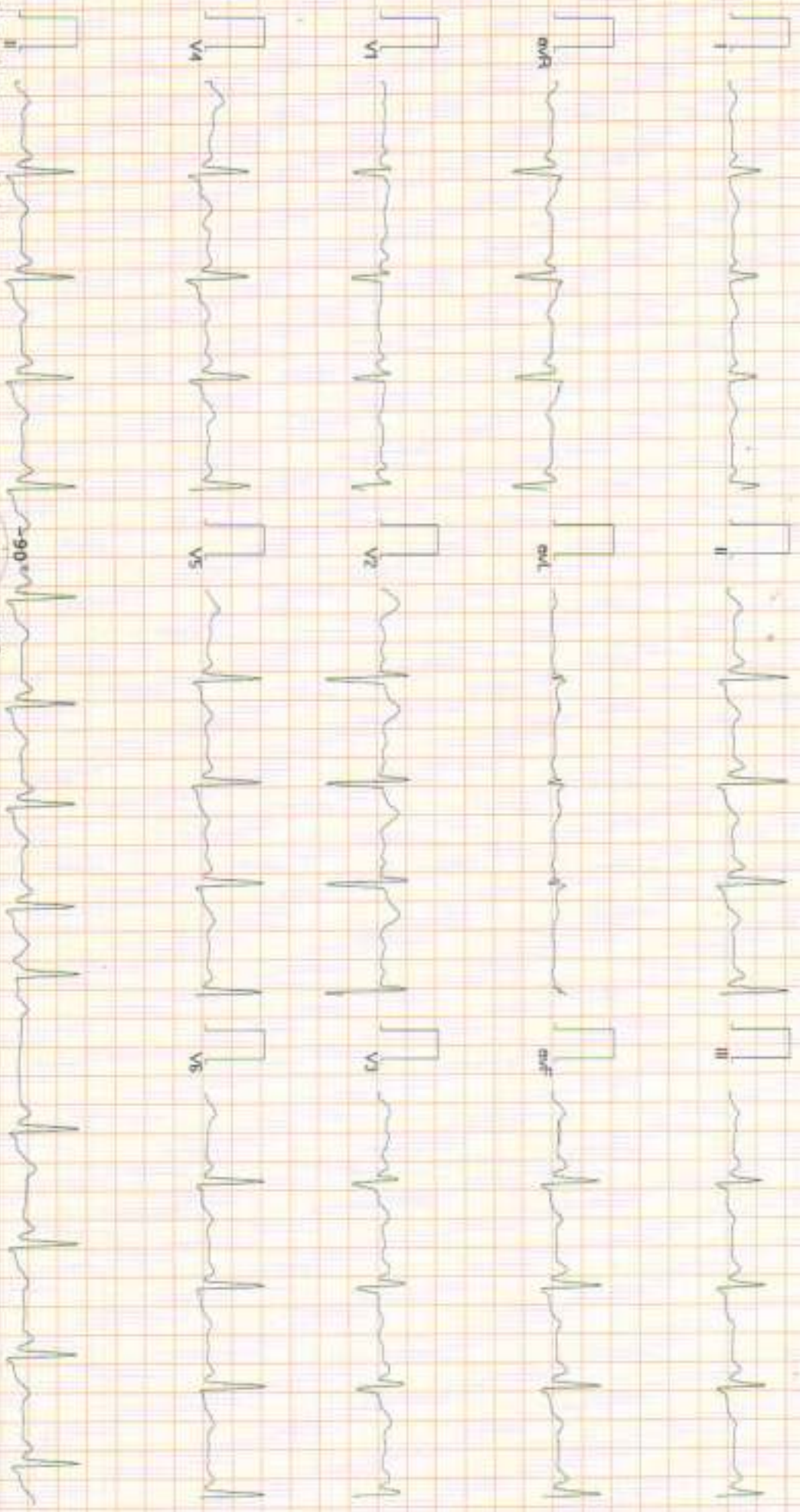
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC & DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- NO RWMA LVEF 60%
- NORMAL RV FUNCTION
- NORMAL CHAMBER DIMENSIONS
- NORMAL VALVULAR ECHO
- INTACT IAS / IVS
- NO THROMBUS, NO VEGETATION, NORMAL PERICARDIUM.
- IVC NORMAL

CONCLUSION : FAIR LV FUNCTION.

  
Cardiologist



71643 / MRS AMRITA SINGH / 47 Yrs / F / Non Smoker  
Heart Rate : 81 bpm / Tested On : 09-Feb-24 10:51:20 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 35 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s  
/ Rehd By: MEDI WHEEL



Vent Rate : 81 bpm  
PR Interval : 124 ms  
QRS Duration: 92 ms  
QT/QTc Int : 372/407 ms  
P-QRS-T axis: 69.00° 54.00° 48.00°



*Handwritten:* T wave axis

Dr. NITIZ GOYAL  
M.B.B.S., M.D.  
RMC-023319

Reported By: DR NITIZ GOYAL



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Patient ID : 012402090021  
BarcodeNo : 10114315  
Referred By : Self

Registration No: 42768  
Registered : 09/Feb/2024 09:12AM  
Analysed : 09/Feb/2024 12:22PM  
Reported : 09/Feb/2024 12:22PM  
Panel : MEDI WHEEL (ARCOFEMI  
HEALTHCARE LTD)

