DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40021255 (38828)	RISNo./Status :	4055264/
Patient Name :	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR	Age/Gender :	35 Y/F
Referred By :	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	03/10/2024 9:04AM/ OPSCR24- 25/22060	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	03/10/2024 11:48AM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: HEALTH PACKAGE

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

Normal Normal								
IVSD	9.5	6-12mm			LVIDS	25.8	20-40mm	
LVIDD	42.2		32-	57mm		LVPWS	14.5	mm
LVPWD	9.5		6-1	2mm		AO	24.9	19-37mm
IVSS	14.5		l	mm		LA	31.7	19-40mm
LVEF	60-62		>	55%		RA	-	mm
	DOPPLEF	R MEA	SUREN	IENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	:	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)		GRADIENT		REGURGITATION		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			(mml	H <u>g)</u>		
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	0.86	e'	-	-		NIL
VALVE		Α	0.59	E/e'	-			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		Е	0.	80	-		NIL
VALVE			A	0	62	-		
		A 0.62						
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.07			-		NIL	
VALVE								
PULMONARY	NORMAL	1.02					NIL	
VALVE						-		

COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS

DR SUPRIY JAIN	DR MEGHRAJ MEENA	DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY)	MBBS, SONOLOGIST	MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE
DIRECTOR & INCHARGE	FICC, CONSULTANT	CONSULTANT & INCHARGE
CARDIOLOGY	PREV. CARDIOLOGY &	EMERGENCY, PREV.
	INCHARGE CCU	CARDIOLOGY(NIC) & WELLNESS CENTER

Patient Name	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR	Lab No	4055264
UHID	40021255	Sample Date	03/10/2024 12:53PM
Age/Gender	35 Yrs/Female	Report Date	03/10/2024 3:11PM
Prescribed By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Bed No / Ward	OPD
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Company	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.		
	C	TOLOGY	
CYTOLOGY*			
Type of Specimen		Pap smear (Conventional)	
No. of smears examined		Two Satisfactory for evaluation.	
Adequacy		Adequate	
Endocervical cells		Seen.	
Inflammation		Mild acute inflammation	
Organisms		Not seen	
Epithelial cell abnormality		Not seen	
Others		-	
Impression		Negative for intraepithelial lesior	n/ malignancy.
Bethesda2014			

-----** End Of Report **-----

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA MBBS|MD|INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Patient Name	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR	Lab No	4055264
UHID	40021255	Collection Date	03/10/2024 9:16AM
Age/Gender	35 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date Report Date	03/10/2024 9:45AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Status	03/10/2024 5:57PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT		Final
Mobile No.	9079432525		

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)				Sample: Fl. Plasma
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)	111.4 H	mg/dl	71 - 109	
Method: Hexokinase assay.				

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP)				Sample: PLASMA
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP)	111.4	mg/dl	Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl	

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH				Sample: Serum
Т3	1.420	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
Τ4	9.45	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
TSH	2.13	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR 40021255
Age/Gender	35 Yrs/Female
IP/OP Location	O-OPD
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT
Mobile No.	9079432525

Lab No Collection Date Receiving Date Report Date Report Status 4055264 03/10/2024 9:16AM 03/10/2024 9:45AM 03/10/2024 5:57PM Final

BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in theconcentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater oppositechanges in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)

BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.84	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.55	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.29	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.30
SGOT	20.7	U/L	0.0 - 32.0
SGPT	24.0	U/L	0.0 - 33.0
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.4	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	4.6	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	2.8		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	73	U/L	35 - 104
A/G RATIO	1.6	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	19.0	U/L	0.0 - 40.0

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

Patient Na UHID	me Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR 40021255	Lab No Collection Date	4055264 03/10/2024 9:16AM
Age/Gende		Receiving Date Report Date	03/10/2024 9:45AM
IP/OP Loca	ation O-OPD	Report Date	03/10/2024 5:57PM
Referred B	By Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No	9079432525		

BIOCHEMISTRY

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GCTP-GAMMA GLUTAWIL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	119.2		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	55.3		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	68.9		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	11	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	56.2		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	2	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR	Lab No	4055264
UHID	40021255	Collection Date	03/10/2024 9:16AM
Age/Gender	35 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date Report Date	03/10/2024 9:45AM
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Mobile No.	9079432525		

BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method. Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL

TRIGLYCERIDES :- Method: GPO-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. **Interpretation:-**High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas. DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction. **CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO** :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

UREA	12.30 L	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	6	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.52	mg/dl	0.50 - 0.90
SODIUM	139	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.50	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	103.7	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	4.6	mg/dl	2.4 - 5.7
CALCIUM	9.18	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.00