## USG: WHOLE ABDOMEN (Female)


- LIVER** : Is normal in size, shape and echogenecity.  
The IHBR and hepatic radicals are not dilated.  
No evidence of focal echopoor/echorich lesion seen.  
Portal vein diameter and Common bile duct normal in size
- GALL** : Is normal in size, shape and echotexture. Walls are smooth and  
**BLADDER** regular with normal thickness. There is no evidence of cholelithiasis.
- PANCREAS**: Is normal in size, shape and echotexture. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.  
**SPLEEN** : Is normal in size, shape and echogenecity. Spleenic hilum is not dilated.
- KIDNEYS** : Bilateral Kidneys are normal in size, shape and echotexture.  
corticomedullary differentiation is fair and ratio appears normal.  
Pelvi calyceal system is normal. No evidence of hydronephrosis/ nephrolithiasis.
- URINARY** : Bladder walls are smooth, regular and normal thickness.  
**BLADDER** : No evidence of mass or stone in bladder lumen.
- UTERUS** : Uterus is not visualized. H/o Hysterectomy.  
28 x 15 mm size cystic lesion seen in right ovary
- SPECIFIC** : No evidence of retroperitoneal mass or free fluid seen in peritoneal cavity.  
NO evidence of lymphadenopathy or mass lesion in retroperitoneum.  
Visualized bowel loop appear normal. Great vessels appear normal.

**IMPRESSION:** Ultra Sonography findings are suggestive of: **NORMAL STUDY.**

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

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Dr. Neera Mehta  
M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D.

RMCNO.005807/14853

PATIENT NAME: MRS AMRITA SINGH	AGE: 47 Yrs.
REF. by: MEDIWHEEL	DATE: 09/02/2024

## Ultrasonography report: Breast and Axilla

### *Findings:*

#### **Right Breast:-**

Skin, subcutaneous tissue and retroareolar region is normal.

Fibroglandular tissue shows normal architecture and echotexture.

Pre and retromammary regions are unremarkable.

No obvious cyst, mass or architectural distortion visualized.

Axillary lymphnodes are not significantly enlarged and their hilar shadows are preserved.

#### **Left Breast:-**

Skin, subcutaneous tissue and retroareolar region is normal.

Fibroglandular tissue shows normal architecture and echotexture.

Pre and retromammary regions are unremarkable.

No obvious cyst, mass or architectural distortion visualized.

Axillary lymphnodes are not significantly enlarged and their hilar shadows are preserved.

**IMPRESSION: No abnormality detected.**

\*\*\*\*\*



DR NEERA MEHTA  
MBBS, DMRD  
RMCNO.005807/14853



PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH

REF. DOCTOR : SELF

CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066

AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN-  
AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG  
JAIPUR 302017  
9314660100

ACCESSION NO : 0251XB000701

PATIENT ID : FH.11704810

CLIENT PATIENT ID : 012402090021

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 47 Years Female

DRAWN : 09/02/2024 09:12:00

RECEIVED : 09/02/2024 10:37:37

REPORTED : 11/02/2024 15:57:14

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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## HAEMATOLOGY - CBC

## MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

## BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	12.2	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
METHOD : CYANIDE FREE DETERMINATION			
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.12	3.8 - 4.8	mil/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	5.80	4.0 - 10.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
PLATELET COUNT	155	150 - 410	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE			

## RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	38.2	36 - 46	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	93.0	83 - 101	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	29.7	27.0 - 32.0	Pg
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC)	32.1	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	13.7	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MENTZER INDEX	22.6		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	11.5 High	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

## WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

NEUTROPHILS	53	40 - 80	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICROSCOPY			
LYMPHOCYTES	40	20 - 40	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICROSCOPY			
MONOCYTES	03	2 - 10	%

Dr. Akansha Jain  
Consultant Pathologist

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Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.  
C/O Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod, Tonk Road  
Jaipur, 302015  
Rajasthan, India



Patient Ref. No. 275000004358886



PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH

REF. DOCTOR : SELF

CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066

AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN-  
AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG  
JAIPUR, 302017  
9314660100

ACCESSION NO : 0251XB000701

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METHOD : IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICROSCOPY				
EOSINOPHILS		04	1 - 6	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICROSCOPY				
BASOPHILS		00	0 - 2	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICROSCOPY				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT		3.07	2.0 - 7.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT		2.32	1.0 - 3.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT		0.17 Low	0.2 - 1.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT		0.23	0.02 - 0.50	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT		0 Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/ $\mu$ L
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)		1.3		

**Interpretation(s)**

**BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD**-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

**RBC AND PLATELET INDICES**-Mentzer Index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia (>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

**WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT**-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

[Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504  
This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

Dr. Akansha Jain  
Consultant Pathologist

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Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.  
C/O Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod, Tonk Road  
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Rajasthan, India



Patient Ref. No. 775000004358886



<b>PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS</b> : C000049066 AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN- AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR 302017 9314660100	<b>ACCESSION NO</b> : 0251XB000701 <b>PATIENT ID</b> : FH.11704810 <b>CLIENT PATIENT ID</b> : 012402090021 <b>ABHA NO</b> :	<b>AGE/SEX</b> : 47 Years Female <b>DRAWN</b> : 09/02/2024 09:12:00 <b>RECEIVED</b> : 09/02/2024 10:37:37 <b>REPORTED</b> : 11/02/2024 15:57:14	

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### HAEMATOLOGY

#### MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

#### GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C	4.1	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested : > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)	%
ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	71.0	< 116.0	mg/dL

METHOD : HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY (HPLC)  
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
Consultant Pathologist

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<b>AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN-AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG</b>		<b>PATIENT ID : FH.11704610</b>	<b>DRAWN : 09/02/2024 09:12:00</b>
<b>JAIPUR, 302017</b>		<b>CLIENT PATIENT ID : 012402090021</b>	<b>RECEIVED : 09/02/2024 10:37:37</b>
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### MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

#### ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),EDTA BLOOD

E.S.R 09 0 - 20 mm at 1 hr

METHOD : AUTOMATED (PHOTOMETRICAL CAPILLARY STOPPED FLOW KINETIC ANALYSIS)\*

#### Interpretation(s)

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HbA1c), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
2. Diagnosing diabetes.
3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patient's metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to mg/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
3. eAG is calculated as  $eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7$

#### HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
2. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin).
3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addition are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.
4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c) HbF > 25% on alternate platform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy.

#### ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD- TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition. CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

#### TEST INTERPRETATION

**Increase in:** Infections, Vasculitis, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR (>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy ESR in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr (52 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr (95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

**Decreased in:** Polycythemia vera, Sickle cell anemia

#### LIMITATIONS

**False elevated ESR :** Increased fibrinogen, Drugs (vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

**False Decreased :** Polikilocytosis, (Sickle Cells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

#### REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition;
2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin;
3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology" by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.



**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
Consultant Pathologist

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**IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE**

**ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD**

<b>ABO GROUP</b>	TYPE B
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION	
<b>RH TYPE</b>	POSITIVE
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION	

**Interpretation(s)**  
 ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A, B, O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
 Consultant Pathologist



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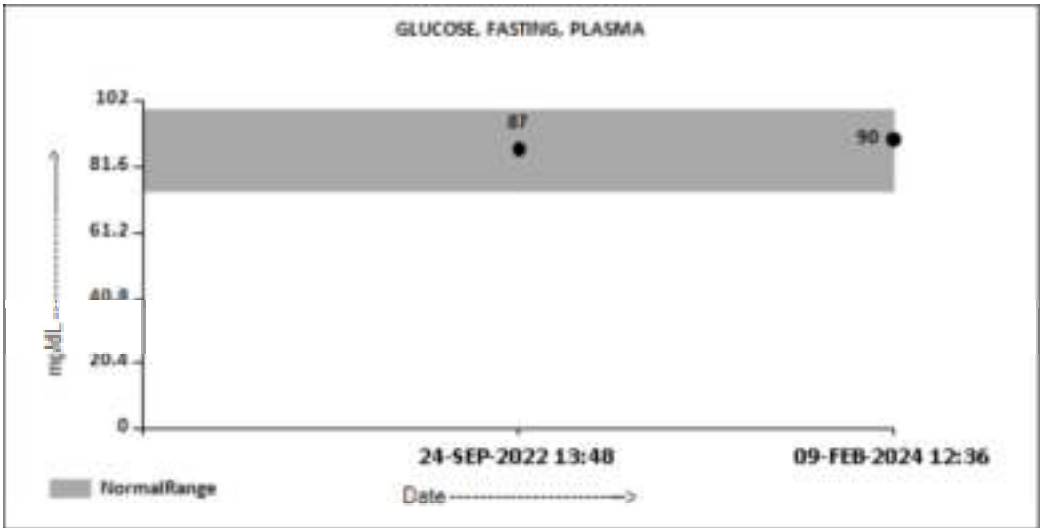
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**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE**

**GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA**

**FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)** 90 74 - 99 mg/dL  
 METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDASE



**GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA**

**PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)** 102 70 - 140 mg/dL  
 METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDASE

*(Signature)*  
**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
 Consultant Pathologist



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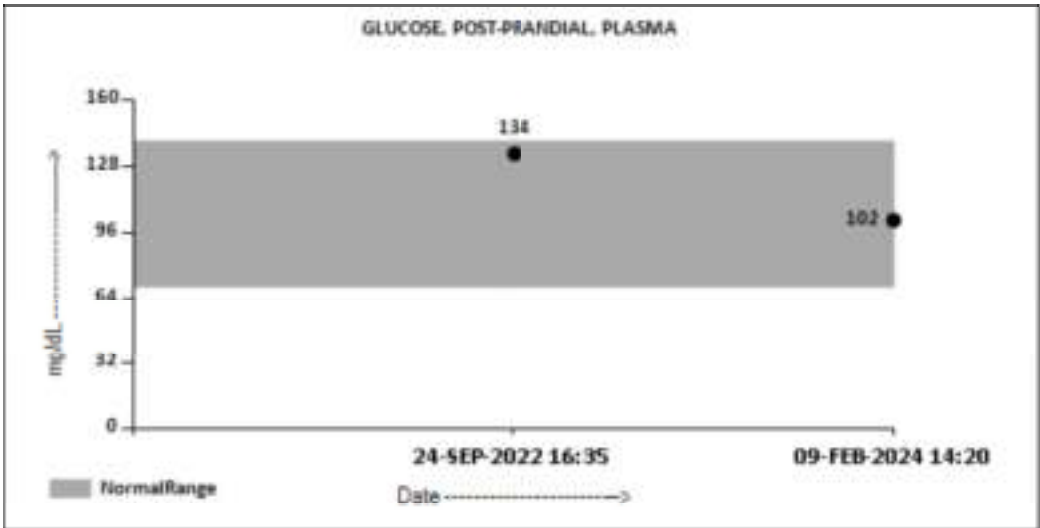
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**LIPID PROFILE WITH CALCULATED LDL**

<b>CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL</b>	128	< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High ≥ 240 High	mg/dL
METHOD : CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE			
<b>TRIGLYCERIDES</b>	75	< 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High ≥ 500 Very High	mg/dL
METHOD : LIPASE/GPO-PAP NO CORRECTION			
<b>HDL CHOLESTEROL</b>	43	< 40 Low ≥ 60 High	mg/dL
METHOD : DIRECT CLEARANCE METHOD			
<b>CHOLESTEROL LDL</b>	70	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near optimal/ above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High ≥ 190 Very High	mg/dL