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation,drug abuse and increased alcohol consume. SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea,diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure. **CHLORIDE - SERUM** :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced

renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are

usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

Sample: Serum

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR 40021255			Lab No Collection Date	4055264 03/10/2024 9:16AM
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	35 Yrs/Female O-OPD		Receiving Date Report Date		03/10/2024 9:45AM 03/10/2024 5:57PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT			Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9079432525				
			BIOCHEMIST	RY	
HBA1C		6.4	%	< 5.7% 5.7-6.4% > 6.4%	Nondiabetic Pre-diabetic Indicate Diabetes
				Known Dia < 7 % 7 - 8 % > 8 %	abetic Patients Excellent Control Good Control Poor Control

Method : - Turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay (TINIA), Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbAlC and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AllineyVana

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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UHID	40021255	Collection Date	03/10/2024 9:16AM
Age/Gender	35 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	03/10/2024 9:45AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	03/10/2024 5:57PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9079432525		

BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
BLOOD GROUPING	"A" Rh Positive		

BLOOD GROUPING

Note :

Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AllineyVana

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR	Lab No	4055264	
UHID	40021255	Collection Date	03/10/2024 9:16AM	
Age/Gender	35 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	03/10/2024 9:45AM	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	03/10/2024 5:57PM	
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final	
Mobile No.	9079432525			

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	20	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
РН	6.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.005		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AlbunayVana

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR 40021255	Lab No Collection Date	4055264 03/10/2024 9:16AM
Age/Gender	35 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	03/10/2024 9:45AM
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Mobile No.	9079432525		

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

BACTERIA	NIL	NIL
OHTERS	NIL	NIL

Methodology:-Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton release from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method.. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

AlbinayVana

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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UHID	40021255	Collection Date	03/10/2024 9:16AM
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Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9079432525		

HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ra	nge
				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	12.5	g/dl	12.0 - 15.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	38.6	%	36.0 - 46.0	
MCV	86.4	fl	82 - 92	
МСН	28.0	pg	27 - 32	
МСНС	32.4	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.47	millions/cu.mm	3.80 - 4.80	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	7.09	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	65.0	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	29.6	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	0.8 L	%	1 - 6	
BASOPHIL	0.1 L	%	1 - 2	
MONOCYTES	4.5	%	2 - 10	
PLATELET COUNT	2.33	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS Hemoglobin Methodology by Cell Counter. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. MCV :- Method:- Calculation by sysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation by sysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamic focusing. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detector block based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detector block based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamic focusing method. Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

40 H

mm/1st hr 0 - 15

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Aldrinan Van

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR	Lab No	4055264
UHID	40021255	Collection Date	03/10/2024 9:16AM
Age/Gender	35 Yrs/Female	Receiving Date	03/10/2024 9:45AM
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Mobile No.	9079432525		

Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

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Patient Name	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR	Lab No Collection Date	4055264 02/10/2024 0:16AM
UHID Age/Gender	40021255	Receiving Date	03/10/2024 9:16AM 03/10/2024 9:45AM
IP/OP Location	35 Yrs/Female O-OPD	Report Date	03/10/2024 5:57PM
Referred By	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9079432525		
Х Кау			

Test Name

Result

Unit

Biological Ref. Range

X-RAY CHEST P. A. VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both CP angles are clear.

Both hemi-diaphragms arenormal in shape and outlines.

Cardiac shadow is withinnormal limits.

Visualized bony thorax is unremarkable.

Correlate clinically &with other related investigations.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



APOORVA JETWANI

Select

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40021255 (38828)	RISNo./Status :	4055264/
Patient Name :	Mrs. PINKY SWARNKAR	Age/Gender :	35 Y/F
Referred By :	Dr. EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	03/10/2024 9:04AM/ OPSCR24- 25/22060	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	03/10/2024 10:14AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

- Liver: Normal in size & shows increased parenchymal echotexture. No obvious significant focal parenchymal mass lesion noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal.
- Gall Bladder: Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.
- Pancreas: Normal in size & echotexture.
- **Spleen:** Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.
- **Right Kidney:** Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive calculus noted.
- Left Kidney: Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive calculus noted.
- Urinary Bladder: Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall thickness is normal.
- **Uterus:** Normal in size, shape & anteverted in position. Endometrial thickness is normal. Endometrial cavity is empty. No mass lesion is seen. Cervix is normal.
- **Both ovaries:** Bilateral ovaries are normal in size, shape & volume.
- **Others:** No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION: USG findings are suggestive of

• Grade-I fatty liver.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

surer -

DR. SURESH KUMAR SAINI RADIOLOGIST MBBS, MD. Reg. No. 22597, 36208.