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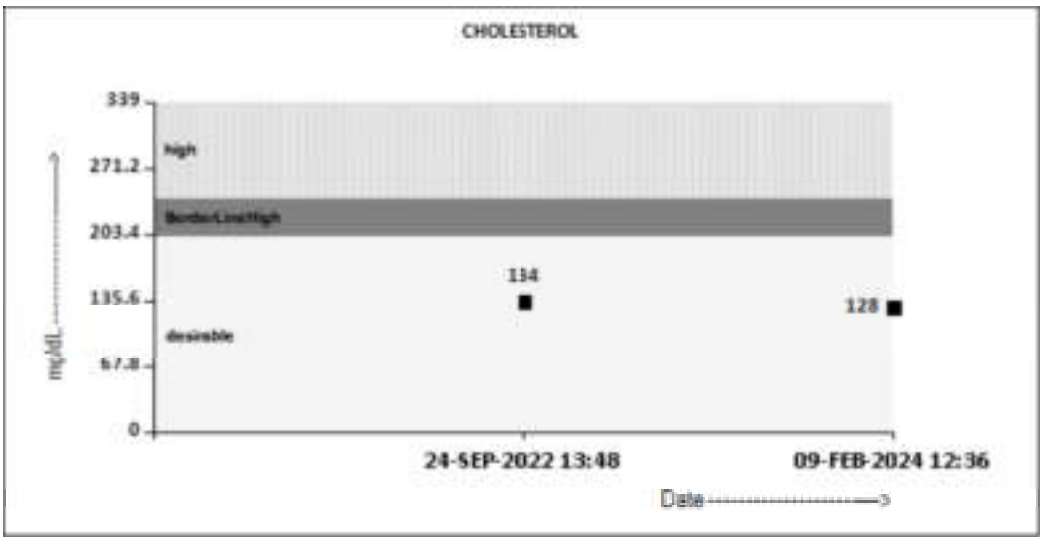


Patient Ref. No. 275000004358886



<b>PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000049066 AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN- AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR, 302017 9314660100		ACCESSION NO : <b>0251XB000701</b> PATIENT ID : FH.11704810 CLIENT PATIENT ID : 012402090021 ABHA NO :	
		AGE/SEX : 47 Years Female DRAWN : 09/02/2024 09:12:00 RECEIVED : 09/02/2024 10:37:37 REPORTED : 11/02/2024 15:57:14	

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL		85	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN CHOL/HDL RATIO		15.0	<= 30.0	mg/dL
LDL/HDL RATIO		3.0 Low	3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	
		1.6	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	



*Akansha Jain*  
**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
 Consultant Pathologist



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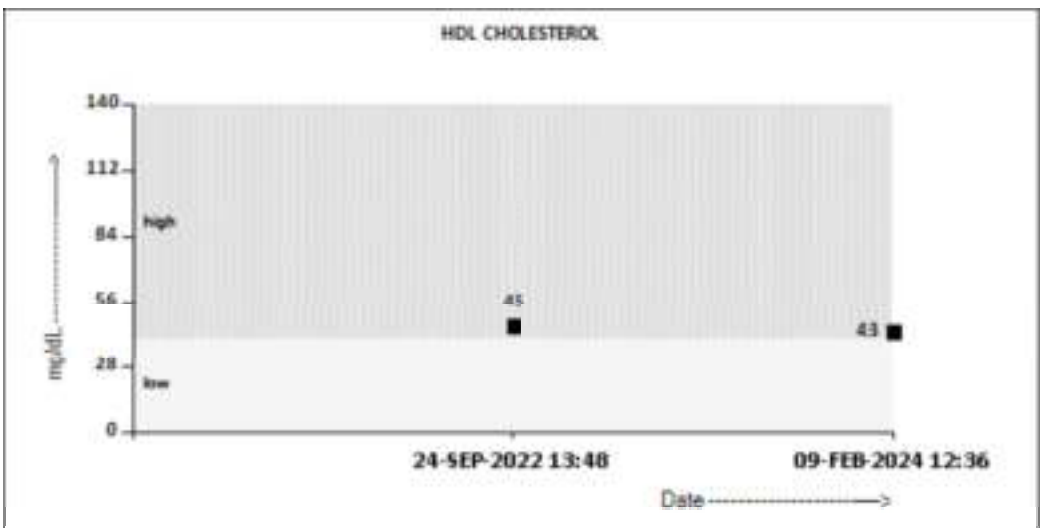
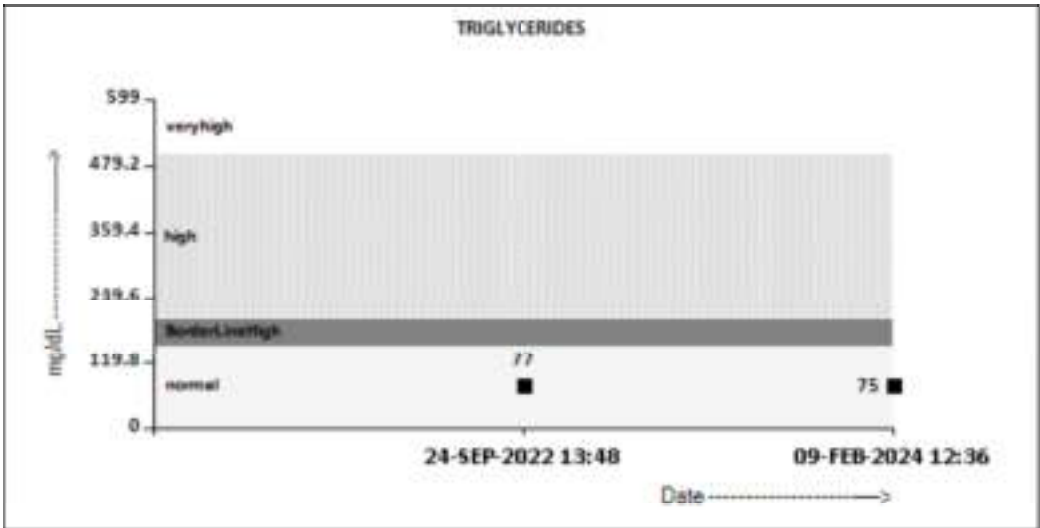
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Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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**Interpretation(s)**

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Rajasthan, India



Patient Ref. No. 775000004358886



<b>PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066</b> AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN-AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR, 302017 9314660100		<b>ACCESSION NO : 0251XB000701</b> <b>PATIENT ID : FH.11704810</b> <b>CLIENT PATIENT ID : 012402090021</b> <b>ABHA NO :</b>	
		<b>AGE/SEX : 47 Years Female</b> <b>DRAWN : 09/02/2024 09:12:00</b> <b>RECEIVED : 09/02/2024 10:37:37</b> <b>REPORTED : 11/02/2024 15:57:14</b>	

<b>Test Report Status</b>	<b>Final</b>	<b>Results</b>	<b>Biological Reference Interval</b>	<b>Units</b>
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Serum lipid profile is measured for cardiovascular risk prediction. Lipid Association of India recommends LDL-C as primary target and Non HDL-C as co-primary treatment target.

**Risk Stratification for ASCVD (Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease) by Lipid Association of India**

Risk Category	
Extreme risk group	A. CAD with > 1 feature of high risk group B. CAD with > 1 feature of Very high risk group or recurrent ACS (within 1 year) despite LDL-C < or = 50 mg/dl or polyvascular disease
Very High Risk	1. Established ASCVD 2. Diabetes with 2 major risk factors or evidence of end organ damage 3. Familial Homozygous Hypercholesterolemia
High Risk	1. Three major ASCVD risk factors. 2. Diabetes with 1 major risk factor or no evidence of end organ damage. 3. CKD stage 3B or 4. 4. LDL >190 mg/dl 5. Extreme of a single risk factor. 6. Coronary Artery Calcium - CAC >300 AU. 7. Lipoprotein a >= 50mg/dl 8. Non stenotic carotid plaque
Moderate Risk	2 major ASCVD risk factors
Low Risk	0-1 major ASCVD risk factors
Major ASCVD (Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease) Risk Factors	
1. Age > or = 45 years in males and > or = 55 years in females	3. Current Cigarette smoking or tobacco use
2. Family history of premature ASCVD	4. High blood pressure
5. Low HDL	

**Newer treatment goals and statin initiation thresholds based on the risk categories proposed by LAI in 2020.**

Risk Group	Treatment Goals		Consider Drug Therapy	
	LDL-C (mg/dl)	Non-HDL (mg/dl)	LDL-C (mg/dl)	Non-HDL (mg/dl)
Extreme Risk Group Category A	<50 (Optional goal < OR = 30 )	< 80 (Optional goal <OR = 60)	>OR = 50	>OR = 80
Extreme Risk Group Category B	<OR = 30	<OR = 60	> 30	>60
Very High Risk	<50	<80	>OR= 50	>OR= 80
High Risk	<70	<100	>OR= 70	>OR= 100
Moderate Risk	<100	<130	>OR= 100	>OR= 130
Low Risk	<100	<130	>OR= 130*	>OR= 160

\*After an adequate non-pharmacological intervention for at least 3 months.

**References:** Management of Dyslipidaemia for the Prevention of Stroke: Clinical Practice Recommendations from the Lipid Association of India. Current Vascular Pharmacology, 2022, 20, 134-155.

**LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM**

<b>BILIRUBIN, TOTAL</b>	0.68	0 - 1	mg/dL
METHOD : DIAZO WITH SULPHANILIC ACID			
<b>BILIRUBIN, DIRECT</b>	<b>0.26 High</b>	0.00 - 0.25	mg/dL
METHOD : DIAZO WITH SULPHANILIC ACID			
<b>BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT</b>	0.42	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
<b>TOTAL PROTEIN</b>	7.8	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET REACTION, END POINT			
<b>ALBUMIN</b>	4.4	3.8 - 4.4	g/dL
METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN			

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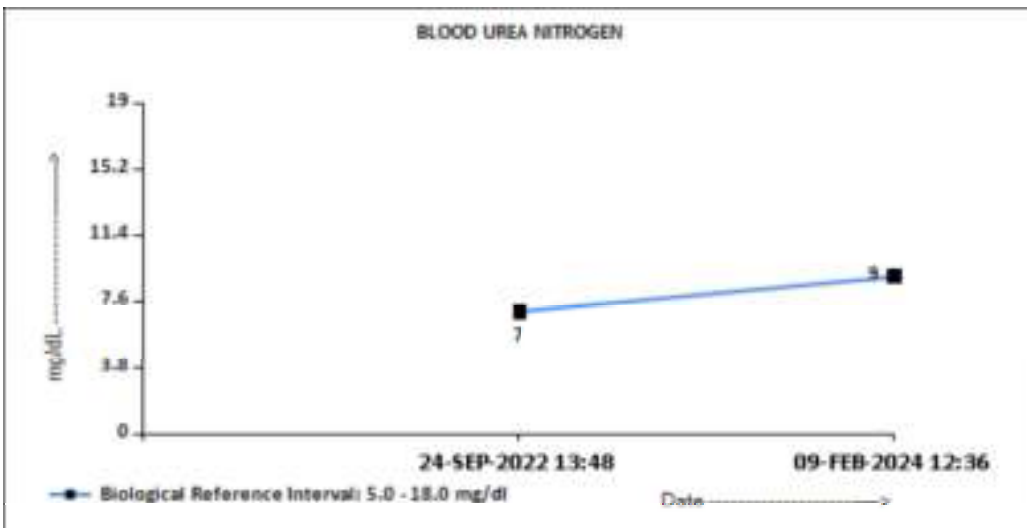


<b>PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066</b>		<b>ACCESSION NO : 0251XB000701</b>	
AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN- AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR, 302017 9314660100		PATIENT ID : FH.11704810	AGE/SEX : 47 Years Female
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GLOBULIN		3.4	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO		1.3	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE(AST/SGOT)		27	0 - 31	U/L
METHOD : TRIS BUFFER NO PSP IFCC / SFBC 37° C				
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)		19	0 - 31	U/L
METHOD : TRIS BUFFER NO PSP IFCC / SFBC 37° C				
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE		<b>142 High</b>	39 - 117	U/L
METHOD : AMP OPTIMISED TO IFCC 37° C				
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)		9	7 - 32	U/L
METHOD : GAMMA GLUTAMYL-3 CARBOXY-4 NITROANILIDE (IFCC) 37° C				
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE		306	230 - 460	U/L

**BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM**

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	9	5.0 - 18.0	mg/dL
METHOD : UREASE KINETIC			



**CREATININE, SERUM**

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HC-5726

**PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH**

**REF. DOCTOR : SELF**

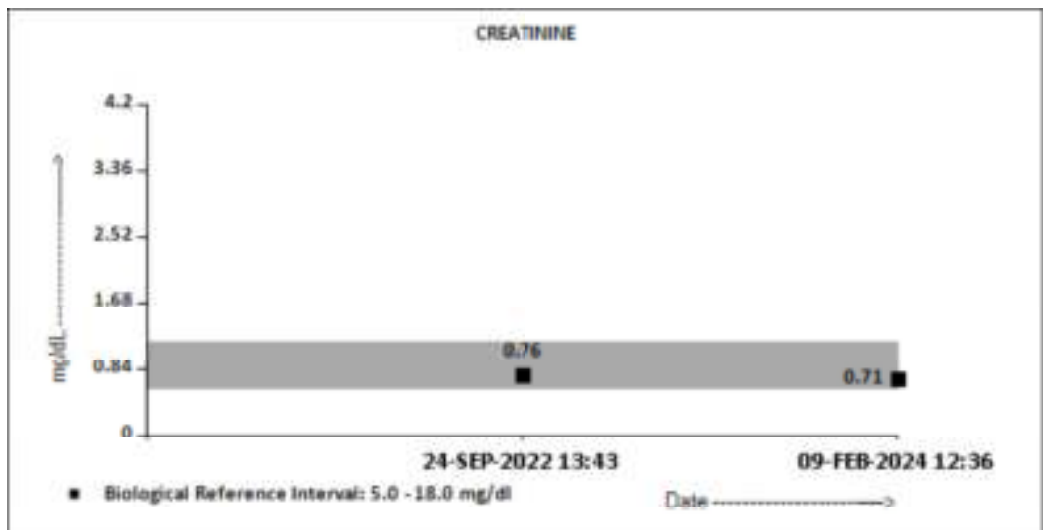
**CODE/NAME & ADDRESS :** C000049066  
 AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN-  
 AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG  
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**CREATININE** 0.71 0.6 - 1.2 mg/dL  
 METHOD : ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION



**BUN/CREAT RATIO**  
 BUN/CREAT RATIO 12.68  
 METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

**URIC ACID, SERUM**  
 URIC ACID 4.1 2.4 - 5.7 mg/dL  
 METHOD : URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE

**TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM**  
 TOTAL PROTEIN 7.8 6.4 - 8.3 g/dL  
 METHOD : BIURET REACTION, END POINT

**ALBUMIN, SERUM**  
 ALBUMIN 4.4 3.8 - 4.4 g/dL

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Patient Ref. No. 2750000004358886



<b>PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066</b>		<b>ACCESSION NO : 0251XB000701</b>	<b>AGE/SEX : 47 Years Female</b>
<b>AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN-AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR, 302017</b>		<b>PATIENT ID : FH.11704810</b>	<b>DRAWN : 09/02/2024 09:12:00</b>
<b>9314660100</b>		<b>CLIENT PATIENT ID : 012402090021</b>	<b>RECEIVED : 09/02/2024 10:37:37</b>
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METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN

**GLOBULIN**

GLOBULIN 3.4 2.0 - 4.1 g/dL

**ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM**

SODIUM, SERUM	141.7	137 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE			
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.67	3.6 - 5.0	mmol/L
METHOD : ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE			
CHLORIDE, SERUM	102.6	98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE			

**Interpretation(s)**

Sodium	Potassium	Chloride
<b>Decreased in:</b> CCF, cirrhosis, vomiting, diarrhea, excessive sweating, salt-losing nephropathy, adrenal insufficiency, nephrotic syndrome, water intoxication, SIADH. Drugs: thiazides, diuretics, ACE inhibitors, chlorpropamide, carbamazepine, anti depressants (SSRI), antipsychotics.	<b>Decreased in:</b> Low potassium intake, prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, RIA types I and II, hyperaldosteronism, Cushing's syndrome, osmotic diuresis (e.g., hyperglycemia), alkalosis, familial periodic paralysis, trauma (transient). Drugs: Adrenergic agents, diuretics.	<b>Decreased in:</b> Vomiting, diarrhea, renal failure combined with salt deprivation, over-treatment with diuretics, chronic respiratory acidosis, diabetic ketoacidosis, excessive sweating, SIADH, salt-losing nephropathy, porphyria, expansion of extracellular fluid volume, adrenal insufficiency, hyperaldosteronism, metabolic alkalosis. Drugs: chronic laxative, corticosteroids, diuretics.
<b>Increased in:</b> Dehydration (excessive sweating, severe vomiting or diarrhea), diabetes mellitus, diabetes insipidus, hyperaldosteronism, inadequate water intake. Drugs: steroids, licorice, oral contraceptives.	<b>Increased in:</b> Massive hemolysis, severe tissue damage, rhabdomyolysis, acidosis, dehydration, renal failure, Addison's disease, RTA type IV, hyperkalemic familial periodic paralysis. Drugs: potassium salts, potassium-sparing diuretics, NSAIDs, beta-blockers, ACE inhibitors, high-dose trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole.	<b>Increased in:</b> Renal failure, nephrotic syndrome, RTA, dehydration, overtreatment with saline, hyperparathyroidism, diabetes insipidus, metabolic acidosis from diarrhea (Loss of HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> ), respiratory alkalosis, hyperadrenocorticism. Drugs: acetazolamide, androgens, hydrochlorothiazide, salicylates.
<b>Interferences:</b> Severe lipemia or hyperproteinemi, if sodium analysis involves a dilution step can cause spurious results. The serum sodium falls about 1.6 mEq/L for each 100 mg/dL increase in blood glucose.	<b>Interferences:</b> Hemolysis of sample, delayed separation of serum, prolonged fist clenching during blood drawing, and prolonged tourniquet placement. Very high WBC/PLT counts may cause spurious. Plasma potassium levels are normal.	<b>Interferences:</b> Test is helpful in assessing normal and increased anion gap metabolic acidosis and in distinguishing hypercalcemia due to hyperparathyroidism (high serum chloride) from that due to malignancy (Normal serum chloride)

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<b>AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN-AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR, 302017</b>		<b>PATIENT ID : FH.11704610</b>	<b>DRAWN : 09/02/2024 09:12:00</b>
<b>9314660100</b>		<b>CLIENT PATIENT ID : 012402090021</b>	<b>RECEIVED : 09/02/2024 10:37:37</b>
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**Interpretation(s)**  
**GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION**  
 Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and so that no glucose is excreted in the urine.  
**Increased in:** Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs: corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.  
**Decreased in:** Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases (e.g. galactosemia), Drugs-insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.  
**NOTE:** While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.  
 High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.  
**GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-** High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c  
**LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-**  
**Bilirubin** is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. **Elevated levels** results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease. Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.  
**AST** is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.  
**ALP** is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatemia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.  
**GGT** is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.  
**Total Protein** also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.  
**Albumin** is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.  
**BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-** Causes of **Increased** levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)  
**Causes of decreased level** include Liver disease, SIADH.  
**CREATININE, SERUM-** Higher than normal level may be due to:  
 • Blockage in the urinary tract, Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow, Loss of body fluid (dehydration), Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers, Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)  
**Lower than normal level may be due to:** Myasthenia Gravis, Muscuophy  
**URIC ACID, SERUM-** Causes of **Increased levels:** Dietary (High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome. Causes of **decreased levels:** Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis  
**TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-** is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.  
**Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:** Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease.  
**Lower-than-normal levels may be due to:** Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.  
**ALBUMIN, SERUM-** Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. **Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:** Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

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<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS</b> : C000049066 AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN- AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR, 302017 9314660100	<b>ACCESSION NO : 0251XB000701</b> <b>PATIENT ID</b> : FH.11704810 <b>CLIENT PATIENT ID</b> : 012402090021 <b>ABHA NO</b> :	<b>AGE/SEX</b> : 47 Years Female <b>DRAWN</b> : 09/02/2024 09:12:00 <b>RECEIVED</b> : 09/02/2024 10:37:37 <b>REPORTED</b> : 11/02/2024 15:57:14	

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**CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40 FEMALE**

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE**

<b>COLOR</b> METHOD : GROSS EXAMINATION	PALE YELLOW
<b>APPEARANCE</b> METHOD : GROSS EXAMINATION	CLEAR

**CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE**

<b>PH</b> METHOD : DOUBLE INDICATOR PRINCIPLE	6.5	4.7 - 7.5
<b>SPECIFIC GRAVITY</b> METHOD : IONIC CONCENTRATION METHOD	1.010	1.003 - 1.035
<b>PROTEIN</b> METHOD : PROTEIN ERROR OF INDICATORS WITH REFLECTANCE	NOT DETECTED	NEGATIVE
<b>GLUCOSE</b> METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDASE PEROXIDASE / BENEDICTS	NOT DETECTED	NEGATIVE
<b>KETONES</b> METHOD : SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE REACTION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
<b>BLOOD</b> METHOD : PEROXIDASE ANTI PEROXIDASE	NOT DETECTED	NEGATIVE
<b>BILIRUBIN</b> METHOD : DIPSTICK	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
<b>UROBILINOGEN</b> METHOD : EHRlich REACTION REFLECTANCE	NORMAL	NORMAL
<b>NITRITE</b> METHOD : NITRATE TO NITRITE CONVERSION METHOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
<b>LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE</b>	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED

**MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE**

<b>RED BLOOD CELLS</b> METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
<b>PUS CELL (WBC'S)</b> METHOD : DIPSTICK, MICROSCOPY	2-3	0-5	/HPF

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C/O Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod, Tonk Road  
Jaipur, 302015  
Rajasthan, India





<b>PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS</b> : C000049066 AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN- AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR, 302017 9314660100	<b>ACCESSION NO</b> : 0251XB000701 <b>PATIENT ID</b> : FH.11704810 <b>CLIENT PATIENT ID</b> : 012402090021 <b>ABHA NO</b> :	<b>AGE/SEX</b> : 47 Years Female <b>DRAWN</b> : 09/02/2024 09:12:00 <b>RECEIVED</b> : 09/02/2024 10:37:37 <b>REPORTED</b> : 11/02/2024 15:57:14	

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
EPITHELIAL CELLS		3-5	0-5	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
CASTS		NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
CRYSTALS		NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
BACTERIA		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
YEAST		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	

**Interpretation(s)**

The following table describes the probable conditions, in which the analytes are present in urine

Presence of	Conditions
Proteins	Inflammation or immune illnesses
Pus (White Blood Cells)	Urinary tract infection, urinary tract or kidney stone, tumors or any kind of kidney impairment
Glucose	Diabetes or kidney disease
Ketones	Diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA), starvation or thirst
Urobilinogen	Liver disease such as hepatitis or cirrhosis
Blood	Renal or genital disorders/trauma
Bilirubin	Liver disease
Erythrocytes	Urological diseases (e.g. kidney and bladder cancer, urolithiasis), urinary tract infection and glomerular diseases
Leukocytes	Urinary tract infection, glomerulonephritis, interstitial nephritis either acute or chronic, polycystic kidney disease, urolithiasis, contamination by genital secretions
Epithelial cells	Urolithiasis, bladder carcinoma or hydronephrosis, ureteric stents or bladder catheters for prolonged periods of time
Granular Casts	Low intratubular pH, high urine osmolality and sodium concentration, interaction with Bence-Jones protein
Hyaline casts	Physical stress, fever, dehydration, acute congestive heart failure, renal diseases

**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
Consultant Pathologist



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Rajasthan, India



Patient Ref. No. 2750000000358986



HC-5726

<b>PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS</b> : C000049066 AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN- AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR, 302017 9314660100	<b>ACCESSION NO</b> : <b>0251XB000701</b>	<b>AGE/SEX</b> : 47 Years Female	<b>DRAWN</b> : 09/02/2024 09:12:00
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	<b>CLIENT PATIENT ID</b> : 012402090021		
	<b>ABHA NO</b> :		

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Calcium oxalate	Metabolic stone disease, primary or secondary hyperoxaluria, intravenous infusion of large doses of vitamin C, the use of vasodilator naftidrofuryl oxalate or the gastrointestinal lipase inhibitor orlistat, ingestion of ethylene glycol or of star fruit (Averrhoa carambola) or its juice
Uric acid	arthritis
Bacteria	Urinary infection when present in significant numbers & with pus cells.
Trichomonas vaginalis	Vaginitis, cervicitis or salpingitis

**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
Consultant Pathologist



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Patient Ref. No. 775000004358886



HC-5726

<b>PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS</b> : C000049066 AGILUS DIAGNOSTICS LIMITED-WEL WALK-IN- AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR 302017 9314660100	<b>ACCESSION NO : 0251XB000701</b> <b>PATIENT ID</b> : FH.11704810 <b>CLIENT PATIENT ID</b> : 012402090021 <b>ABHA NO</b> :	<b>AGE/SEX</b> : 47 Years Female <b>DRAWN</b> : 09/02/2024 09:12:00 <b>RECEIVED</b> : 09/02/2024 10:37:37 <b>REPORTED</b> : 11/02/2024 15:57:14	

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**CYTOLOGY**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40 FEMALE**

**PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR**

TEST METHOD SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED

**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
Consultant Pathologist



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**CLINICAL PATH - STOOL ANALYSIS**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40 FEMALE**

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, STOOL**

**COLOUR** SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED

METHOD : GROSS EXAMINATION

**Dr. Abhishek Sharma**  
Consultant Microbiologist



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**Patient Ref. No. 775000004358886**





PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH

REF. DOCTOR : SELF

CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066

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 AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD, A-430, AGRASEN MARG  
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## SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

## MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40 FEMALE

## THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3	128.10	60.0 - 181.0	ng/dL
METHOD : CHEMILUMINESCENCE			
T4	<b>11.10 High</b>	4.5 - 10.9	µg/dL
METHOD : CHEMILUMINESCENCE			
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	1.163	0.550 - 4.780	µIU/mL
METHOD : CHEMILUMINESCENCE			

## Interpretation(s)

**Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH** are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.

Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level

is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most

of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically

active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3) Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre (3) Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4 replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism

Dr. Akansha Jain  
Consultant Pathologist

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Patient Ref. No. 2750000004358886



PATIENT NAME : AMRITA SINGH

REF. DOCTOR : SELF

CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066

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JAIPUR, 302017  
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ACCESSION NO : 0251XB000701

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6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2. Guidelines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011.  
**NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3, Free T4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4. TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.**

**\*\*End Of Report\*\***Please visit [www.agilusdiagnostics.com](http://www.agilusdiagnostics.com) for related Test Information for this accession**CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING**

1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the AGILUS Directory of Services.
3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
4. A requested test might not be performed if:
  - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
  - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
  - iii. Incorrect specimen type
  - iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form
5. AGILUS Diagnostics confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
9. In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

**Agilus Diagnostics Limited**  
Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII,  
Mohali 160062

**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
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